"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today and continued warm with probably local showers; Sunday fair and warmer.
☞ For weather report see page 14, last page.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,785 NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

FOUR BALLOTS, NO NOMINATION, WOOD LEADS; HAS 314½ VOTES, LOWDEN 289 AND JOHNSON 140½; MIDNIGHT CONFERENCES BRING NO RESULTS

J.B. ELWELL, WHIST EXPERT AND RACE HORSE OWNER, SLAIN

Found Dying by Housekeeper After Being Mysteriously Shot While Reading Letter.

VALUABLES NOT TOUCHED

Tragedy Follows Theatre Party at Which Victim Was Guest of Walter Lewisohn.

WOMEN HAD KEYS TO HOME

Police Obtain List of His Visitors But Fail to Find Them—Suicide Theory Is Exploded.

Joseph Bowne Elwell, 44 years old, a recognized authority on whist and bridge, owner of more than twenty race horses, a successful speculator in the financial district, was shot in the head yesterday morning in the drawing room of his home, 244 West Seventieth Street, and died three hours later in Bellevue Hospital, leaving no clue to the identity of the person who shot him.

That Mr. Elwell was murdered was evidenced by the fact that when found dying by his housekeeper, in an upholstered chair in the drawing room, no trace could be found of the pistol, although the shell from the bullet which was sent through his forehead was found on the floor beside the unconscious man.

Both friends and detectives are convinced the murderer was a close acquaintance and was conversing with Mr. Elwell when he shot him. They believe Mr. Elwell was shot as he sat in the chair, because other furniture in the room was undisturbed and a letter, received from a postman an hour and twenty minutes before he was shot, was found lying at his left side, indicating that he was reading when the bullet was fired.

The letter was from Lloyd Gentry, head trainer for Mr. Elwell at the Latonia race course in Kentucky. It was mailed on June 9, and contained a brief report of the condition of a few of Mr. Elwell's horses and the expenses entailed in maintaining the stable.

Robbery Not Motive for Crime.

Robbery evidently was not the motive for the crime, for $400 in currency and several articles of jewelry valued at upward of $7,000 were found on a bed in Mr. Elwell's room on the third floor of his residence. They lay as he evidently had thrown them when he returned to his home, four hours before, after attending Ziegfeld's Midnight Frolic as one of three guests of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lewisohn of 967 Fifth Avenue.

The theatre party was formed while Mr. and Mrs. Lewisohn were hosts to Mrs. Viola Kraus, Mrs. Lewisohn's sister; Mr. Elwell and a Mr. Figurey. Because of statements made by Mr. and Mrs. Lewisohn and Mrs. Kraus to Inspector John Cray, the police are convinced that Mr. Elwell was not a suicide.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewisohn and Mrs. Kraus for three hours reviewed the happenings of the night before, from a dinner on the Ritz-Carlton roof through the performance, which the party left between 1:30 and 2 o'clock in the morning. Then Inspector Cray and Captains Arthur Carey and Thomas F. Walsh, directing the detectives in the case, declared Mr. Elwell had not given even the slight hint of business or personal troubles that might lead him to self-destruction.

Chauffeur Supplies a Clue.

It was learned last night that the detectives were working on one clue, however, which may be productive of results. Edwin Rhodes of 122 West Sixty-first Street, who had been Mr. Elwell's chauffeur and was familiar with his habits, told the detectives that several women acquaintances of Mr. Elwell possessed keys to the Elwell house and that they entered the house at will.

Rhodes, it is understood, gave the police the names and addresses of the women, but up to 7 o'clock in the evening they had not found any of them.

Mr. Elwell's home is a four-story and basement granite front building on the south side of West Seventieth Street, between Broadway and West End Avenue. It is one of a row of eight houses of the kind, the windows of the drawing rooms on the ground floor being protected from intruders by curled iron bars about an inch square. The main entrance to Mr. Elwell's home has a vestibule about four feet long and leads to a glass panelled door openings on the

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TAKE SPECIAL TRAIN TODAY at 12:15 noon from Penn. Station, 32nd St., and from Flatbush Avenue, via L. I. R. R. to Lawson Estates; absolute auction sale of home building sites. Joseph P. Day, auctioneer.—Advt.

Candidates Stayed in Rooms During Nominating Speeches

CHICAGO, June 11.—While the nominating speeches were being made at the Coliseum today the leading candidates were in their hotel rooms, but all were in constant touch by telephone with the convention hall.

Senator Johnson was closeted with several of his advisers at his headquarters. General Wood arrived in the city from Fort Sheridan and called about him the men who were to direct the fight on the floor of the convention. After they had gone to the convention the General held to his room. Governor Lowden used the early hours of the day for conferences with his chiefs and then also adjourned to his apartments.

So far as ascertained none of the announced candidates, with the exception of Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania, visited the Coliseum during the day. Governor Sproul appeared there before the convention opened, but returned to his hotel.

CANDIDATES BUSY IN CONFERENCES

Wood Goes to Congress Hotel to Meet Delegates—Butler Still Optimistic.

HARDING MEETS OHIO MEN

Supporters Talk Confidently —Sproul Says He Expects Gains.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—General Wood was hurriedly summoned to the Congress Hotel after the result of the fourth ballot was announced. He spent most of the night in a suite, reserved for him since convention activities began, pleading with delegates, pledged to him, to stand fast in the balloting tomorrow.

Among his campaign managers there was much speculation as to where Johnson would throw such of his strength as could be used in that way. Some lieutenants of Wood expressed hope that he might use his influence in favor of the General, to block the chances of Lowden to become the nominee.

Tonight, after the convention adjourned, the Michigan delegation, whose loyalty to Johnson had been a matter of doubt, met and decided to stick to the Californian for at least another ballot, and possibly two, at tomorrow's session. Wood expected to get the votes of the Michigan delegates after their deserting Johnson, but it was predicted tonight that after the break the thirty Michigan men would split up pretty evenly between Wood and Lowden.

Late tonight the lobbies of the Congress Hotel and the corridors along which the candidates' headquarters are strung were the scene of ceaseless activity, with delegates scurrying hither and thither in an effort to make converts for the candidates of their choice.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon, who with the exception of Chauncey M. Depew and one other, is the oldest delegate here, was making the rounds of some of the State headquarters, doing missionary work for Lowden. He leaned on the arms of two fellow delegates from Illinois.

Dr. Butler does not think he is eliminated from the Presidential race. He believes that the New York delegation, hopelessly at odds over Wood and Lowden, must unite upon him as the compromise candidate. Dr. Butler's brother, Henry, who has been in charge of the campaign here, said:

"Dr. Butler is still very much in the race. When the leading candidates are eliminated the delegates will be willing to accept Dr. Butler as the one man who can lead the party to success in November. We look for a break to our candidate on the first or second ballot tomorrow."

Senator Poindexter said tonight:

"So far the balloting has followed exactly the lines we expected. Of course there are no certainties in such a situation but what we have predicted all along has been that the leading candidates in the beginning of the balloting would so divide the vote as to create a deadlock.

"I apprehend that both General Wood and Governor Lowden will somewhat increase their vote in the next two ballots, but I do not anticipate that at the utmost extreme either one of them will receive 400 votes. That is 38 votes short of a majority.

"Inevitably the delegates, seeing this situation, will, in the effort to make a nomination, go to other candidates. It is possible and indeed probable that combinations will be formed, creating new alignments, which in turn will lead to new deadlocks. In my opinion it will be some time before a nomination is reached.

"The object of the convention undoubtedly will be to agree upon such a

Continued on Page Three.

FALL MALL ROUNDS, famous dispatches, rooms in shape—plain rate.—Advt.

LEADERS UNABLE TO AGREE

Intend Apparently to Let Wood and Lowden Fight to Deadlock.

STRIVING TO BEAT WOOD

McCormick Acting as Emissary Between Old Guard and Progressives.

SPROUL COMPROMISE BOOM

New York Delegates Show Signs of Switching to the Pennsylvanian.

See Prospect of Convention Continuing to Next Week

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Saturday, June 12, 2 A. M. (4 A. M. New York time).—After they had been conferring until after midnight without result, some of the Republican leaders expressed the opinion that the situation over the Presidential nomination was so confused that it might be necessary to continue the convention into next week. If the convention does not finish its work Saturday night, it probably will adjourn until Monday.

CHICAGO, Saturday, June 12 (Associated Press).—The leaders who took part in the all-night conferences were in accord that Wood and Lowden must further try out their strength today before efforts to concentrate on a dark horse could be successful.

The main difficulty has been the refusal of minor candidates to sacrifice their opportunities until they can receive reasonable assurances that their votes will furnish the necessary majority to some candidate who can win. Chief among those who look for success in case of a deadlock are Harding, Sproul and Coolidge.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The effort to make deals to swing the Republican nomination for the Presidency is under way tonight. Groups of leaders have been conferring all night, but no definite result has been reached.

Senator Reed Smoot of Utah emerged from the conference at the Blackstone at 2 o'clock this (Saturday) morning in search of Senator Warren G. Harding, who had gone up in an elevator just before Mr. Smoot came down.

Mr. Smoot was asked if Governor Lowden had not about reached his maximum number of votes.

"Oh, no," replied Senator Smoot. "He will get a lot more votes. He will get more votes than General Wood."

"How about Senator Harding?" was asked.

"The speech nominating Senator Harding was well received," he replied.

"When will this reported accession of strength for Senator Harding develop?"

"If it develops at all," Senator Smoot replied, "it will be early, on the second or third ballot this morning."

Senator James E. Watson of Indiana appeared in the Blackstone lobby, fresh from the conference, just ahead of Senator Smoot. He said that nothing had been accomplished and continued:

"In my opinion the nomination lies between Wood, Lowden and Harding. If it should go beyond that group I do not know who will be the nominee."

The main conference of the Old Guard tonight at the Blackstone is attended by Senators Lodge, Watson, Wadsworth, New and Smoot. Senator McCormick, who is aligned with the Johnson-Borah group, was on hand for a few minutes, but he departed about midnight to join Mr. Borah, Mr. Johnson and Mr. Kenyon at the Congress Hotel. It is understood that Mr. McCormick is acting as an emissary between the two groups, Old Guard on the one hand and Progressives on the other.

Big Gain for Sproul Seen.

Tonight all the talk of a compromise candidate favored Governor Sproul. A tremendous impetus has been given to his candidacy by sentiment in his favor in the New York delegation, which, with its eighty-eight votes, will have great influence in determining the outcome.

There are indications that the Lowden and Wood men in the New York delegation are willing to unite on Sproul if neither of their candidates gets near the nomination in tomorrow's balloting. This block, with the heavy vote of Pennsylvania, would have an influence in Sproul's favor not hard to estimate.

Unless Sproul obtains the unquestioned approval of Senator Penrose he may advance no further. This he has not received. Half a dozen telephone requests have failed to persuade Penrose to in-

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SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

Leaders Seek Harding as Vice President; He Files Notice He Will Run for Senator

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 11.—Senator Harding filed his declaration as a candidate for re-election as United States Senator from Ohio at 11:58 o'clock tonight, two minutes before the expiration of the time limit.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11—At a late hour tonight an effort was being made to induce Senator Harding to take the nomination for Vice President.

It is the purpose of those behind this plan, and many of the national and State leaders are believed to be concerned in it, to put Harding on the ticket even if a Westerner is nominated for President. The leaders want Harding for the strength he will add to the ticket in Ohio, which the Democrats carried in 1916.

In reply to a direct question one of those having knowledge of the movement said that if Lowden were nominated Harding would still have the offer of the Vice Presidency, in suite of the fact that Lowden's state and Harding's are both Middle West.

When asked tonight whether he would be a candidate for Vice President, Mr. Harding said:

"I am the most likely candidate for President tonight."

Ex-Governor Herrick said tonight that the matter of supporting Harding for the Vice Presidential nomination was not mentioned in tonight's conference of Ohio delegates.

BORAH WILL BOLT LOWDEN OR WOOD

Declares at Conference of Johnson Delegates He Will Not Support Either.

JOHNSON STILL HAS HOPE

Will Fight On, but Is Considering a "Dark Horse" If He Has to Yield.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Senator Borah sent men with megaphones into the hotel lobbies this evening to announce that a meeting would be held in the Assembly Room of the Auditorium Hotel at once to consider the danger of nominating a candidate who would not have a clean record. Delegates were asked specifically to attend. When Mr. Borah appeared to address those who had responded to the megaphone summons, he found the space crowded. Many in the audience were delegates.

Mr. Borah said the crowd that had come to the convention to prevent the United States from being sold to European Powers had been successful and it was now necessary for them to prevent the selling of the province of the United States to some one who would not have clean hands.

Speaking for himself, and presumably for Senator Johnson, he said he would not support a candidate for President who had been shown to have indulged in the lavish use of money in his effort to get the Presidential nomination. He said he might be under the necessity of going before the convention and asking such men what they did with the big funds used in their behalf.

He would support any man nominated by the convention who was clean, he continued, but any man who was not clean would not receive his support.

The remarks of the Idaho Senator were aimed at Wood and Lowden. They were interpreted as a last attempt to stop the nomination of one or the other of the leading candidates. Borah got plenty of applause.

After the meeting Mr. Borah said that he and Senator Johnson would begin immediately a series of conferences with others and expected them to last all night. He would not say with whom the conferences were to be held. Mr. Borah also indicated that he would go on the floor of the convention tomorrow morning and make a speech intended to prevent the nomination of any man who could not go before the public with clean hands.

The enmity of the Johnson-Borah faction to Governor Lowden's candidacy developed rapidly today as a result of reports carried to the two Senators that the old-time leaders were collecting their forces to nominate Lowden. Borah, it is said, took the stand that a candidate who had such influences behind him should not be named, especially after the revelations concerning the primary campaign expenditures and methods of selecting delegates.

The news of the direct fight which Johnson and Borah had staged on Lowden came as a blow to the Governor's forces as they had been trying to hope that the Senators would confine their real attack to General Wood.

In his speech in the Auditorium Assembly Room, Senator Borah said that the Republican National Convention was being debauched by the use of money to buy delegates for two leading candidates. He declared in specific terms that the Senate Investigating Committee on Presidential Primary Expenditures would probe into this condition just as it is continuing its probe into the entire situation.

He has been Republican all his life, continued Mr. Borah, and had even supported William Howard Taft in 1912, which "was going some."

"I am willing," said the Senator, "to support any man who is clean and may be nominated by this Republican Con-

Continued on Page Three.

NOW OPEN THE YEAR ROUND, Laurel-in-the-Pines, Lakewood, N. J.—Advt.

NEW YORKERS MAY SWING TO SPROUL

Delegation, Deadlocked on Wood and Lowden, Would Take Him as Compromise.

BUT ONLY IF CHOICES FAIL

Lowden Forces Count On More New York Votes—Wood Men to Fight While There's Hope.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The New York delegation is deadlocked between Wood and Lowden. As the situation stands late tonight there is no possibility of a compromise. The next choice of both elements is Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania. The Pennsylvania delegation will stand pat on Sproul, and the upshot of the whole situation, so far as these two States are concerned, is that they will combine and cast 104 votes for Sproul.

This will not be done, however, unless it has been clearly demonstrated that neither Wood nor Lowden has a chance to get the nomination. How many ballots will be needed to determine this is just a matter of speculation. The Wood men have shot their bolt so far as New York is concerned. At the outside they cannot get more than half a dozen more votes in the delegation. This will mean between twenty-five or thirty votes for Wood. The Lowden men can get ten or twelve more votes. This will mean possibly fifty votes for Lowden. The remainder will be divided among Hoover, Harding and Johnson.

But when the right time comes the Hoover, Harding and Johnson men will vote for Sproul, and the vote of the New York delegation will be unanimous for the Pennsylvania Governor. This decision was reached at a conference tonight of the New York leaders. At this conference it was clearly determined that certain delegates would not take Wood under any circumstance and it was equally clear that the Wood men would not go to Lowden. The compromise on Sproul was the only solution in sight.

The Wood men among the New York delegates were bitter in their condemnation of the action of several of the delegates who had promised to come over to their candidate. They had figured on making a much better showing, but the organization was firm for Lowden and whipped the Wood men into line. These Wood men had promised Norman Gould, the Eastern manager of the Wood campaign, and other Wood workers that they would go over to Wood when the break from Nicholas Murray Butler came.

Instead, these Wood delegates responded to the orders sent out by Senator James W. Wadsworth, Charles D. Hilles and others who want Lowden. This was the meaning of the gain which Lowden showed on the fourth ballot. But the organization leaders know tonight that they cannot obtain any more votes for Lowden, and that the only solution in sight is to swing to another candidate. They are satisfied with Sproul and so are the Wood men.

The switch to Sproul will not be made by either the Wood or the Lowden men until several more ballots have determined beyond all doubt that there is no chance of either of their own candidates being nominated. The Wood men will probably hold out the longer, for at the conferences the Wood leaders produced facts and figures to show that the full strength of the General had not yet been shown. These leaders declared that at least three States which had voted for other choices were behind Wood and would go to him when the word to do so was given. The Wood delegates in the New York delegation will wait until the Wood leaders make good on the proposition.

If it should be demonstrated that General Wood has still a chance to get the nomination, the New York Wood men will stick. But as soon as the Wood

Continued on Page Five.

When you think of writing Think of Wanamaker.—Advt.

ADJOURN AFTER FOUR VOTES

Lodge Disregards Strong Opposition to Permit Conferences.

BORAH ATTACK ALSO FEARED

Threatened Openly to Take Platform to Make Sensational Attack on Wood and Lowden.

TWO LEADERS MAKE GAINS

Johnson, Harding and Sproul Change Little—Butler Drops from 69 Votes to 20.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—After four ineffectual ballots on the nomination of a candidate for President of the United States, the Republican National Convention adjourned this evening until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

General Leonard Wood led all the contestants from first to last, receiving 314½ votes on the fourth ballot, a gain of 27 over the initial ballot.

Governor Frank O. Lowden of Illinois had 289 votes on the fourth ballot, a gain of 67½ over the first.

Senator Hiram Johnson made a gain of 7 and stood at 140½ votes on the final tally.

Senator Warren G. Harding of Ohio made a poor showing, gaining only six votes over the first ballot, and ending with sixty-one and one-half votes to his credit. Various other prominent Republicans received votes.

Old Guard Manoeuvres for Lowden.

The four ballots showed that in this intense contest for the prize which the convention has to bestow it is Wood against the field. Leading Republicans who have always trained with the Old Guard are seeking Wood's defeat. Their candidate is Lowden, as today's balloting proved. Whether they can bring about his nomination is a matter that may be determined tonight at many conferences between chiefs of various delegations with the object of nominating Lowden or some man other than Wood.

It is the desire and intention of the party chiefs to bring about the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President tomorrow and adjourn the convention sine die by Saturday night.

Those who look upon Lowden as the candidate who would represent their aspirations are encouraged over what happened in the convention this afternoon. But there is an undercurrent of feeling that it might not be wise to take a man who will be accused of having sought to influence his nomination by a lavish use of his great private means and whose managers have been charged with paying considerable sums to convention delegates. Therein lies Lowden's danger.

Managers Shift Plans.

When the convention assembled at ten o'clock this morning, it was the plan of General Wood's managers to bring about balloting before the day was over and keep the convention at it until some definite result had been achieved. They were confident that Wood had an excellent chance. They believed that he would gain materially over Lowden as the balloting proceeded and they hoped that after several ballots had demonstrated this, delegates would begin to flock to the Wood side.

Everything went to show that Wood was assured of considerable reserve strength that would assert itself on each successive ballot and give impressive evidence that the General was fast gaining the support of delegates whose ultimate favorite for the nomination had not been disclosed.

But things turned out differently. The Lowden forces were understood to favor taking a couple of ballots and then bringing about an adjournment until tomorrow, hoping that arrangements could be reached over night that would result in the selection of their candidate.

The second ballot, which gave Lowden 289½ votes, a gain of 48, and Wood 314½, a gain of only 2, caused the Lowdenites to change their plan. They sought to prevent an adjournment, while the Wood management was anxious to have the convention adjourn without delay.

Refused to Quit After Two Ballots.

It was a Sproul supporter, however, who attempted to bring about an adjournment. Attorney General Shaeffer, of Pennsylvania, an ardent supporter of the Governor of his State, moved after the result of the second ballot had been announced that the convention adjourn until tomorrow.

The convention would have none of it.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT Water, Quick relief.—Advt.

Results of First Four Ballots Of the Republican Convention

Candidates.	First.	Second.	Third.	Fourth.
Wood	287½	289½	303	314½
Lowden	211½	259½	282½	289
Johnson	133½	146	148	140½
Harding	65½	59	58½	61½
Butler	69	41	25	20
Sproul	83½	78½	79½	79½
Coolidge	34	32	27	25
La Follette	24	24	24	22
Pritchard	21	10	..	..
Sutherland	17	15	9	3
Poindexter	20	15	15	15
Hoover	5½	5½	5½	5
Du Pont	7	7	2	2
Borah	2	1	1	1
Knox	..	1	2	2
Watson	..	..	2	4
Warren	1	..	..	..
Not voting	1	..	..	..
Number of delegates				984
Necessary to a choice				498

Delegates wanted to finish up their work and go home. Many of them are feeling the high cost of living in Chicago during the convention period and each day that the convention is prolonged means considerable to them in a financial way. A great roar of "noes" went up when the question was put, and Chairman Lodge directed the balloting to proceed.

Two more ballots convinced the leading supporters of most of the candidates that no effective result could be reached tonight. Wood, the leader at the balloting, was nearly 100 votes short of the necessary majority. The votes for all the other candidates except Lowden and Johnson were of the scattering variety. Nicholas Murray Butler held only part of New York's delegation. Pennsylvania stuck to Governor Sproul. There was little disposition on the part of the State delegations to break away from favorite sons.

To end the convention with as little delay as possible conferences and deals were necessary and that was the reason the leaders finally decided to postpone the balloting until tomorrow.

Borah Threatened Jarring Speech.

There was another reason for the postponement. Senator William E. Borah of Idaho, Hiram Johnson's chief advocate, had threatened openly to take the platform and make a sensational speech that would not tend to create party harmony. His topic was to be the expenditure of large sums of money in the Republican pre-convention campaign.

While the allegations that Lowden delegates had received money and the admission of Lowden's campaign managers that the Governor had spent nearly $400,000 of his private means to further his effort to get the Presidential nomination gave Borah his principal ammunition, it was well understood that his remarks would be aimed also at the large expenditures in General Wood's campaign.

Johnson and Borah are determined that neither Wood nor Lowden shall have the prize.

Borah thought of making his sensational address after the second ballot. He decided, however, that the delegates were then in no mood to hear anything that would interrupt the progress of the balloting and bided his time. Others decrying leading positions in the convention hoped, of course, that he would not furnish his sensation.

From all appearances it is a moderately conservative convention. It also seems to be stampede-proof. The changes between the first and fourth ballots were comparatively negligible as marking any material progress toward the necessary majority for any candidate. Pennsylvania stood almost solidly for Sproul throughout the balloting. New York's delegation was split asunder after, most of its members had cast a complimentary vote for Nicholas Murray Butler, and there was no solidification of the delegation in the interest of any one candidate. Those Ohio delegates who had been instructed in the preference primary to vote for Harding stuck to him.

Vote on Adjournment Doubted.

Conferences of Borah and other Senators with National Committeemen Hert of Kentucky and Warren of Michigan, leaders of the Lowden forces, resulted in a movement to have the convention adjourn, or, rather, to try out the delegates to see if they were in the mood for adjournment. Senator Reed Smoot of Utah made the motion. It was put by Chairman Lodge. A loud chorus of "Ayes" went up. What appeared to many listeners to be a still louder concerted shout of "No" followed.

"The convention stands adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock," said Senator Lodge.

It may have been a demonstration of steam roller methods, but if there was any dissatisfaction its vocal demonstration was drowned in the noise of delegates and spectators leaving the convention hall.

Balloting Follows Nominating Speeches.

As soon as the nominating speeches ended at 5 o'clock this afternoon Senator Lodge, permanent Chairman of the Republican National Convention, announced that balloting would begin. Relief was echoed in a great yell from the sweltering delegates and galleries. Nobody apparently wanted to take a recess, although the crowd had been in the Coliseum continuously for nearly eight hours.

When Alabama was called a great cheer went up, but the vote showed how the States were going to be split on the first ballot. The vote stood Wood 4, Johnson 3 and Harding 1. The first big cheer came when California announced twenty-six votes for Johnson. The calling of the other States came in rapid-fire order, but there were few surprises, it being generally known that the first ballot would show the States well divided.

Delaware gave its six votes to du Pont, but nobody seemed very much impressed and Georgia asked to be passed, but cries of "no, no" went up and the vote was given. It resulted in 9 for Lowden and 8 for Wood. Idaho gave Borah 8 votes, while Illinois showed its delegation to be widely split, 5 going to Johnson, 14 to Wood and 41 to Lowden, the announcement bringing a great cheer from the Lowden crowd.

The cheer was immediately followed by another from the Wood crowd when Indiana cast 23 votes for the General. Iowa gave its entire delegation of 26 to Lowden, while Kentucky showed a division, although the bulk, 20, went to Lowden. Maine gave Hoover his first vote. Michigan got a cheer by giving 30 of her votes to Johnson. Missouri was not ready, and asked to be passed temporarily. There were hisses from all over the house. "Count the cash," came a yell from the gallery, and laughter swept the building. The Missouri delegates did not seem to mind, however, and the Chairman of the delegation announced that Wood had 4½, Lowden 18, Johnson 3, Harding 8, Sproul 5½ and Sutherland 1. New Jersey gave Johnson 11 and Wood 17.

New York Delegation Splits Up.

A hush fell over the great crowd when New York was called. Senator James W. Wadsworth, the Chairman of the delegation, stood up and announced the division as follows: Poindexter 1, Harding 2, Coolidge 2, Lowden 2, Hoover 2, Wood 10 and Butler 68. Johnson got no votes in the New York delegation, and those for Harding and Coolidge caused some surprised. Three were expected to go to Hoover—those of Judge Miller, William L. Ward and James J. Wells of Westchester. All efforts made throughout the day to line up the New York delegation for any candidate proved a failure, and Senator Wadsworth gave up the job in despair. Dr. Butler expected at least 75 votes on the first ballot.

The Oregon vote was the first to be challenged by one of its delegates. The delegation was polled and showed one vote for Wood and five for Johnson.

Pennsylvania cast 76 votes for Sproul and there was a loud cheer.

When the result of the first ballot was announced something between a cheer and a groan went up from the floor. The sweltering delegates had hoped their troubles would be ended on the first ballot and that they would be able to get out of the killing heat and back home. The Wood crowd gave a tremendous cheer when it was announced that the General had received 287½ votes.

"No candidate having received enough votes on the first ballot to elect, the clerk will proceed to take a second ballot," droned the Chairman, and a second calling of the States began immediately.

Some Switches on Second Ballot.

On the second ballot there were a number of switches, each announcement of a change being greeted with cheers or yells of derision. Everyone seemed to want to see what New York would do on the second ballot and when it was announced it showed a gain for Wood, Lowden and Johnson and a big loss for Butler, who dropped from 68 votes to 49.

"Good-bye Butler, he's struck the chutes!" yelled a New York delegate. The crowd laughed.

Lowden gained 14 votes on the second New York ballot, Coolidge 1 vote, Wood 9 and Johnson 4. Lowden got all of Kentucky's votes on the second ballot.

The Lowden supporters soon discovered that their candidate was gaining on the second ballot and the cheering spo-

Detail of the Vote Cast for the Various Candidates on the Four Ballots

First Ballot.

State.	Number of Delegates.	Wood.	Lowden.	Johnson.	Harding.	Butler.	Sproul.	Coolidge.	La Follette.	Pritchard.	Sutherland.	Poindexter.	Hoover.	Du Pont.
Alabama	14	4	6	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arizona	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arkansas	13	6	6	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
California	26	..	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colorado	12	9	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Connecticut	14	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delaware	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6
Florida	8	4½	2½	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia	17	8	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Idaho	8	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Illinois	58	14	41	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Indiana	30	22	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Iowa	26	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kansas	20	14	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kentucky	26	..	20	1	2	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Louisiana	12	3	3	1	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Maine	12	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Maryland	16	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mas'chusetts	35	7	..	..	..	..	..	28	..	..	..	..	..	..
Michigan	30	..	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Minnesota	24	19	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mississippi	12	4½	2	2	1½	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Missouri	36	4½	18	3	5	..	3½	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Montana	8	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nebraska	16	3	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nevada	6	2	1½	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	½	..
N. H'pshire	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Jersey	28	17	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Mexico	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New York	88	10	2	..	2	68	..	2	..	..	..	1	3	..
N. Carolina	22	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	21	..	..	..	..
N. Dakota	10	2	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ohio	48	9	..	..	39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oklahoma	20	1½	18½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oregon	10	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
P'sylvania	76	..	..	..	..	..	76	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rhode Isl'd	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
S. Carolina	11	..	8	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
S. Dakota	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tennessee	20	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Texas	23	8½	5	1½	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Utah	8	5	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vermont	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Virginia	15	3	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Washington	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..
West Va.	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	..	..	..
Wisconsin	26	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	1	..
Wyoming	6	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Alaska	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..
Dist. of Col.	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hawaii	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..
Philippines	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Porto Rico	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	984	287½	211½	133½	65½	69	83½	34	24	21	17	20	5½	7

Scattering—3. (Borah—2 votes in Idaho. Warren—1 vote in Texas).
Necessary to nominate, 493.

Second Ballot.

State.	Total Delegates.	Wood.	Lowden.	Johnson.	Harding.	Butler.	Sproul.	Coolidge.	La Follette.	Pritchard.	Sutherland.	Poindexter.	Hoover.	Du Pont.
Alabama	14	4	6	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arizona	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arkansas	13	2½	10½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
California	26	..	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colorado	12	9	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Connecticut	14	..	13	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delaware	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6
Florida	8	5½	2½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia	17	8	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Idaho	8	5	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Illinois	58	..	41	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Indiana	30	22	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Iowa	26	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kansas	20	14	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kentucky	26	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Louisiana	12	3	6	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Maine	12	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Maryland	16	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mas'chusetts	35	7	..	..	..	..	..	28	..	..	..	..	..	..
Michigan	30	..	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Minnesota	24	19	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mississippi	12	5½	3½	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Missouri	36	5	19	3	5½	..	2½	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Montana	8	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nebraska	16	5	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nevada	6	2	1½	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	½	..
New Hamp.	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Jersey	28	17	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Mexico	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New York	88	19	16	4	2	40	..	3	..	..	..	1	3	..
North Caro.	22	2	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..
N. Dakota	10	3	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ohio	48	9	..	..	39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oklahoma	20	2	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oregon	10	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Penn.	76	..	..	..	..	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rhode Isl'd	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Caro.	11	..	10	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
S. Dakota	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tennessee	20	17	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Texas	23	9	7½	1	4½	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Utah	8	5	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vermont	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Virginia	15	3	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Washington	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..
West Va.	16	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	..	..	..
Wisconsin	26	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	1	..
Wyoming	6	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Alaska	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D. of Col.	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hawaii	2	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Philippines	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Porto Rico	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	984	289½	259½	146	59	41	78½	32	24	10	15	15	5½	7

Scattering—2. (One for Borah in Idaho, one for Knox in Pennsylvania).
Necessary to nominate, 493.

Third Ballot.

State.	Total Delegates.	Wood.	Lowden.	Johnson.	Harding.	Butler.	Sproul.	Coolidge.	La Follette.	Sutherland.	Poindexter.	Hoover.	Du Pont.
Alabama	14	4	6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arizona	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arkansas	13	2½	10½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
California	26	..	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colorado	12	9	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Connecticut	14	..	13	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delaware	6	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2
Florida	8	5½	2½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia	17	8	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Idaho	8	5	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Illinois	58	..	41	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Indiana	30	18	2	8	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Iowa	26	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kansas	20	14	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kentucky	26	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Louisiana	12	3	6	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Maine	12	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Maryland	16	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Massachusetts	35	13	..	..	..	..	..	22	..	..	..	..	..
Michigan	30	..	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Minnesota	24	17	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mississippi	12	6½	3½	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Missouri	36	4½	20	4	5	..	2½	..	..	..	..	..	..
Montana	8	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nebraska	16	6	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nevada	6	2	1½	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	½	..
New Hampshire	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Jersey	28	17	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Mexico	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New York	88	23	26	5	2	25	..	3	..	..	1	3	..
North Carolina	22	2	15	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
North Dakota	10	3	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ohio	48	9	..	..	39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oklahoma	20	2	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oregon	10	2	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	76	..	..	..	..	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rhode Island	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Carolina	11	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Dakota	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tennessee	20	19	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Texas	23	9	8½	1	4½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Utah	8	5	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vermont	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Virginia	15	3	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Washington	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..
West Virginia	16	6	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	..	..
Wisconsin	26	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	..	..	1	..
Wyoming	6	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Alaska	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Dist. of Columbia	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hawaii	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Philippines	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Porto Rico	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	984	303	282½	148	58½	25	79½	27	24	9	15	5½	2

Scattering—3. (Borah—1 from Idaho. Watson—1 from Missouri, 1 from South Carolina. Knox—1 from Missouri, 1 from Pennsylvania).
Necessary to nominate, 493.

Fourth Ballot.

State.	Total Delegates.	Wood.	Lowden.	Johnson.	Harding.	Butler.	Sproul.	Coolidge.	La Follette.	Sutherland.	Poindexter.	Hoover.	Du Pont.
Alabama	14	4	6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arizona	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arkansas	13	2½	10½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
California	26	..	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colorado	12	9	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Connecticut	14	..	13	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delaware	6	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Florida	8	6½	1½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia	17	8	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Idaho	8	5	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Illinois	58	..	41	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Indiana	30	18	3	6	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Iowa	26	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kansas	20	14	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kentucky	26	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Louisiana	12	3	6	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Maine	12	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Maryland	16	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Massachusetts	35	16	..	..	..	..	..	19	..	..	..	..	..
Michigan	30	..	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Minnesota	24	17	5	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mississippi	12	7½	2½	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Missouri	36	8½	19	1	..	..	6½	..	..	..	..	..	..
Montana	8	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nebraska	16	6	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nevada	6	2½	2	1½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Hampshire	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Jersey	28	17	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Mexico	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New York	88	20	32	5	2	20	..	6	..	..	1	3	..
North Carolina	22	3	15	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Dakota	10	3	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ohio	48	9	..	..	39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oklahoma	20	2	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oregon	10	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	76	..	..	..	..	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rhode Island	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Carolina	11	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Dakota	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tennessee	20	19	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Texas	23	8	9½	1	4½	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Utah	8	5	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vermont	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Virginia	15	3	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Washington	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..
West Virginia	16	6	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..
Wisconsin	26	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	22	..	..	1	..
Wyoming	6	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Alaska	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Dist. of Columbia	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hawaii	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Philippines	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Porto Rico	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	984	314½	289	140½	61½	20	79½	25	22	3	15	5	2

Scattering—7. (Borah—1 from Idaho. Watson, 4—3 from Missouri, 1 from North Carolina. Knox, 2—1 from Missouri, 1 from Pennsylvania).
Necessary to nominate, 493.

sequently increased at each announcement. As on the first ballot, the announcement that Wisconsin cast a majority of its votes for La Follette brought jeers and hisses from the galleries.

Lowden made gains in Arkansas, Kentucky, Missouri, New York, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Texas.

While the balloting was going on the crowd increased despite the terrific heat, several hundred spectators standing in the already overcrowded galleries. At 5:30 o'clock Senator Lodge ordered the aisles cleared, and the Secretary, Lafe Gleason, read the result of the second ballot. Wood showed a gain of but 2 votes, while Lowden's gain amounted to 48. The Lowden men were correspondingly jubilant.

The announcement made, William L. Schaffer, a Pennsylvania delegate, moved that an adjournment be taken until 10 o'clock in the morning. There was a storm of "Noes," but a Lowden delegate in the New York contingent seconded the motion. William L. Ward of New York moved an amendment that the balloting be continued. Chairman Lodge put the question to the convention and those opposed to an adjournment were so unmistakably in the majority that Senator Lodge ordered the convention to proceed. The third ballot was immediately ordered to be taken.

Groups Try to Out-Yell Each Other.

On the third ballot there were changes all along the line, but it soon became evident that the switches would not be large enough to change the result. Interest hung upon the announcements of the Chairman of the various delegations, the Lowden and Wood enthusiasts trying to out-yell each other at every gain.

Senator Knox of Pennsylvania and ex-Senator Watson of Indiana got a vote or two on this ballot and Butler of New York continued to lose. When the roll call was finished Senator Wadsworth announced a correction in the vote of the delegation, Butler receiving 25 and not 26 votes. Butler got no votes outside the New York delegation.

The third ballot showed gains for Wood, Johnson and Lowden. Wood received 303, Lowden 282½ and Johnson 148. Hoover got 5½.

As soon as the result of the ballot was announced a Johnson delegate from California was on his feet to demand an adjournment. Again there were cries of "No," but the Johnson man demanded a roll call. Two States, Pennsylvania and Washington, seconded the motion, and as this was all that was necessary to have the motion in order, Chairman Lodge ordered the roll call taken.

The strategy of the Wood and Lowden opponents was evident. As both candidates showed a gain of strength, the Johnson men wanted an adjournment so as to head off the evident swing to the two leading candidates and to have time to stiffen up their own forces.

The temper of the delegates, however, was against any adjournment. They wanted no more delay, and to get through with it. They had suffered all day in the heat, and wanted the thing ended if they had to stay all night. The feeling of the delegates was reflected in the vote. For adjournment there were 275½ votes and against it 701½.

During the fourth ballot each slight change was followed by applause from the groups affected. The first big outburst came from the Lowden men when their candidate got 32 New York votes and Wood only 20, a gain of 6 in the delegation for Lowden and a loss of 3 for Wood. The General gained as a whole, however, on the fourth, his total rising to 314½ and Lowden's to 289. The count of the others did not change much.

Then came another motion to adjourn, this time from Senator Smoot, and it was carried by a viva voce vote.

Balloting will continue at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

HOURS OF SPEECHES HEARD AT SESSION

Three Big Demonstrations, Lowden's 42 Minutes, Wood's 38, Johnson's 25.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Amid damp heat that kept 14,000 men and women fretting through the nine-hour continuous session of the Republican National Convention today, an occasional moment of thrill or picturesque sideplay kept the convention from becoming merely an endurance test for speechmakers and a monotony of machine-made demonstrations.

There was a feather shower, staged by the Wood contingent. As the name of the General was placed in nomination, there fluttered down from a dozen points under the roof myriads of the red, green and blue plumes which have become the favorite emblem of the Wood campaign. They fell thick as snow in the centre, the shower growing thinner toward the sides of the vast Coliseum.

Not a delegate failed to catch at least one. The display lasted for several minutes, while the usual noise known as a demonstration continued uninterrupted.

A short speech by Mrs. Corinne Roosevelt Robinson, sister of the late Theodore Roosevelt, seconding General Wood, really thrilled both delegates and galleries. Her clear voice could be heard to the far corners, and her aptness at phrasemaking served to stir the feelings of the many who were admirers of her illustrious brother.

Later came heckling of Charles S. Wheeler, when he nominated Hiram Johnson. It got to a point where he called his auditors prejudice and demanded that they listen to his advocacy of the one man who, he declared, was able to get out the full vote of the Republican Party this year. After that he got a hearing, but it did not seem to do Johnson a vast amount of good, if one may judge from the subsequent balloting.

Hoover Outburst from Galleries.

To the galleries perhaps the best part of the show was the Hoover demonstration, following the nominating speech by Judge Nathan L. Miller of New York. It was a big noise that came from the spectators, or from such large groups of them as had gone to the Coliseum to use their lungs for the Presidential dark horse in whim the convention itself seemed to have least interest.

Cheer leaders, swaying like rioters at a college football game, directed the waves of applause. Senator Smoot, who was acting as Chairman while Senator Lodge rested, gave them plenty of time, but finally seemed to get tired of waiting, and introduced the Hoover seconder, H. H. Brown of Nevada.

Mr. Brown made a speech. It was the one speech of which nobody heard even a syllable, for the demonstration lasted straight to the end of it. Then a woman seconder appeared, and the crowd decided to give her some attention.

Convention Late in Meeting.

When the convention began its session this morning the Coliseum was crowded to the last seat with an audience that after early breakfast had gossiped, listened to music and fanned itself expectantly for an hour, waiting for the stir to begin.

Half an hour behind the scheduled time Senator Lodge, the permanent Chairman, appeared on the rostrum. He was severely garbed in black, but looked cool. It was 10 o'clock to the dot when, with the official stenographer haunting his footsteps, pencil poised and note book in hand, Senator Lodge walked out on the "bridge" which brought him to the very edge of the body of delegates and alternates and let his gavel fall once, twice, several times as he called the convention to order. Two Assistant Sergeants at Arms a minute or so before had placed on the little table at the end of the bridge a big new pounding board, designed to land more authority to the gavel.

The day of spellbinding in store for the audience was prefaced, as is customary at such conventions, by prayer. The Rev. Dr. Johnston Myers, a Chicago rabbi, invoked the divine assistance of the "God of Washington and Lincoln" safely to guide the present representatives of the party through a crucial day.

Alexander P. Moore of Pittsburgh, one of the delegates at large from Pennsylvania and an erstwhile Progressive, was recognized by Senator Lodge. He offered a resolution recording "the inexpressible loss" which the convention felt over the death of Theodore Roosevelt, "loved unutterably now and to be loved as long as our nation cherishes its noble patriotism."

If the resolution was intended to take the convention out of itself and into an atmosphere of party traditions and party fervor, the result appeared somewhat disappointing. The magic of Colonel Roosevelt's name seemed lost on it. There was applause and some vocal acclaim, but not much.

When the question was put the delegates and visitors rose stiffly and stood at attention out of respect to the memory of Roosevelt.

Governor Allen Nominates Wood.

"The convention will now proceed to the nomination of candidates," announced Chairman Lodge. A few delegates yelled with happiness and the galleries applauded.

The roll call of States was begun. Alabama passed. Arizona yielded to Kansas.

"Arizona has yielded to Kansas," Senator Lodge said. "Has Kansas a nomination to present?"

Willis J. Bailey, head of the Kansas delegation, which occupied a space up in front near the rostrum, arose in his seat.

"Kansas will be represented by Governor Allen," he replied. "The Governor I think is on the platform or he should be." Governor Henry J. Allen, a short, square shouldered man with a strong face that wore a ruddy glow of health, was ushered to the front and presented to the gathering.

"Governor Allen will place the name of General Wood before the convention," Senator Lodge explained.

There was a little applause at this, the first mention of General Wood's name in the convention. Few delegates, however, took part in the demonstration. They appeared plainly surprised and looked at each other and their presiding officer askance.

Mentioning the name of a candidate in an offhand fashion like that before eulogy and exhortation had paved the way for a demonstration, was a departure from all convention precedents and it had the delegates guessing. It has bene a custom, if not a rule, that a speaker placing a candidate in nomination should go on showering praise on an unnamed person for a proper length of time and then hurl his name at the delegates like a bombshell.

Of course, as a rule, everyone knows long in advance, as was the case today, who is going to be named and by whom. It is one of the artificialities of politics and of conventions, honored through long practice, and when Senator Lodge ignored it his act gave the convention a shock.

Senator Lodge continued all through the session to disregard precedent and "put the convention wise" at the beginning of almost every nominating and seconding speech. Some observers suggested that it might have been in pursuance of a strategic purpose, for it enabled delegates generally to gauge their applause according to the degree of enthusiasm which they were expected or supposed to show for this or that candidate.

Governor Allen, too, showed scorn for time-honored artificialities. The name of General Wood was mentioned again and again in his speech, and he flung it at his audience without dramatic pause to afford an opportunity for plaudits. There was acclaim, nevertheless, over salient utterances in praise of the General.

Cheer Praise of General.

The first applause came when Governor Allen referred to the services of General Wood in Cuba as the American Governor following the Spanish war.

"He taught them that Government should be run like a business," said Governor Allen. "Unless someone teaches us that in America, business may come to be run like Government."

There was handclapping which compelled Governor Allen to stop. It lasted for a minute or so. Jeers greeted his subsequent reference, while telling the convention what General Wood had done for preparedness before America entered the war, to the utterance of William J. Bryan that preparedness was superfluous because in America "a million men would spring to arms over night."

"The Commoner," who is here as a reporter and occupied a seat in the press section very near the rostrum, bent a little lower over his notes and plied his pencil a little more busily, but gave no other indication of interest in what Governor Allen had to say upon the subject.

"Some men pretend to object to the fact that General Wood wears the uniform of his country," said the Governor. "Since when has this uniform become an emblem of disqualification or a badge of dishonor?"

A great deal had been said in and out of this convention of the alleged unavailability of General Wood because he is a military man. If the attitude of that part of the audience which occupied seats in the visitors' galleries is to be accepted as representative of the popular view, that could not be offered as a valid reason for the party refusing to make General Wood its standard bearer. The galleries broke loose for the first time and yelled. They repeated the performance when Governor Allen called attention to the conduct of General Wood when sent to quell labor disturbances at Gary, Ind.

"He was told the situation was full of dynamite," said the Governor. "He was being urged at the time as a candidate for President. He could have sent a subordinate. He could have 'passed the buck.' He went there in person and carried to that district the guarantee of fairness and justice."

Wood Demonstration Begins.

The Governor's speech occupied about twenty minutes in delivery. It was 10:30 o'clock when he finished. As he offered the name of General Wood in his closing sentences, a strong wave of cheering and applause swept the huge audience.

Soon after this the expected demonstration got under way. Some men perched on the runways directly under the ceiling of the Coliseum began to shower down upon the audience bushels of red, green, pink and blue feathers bearing the name of General Wood. These emblems were familiar to those attending the convention who have seen them worn in the hotel lobbies and corridors by thousands of men and women.

But those who had seen them one by one or two by two were not prepared for the colorful, fairylike spectacle when they fell in great showers, while a dozen big white searchlights diffused through the Coliseum a soft light, not unlike sunshine.

In all parts of the Coliseum delegates pledged to General Wood were on their feet cheering. In the galleries men and women, diverted for a moment by the rain of bright feathers, stood up waving Wood pennants and giving vent to their enthusiasm.

In one of the galleries a tom-tom was beaten when the demonstration was at its highest. It resounded through the auditorium with the regularity of the ticking of a grandfather's clock, its dull booming clearly audible above the din.

Then, as if this had been a signal, the Wood supporters began to punctuate their cheers with the rhythmic cry of "Wood, Wood, we want Wood," which resounded through the hall for twenty minutes or more.

A procession of Wood delegates was started through the aisles in the familiar way. It was noticeable, however, that of the delegates from the big Republican States hardly any joined in the procession. The delegates from New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Iowa, Connecticut and even Indiana, where General Wood won in the preferential primaries, remained in their seats. Except South Dakota, which has adopted last-ditch resolutions in favor of General Wood, not a single State banner was carried in the procession to indicate its preference for Wood.

The functionaries on the rostrum always form a little world which moves in its own orbit with an air of complete detachment from what is going on in the hall. Senator Lodge for a while sat chatting with Colonel Lafayette B. Gleason, Secretary of the convention, then he turned his weary gaze on the delegates below, as turbulent at the time as the rostrum was calm.

Lodge Fails to Quiet Crowd.

After the demonstration had been in progress for twenty minutes, Senator Lodge advanced and rapped for order. The convention looked hard at the Chairman, but did not stop cheering. Perhaps it was that Lodge looked cool and the convention got comfort out of regarding him from behind 10,000 busily waving fans.

Finding that General Wood's friends had not nearly got all the enthusiasm out of their systems, the Senator backed off the "bridge," sat down in his chair and poured out a glass of ice water.

At 11 o'clock sharp Senator Lodge, who seemed to work by the clock, tried his hand again at gaveling the convention into order. One bang of his gavel and he saw it was no use. He made a gesture of helplessness and retired to his seat to let the convention engage for nearly ten minutes more in the sort of disorder which had kept it occupied for the half hour that had elapsed since Governor Allen handed General Wood's case to the jury.

Outbreak Lasted Thirty-eight Minutes.

At 11:08 o'clock Mr. Lodge again advanced. As he turned his impassive face on the convention some one in the gallery tooted a big tin horn at him and the delegates set up a roar for Wood. It was clear, however, that the demonstration had practically spent itself. It took but little work with the gavel to silence the din. The demonstration had lasted thirty-eight minutes by the watch.

Frank Knox of Manchester, head of the delegation from New Hampshire, where General Wood was born, then ascended the rostrum to second the nomination.

"General Wood is a native son of New Hampshire, but he does not come before this convention as such, but as a citizen of all the United States," said Mr. Knox amid applause.

When Mr. Knox, who sometimes has been called the discoverer of General Wood in his present capacity as Presidential timber, finished his brief speech, the convention was due for its first real thrill.

Ovation to Roosevelt's Sister.

A woman in black was deferentially escorted out from the rostrum to the most advanced point of the "bridge." The convention apparently had recognized her, because there was a roar of welcome even before Senator Lodge presented her to the body of delegates.

"I want you to listen to Corinne Roosevelt Robinson, the sister of Theodore Roosevelt," said the Senator from Massachusetts, when the din had subsided.

This time there was magic in Roosevelt's name or perhaps it was the mourning that Col. Roosevelt's sister wears for her late husband, Douglas Robinson, that touched the heart of the convention. There was another ovation, the forerunner of many more, for time and time again she was compelled to pause in speaking while the delegates and visitors to the convention registered noisy approval.

Almost the moment she began to speak any one who had heard Theodore Roosevelt on occasions like this must have realized that the woman in black was his sister. Her gestures, her mannerisms, the intonation of her sentences, all must have recalled to the convention the man who might have been its unrivalled candidate for the Presidential nomination had he lived long enough.

Mrs. Robinson in the opening sentence of her speech, gave to General Wood almost all the credit for this country's ability to send "fighting machines" instead of "cannon fodder" overseas to the World War.

Pleads for "My Brother's Friend."

"He was my brother's devoted friend," she said with fond and stirring appeal in the utterance of every word and syllable, "and my brother was his true friend. But I want Leonard Wood for President, not because he was my brother's friend, but because he is of my brother's type. He has my brother's characteristics, indomitable courage, coupled with that most uncommon thing in the world—common sense."

At this the waving fans in the hall and galleries stopped as if some one had touched a button. Men and women forgot the heat and applauded. The convention rose to Colonel Roosevelt's sister, who carried into the Coliseum the spirit of her brother, almost as it would have risen to the Colonel himself had he appeared before it in the flesh. Certainly it was a period, the story of which will go down in the history of Republican national conventions in red letters, the ten brief minutes which this woman in mourning spent carrying, as it were, a message from the grave near Sagamore Hill.

She spoke about the desirability of realisable ideals in the White House in these times of grave portent. She spoke of patriotism and love of humanity "from America out, not from Europe in." She told the convention that the next occupant of the White House must have the mantles of Lincoln and Roosevelt on his shoulders. She ended by declaring that the convention should never accept a man who would "take the psychological moment" but should "select a man who makes it."

Then she stopped. The audience, which had risen in response every time she made a point, let loose its lungs in a lusty roar. There is no doubt what the convention would have done on the first ballot if Colonel Roosevelt's sister had been a candidate for the nomination, circumstances permitting. Mrs. Robinson said:

Text of Mrs. Robinson's Speech.

Mrs. Robinson's speech was as follows:

"Delegates and Fellow Republicans: As a woman of New York State I can say 'fellow Republicans.' As a woman of New York State I can voice the feelings of thousands of American mothers who feel that because of the foresight, the vision and the splendid work of Leonard Wood their sons went overseas fit fighting machines instead of cannon fodder.

"People often say to me in these last days you wish to have Leonard Wood as President because he was a friend of your brother, Theodore Roosevelt, but I wish every delegate in this great hall to understand that is not the reason I wish Leonard Wood for President. I want Leonard Wood for President not because he was my brother's friend, though he was my brother's devoted friend as was my brother his devoted friend. I want Leonard Wood for President not because he was his friend, but because he is his type. That is why I want Leonard Wood for President.

"Leonard Wood and Theodore Roosevelt have great characteristics in common, a great combination of unusual characteristics. Leonard Wood has, as Theodore Roosevelt had, courage combined with that most uncommon thing in the world, common sense. [Applause.] Leonard Wood has combined with vision sense of proportion which makes him know how far to let that vision go.

"We do not want any more visionaries. We do not want a fleeting glance of fleecy dissipating cloud. We want realisable ideals, and we want to realize them. That is what we want. We want, beyond almost anything else, a great self-sacrificing patience.

"The man who comes into the White House now must have the mantle of Lincoln, as well as the mantle of Roosevelt, fall upon his shoulders. He must not only have courage and ardor, he must have that great patience that carried Lincoln through those days of trial, for no days could be as grave with portent as the days of the upbuilding and rebuilding of this great country.

"I am only going to take one minute more, but I want to say that not only do we want the characteristics of which I have spoken, but we must have the kind of man who looks from America out and not from Europe in. [Laughter and applause.] We must have a man who combines with being a great nationalist a great international reputation. He must be known not only in his State or in his country. He must be known throughout the great countries of the world. And so he is.

"No one need say to me that if Theodore Roosevelt or Leonard Wood had been in the White House there would not have been ringing words of protest as a tune for the Germans to march through Belgium. [Applause.] The admirers of Mr. Wilson say that he had to wait for the psychological moment to get the country behind him. Does America have to wait upon neutrality between right and wrong? Never again, fellow-citizens, never again shall we accept the man who takes the psychological moment. We want the man who makes the psychological moment. There are three kinds of men, the man who uses only words, the man who uses the brawn and blood of another by saying 'Go,' and the man, the kind of man we want, who says 'Come.' [Applause.] Leonard Wood is the kind of man who says 'Come,' and I want Leonard Wood."

A lifesize picture showing Colonel Roosevelt and General Wood together, both in uniform, was lowered from the rafters when Mrs. Robinson finished her remarks, but few in the audience appeared to notice it, for all glances seemed to cling to the Colonel's sister, as she was escorted to a seat on the rostrum.

Mrs. Robinson's was the last speech for General Wood.

Lowden Demonstration 42 Minutes.

The roll call of States proceeded. Arkansas yielded to Illinois and Congressman William A. Rodenberg of East St. Louis, one of the delegates at large from his State, was brought to the platform to place Governor Lowden in nomination. He is a good speaker and a handsome man, with a pleasant manner and a rich, mellow voice.

His speech was somewhat stereotyped. He recalled the fact that the party had gone to Illinois for Abraham Lincoln in 1860.

"Lincoln stood the test," said Representative Rodenberg. "In 1920 Illinois is ready to give its Governor, Frank O. Lowden, to the nation, and Lowden will stand the test."

A demonstration that turned the hall into a bedlam after Congressman Rodenberg had finished lasted for forty-two minutes. Delegates and convention-goers everywhere in the hall joined in to swell the tide, but Governor Lowden's home folk in the galleries did not seem to warm up as much as one might have expected.

As soon as Lowden's name had been presented fully two-thirds of the convention, judging from visual survey, arose and helped to start and keep the demonstration going. In volume it was about equal to that for General Wood and it lasted four minutes longer.

Lithographs seemed to spring from everywhere and were soon carried through the aisles at the end of long poles. They bore the legend "A business man with a business plan," recalling the executive budget plan which Lowden has succeeded in inaugurating in Illinois with the result of saving millions annually.

Soon Oklahoma picked up its standard and started a procession of States through the aisles. Most of the New York delegates, though committed to Dr. Butler, were on their feet, but did not join the march. Arkansas followed the example of Oklahoma, and after a bit Connecticut, Kentucky, Iowa and later Illinois and Virginia joined in. The standard of Illinois, Governor Lowden's home State, had a tiny American flag tied to the plate bearing the name of the State. It was novel in this respect.

When the demonstration was at its highest the searchlights again were brought into play and the Coliseum was flooded with artificial sunshine. As compared with the record-breaking demonstration for Theodore Roosevelt in the Progressive National Convention here four years ago, the demonstration for the candidates regarded as the "big noise" in this convention were impotent. The Roosevelt demonstration lasted an hour and thirty-nine minutes.

C. E. Pickett of Iowa seconded Governor Lowden's nomination. He said that the time had come when the chief concern of the Administration at Washington would be the internal upbuilding of the country, and declared Lowden just the man for the task.

"And Lowden," he added, "will command the support of every loyal Republican."

Governor Morrow Makes a Hit.

After Mrs. Fletcher Dobyns of Chicago had briefly seconded the nomination of Governor Lowden on behalf of the women, Governor Morrow of Kentucky came to the front as a third sponsor for the Governor of Illinois. He called to the attention of the convention the fact that Kentucky, a Southern State, had been won over to the Republican column.

"With Lowden to lead, we will smash the Hindenburg line of Southern Democracy forever," said Governor Morrow, who is regarded as one of the coming men of the Republican Party. This prediction made a decided hit and brought a few rebel yells from the Southern delegates.

Governor Morrow said:

"Members of the Convention: Fully conscious of every responsibility of this great hour, but with an unshaken faith and the best belief of our hands and hearts, Kentucky—Republican Kentucky—brings you this message: Give us to lead the forces of battle in November Frank Lowden. And with him to lead we'll smash the Hindenburg line of Southern Democracy forever.

"Kentucky is the neighbor of Illinois. It is said in the Holy Book that blessed is the man who is loved by his neighbor. Without division, of one mind and of one heart, Kentucky will vote for Frank Lowden until he is nominated in this convention.

"Frank Lowden is an everyday man. He is great enough to know that men don't have to be solemn to be wise. He is human. He is friendly. He has concentrated his powers and his capacity. Give him this nomination and he will 'bring home the bacon' in November."

Johnson Nominator Jeered.

The calling of States was continued and California was next. A stir, a low murmur swept the convention. Former United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana, who by this time had temporarily relieved Senator Lodge as presiding officer, announced that Charles Stetson Wheeler, a San Francisco lawyer, would place the name of Senator Hiram W. Johnson before the convention. There was a little cheering when the name of Senator Johnson was mentioned by his former fellow Bull Moose, Mr. Beveridge.

Mr. Wheeler, when he got into action, told the convention that it was its plain duty to nominate a Californian for President this year. There was some indication of dissent from delegates. From this time on the sponsor for Senator Jhonson and the convention did not get on very well together. The first open demonstration took the form of slight jeering, and came when Mr. Wheeler prophesied that failure to nominate Johnson might bring disaster to the party in November.

"You have done California the great honor of meeting the views of its favorite son with regard to the League of Nations," said Mr. Wheeler. "For that we are grateful. But platform declarations will not win elections this year. The personality of candidates is going to result in victory for either the Republican or Democratic party. By every sign of the zodiac this should be a Republican year. The failure to name the right man will surely spell party defeat."

The convention laughed a little. Then Mr. Wheeler flung it a query which was caught on the fly.

"Do you want four years more of Wilson?" he asked.

"No," they yelled back at him with great vigor.

"Perhaps you are ready to accept the 'Crown Prince,'" he suggested, a slight taunt in his voice.

A great shout went up to negative this suggestion.

"Boos" for Talk of Campaign Funds.

The convention had its first real laugh when Mr. Wheeler, after calling the roll of bank Presidents in the California delegation pledged to Johnson, suggested that his victories in the primaries had been "despite an inadequate campaign fund." It would appear as if friends of both Lowden and Wood in the convention took this as a slur upon their candidates, for there were "boos" and hisses for the first time. The assertion that California was entitled to the Presidential nomination did not make a hit, either.

"What did California do in 1916?" asked a voice.

Several other interruptions made it necessary for the presiding officer to intervene and admonish the audience that it should permit the speaker to proceed. This had scarcely been done when a loud laugh went up as some one in the midst of a glowing description of Senator Johnson and his qualifications for President, yelled "Hearst!" The reference was to the fact that Mr. Hearst in his newspapers has given the Californian strong support.

To get back on safe ground Mr. Wheeler was compelled to bring in the name of Roosevelt, and then the convention grew quiet again.

25-Minute Johnson Outburst.

When Mr. Wheeler ended by declaring in a husky voice that "the sovereign State of California names Johnson" the demonstration for the Pacific Coast man started. It was exactly 1:28 P. M. and the perspiring, coatless, collarless body of delegates who were for Johnson rose from their seats reluctantly to begin the noise making for their hero.

First of all, every one on the floor and in the galleries stood up just to stretch themselves after Mr. Wheeler's oration. It was rest simply to cheer, and many did, as with no thought of helping Johnson's chances.

Remembering that eight years ago a pretty woman in one of the galleries seized the American flag and came near stampeding the convention for Roosevelt, another woman sought to emulate her, seizing the bunting that draped the railing in front of her. The would-be stampeder waved with all her might and yelled until she was blood red in the face, but it did not make a dent on the crowd. Those near by laughed at her. Some one explained that she kept a restaurant in Three Rivers, Mich., and was very anxious to get her name in the papers.

The Johnson demonstration was devoid of spontaneous enthusiasm compared to what happened when Wood and Lowden were nominated. It had the feeling of being manufactured, of being forced in order to register a few minutes more time than that achieved by the other candidates. With looks of grim determination on their faces the Johnson delegates went through the demonstration to the bitter, perspiring end.

The Chairmen of many of the delegations took advantage of the opportunity to poll their delegations and to line up the delegates for their favorites. A few paraders with Johnson banners kept tramping through the aisles, but the noise grew fainter and fainter, to be roused to momentary activity by chants of "Hiram, Hiram."

Finally Senator Lodge again took the gavel and pounded for order. It had the effect of starting up the dying demonstration for a few moments, but order was gradually re-established. The Johnson demonstration had lasted just twenty-five minutes. It was shorter than any of those preceding it.

Mr. Lodge got order and introduced Representative Schall of Minnesota to make one of the seconding speeches. Schall has a voice like a foghorn and roused the crowd as the nominator had not done. He told of Johnson's services to the people and cheer followed cheer.

"Remember the Ten Commandments and forget the Fourteen Points," he shouted. Johnson, he said, was the "Hercules of the nation."

Mr. Lodge reminded the speaker that his time was up, and when there were cries of "Go on," the Chairman asked the convention to extend the time of Mr. Schall two minutes, and it was agreed to. Mr. Schall finished at last and received a final cheer.

He gave place to Richard Doherty of New Jersey as the other speaker to second Johnson's nomination. Mr. Doherty is an alert-looking young man and made a business-like speech. An attack on the League of Nations was the main burden of his discourse and he got a few Johnson cheers.

By this time the floor of the convention hall was an expanse of white-shirted delegates, while fans waved all over the hall. Doherty's time had to be cut short by Chairman Lodge.

The Chairman introduced Philip O'Neill, a young Michigan man, to make a two-minute seconding speech for Johnson, and O'Neill put a little "pep" into the wilting crowd by declaring that Johnson's convictions could be found without a search warrant. O'Neill made a hit with his oratory and even Bryan, sitting just below the rostrum, gave him a hand. It was the first orator of the day to be so honored.

Mrs. Katherine Philip Edson of Los Angeles performed the woman's part as a seconding speaker for Johnson.

Gillett Names Coolidge.

Chairman Lodge continued with the roll call of States, and when Connecticut was reached that State yielded to Massachusetts to allow Frederick H. Gillett, Speaker of the House of Representatives, to nominate Governor Coolidge. When Mr. Gillett said that Mr. Coolidge was a man of few words and that he (Gillett) would imitate him in that respect, the crowd gave him a spontaneous shout of approval.

Mr. Gillett is a slender man with no oratorical tricks, but he held the crowd by talking in an even, argumentative way as if he were presenting a plain proposition to the convention. He got a "good hand" when he said that all the names so far presented were those of good men and he could follow any one of them. He spoke about fifteen minutes, ending a few minutes after 3 o'clock. The Massachusetts delegation gave him a spontaneous outburst of applause, but the cheering was practically limited to that State and was over in less than a minute.

A speech seconding Coolidge was made by a good-looking young woman in a cool linen suit and straw hat, Alexandra Carlisle Pfeiffer of Lexington, Mass. Mrs. Pfeiffer brought a cheer right away by saying that Calvin Coolidge was a real American, having been born on the Fourth of July. She made one of the best speeches of the session, and the fact was fully appreciated by the restless delegates. Mrs. Pfeiffer was formerly Alexandra Carlisle, a musical comedy star.

Pritchard's Name Presented.

Delaware was passed on the roll call, and Florida yielded to North Carolina, so that Marion Butler could place in nomination Jeter C. Pritchard. Mr. Pritchard is a Circuit Court Judge, and was North Carolina's choice as a Presidential candidate.

The delegates from the other States did not show any great interest in Mr. Pritchard's candidacy, but they respectfully listened to the presentation of his qualities by Mr. Butler, who appeared to be thoroughly in earnest about what he was doing. He said that the solid South would surely crumble if Mr. Pritchard were the choice of the convention.

Before he had finished the sweltering crowd grew restless as the heat increased, and at times Mr. Butler's voice was completely lost. The delegates could see that his index finger was being shaken at them, and that therefore he must still be speaking. The crowd tried to end it by shouting, "Louder," but the speaker kept on, and it tried stamping and other noises, but Mr. Butler stuck grimly to his task. He got a genuine cheer when he had finished.

Mills Names Dr. Butler.

When the roll call was continued various States were passed until New York was reached. Ogden L. Mills took the platform at 3:36 o'clock to nominate Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University.

Mr. Mills added to his prepared address by asserting that Dr. Butler was one of the men who could accept the League of Nations platform as adopted by the convention without crossing a "t." The demonstration for Dr. Butler was brief and was restricted to the New York delegation and a few hundreds in the balconies.

Chauncey M. Depew led the cheering among the New York delegates, waving a fan above his head.

Miss Helen Varick Boswell of New York seconded the nomination of Dr. Butler and was heartily applauded. She described Dr. Butler as a man who held that the cause of the people was sacred, and "Butler has not, thank God," she added, "a single-track mind. He will deliver the goods."

There was laughter and applause at this sally. Miss Boswell concluded by

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Vice-Presidential Candidates on Anxious Seat—Women Threaten Party

HOURS OF SPEECHES HEARD AT SESSION

Continued from Page Two.

asserting that Dr. Butler was a man of imagination and vision and a great executive; a man with ideals who yet was practical.

Miller Nominates Hoover.

At the conclusion of this address Senator Reed Smoot, who was then presiding, announced that Judge Nathan L. Miller would nominate "the Hon. Herbert Hoover."

The crowds had been in doubt as to whether Hoover's name would be placed in nomination. A ripple of applause started in the galleries, but the delegations remained silent. For about a minute cheering and applause continued.

Judge Miller's address was a trifle too long to suit the taste of the crowd and he was heckled a bit toward the end. Finally he shouted that in one minute more he would stop and he received a good cheer.

The only addition to the prepared speech was a statement by Judge Miller that Hoover as far back as 1919 had given expression to views which reflected the principles set forth by the Republican platform in regard to the League of Nations.

Galleries Shout for Hoover.

The real Hoover demonstration came when Judge Miller quit. It swept around the galleries and finally infected a few of the delegates, who at first had been timid about getting to their feet when the name of Hoover was mentioned.

Hoover supporters had been supplied with banners and pennants and waved them frantically. There were cheering sections in the galleries which went at the task as if the convention were a football game. Comment was made that while the Hoover demonstration was shorter it perhaps was the most spontaneous and enthusiastic that had been staged.

Few of the delegates joined in the demonstration—not more than a dozen. A woman seated with the Alabama delegation had armed herself with a Hoover pennant and moved it above her head. There was a delegate from Maine who whooped it up as loudly as he could, but the real cheering came from the galleries. It was noticed that women took a big part in the applauding.

After the cheering had continued for eight minutes H. H. Brown, of Nevada, stepped forward to second the nomination of Hoover. The cheering crowd paid no attention to him and only sheered the louder when Senator Smoot pounded mightily with his gavel in an attempt to restore order. This did not seem to worry Mr. Brown, however. He started to talk despite the din about him, his shoulders thrown back, his feet braced.

The crowd could see Brown's mouth moving, but could not hear a word he was saying. The galleries broke into more enthusiastic cheering, and it was evident that many hundreds of the Hoover followers did not like what Brown was doing and felt he might have permitted the demonstration to continue longer without interrupting it. There were "boos" and some hissing when Brown kept at it despite the warning roars.

The demonstration was kept up until Brown had struggled through the address and walked away from the speakers' platform. Not a word of his speech had been heard by either the delegates or those in the galleries. In fact, in the uproar nothing he said could be heard even in the press stands. There was a great outburst of applause, defiant and condemning, as Brown withdrew.

The demonstration had then been in progress for about fifteen minutes. Mrs. James W. Morrison, a daughter of William Dudley Foulke, stepped forward to second the Hoover nomination. There were cries, "She's a woman," and "Give her a chance," and finally order was restored. She talked about the millions of women voters and of the strong support which would, she said, be given Hoover by the women of the country.

Ten-Minute Din for Harding.

At the conclusion of Mrs. Morrison's address Senator Smoot announced that ex-Governor Frank B. Willis of Ohio would nominate Senator Warren G. Harding. There was a roar from the Ohio section which swept about the hall.

Harding is held in affectionate regard by delegates in many State delegations. Ex-Governor Willis got a big hand when he said that no matter whom the convention nominated all delegates and Republicans should keep in mind that the Republican Party must face the country with a united front. Such a result, he said, could be brought about by Harding's nomination.

The crowd's greeting to Harding's name, after Willis's ornate presentation, was of considerable volume, but had no picturesque features comparable to the feather shower in honor of Wood, and lacked the vim of the Lowden and Johnson outbursts. It lasted about ten minutes.

Seconding the Harding nomination, R. L. Cousins of Texas got a round of cheers and a laugh for saying that the Ohio Senator could carry Texas and break the solid South.

Mayor Moore Presents Sprout.

At this point Senator Lodge resumed the Chairmanship and Senator Smoot withdrew. Next came Mayor J. Hampton Moore of Philadelphia, presenting the name of Governor William Cameron Sproul.

As Mayor Moore read his prepared manuscript in a monotonous tone so low that he could not be heard more than a few feet away the crowd sizzled. If it had been not berore it was melting now. Everybody fanned. From the exits trickled hungry and thirsty streams, but comparatively few seemed to leave the buildings. All the thousands endured the oveplike temperature in their eagerness to hear everything through to the end of the nominating speeches.

William L. Schaffer, Attorney General of Pennsylvania, did not have a long wait before making the seconding speech. The demonstration for Sproul was short. It consisted merely of flag-waving by the Pennsylvania delegation and a few scattered cheers.

Name Poindexter and Sutherland.

When Washington State was reached George H. Walker did the nominating honors for Senator Miles Poindexter. He appreciated the condition of the helpless and suffering delegates and mercifully made his speech short, for which consideration he received the unstinted thanks of the delegates and spectators.

Jules S. Bache of New York seconded the Washington Senator's nomination. Mr. Bache said that he performed the duty on behalf of the business men of the country.

The next State in order was West Virginia, and J. M. Sanders of Bluefield made a fifteen-minute speech nominating Senator Howard Sutherland. A groan went up from the mass of people when Mr. Sanders took the speakers' stand. But little attention was paid to him, only those down front catching a word now and then.

The crowd was waiting but for one thing, to get to balloting as fast as possible, and they only bore the infliction of the oratory because there was no way to avoid it. Mr. Sanders was very serious and would not yield an inch, although time and again the galleries tried to howl him down. The seconding speeches for Sutherland were short and soon over. He was the last candidate put in nomination.

[The text of the nominating speeches will be found on page 4.]

SECOND PLACE GROUP ON ANXIOUS SEAT

Seekers of Vice Presidency Watch the Big Race with Taut Nerves.

ANDERSON'S HOPES HIGH

Virginia's Favorite Son Expects to Get the Place if Lowden is Nominated.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—While the convention was discussing the virtues of various Presidential candidates, and the weakin around the Coliseum was ringing with the insatiate persistence of a telephone girl calling the wrong number, the various candidates for the Vice Presidency were sitting around chewing their mustaches and waiting for what to them was the real business of the convention. They were worried, and with reason. This convention has been compared to a county fair. Continuing the comparison, the balloting for President may be likened to the 2:15 trot and the nomination of a Vice President to the farmers' road race for a $2u prize that is added on the last day of the fair for a little comic relief.

The 2:15 trot draws the crowd, but for the farmers who have hitched up the old mare to the sidebar buggy the road race is the big event of the week.

But there is one big difference between the county fair and the National Convention. A horse that is beaten in the 2:15 trot can t enter in the farmers' road race. But here in the convention various dark horses that were carried and hurried to look their best in the big race were left at the post, as their jockeys knew they would be, and their grooms are already rubbing them down and getting them ready to start out as So the avowed candidates for the office candidates for Vice President.

Most formidable of them, perhaps, is Colonel Henry W. Anderson of Richmond, the favorite son of Virginia, a State which seems to be covetous of Indiana's distinction as mother of Vice Presidents. Colonel Anderson did brilliant work as Red Cross Commissioner in Rumania in the war, and, judging from the experience of Herbert Hoover, some have thought that this connection "abroad" alone was enough to disqualify him. The Virginia delegation, however, is optimistic, although admitting that a good deal of geographical calculation is involved.

If Lowden is nominated the Anderson people expect to win their race. Lowden has always had Virginia behind him and the Anderson supporters expect recognition of that fact, and also of the excellent geographical balance of Virginia and Illinois. The keynote of the Anderson movement is the necessity of re-establishing national unity by electing a Republican Vice President from the South. This plays a large part in their arguments. The Red Cross record, which might seem to the foreigner to be Colonel Anderson's best recommendation, is for the reason given above an argument which must be used with the greatest caution.

Virginia offers another son, but apparently not a favorite son—the Virginia headquarters say that he is only a stepson—and certain the mother of Presidents seems likely to treat him in the manner accredited to stepmothers. This is Samuel Adams, born in Massachusetts, but running as a Virginian. The Anderson supporters say that his real residence is Chicago, and that his farm at Greenwood, Virginia, is only one of his sidelines. However that may be, the apples that Mr. Adams has been handing out as campaign arguments come from this Virginia farm, and they have had some effect. One man—not a delegate, unfortunately—said that he had looked in at the Adams headquarters five times, had got five apples, and found them all good. "If I had a vote in that convention," he said, "I'd vote five times for Samuel Adams."

Mr. Adams talks hopefully and says that unless some of these dark horses enter the road race, he expects to win. He counts on 275 votes on the first ballot—though he admits that it may be more and it may be less—even if the Virginians still stick to the lessons of history and say that Adams means Massachusetts.

There was another Vice Presidential candidate for a few minutes last week. Marcus Pollasky of Alpena, Mich., a financier and promoter who has run for something in every election for the last twenty years, came to Chicago and had posters printed announcing himself as an aspirant to the Vice Presidency. This was nothing new to Michigan, for it wouldn't seem like an election without Marcus Pollasky running for something. He is famed in Michigan history as the man who once got up in a State convention and nominated himself for Governor in a speech that did full justice to the merits of his candidature.

Here in Chicago he looked over the field and told some of the early-comers to the convention that there had been offered to him the stained and bedraggled toga that adorned the shoulders of Truman H. Newberry, but he felt that he was meant for higher things. He seems to be a volatile person. His posters were scattered about the Congress Hotel for two or three days and then they disappeared. To Michigan politicians whom he met on the opening day of the convention Mr. Pollasky confided that he was through now—something had drawn from the Vice Presidential race, he was also thinking of running for Lieutenant Governor of Michigan.

LEAGUE PLANK WAS ROOT'S.

"One We Can All Stand On," Said Borah.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The League of Nations plank in the Republican platform, which has been represented as a victory for Senator Johnson's opposition to any sort of League, was in reality the handiwork of Elihu Root, and was accepted as a compromise by the Johnson leaders only in order to avert a ruinous split in the party.

The man who was responsible for the insertion of this particular formula on the League, embodying Mr. Root's idea on the international court and in its entirety representing his ideas, was W. Murray Crane, who had led the fight in the Resolutions Committee for indorsement of a League with reservations. Ex-Senator Crane fought as long as he could for explicit indorsement of the League, but when he saw it was impossible to obtain this he obtained the substitution of the Root formula in order to make agreement possible.

When the plank was reported in the full committee on Thursday morning, Edwin J. Gross of Wisconsin asked the other members of the committee, specifically Senator Borah, who had led the Johnson fight against the League in the sub-committee, just what it meant.

"It seems to me," he said, "that this is a very generous plank. It indorses everybody—the mild reservationists, the Lodge reservationists, and the group opposed to any League at all. I myself am against the League, but I think that whatever is done, the Republican Party ought to come out and say frankly what it means."

Senator Borah responded:

"Have you read that League plank? Any one who has can indorse it. I have spent a sleepless night, wondering whether I should have to bolt or insure the election of a Democratic administration. But now I find it will not be necessary to do either. This plank is one we can all stand on."

The authorship of the League plank in the platform was established as Mr. Root's by Ogden Mills in his speech in the convention today nominating Dr. Butler. Departing from the advance copy of his speech, Mr. Mills, referring to the declaration made by Mr. Wheeler in nominating Senator Johnson, to the effect that the California candidate was the only one who could stand on the League of Nations plank, said:

"I want to say that Nicholas Murray Butler can stand on the plank as written by Elihu Root and adopted by this convention without the crossing of a 't.'"

SUFFRAGISTS SHOW FIGHT AT CHICAGO

Pickets Carry Banner Threatening Republican Defeat if Franchise is Blocked.

HOLDS G. O. P. RESPONSIBLE

Miss Paul Asserts Leaders Fear Women Would oVte for the League and Peace.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The militant suffragists, whose picketing of the Republican National Convention had hitherto been marked with extreme decorum, showed fight today for the first time. An entirely new banner, borne by the long picket line outside the Coliseum, greeted delegates and spectators this morning. All other slogans were discarded and the new banner read:

"Vote against the Republican Party as long as it blocks suffrage."

This was said by the leaders of the National Womans' Party to be a first step in a movement to oppose the Republican nominee for President unless pressure is exerted by the party leaders to get the Governors of Vermont and Connecticut to call special sessions of their Legislatures to ratify the suffrage amendment.

If the thirty-sixth State does not ratify, it is the program of the leaders of the National Woman's Party to trail the Republican nominee for President on all his speaking trips, picket his meetings and ask questions intended to embarrass him at every opportunity. It is also proposed to conduct campaigns against all Republicans for the Senate and the House of Representatives, unless the suffrage amendment is ratified.

No Word From Hays Yet.

So far, neither Miss Alice Paul, the Chairman, nor any of the other leaders of the National Woman's Party has received any word from Will H. Hays, the Republican National Chairman, as to the result of efforts to induce Governor Clement of Vermont to call a special session. The militant suffragists have little hope of inducing Governor Holcomb of Connecticut to recede from his opposition to a special session, and charge the Republican party leaders with purposely blocking ratification in order, as they believe, to take chances on the election without bringing in nearly 10,000,000 women voters with only a few months for their organization.

Miss Paul said that some of the Republican leaders were opposed to suffrage at this time because of local considerations. In Connecticut, she said Senator Brandegee, Republican, and an opponent of Woman Suffrage, is likely to be opposed for re-election by Homer S. Cummings, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, and fears that the enfranchisement of women would cause his defeat. Miss Paul said she understood that Senator Moses, of New Hampshire, one of the Wood leaders in the convention, did not wish general woman suffrage now because it would hurt his chance in a primary fight for re-nomination.

Other Republican leaders, Miss Paul declared, were opposed to letting suffrage go through before the Presidential election because they believed that women generally were inclined to favor the League of Nations, because of a belief that it might promote the cause of peace, and would be likely to vote for the Democratic nominee because of the Republican platform attitude on that issue.

"The winning of the thirty-sixth State has not been accomplished," said Miss Paul. "More pressure from the Republican Party must be exerted to win it. We hold the Republican Party responsible for the delay in ratification. We are not concerned with the party's record during the past on the suffrage issue. It is now blocking suffrage in Vermont and Connecticut where Legislatures ready to ratify are not allowed to convene by their Republican Governors. In no Democratic State does a similar situation exist.

"We intend to continue to show to the Republican Party the effect of the obstruction of suffrage on its political future. When Republican leaders become convinced that party expediency is involved in suffrage ratification women will be enfranchised."

The suffrage banners, with their threat to vote against the Republican Party, caused considerable resentment among the delegates, a number of whom shook their fists at the pickets.

"You won't get anywhere with that stuff," one angry delegate shouted at Mrs. M. Toscan Bennett, of Hartford, Conn., who was carrying one of the banners. Other delegates made even more forcible expressions of disapproval.

A number of the Republican leaders visited the Woman's Party Headquarters opposite the Coliseum. Among them was Charles D. Hilles, the new national committeeman from New York. Senators Walter E. Edge and Joseph S. Frelinghuysen and E. C. Stokes, Chairman of the State Committee of New Jersey and Governor John H. Bartlett of New Hampshire. These as well as a number of other Republican leaders told Miss Paul that Governor Clement of Vermont was "softening," but Miss Paul stated that she had received no tangible evidence that this was true.

Contributions of $1,000 were made today to the picket fund by Mrs. Verner Reed of Colorado, Vice Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the Republican National Committee, Mrs. Charles Broughton Wood, of Simsbury, Connecticut and Mrs. Havemeyer of New York. Mrs. Havemeyer, who had previously contributed, has been on the picket line every day since the Convention started.

Name Woman Leader Today.

The woman leader of the National Republican organization will probably be selected at a meeting of the Republican Women's Advisory Council of One Hundred, composed of party leaders in all the States, tomorrow in the Auditorium. This conference is expected to recommend to the Republican National Committee a choice for vice-chairman of the executive committee of the National Committee, which place has been allotted to a woman by agreement, and the occupant of which will become ex-officio the woman leader of the party.

Names so far suggested include Mrs. Medill McCormick, wife of the junior Senator from Illinois; Mrs. John P. Pratt of New York, Mrs. John G. South of Kentucky, the present head of the council; Mrs. Manley Fossem of Minnesota and Mrs. Walter McNab Miller of Missouri.

A strong sentiment is reported to have arisen among the Western women against the selection of a woman from the East, and this may prevent the selection of Mrs. Pratt. The Western women contend that three qualifications are necessary for the woman leader—that she must come from the Middle West, have been a suffrage leader, and have had training in politics.

Mayor Thompson Quits as Illinois Delegate, Denouncing Instructions to Vote for Lowden

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11. — William Hale Thompson, Mayor of Chicago, bolted the Republican National Convention today. He sent a letter to the Chairman of the Illinois Delegation resigning as a delegate at large from that State. His stated reason for this action was that he could not abide by the instruction of the Illinois State Convention to vote for Governor Lowden because of the disclosures concerning the lavish use and alleged misuse of money in Govern Lowden's campaign for the Presidential nomination.

Thompson had already openly opposed Lowden. The only surprising thing about his action today was that he retired from the convention instead of remaining there to lead a fight against Lowden's nomination.

The Lowden-Thompson feud was born at the recent Illinois State Convention at Springfield. Thompson wanted to be re-elected as Illinois member of the Republican National Committee. His attitude during the war and his political methods caused opposition, and Governor Lowden, who had remained a neutral in the effort to down Thompson, was induced to use his influence against him. Thompson got only a place among the State delegates at large to the National Convention.

When the Illinois delegation met in Chicago this week Senator Lawrence Y. Sherman was elected National Committeeman in Thompson's place.

Thompson controls seventeen delegates from Chicago and is credited with controlling a few others out of the fifty-eight from the State. Those from Chicago are expected to vote for Wood, who carried their districts in the primary.

In his letter of resignation Mayor Thompson said: "My reason for taking this action is that the State Convention, which elected me as one of the delegates at large, also instructed me by resolution to vote for the nomination of Frank O. Lowden for President.

"It is my opinion that if the delegates to the Republican State Convention had known of the conditions which were later disclosed by the Senate Investigation Committee they would not have passed resolutions indorsing Governor Lowden for the nomination for President.

"It is also my opinion that if the Republicans of Illinois had on April 13 known of the conditions which were later disclosed by the testimony with regard to Presidential campaign expenditures before the United States Senate they would not have given Frank O. Lowden the preferential primary vote which he received.

"I will not knowingly make myself a party to placing the Republican nomination for President on the auction block."

BORAH WILL BOLT LOWDEN OR WOOD

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

vention, but I will support no man who is not clean."

Mr. Borah said the Senate investigation already had shown that a million and a half dollars had been spent in the interest of one man, that man being Wood. Before the investigation is concluded, he said, it would be shown that a million and a half more dollars had been spent. He said further that if either of the two leading candidates before the convention tonight were nominated the issue would be the corruption of the American electorate; there was no other way out.

"I have a right to demand of you the nomination of a clean man," Mr. Borah said. "We speak for the Republican Party. We must clean it out and relieve it from the grip of those that control it with money. Senator Johnson has demonstrated by his primary campaign that he is the one man who can secure the popular vote in November. No one has disputed the proposition that if he is nominated he can easily be elected. The support he has found, the phobia he has on public opinion and the confidence of the American people. If Senator Johnson has this popular support it must be brought home tomorrow that he is the candidate every one concedes can be elected.

"You delegates here must go forth tonight and tomorrow morning and impress upon those honest men in the Republican convention that Senator Johnson's tremendous success is in fields where he was not expected to win, insures not only his success in November, but the success of the Republican Senate in Congress."

JOHNSON STILL HOPES.

And Whatever the Result, He Will Not Bolt.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Senator Johnson was in conference with his managers tonight and got into touch with Senator William E. Borah of Idaho in regard to plans for tomorrow. It practically had been decided at a late hour tonight that Senator Borah would ask to be permitted to address the convention for five minutes or more tomorrow morning if the developments over night indicated that either General Wood or Governor Lowden had a chance of making a runaway victory.

Senator Johnson's campaign manager tonight gave definite assurance that the Senator has no intention of leaving the party and whatever the result might be he would stand by the declaration made some time ago that it was simply a family quarrel which would not end in a bolt.

But this does not mean that the Johnson forces, through Borah, are not prepared to put up a sturdy fight against the nomination of either Wood or Lowden. The report tonight is that if Borah obtains the ear of the convention tomorrow he will talk about the danger of sending before the people a candidate against whom the charges can be made that he spent huge sums in financing his primary campaign or was connected even indirectly with certain great financial interests.

Senator Johnson had made no plans up to a late hour tonight which looked to his personal appearance before the convention. The only thing definite on this is to be staged, it was said at Johnson headquarters, would probably be left to Senator Borah. It was predicted by the Johnson managers that Borah would appear before the convention, but they hesitated to say that Senator Johnson himself would keep out of the fight to that extent. There was a feeling tonight among the political observers that the Johnson camp had about given up the hope of obtaining the nomination for the California Senator as a result of the way the balloting went today.

Senator Johnson held the delegates from most of the States in which he won in the primaries, but there were breaks serious enough to indicate that there was little hope of victory. Among the significant features of the balloting was that Johnson after mounting to 148 votes on the third ballot tumbled back to 140 1-2 on the fourth.

As a result of the situation which developed the feeling was that Senator Johnson and his co-worker Borah would direct their efforts principally from this time on in an attempt to bring about the nomination of a "dark horse" who might be more acceptable to that group than is either Wood or Lowden. Of course, the Johnson camp in the meantime will insist that Johnson has more than an even chance to win, but such is not the opinion in most circles.

The gossip tonight is that either Senator Knox or Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania would be more acceptable to Johnson than Wood or Lowden, but no definite statement has come from Johnson or Borah. It is understood, however, that the subject has been talked over in private by representatives of the Johnson faction and the other leaders and that they know the situation.

The activities of the Johnson-Borah group have added to the complications and as a result the contest may be dragged out for several ballots today. Though Johnson followers say that General Wood has practically reached the top of his strength and that he will begin to fade into oblivion after a few more ballots, there is no sure sign about the chances of Lowden's nomination. Some of the Johnsonites hold that the old-time leaders have enough votes in their pockets to put Lowden across, but they will think for a long time before applying the acid test. Many are confronted by the danger of an assault by the Johnson-Borah faction on Governor Lowden's candidacy.

The other political leaders would not have so much concern over the situation if Borah alone appeared as their enemy, as they feel little harm by any opposition he might bring to bear. But Johnson and Borah are apparently still playing thir game together and that has given some of the others cause for hesitation.

Senator Johnson remained quiet on the subject of nominations tonight, preferring that the explosion, if any is to come, should be staged after the situation is made clear tomorrow morning.

CANDIDATES BUSY IN CONFERENCES

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

course of action as will unite the Republican Party in a harmonious, affirmative and aggressive campaign for a victory in November. If the Progressive element and the conservative element can unite upon a common ground and a common candidate it will bring about the support of the East and West and victory will be assured."

Harding Expresses Confidence.

After a long conference between delegates from Ohio and Senator Harding the delegates decided to stick to him until he released them. He declared himself the most likely candidate for President.

Ex-Governor Herrick said that there was a better feeling toward Harding among the delegates than there had been since the convention began. Senator Harding, Mr. Herrick said, would not seek to deliver his delegates if he released them. He would leave them free to support any candidate they preferred. Mr. Herrick said that assurance of more support for Harding had been received and that it would make itself appatent in tomorrow's balloting.

Governor Sproul said late tonight, after a meeting of the Pennsylvania delegation:

"I am greatly pleased with the result of the first day's balloting and with the prospects for tomorrow. The vote today bore out closely the prognostications that had been made and was quite satisfactory in its general significance.

"I have reason to expect strong support from New York on the early ballots tomorrow, and if New York and Pennsylvania stand together it will take a pretty strong combination to beat them. The outlook is very bright and we are all confident. The splendid way in which the whole delegation held together today was an excellent indication of the spirit in which we are getting on with the fight."

At the conference there was a heated discussion at the outset over the question of State leadership. Senator Penrose's friends asserted themselves. By a compromise between the Penrose and Sproul adherents it was decided by 67 of them to stick to Sproul no matter how it might happen. There is a conviction that with the expected accession of New York votes, a stampede to Sproul would begin.

The other nine of the 76 delegates are Wood admirers. They may vote for Sproul after a time, but they have been released temperarily to vote for Wood.

Predicts Gain for Wood Today.

CHICAGO, Saturday, June 12.—At 1 o'clock this morning, after a conference with State leaders, Frank H. Hitchcock, field marshal of the Wood forces, said:

"The Wood delegates will stick. On the first ballot today he will have a decided gain. I am greatly encouraged. We have been informed about the conferences of leaders opposed to Wood and that they have been trying to center upon a dark horse candidate."

LOWDEN MEN LOOK FOR WOOD VOTES

Say They Expect to Gain Many of General's Supporters in Today's Balloting.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The managers of Governor Frank O. Lowden appeared to be in a confident mood tonight as a result of the balloting today. It is the contention of the Lowden men that General Wood was practically put out of the race when he failed to obtain enough votes to nominate on the fourth ballot. They laugh at assertions that Wood can hope to pick up the 178½ more votes he needs for the nomination.

After adjournment today the Lowden leaders assembled in a conference which lasted well through the night. The Lowden camp was making confident claims and asserting that there would be a sharp break in the Wood support when balloting was resumed tomorrow, and that enough delegates were in sight to put Governor Lowden across. This confidence appeared to be founded chiefly on assurances that Wood's strength had been given of the delivery of a large part of the New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Indiana, Michigan and other large delegations to Governor Lowden on the early ballots tomorrow.

A switch of a large number of Wood and Johnson delegates to the Governor was being claimed by the Lowden managers late tonight.

The Lowden supporters said they were not worried at all by the action taken by Wood supporters in keeping the convention, rather than supporting Lowden, and held that every act the Mayor performed as an attack on the Governor was an aid to the Lowden candidacy rather than a detriment.

There were rumors going about the Convention hall all day that the Lowden forces had sufficient strength to put their candidate over if they saw fit to take the bull by the horns and go ahead with their program. It is probable that the first two or three ballots taken tomorrow will determine whether this is the case, and whether the Wood forces, as the Lowden supporters hold, had reached the point of collapse.

CHICAGO SIDELIGHTS ON DAY OF ORATORY

Mrs. Robinson Makes a Hit with Wood Speech — Mrs. Longworth Among Her Hearers.

PINCHOT LEADS LUNCH RAID

Suffragette "Puts a Lady Out"—Lodge Doesn't Use "Glasses"—A Hot Wave Song for Harding.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The American people love oratory, but oratory has its limits. It was demonstrated today that oratory has no chance in a contest with empty stomachs. The great crowd in the convention hall enjoyed itself immensely in the first few hours of nominating speeches. Then the pangs of hunger began to exert their influence.

Hundreds made their way from the auditorium to the lobby and anterooms in search of food. They found it in a narrow corridor a few hundred feet long. Sandwiches and soft drinks were obtainable, and a rushing business was done all afternoon.

Women of fashion, men of national prominence, politicians, newspaper men and employes of the convention, policemen, firemen, messenger boys and others not classified, struggled to get near the long counter from which the refreshments were served.

Gifford Pinchot, close friend of the late Theodore Roosevelt, escorted his wife, the daughter of General Lloyd Brice, into the centre of the hungry throng and emerged with a handful of sandwiches and bottles, and their heroic example was followed by many of their friends of wealth and fashion.

It was a literal demonstration of the democracy of politics.

While Mrs. Corinne Roosevelt Robinson was making her speech at the convention today—by the way, it was a great hit, that speech—one New York delegate observed to another:

"Not only a wonderful voice, but a phrase-making talent equal to ... brother's."

Mrs. Nicholas Longworth and Mrs. Medill McCormick sat near each other on the convention platform. They showed interest in everything that went on today, and Mrs. Longworth was particularly enthusiastic over the manner in which the audience received the speech her cousin, Mrs. Robinson, was seconding the nomination of General Wood.

Mrs. Longworth's animation indicated that she inherited one of the most attractive personal traits of her father, Theodore Roosevelt.

Mrs. McCormick is the daughter of the late Marcus A. Hanna, friend and supporter of William McKinley. She has her father's interest in politics and his poise. People say of her that she "has personality."

A man approached his seat in the Coliseum and saw it was occupied by a woman.

"You can have her put out," suggested an usher.

"I'd like to but I don't like getting into a fight with a lady," said the ticket holder. He went out and gave his coupon to a suffragette who had not been able to get in. She made quick work getting rid of the intruder.

"Takes a woman to manage women," was the usher's comment.

The cause of the hot wave, which has boiled most of the enterprise out of the delegates and visitors in the last two days, was finally disclosed this morning, when the Republican Glee Club of Columbus, gave its daily concert on the mezzanine floor of the Congress Hotel.

"We sing with hearts on fire," the glee club shouted, "Harding, salute!"

Scientists have estimated that when you get hearts on fire for Harding you have generated enough heat to set Lake Michigan boiling and turn the Chicago River into a pot roast.

Veteran delegates refused to be impressed by the length of the demonstrations for General Wood, Governor Lowden and other candidates, which went over the half hour period in the first two instances.

"No human being could possibly get so enthusiastic over anybody or anything as this weather that he would cheer for twenty minutes spontaneously," said a politically hardened New York delegate.

Why," he added, "I wouldn't cheer twenty minutes for the repeal of the eighteenth amendment, even if I knew I could get a stein of real beer at the end of the cheer."

A great improvement in the acoustic properties of the Coliseum has been effected since the first day's session. Through a telephone "magnifier" running up through a narrow tube that extends from the great bell-like arrangement over the presiding officer's rostrum, the voices of those who address the convention are transmitted into magnifying apparatus which throw the sounds forth in greater volume and increase their carrying capacity.

Since the experimental test of the first day's proceedings, the telephone company which provided the arrangement has been working to bring improvements. It has succeeded so well that the weaker voices become strong, while deep voices take on the volume of a near roar.

The result is that spectators in portions of the hall remote from the platform are able to hear distinctly the words of the orators.

Adolphe Danziger, a lawyer of Los Angeles, Cal., and a former United States Consul at Madrid, Spain, is not for either of California's favorite sons, Senator Hiram W. Johnson or Herbert Hoover. Mr. Danziger made a speech in the Harding headquarters in favor of the Ohio Senator.

"I have been in Republican politics for thirty years, and I worked for the election of the martyred President McKinley," he said. "I tell you that Senator Warren G. Harding, far more than any other candidate, represents the spirit of McKinley."

Senator Harding, obviously pleased, stepped forward and thanked Mr. Danziger.

Governor Frank O. Lowden told a group of friends a story of his early days in Chicago. At that time the election machinary of the city was in the hands of a group of Irish politicians, who ran things about their own way.

While he was waiting in line to get to the ballot box on election day, a burly Irishman approached and threateningly demanded Lowden's name.

"Frank O. Lowden," replied the future Governor of the State.

"All right," said the Irishman, "go right in and vote. You're one of us, Mr. O'Lowden."

Supporters of General Wood expressed great resentment over the assertion, sent in by the hotel jobber that the "Old Guard" had let it all stand to nominate Governor Lowden, and the only question remaining was one of expediency.

They won't dare to name him in the face of Missouri disclosures," one Wood man declared heatedly in the lobby of the Blackstone. "It was 'Win with Wilson' for the Democrats in 1916. We Republicans don't want it to be 'Lose with Lowden' in 1920."

"Ashes to ashes, dust to dust—if Lowden don't get it, Johnson must," painted in large letters on a sign in the window of the plant of the Vim Motor Truck Company, diagonally opposite the Coliseum, caused considerable speculation among visitors and delegates.

Opinion was divided as to whether it was intended as a threat or a warning.

Prominent foreigners are fairly numerous among the visitors here for the convention. Among them are Mr. Peset, the Ambassador of Peru, and Mr. Bahkmetieff, the Ambassador of Russia. Both have lived in America for long periods and are familiar with the complicated system of American party politics.

Mr. Bahkmetieff was a college professor in this country before he was designated as Ambassador by the short-lived Kerensky Government.

Senator Henry Cabot Lodge is nearly 70 years old. Somebody who had noticed that the Senator did not use eyeglasses when he read his speech as Temporary Chairman of the convention, mentioned the fact to him today, the intimation being that it was remarkable that a man of Mr. Lodge's age had such clear eyesight.

Senator Lodge laughed when the remark was made.

"I didn't have to use them," he said. "I knew my speech."

But the conversation developed that Mr. Lodge does not use glasses for any purpose.

William Jennings Bryan sat in his place in the press section and listened attentively while Governor Henry Allen of Kansas was delivering his speech placing Wood in nomination. Mr. Bryan was turned sideways, and those behind him were struck by the profile resemblance between him and Governor Allen. The profile resemblance was strengthened by the prominent Roman nose that is the striking facial feature of each.

Mr. Bryan is not the most prolific of the reporters who are covering the convention sessions, but he is working under a handicap. He sits next to Arthur Brisbane, and in Brisbane's stories he appears as the interlocutor who does the "I don't know, Mr. Bones, why is alcohol necessary to the human system?" answers that lead up to Brisbane's end man lines.

If Bryan does all the talking and listening that is ascribed to him in Brisbane's columns, he doesn't have time for much work.

A stern, old-looking dowager stepped into an elevator at the Hotel La Salle, her ample bosom placarded with a variety of Lowden emblems. She spied a shrinking little man from whose hatband protruded a sheaf of vari-colored Wood feathers. Turning to her companion, she said with a loud snort:

"I hate feathers."

The little man got off at the next stop.

It is regarded as altogether bad form to lock the door of your hotel room during convention week. At least, it isn't being done; perhaps people are too busy to stop for this last touch. But at any rate, a walk down any hotel corridor shows open doors all along the line, and of those that are closed, a good many are unlocked.

As yet no robberies of any consequence have been reported, even though some men have left their doors open, their lights burning and watches and pocketbooks lying about in full view of passersby.

An industrious thief could assure his wife and children against want without much effort, but Chicago robbers seem to be too busy holding up the natives to waste any time on the visitors.

Speaking of robbers, some, though not all, of the hotels have inflated the price of food for the conventioneers; but even after the price has been raised, "seen," and raised again, it is usually somewhat below the price ordinarily charged in New York restaurants of the same class.

In ordinary times, it must be possible to eat in Chicago and still pay your income tax in one instalment.

Two convention visitors were breakfasting at a Chicago club, whose privileges they were enjoying on guest cards. They asked the waiter, one of the silver-haired, old family retainer type, if it was against the rules to tip.

"It is a very long time since I've read the rules, sir," the waiter answered gravely, "and I've a very poor memory, sir."

He got his tip.

A rabble of Chicago street gamins paraded Michigan Avenue last night, yelling, hooting and jeering. One of them spied a cool, clean-looking man seated in a window at the Blackstone, and, meaning to take a fling at Colonel William Cooper Procter's championship of General Wood, shouted:

"We don't want any soap in ours."

"You may not want it, my friends," the man in the window promptly called back, "but I'm quite sure you need it."

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Easterners accustomed to turning a switch and creating a cool breeze are talking of starting a syndicate to promote the electric fan habit in Chicago.

Clubs, hotels and other gathering places here usually don't have them, it seems, and while suffering visitors have no intent to decry the lake breezes, they do think Chicagoans might admit the wind doesn't always blow from that direction.

Some of Chicago's hotels which are housing hundreds of delegates and visitors were built before the days when a bath with every room was standard equipment for all good hostelries. As a result, men who possess bathrooms are very popular, and there has sprung up the new social custom of inviting one's friends to a morning shower.

"Oh, sir, I like politics a little," said the woman in the taxi on the way to the Coliseum. "But the real reason I came to Chicago was to do some shopping, and we've been treated outrageously. The shop windows have not been redressed for four days—think of it."

The "back townships," where the Democrats are still voting for Andrew Jackson, is an integral part of American political tradition.

Whether the victor of New Orleans will get any votes at San Francisco remains to be seen, but here it is a matter of record that Delaware is still voting for T. Coleman du Pont,

Pleas Made to the Delegates in Presenting the Claims of Would-Be Nominees

EACH PRAISED AS FITTEST

Wood Pictured as Able Business Man and Sound Statesman

LOWDEN AS MAN OF IDEALS

Johnson Declared for Law and Order and True Americanism.

BUTLER AS REAL EXECUTIVE

Harding, Coolidge, Sproul, Hoover and Sutherland All Presented as Leaders Who Can Win.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Following are the speeches made in presenting to the delegates the claims of the principal aspirants for the Presidential nomination:

Wood.

By Governor Allen of Kansas.

We meet in a grave hour, and what we do here will affect the generations. It is more important than it was four years ago—more important than it was eight years ago—more important than it has been at any time since this city saw the nomination of Abraham Lincoln.

An unexpected period of confusion has come upon us in the aftermath of the great war. In a few months we seem to have forgotten its lessons and its heartbreak, and we stand wavering and uncertain in the confusion of stirring forces that are strange and new. Old ways are lost and leadership, hesitant and indecisive, drifts upon an uncharted sea.

Under the weak hands of a timorous government the social disorders and class-minded lusts caught from the world struggle have grown to alarming proportions.

The unchecked encroachment of sinister greed, the appalling waste of public money, the immoral pandering to class interest and class prejudices have brought us to a point where the nation remains and the world expects from this council of the people a plan out of the great need and not through the cunning of political expediency.

In seeking for the initiative and the prophetic wisdom to guide us in an hour that must be wholly constructive we are fortunate in a candidate whose record reveals qualities needed for the task. It is needed now to ask for assurance from General Wood. There is the witness of his service.

Wood's Work in Cuba.

The spirit of practical devotion which took him to Cuba in company with his great friend, Roosevelt, led him at the conclusion of a successful campaign to volunteer for the undesirable position of Military Governor of Santiago, then a pest hole on the face of the earth. It was a task new to American effort, but he cleaned the stricken city, buried its dead, cured it of its corruption and raised it from its pestilence.

All the more of a year, in which he had wrought the miracle of American common sense and common decency, he was chosen for the Governorship of Cuba, which the most responsible position America had to offer. All Santiago came to say good-bye, presenting him their proof of gratitude in these revealing words:

"The greatest of your many successes is to have won the confidence and esteem of a people in trouble."

This tribute of a troubled people comes to us in this day of uncertainty to touch our faith and hope with the confidence based on deeds.

You have had a business man. We present to you a record of four years as Governor of Cuba, a record which gained him international fame as the most successful civil administrator the century had known. Leonard Wood's mastery in these problems constitutes a page in history which records the cleanest and most unselfish thing one man ever did for a needy people. It is the one monument of our foreign policy involving high intelligence without self-interest.

He went to work out the benevolent policy of McKinley toward the people of the island for whom we had sacrificed our sons. He was given a free hand. His task was to build in that island an expression of government from the ground up and to restore peace with prosperity. Cuba was a pest ridden, unfed, misery, injustice and corruption from the exhausted system of Spanish control. The resources of the island were dissipated, its industries ruined, its energies demoralized. Its people were about to lose all those things which make the difference between a civilized community and a starving population.

Formed a Model Government.

He reorganized the island and framed a model of government which stands today as proof of his sanity and constructive genius. His wisdom encompassed all the activities of the people. He touched with his vital interest its dead agriculture, developed its railways, taught the Cubans how to make just laws relating to everything from municipal administration to general taxation. He builded American ideals into a school system, reorganized the struggling forces of civil life into orderly government, made roads, introduced sanitation and hygiene, stamped out yellow fever and pestilential malaria, and fashioned it all with humaneness and a stability that has withstood the strain of the changing years.

Possessing the highest degree of executive capacity, he was something more than the work of a business man. It was the work of a statesman who had not narrowed his vision to the purely business life. It was the accomplishment of a great national organizer. A President must be a business man, and he must be a statesman. He must have a broad view of the internal situation. He must know politics, for politics is what gives us our government, be it good or bad. Government is no better than its politics and it behooves the one you must improve the other.

The vague longing for a business man for President will not be satisfied by one who knows only business. The President must understand world affairs and the crossing and recrossing currents of social and economic influences. He must have the profound comprehending capacity that brought Leonard Wood at the conclusion of his work in Cuba the commendation of the leaders of the period. Elihu Root, then Secretary of War, said:

"I felt under a debt of the greatest gratitude to General Wood for what I think is one of the most conspicuous and meritorious pieces of work ever done by any American."

Lord Cromer, the greatest colonial administrator that England has produced, said: "General Wood's work in Cuba was the best colonial work of the century."

Gen Roosevelt's Tribute.

Theodore Roosevelt said: "Leonard Wood four years ago went down to Cuba and has rendered services to that country of the kind which, if performed 2,000 years ago, would have made him a hero mixed up with the sun-god in various ways; a man who devoted his whole life through these four years to who thought of nothing else, did nothing else, save to bring up the standard of political and social life in that island, to teach the people after four centuries of misrule that there were such things as governmental righteousness and honesty and fair play for all men on their merits as men."

General Wood accomplished his results in Cuba by making himself accessible to the Cuban people. He constantly increased the number of Cuban officials until soon 90 per cent. of his associates were Cubans. He taught them that government should be run like a business. Unless some one teaches us that in America business may come to be run like the Government.

The proof of his business ability which he wrote into the Cuban record he repeated through five years of distinguished service in the Philippines.

He repeated it in his constructive work as Chief of Staff of the War Department, in his management of the great cantonments and training camps of the war and in all the widespread activities of his conspicuously useful life. A President must be able to interpret the shadow of coming events. We do not need to speak concerning Leonard Wood's foresight.

When the great war broke upon the consciousness of the American people with a terrific shock, it found that Leonard Wood had been preparing. We heard from him no platitudes about a million men springing to arms overnight. In his own initiative he established the Plattsburgh training camps, created the first line of the national defense and gave to the thousands of magnificent young American men who volunteered a new definition of loyalty, a new opportunity for service, a new vision of their national obligation.

While other men were preaching the need of keeping out of war he sounded the reveille that awoke a slumbering nation, and made victory possible. He insisted; he demanded. "We must prepare."

Submerges Self in Service.

We saw him accept whatever task was given into his hands with the cheerful obedience of those who submerge self in service. In our State, where he trained many of our splendid young men, inspiring them with his spirit, fashioning them into the 89th Division, the people witnessed his work with such pride that when the Governor of our State, my honored predecessor, made him by proclamation a citizen of Kansas, every other citizen applauded. We saw him ride with his boys by the point of embarkation and there at the last moment, we read with consternation that his great desire to take his division to the field was not to be granted, and with a new appreciation we read the honest words of farewell to his division:

"I have worked hard with you and you have done excellent work. I had hoped very much to take you over to the other side. The orders have been changed and I am to go back to Funston. I leave for there tomorrow morning. I wish you the best of luck and ask you to keep up the high standard of conduct and work of excellent work. I had the best division in the army.

"There isn't anything to be said. These orders stand and the only thing to do is to do the best we can—all of us—to win the war. That's what we are here for; that's what you have been trained for. I shall follow your career with the deepest interest—with just as much interest as I have in you here with you. Good luck and God bless you."

This man was no weakling. Not an hour was lost in sulking. Not a word was wasted in criticism. Not an instant spent in mourning over his personal disappointment. We see him coming back to duty in another division. "If we can," he said, "we'll make it even better than the one with which I had hoped to serve in France."

Right to Wear His Uniform.

Some men pretend to object to the fact that he wears the uniform of his country. Since when has this uniform become an emblem of disqualification? Washington wore this uniform; so did Jackson and Harrison. Lincoln, as a young man in the stirring early days of this great State, did not hesitate to put it on. Grant wore it; so did Garfield and McKinley and Roosevelt. Six generations of brave soldiers of the Republic have worn it, and no man today, passing the altars upon which have been sacrificed the lives of the brave, can say that it has ever brought menace to the American liberties.

No man today may contemplate the 60,000 graves we left in France, or the 250,000 men who have come home to bear the scars of war throughout their lives, or the 4,000,000 who have taken off their uniforms and gone back to their work, without any hatefulness in the fearsome forebodings of the specimen who would associate with the American uniform any thought that does not hallow it with gratitude.

The American soldier is a citizen soldier. Leonard Wood holds fast to the traditions of the great citizen soldiers of the Republic. His model of voluntary training camps, expressed in the Plattsburgh program and his valuable educational work at Funston, his well known belief in a small but well trained army; his constant declaration that he believes in the training of citizens for better citizenship, in sound minds for sound bodies, cannot be twisted before an intelligent people into a false phase with which to frighten the timid. A plain, blunt man, with blunt belief in facts, he is today the best known American. In the frank expression of his belief there is no hidden motive. To candidate for high office has ever given the people of this nation with soul and mind so frankly revealed as Leonard Wood.

No man in America has been given so many constructive things to do in this generation, and no one today declares the fact that whatever he has undertaken he has done superlatively well.

No endeavor of his has grown in truer colors his calm and steady strength better than the work at Gary. It was the old quarrel that took him there—the struggle between those who hire and those who toil, the only form of civil strife which the government still allows to menace a helpless public. He was carried to the task the guarantee of fair play. He could have passed the buck. He had been advised not to go to Gary. He was told the situation was full of dynamite. He could have sent a subordinate, but he went in person and dominated the situation by the force of absolute justice. He talked freely to all classes, and the fair minded element among the strikers met his fairness with obedience and co-operation.

Not a shot was fired nor a bayonet used. Here, as twenty years before in Cuba, he gained the confidence of a people in trouble.

Wood's Work at Gary.

To the strike leaders he said: "I want to make one thing clear to you and to the workers you represent. We are here to maintain order, to see that the citizens of Gary are protected in their peaceful pursuits—that rights under law of the striking employes of the steel mills are protected, as well as the rights of other citizens."

He spoke not as a soldier, but as a man charged with the protection of the public. He spoke as Washington might have spoken. His calm decision at that hour not only brought quiet to Gary, but assurance and confidence to the waiting country. The success of his sane and just endeavor brought back to men their faith in government.

Again at Omaha, in the racial riots in West Virginia, in the labor troubles of the steel strike, in the railroad tangle, the quality of determination which should be always the American pledge to protect the rights of all by firm and righteous government.

No man can know him without recognizing the liberality of his mind, his openness to conviction and his generous appreciation of others. "He is hospitable to advice."

As President he will not seek to create for himself a neutral background out of mediocre men. The nation will have that to which the people are entitled in the executive—the intellect, force and moral leaders. He has submitted his candidacy to the American people with complete frankness, and the expression of confidence which has come to him from every section of the United States cannot be ignored. The sum total of preferential expressions marks him as the outstanding candidate in the minds of the whole people.

All his qualities fit him pre-eminently for the office of the President of the United States. His magnificent physical strength, his stability of character, his clear vision of international relations, his wonderful capacity for organizing civil activities, his administrative and executive ability, his sober realization of the tremendous tasks of the future—these attributes should appeal to us in this convention.

Not Testing.

We are still testing; we are besieged by a confusion of counselors. We hear the clamor of the Asmanogue. Opportunists and shortsighted timeservers and men with honeyed sophistries beguile our attention. Meanwhile the clouds of doubt and unrest drift sullenly, as vapor from the ground. Far above the tumult and the shouting is the flag, emblematic of that stalwart, virile Americanism whose self-evident truths have lived through the generations.

Washington, Lincoln and Roosevelt sleep, but their spirits brood over this convention, trying this gathering, if it be in tune with the ideals of the Republic. The choice that is made now may mold the character of the nation for fifty years and perhaps longer, for resolve minds are plastic and the leadership that comes now will go far to determine the character of our Government henceforth.

What we do here cannot be recalled for new consideration.

The moving finger writes, and having writ, Moves on; nor all your piety nor wit Shall lure it back to cancel half a line Nor all your tears wash out a word of it.

If we make a mistake today the great party may lose its major importance to the Republic. There isn't an American worthy to be here who does not believe in the future leadership of his country. We'll have that leadership when we're worthy, and that leadership will not depend upon any international society we may join. It will depend upon the success which we make of the experiment of human government here, and to that call the instinct of every man must arise.

With full appreciation of the challenge of the hour I present the name of the man who fits the hour—Leonard Wood.

Lowden.

By William A. Rodenberg, of Illinois.

At no time since the birth of the Republican Party has there been greater need for the exercise of calm, deliberate and dispassionate judgment in the selection of a standard bearer than there is today. A spirit of rebellious unrest is abroad in the land. On all sides are heard murmurings of discontent. The times are pregnant with the prophecy of gloom and despair. Confidence has disappeared, and the splendid optimism of former days, once our proudest national asset, has given way to an ever-present fear of impending disaster.

For seven years the ship of state, straining every timber, has been drifting in a sea of uncertainty, its pilot confused and bewildered by strange voices in the air and lured on its vacillating course by false lights along the shore. Nine anxious months still lie before us, and, if, perchance, it should be that our good fortune to avoid the rocks of destruction it will be due solely to the mysterious workings of a merciful Providence that guides and protects the destiny of a chosen people in their time of trial and tribulation.

I know that I voice the sentiment of every patriotic American when I express the hope that God will speed the day when a better and a braver pilot shall be placed at the helm—one who is ready and willing in times of stress and storm to read the chart and compass of experience, one who can restore discipline among officers and crew and bring safe a mutinous, that is born of confidence, one who will steer a straight and steady course through the troubled waters of national disorder and again find refuge in the harbor of national safety and security. To find such a pilot is the imperative duty of the Republicans assembled in convention today.

My friends, three score years ago, at a time when the passions of men were stirred to the depths, when the horizon of the Republic's future was darkened by the clouds of approaching conflict, when the very perpetuity of a government of the people, by the people, and for the people was trembling in the balance, the nation turned for leadership to the State of Illinois. Here on the broad and fertile prairies of this great State, so open that truth could find no hiding place, was found a man of the people, a leader, a tender, the apotheosis of freedom's holy fight—our Lincoln. The world's Lincoln. Grandly, nobly, sublimely, he met the test patiently, and passionately he pressed forward in the great task that lay before him, and today he stands acclaimed as America's grandest contribution to the world's heritage of great and noble men.

Ready to Give Another President.

Illinois, the State whose soil has been sanctified by the blood of the immortal Lovejoy, our first great martyr to the cause of free press and speech, gave Abraham Lincoln to the nation in 1860. And Illinois, the State that is still the wellspring of Republican hope and inspiration, stands ready in 1920 to consecrate to the service of the Republic another of her great sons—one whose brilliant record of public and private achievement is the very best and surest guarantee that under his leadership our beloved country will be raised from the obloquy into which it has fallen and again placed on the road that leads to national honor and national glory.

We present him to you because we believe in his Americanism, an Americanism that comes from close contact with the plain people. Born of humble parentage in the State of Minnesota, his early youth and young manhood were spent on a farm in the State of Iowa. It was there, close to nature and nature's God, in the great school of human experience, the school that has given to the nation its best and truest men, that he formed those sterling traits of character that have ruled his life and have left their impress upon his every act.

We present him to you because we know him to be a manly man of courage and conviction, endowed with the genius of common sense, faithful and fearless, whose every heartbeat is full of sympathy with the noblest aspirations of his fellow men.

We present him to you because he stands for law and order and Constitutional Government. Of fine legal mind and training, with both legislative and executive experience, he believes in re-establishing the powers and prerogatives of every branch of the Federal Government as set forth by the fathers in the Constitution itself, and he is unalterably opposed to executive usurpation of any legislative or judicial function.

Stands on His Record.

We present him to you because his record demonstrates that he has a clear and comprehensive conception of the proper relation of capital and labor to each other. His work as member of Congress and as Governor of a great industrial State, with all its complex and diversified interests, stamps him as the living embodiment of the doctrine of the "square deal." He believes in the interdependence of employe and employer, and in all of his official acts he has endeavored to each exactly the same measure of protection under the law.

We present him to you because he typifies more than any one of the distinguished gentlemen who will be placed in nomination before this convention the great vital issue of economy in the administration of public affairs. He believes in the application of sound and practical business principles to the conduct of Government, and as proof of that belief we point to the decreased tax rate and the increased administrative efficiency of the State over whose destinies he presides today.

We present him to you because he is in full accord with the true principles of America, which still preserve the teachings of Theodore Roosevelt in the international affairs of Woodrow Wilson. He believes that the sovereignty of the United States must be kept free and inviolate from European influence or dictation, and that while maintaining a friendly attitude toward all nations we owe it to those who have gone before and to those who are to follow us to enter into partnership with none.

We present him to you because to him the American flag, whose stars and stripes have been baptized in the best blood of American patriotism, symbolizes the strength and the power and the majesty of a mighty nation, and he believes that that flag should command respect at home and abroad and give full and ample protection to the humblest American citizen, wherever it may be unfurled to the breeze.

Delegates, a solemn responsibility rests upon this Republican Party today. Abset difficult and perplexing problems, social, economic and industrial, growing out of the World War are pressing for solution. The best constructive ability of our great constructive party must be utilized in the solution of these problems in the crucial and critical period upon which we have now entered. The nation demands as its Chief Executive a man of clear brain and steady nerve, a man of vision, but not a visionary; a man of ideals, but not an idealist; a man of works, and not of words.

Illinois has such a man.

We present him to you as our candidate for President. We present the patriotic Governor of a patriotic State—Frank Orren Lowden.

Johnson.

By Charles S. Wheeler of California.

You have called the name of California, and without hesitation, without a single mental reservation, California makes answer that now, after seventy years of loyal and devoted Statehood, she at last has brought forth upon her own soil a son fitted in every quality that becomes a man to carry forward the triumphant standard of the Republican Party and to fill worthily the exalted office of President of the United States.

The people of California to a degree not duplicated by the population of any other State in the Union are a composite of the whole American people. In the golden days of '49 and '50 California was dedicated to the nation at an assemblage of 100,000 American men and women, completely representative, not only of every other State, but of every city and of every hamlet and of every township in the nation.

There was thus infused into her very lifeblood an intense national feeling. California knows no East, she knows no West, she knows no North and she knows no South. She but knows that we are one great people under one flag. Today, with her millions of population, just as on the day when she first took her place in the American galaxy, she is really but a vast convocation of the people, rejoicing under the protection of the Constitution of our fathers, in the blessings that are theirs and chanting the immortal music of American liberty.

We hold that it should be no matter of surprise that from such an environment there should now step forth a personality so essentially American, so thoroughly representative of the whole nation—a defender of the Constitution, a devoted worshipper of American traditions, a natural leader of men, a leader destined through the grace of a united and triumphant Republican Party to be the first President of the United States to come out of the great West.

The California delegation claims the right to speak authoritatively for the rank and file of the Republican Party. It bases that claim upon the fact that after a hotly contested battle, fought honorably in the light of day against well organized and amply munitioned forces, it was sent to this convention by the stupendous majority of 160,000 American citizens, who in literal truth hailed from every nook and cranny, corner to corner in the land. We, therefore, without arrogance hold ourselves authorized to present to you in language that shall be unmistakable the situation as the rank and file of the Republican Party see it.

Every sign of the Zodiac, this should be a Republican year. The disgust for the party in power is universal. But notwithstanding all this, there never has been a time in the history of the Republican Party when a failure to name the right candidate would so surely spell party defeat.

Man—Not the Party—This Year.

This proposition may be laid down with axiomatic certainty: The November election will not be won by the platform of either political party. The personality of the candidate, and not party affiliation, is going to elect the next President of the United States. The man who will enter the White House on the fourth of March, 1921, will be that Republican or that Democrat in whom the average American voter places the most faith.

These voters have learned within the past few years that the most powerful ruler in the world is the United States.

United States. They are smarting under a sense of personal oppression. No man can make them believe that they are not the victims of the profiteers. They believe that the remedy for their economic wrong will be found when there is again in the White House a man of vital forces and full sympathies and they are grimly determined that never again with their consent shall there be elevated to that all-powerful place any man who has not convinced them by his record that he is in touch with the needs of the average man.

They form the great middle class of the nation. They hold the balances of power and they will not stand for a reactionary administration.

A "yellow dog" is impossible and a "dark horse" cannot win. If you expect their vote do not offer to them a bold, capable, progressive, unsympathetic business administration. They are in no mood to take it on. What they want and what they demand of this convention is a candidate whose red-blooded, forthright Americanism transfuses its warmth to the cockles of their hearts and whose words of raging righteousness bring new hope to their troubled souls.

Is it not the truth that the most important duty that confronts this convention is to see to it that the Republican Party is once again returned to power?

These men and women everywhere have learned to know California's son, and they have taken his just measure. They see in him a man of action, a great constructive executive, a leader to whom a platform promise is a solemn obligation; a man who keeps the faith, who enacts his promised word into the law of the land as executive who gave to his own native State a government so clean, so efficient and so uplifting that it challenges comparison; a leader who knows how so to wield the cudgel of political power that even party knaves are forced to play the game squarely with the people.

Not only have the people seen and marked these things, but their confidence in the man has been emphatically confirmed by campaign disclosures of very recent date.

Put to the Acid Test.

In the last few weeks the American people have seen this son of California brought face to face with the highest ambition that can possess the hope of mortal man. They have seen him put to the acid test. And they have seen him return from his great campaign with head erect, with no blot on his escutcheon, and with eyes that can still look straight into the eyes of his fellow countrymen, with head so erect and with eyes so proud that, as was said of Sumner, so men must say of him:

"He placed the standard of life upon a pedestal so high that scandal standing on tiptoe could not touch the soles of his shoes."

This convention cannot afford to turn its back upon the banner of certainty to follow the dubious fortunes of a candidate for whom it must apologize.

The time has come when a doubting nation is asking if the Republican Party, whether or not it has the highest office in the whole world is to be treated as the bauble of rich men. You can answer that question by nominating the man whom the people want.

If you shall select this son of California, remember that in the conduct of his campaign he has placed no dependence upon the back of the Republican Party. He has saddled it with no old man of the sea to gall the withers of the party throughout the campaign. With him as a candidate, the party will have nothing to explain, no pulliatives to offer, no excuse for a single mistake. The people will know that in the White House sits a friendly attitude toward all nations, we own

Bewilderment and Pathos Around Headquarters---Irish Move

CONVENTION DRAWS THE HOTEL CROWDS

Few Visitors Found in Candidates' Headquarter While Delegates Are in Session.

REST FOR MANY WORKERS

But Wood Forces Find Plenty to Do After the Balloting Begins.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Chicago, or the political portion of it, was all but drained dry of its population during the long session of the convention today. In the hotels along Michigan Avenue, where the campaign centres, few persons were to be seen—few, that is, in comparison with the stifling crowds that had swarmed the lobbies in the evenings earlier in the convention week, and those few were mostly women.

All of them, men and women both, were of that class of unfortunate citizens unable to get tickets for the great event in the Coliseum, but apparently most of the masculine camp followers of the convention felt that if they hadn't been able to get seats for the big day their dignity required them to conceal the fact.

So the average man strolled out of his hotel with the crowd early this morning on the pretense that he was going to the convention, and if he did not hang about the outside of the Coliseum, as many did, hoping to get early information of the result, he disappeared into a movie theatre or sought that famous oasis where those who are lucky enough to beat their way through the crowd blow the foam off of 5 per cent. stuff.

At the headquarters of each candidate there were a few workers assigned to the kitchen police duty of politics—looking after the offices, answering the telephone and eventually, when the afternoon drew toward its close and the balloting had begun, receiving bulletins and passing them on to the knots of curious hangers-on who gradually gathered.

As the afternoon passed more persons gathered in the headquarters. The men who didn't go to the Coliseum began to realize that at least they had escaped a lot of physical discomfort, and they delighted in making ostentatious pretenses of coolness for the benefit of the discouraged stragglers who presently drifted back from the hall.

Holiday for Workers.

After all, it was something of a holiday for the weary office workers and buttonehole badgers, who had done their best for about eighteen hours a day all the week. Those who stayed behind took their ease, and the unfortunate victims who gave up the struggle against suffocation in the Coliseum and went back to the hotels before the balloting was over were glad to join them. They had been wounded in the good cause, and they wanted nothing but rest.

The Wood headquarters is a good place to rest, from one point of view, for the soft couches which adorn the little booths of the various divisional heads of organization offer an allurement to the weary such as can hardly be found anywhere else in the Congress Hotel. But there was too much excitement around the Wood establishment to allow much repose for anybody.

Rumors of some of the minor booms, boomlets and boomerangs were relieved from much anxiety about the result after the second ballot. Thereafter the matter had for them not much more than an academic interest, but the Wood supporters were full of excitement from the moment the telephone brought the news that the balloting had begun until the convention adjourned.

After the session, when the crowds returned from the Coliseum, the Wood headquarters was the first to fill up, and the rank and file of the Wood people were jubilant. They thought victory was sure on the first ballot tomorrow morning and did not conceal their satisfaction.

For that matter, everybody talked optimistically. Even at the Harding headquarters certain stubborn followers of the Senator still asserted they were going to win tomorrow, though more moderate supporters contented themselves with the assertion that he had made a good enough showing to deserve the Vice Presidency.

Hoover Men Jubilant.

The Hoover supporters were jubilant. The great popular demonstration by the galleries had convinced them that, however the convention might be, the public were for their man, and they felt sure that this would have its effect on the delegates over night. One of the executives of the Hoover boom added:

"If anybody says that we packed the galleries and planted the applause, you can tell them that the Hoover organization had exactly twenty tickets to the Coliseum, and we paid the National Committee a hundred dollars a piece for them."

But there were scenes of real pathos around the Johnson headquarters. There was nothing particularly pathetic about the henchmen of Mayor William Hale Thompson, who circulated among the Johnson crowd. But the native sons and daughters of the Golden State who had come all the way from the coast to see their hero carried to victory were dazed and dumfounded.

Those whom Senator Johnson would call "us common folks" couldn't understand it. They had been told that Johnson had a great victory in the platform fight and had killed the British League of Nations for good and all. Only one thing remained—the triumphant nomination of their hero—and at this point something had gone wrong. The nomination hadn't happened. There was still hope, but a hope based on faith.

Women Supporters Puzzled.

Middle-aged women stood in groups and talked in evident perplexity. They couldn't understand it. "Do you think he really is beaten?" they asked each other; and some of them began to fear that there was something about politics that puzzled them.

While at the Johnson headquarters on the mezzanine floor of the Auditorium Hotel they were wondering whether the battle could yet be won, down in the lobby, at the foot of the grand stairs, the Republican Glee Club from Columbus, Ohio, was chanting jovially the praises of "Harding will, you all know how to spell," and asserting despite the figures on the tally sheets that "we'll send him to the White House."

But that was an echo from Ohio, where politics are a matter of course, like the weather, and something the vicissitudes of which must be endured in good humor. The Californians listened gloomily to this untimely levity, and asked each other once more: "Do you suppose he's really through?"

HOOVER CHEERS STIFLE SECONDER'S SPEECH

Brown of Nevada Delivers Eulogy to a Crowd That Can't Hear It.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—A speech that was born to die unheard was delivered in the convention this afternoon. This was not one of those leave-to-print affairs such as The Congressional Record features. It was an oratorical effort actually undertaken and completed, but not a sentence of it was clear to any of the spectators.

H. H. Brown of Nevada was the hero or the victim of the occasion. It all depends on how one looks upon such things. Judge Nathan L. Miller of New York had made an eloquent speech placing Herbert Hoover in nomination before the convention, and Mr. Brown was to follow him in a short address seconding the nomination. The galleries were cheering and shouting Hoover's name when Mr. Brown of Nevada appeared on the platform.

Senator Reed Smoot of Utah, temporary presiding officer, rapped loudly for order. The harder he rapped the louder cheered the crowd. Mr. Smoot registered indignation. There was Mr. Brown wanting to say something nice about Mr. Hoover, and Mr. Hoover's friends wouldn't let him be heard. Finally Senator Smoot retired to the background, leaving Brown of Nevada standing there, alone and unsupported, dashed hither and thither on a sea of cheers.

Brown of Nevada is good looking. He is tall and spare and has a boyish appearance that is pleasing. He stood there, like the Golden Gate, calm, imperturbable to fate. The cheers kept on. Brown of Nevada stood it as long as he could. Then he drew a deep breath and went to it.

It was a minute or two before the shouting spectators realised that Brown of Nevada was delivering his speech. Faint snatches of it, bits of tattered phrases, filtered through the voice-magnifier over the head of Brown of Nevada. They said nobody knew, perhaps few cared. Brown of Nevada seemed to care least of all. He went through it to the end, bowed and retired. His exit was marked by an increase in the cheering for Brown's friend Hoover.

Senator Smoot tried again to still the galleries. The few delegates who shouted for Hoover had already been chilled, for it was cold—figuratively, of course—down there on the floor. The cheers continued. Suddenly their volume grew to a howl before the balloting was over were glad to join them. They had been wounded in the good cause, and they wanted nothing but rest.

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NEW YORKERS MAY SWING TO SPROUL

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

forces have shot their bolt and it becomes evident that the General can obtain no more votes the switch to Sproul will be made. The Lowden men will practically follow the same line of action. Meantime the Lowden men are using Nicholas Murray Butler as a smoke screen.

Manhattan Men for Lowden.

Practically all Manhattan delegates will continue to vote for Butler, but nomination the New York Wood men the organization leaders to go to Lowden and will give the word at the they are merely awaiting the word of county to get behind Lowden. Senator Wadsworth will give the signal to Samuel S. Koenig, chairman of the New York Republican County Committee, to do the same. Then the full strength of Lowden will be shown. If both Lowden and Wood fall short of the necessary number of votes both sides will swing to Sproul.

In the meantime the Pennsylvania delegates will continue as they did today, seventy-five voting for Sproul and one for Knox. At the final showdown the lone Knox delegate will cast in his lot with the Sproul men.

Scattering votes in the New York delegation will have no effect on the result. William L. Ward and Otis H. Cutler of Westchester voted for Hoover. The other Hoover vote was cast by ex-Judge Nathan L. Miller of Syracuse. All three will probably go to Lowden finally. Jules S. Bache, who held out on all ballots for Poindexter, will probably go to General Wood. The two Harding votes were cast by George W. Aldridge and James L. Hotchkiss of Rochester.

They are not Harding men at heart and are confidentially counted on for Lowden. The five Johnson men are divided between Wood and Lowden. The five delegates who voted for Coolidge are looked upon as Lowden men.

The vote of the New York delegation on the four ballots follows:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.
Butler	68	40	23	20
Wood	10	19	22	20
Lowden	3	14	26	32
Hoover	2	2	2	2
Harding	2	1	2	2
Coolidge	1	1	1	1
Poindexter	1	1	1	1
Johnson	0	4	5	5

The whole delegation will hold a caucus at 9:15 o'clock in the morning, just before the convention meets. But it is not expected that the decision arrived at in tonight's conference will be changed.

LEADERS UNABLE TO AGREE

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

form the convention leaders that he is behind Sproul.

J. Leonard Replogle, head of the Sproul Advisory Committee, appealed to the absent chief in vain. General William Wallace Atterbury also was unsuccessful in reaching Penrose through channels that had hitherto been successful in influencing Pennsylvania's political autocrat.

Johnson, it is held by many, has been eliminated as a Presidential factor, although he remains with a good-sized vote, a source of disturbance and perhaps a potential dictator of the nomination, or he dictated the platform plank on the League of Nations.

Less Objections to Knox.

As far as the Senate group is concerned, the nomination of Knox would suit them. The main objections that they see to Knox as a candidate are his age, the charge that would be made that he was a corporation lawyer and the fact that he voted against the Woman suffrage amendment.

In the moves that are now going on behind the scenes Knox is bound to figur prominently. He got only two votes in today's balloting, one from Pennsylvania and the other from Missouri. Sproul received 359½ votes on the first ballot, including all but Pennsylvania's 76, but dropped to 79½ on the last ballot, losing one vote to Knox out of the Pennsylvania delegation.

The Sproul boom took a decidedly upward swing prior to the balloting. Many of the leading men in the convention who desire a conservative to head the national ticket, and whose preference is Lowden, were of the opinion that they would be unable to bring about Lowden's nomination. Others affiliated with this group felt that it might be unwise to nominate Lowden because of the disclosures about his pre-convention campaign fund.

Just how much opinion in this contingent has been influenced by the strength shown by Lowden on the first four ballots is not clear. The balloting cleared the way for the manoeuvring that is going on tonight.

Ballots Leave Uncertainty.

Prior to the assembling of the convention on Tuesday it was the unanimous opinion of those most prominent in the party that it would be necessary to take several ballots before any inkling could be gained as to how the convention stood as between the various candidates. Now that four ballots have been taken there is still great uncertainty as to the outcome of the fight for the Presidential nomination.

Some of the delegations most important in numbers stood firm for favorite sons or major candidates throughout the voting. Other delegations scattered their votes, to show that they had no real preference and were aiming to see which way the cat would jump. This was particularly true of delegations from Southern States. The shifting made by Lowden on the first ballot influenced them, and the Illinois candidate showed the effect of this upon those who want to be with the winner.

One thing was demonstrated strikingly today, and that is that radicalism is not popular with the personality of the delegates. When on the first ballot most of the members of the Wisconsin delegation cast their votes for Senator Robert M. La Follette, the convention hissed and booed. On each of the three subsequent ballots there were hisses and boos as La Follette's score was announced.

TIMES AIR DELIVERY PLEASES OFFICIALS

Puts Paper in Hands of Chicago Readers on Day of Issue.

SHOWS AIR MAIL EFFICIENCY

Plans in Making for Opening New York-to-San Francisco Route in August.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Delivery of the special airplane editions of The New York Times in Chicago on the same day as issued in New York City, as a result of the issue of the airplane mail service between New York City and Chicago, is pleasing to postal officials, who regard it as a demonstration that the use of the airplane for mail purposes is capable of infinite possibilities and development.

If Congress had heeded earlier the appeals of Otto Praeger, Second Assistant Postmaster General, in charge of the development of the air mail service, and who, prior to entering public service, was a well-known Washington newspaper correspondent, it would also be possible for The New York Times to be delivered to delegates at the San Francisco Convention the third morning out. Congress at its recent session made available $1,250,000 for the establishment of a transcontinental air mail service. The Post Office Department is making plans as rapidly as possible for the operation of the New York to San Francisco air mail service. Mr. Praeger expects to have these plans ready in time to start the service some time in August.

Under the schedule contemplated, air mail leaving New York at daybreak will be in Omaha the same day before sunset. Mail leaving New York on a Monday morning, for example, will arrive in San Francisco not later than 9 o'clock the following Wednesday morning. The best schedule that could be made by train would be by using the mail train leaving New York at 8:40 P. M., which is scheduled to deliver its mail at San Francisco the fourth day out at 10:30 P. M.

This can be done only if the train is able to make the transcontinental connection at Chicago, and the connection is missed whenever the mail train is as much as one hour late. On the average, this New York mail train misses the transcontinental connection 40 per cent. of the time, and the mail then takes twenty-four hours longer to reach San Francisco. In January, 1920, the train missed connection 100 per cent. of the time.

Mr. Praeger asserts that the air mail can be twelve hours behind time from New York to San Francisco and still beat the mail train into the Golden Gate City by twenty hours if the connection is made at Chicago, and by forty-four hours if the connection is missed. The distance by the fastest train mail route between New York and San Francisco, according to Mr. Praeger, is 3,237 miles, while the air mail distance will be about 2,560 miles. The time by mail train, over the fastest routes, has been from eighty-nine to ninety-one hours. It is the expectation that the time by air mail will be about fifty-three hours and thirty minutes, without reserve to night flying, while the actual flying time will be about thirty-three hours. The schedule prepared by Mr. Praeger will call for an average speed of eighty miles an hour.

The route will follow the present route from New York to Chicago, over which the airplane edition of The New York Times is being sent, and thence over the new air mail route from Chicago to Omaha, which was opened in May. There will be eight landing fields. Five of these will be the air mail fields at New York, Cleveland, Chicago, Omaha and San Francisco. The three intermediate routes will be fixed when the route between Omaha and San Francisco is definitely determined.

The air mail service was established when the New York-Washington route was opened on May 15, 1918. During the period of a month and two years in which the air mail service has been in existence its operations have demonstrated that it is possible to maintain a daily operating schedule and that for certain limited classes of commercial operations involving great speed the airplane can operate dollar for dollar as cheaply and at a speed some 100 per cent. greater than any other medium of transportation.

The air mail has been in continuous operation since May 15, 1918. It has covered more than 473,210 miles and its performance has been 92.49 per cent. It has carried 22,254,400 letters during its daily operations between Chicago, Cleveland, New York, Philadelphia and Washington at better than twice the speed of the Congressional Limited or the Twentieth Century and it has maintained this record of more than 91 per cent. efficiency Summer and Winter, across mountains and up and down the east coast. On the route between Cleveland and Chicago the air mail achieved a world's record of 206 consecutive 435-mile nonstop trips without a forced landing of any kind. At a cost to the Government of $397,220 up to last January the air mail in nineteen and one-half months covered an aggregate of 473,210 miles at a cost of 84 cents a mile.

FORECASTS HIT FAIRLY NEAR.

But Neither of the "Big Three" Reached the Total Predicted.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Forecasts of the first ballot proved reasonably accurate, although none of the three leading candidates, Wood, Lowden or Johnson, developed quite the strength that was claimed by the campaign managers. The prophecies of the leaders of the combination opposed to Wood proved most accurate.

The Wood headquarters figured 310 votes for him on the first ballot. He actually received 287½. The expectation of the Wood men was that the General would have more than 300 votes on the first ballot, would increase this on each succeeding ballot and would finally be chosen on the fourth or fifth ballot. The Wood vote increased, but slowly, so that his strength on the fourth ballot was only about what was expected on the first.

Opponents of Wood asserted before balloting began that he would at no time get more than 320 votes and that there were 729 to 735 votes in sight for Lowden if it was decided at a conference after the convention that he could be nominated without risking defeat at the election.

The claim of 350 votes for Lowden on the first ballot was not fulfilled. He fell short of this vote by nearly 40. Lowden gained, however, more than General Wood on the succeeding ballots and the end of the fourth, on which it was said a break to Lowden might be expected, the ballot left the two in the relative positions that had been expected by the Lowden leaders after the third ballot.

Dr. Butler failed to meet the expectation of his campaign managers and did not even hold the New York delegation after the first ballot. He received only 68 votes from New York and one from Kentucky on the first ballot. His strength kept dwindling until it fell to twenty votes, all from New York, on the fourth ballot.

The New York delegation divided its vote on the first ballot as follows: Butler, 68; Wood, 10; Lowden, 3; Harding, 2; Coolidge, 2; Poindexter, 1, and Hoover, 2.

On the fourth ballot the votes stood, Lowden, 32; Butler, 20; Wood, 20; Harding, 3; Johnson, 5; Coolidge, 4; Poindexter, 1, and Hoover, 1.

Although there were shifts in some of the Southern States, most of the delegates from that section stayed pretty well with the candidate with whom they started. It is doubtful if a decision upon at conferences tonight the first tangible evidence of an agreement may be found in the shifts in the first Southern States called in roll tomorrow.

PENROSE KEEPS SILENCE ON BALLOTING RESULTS

Secretary Makes Hurried Return from Chicago, Sees Senator and Disappears.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—The results of the fourth ballot at the Republican Convention in Chicago, showing General Wood in the lead with 314½ votes, and Governor Sproul polling 79½, elicited not a word from Senator Penrose at "party headquarters," here tonight.

Neither would he make any comment on the platform. General opinion made the prediction that the continued silence on the part of the Senator since the convention opened was indicative that he is planning to bring his broadsides to bear suddenly to swing the final vote for Senator Knox.

Mr. Penrose has refused to make any comment on any political subject, other than the statement through his Secretary, Leighton Taylor, last Wednesday that "he was entirely friendly toward Sproul aspirations."

Samuel Dunbar, the second Secretary, arrived this morning from Chicago and went immediately to see the Senator. He left the Penrose house after a short period and hid himself so effectually that even his wife could not locate him. Mr. Taylor declared, however, that he had not sent for Dunbar and that his return and visit to the Senator had no significance. Other than Mr. Dunbar the Senator received no visitors today though he was constantly at the telephone talking with party leaders in Chicago.

Keep Them Happy

Gears are just like folks. They can't work well when they're out of sorts.

Dixon's is a regular gear tonic. It keeps 'em fit. It's awfully greasy stuff, but once your gears sink their teeth into it, you'll notice a big improvement right away.

DIXON'S Gear LUBRICANT

Dixon's puts a smooth slippery film of lubricant between your gears that keeps out friction and noise. It's a lasting film too, because Dixon's doesn't "squeeze out" under a load. It can't crawl back in a corner and let your gears run free and dry. Nor is it affected by heat or cold like ordinary lubricants.

In short, Dixon's will do this for you. Gives you more miles per gallon of gas—less expense.

Ask for Dixon's Oil for your transmission and differential. Also Dixon's Cup Grease and other famous lubricants.

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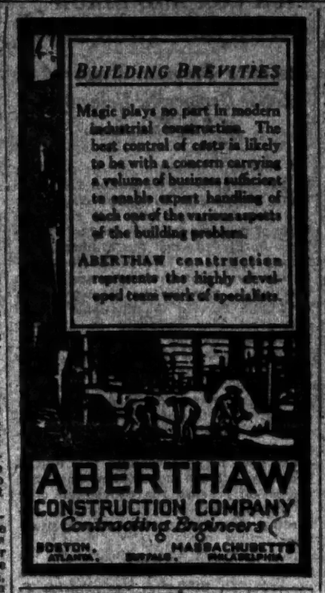

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Latest Type, Sport Body, just over from England; perfect condition. Price, $8500.00. Can be seen by appointment.

Phone Audubon 2177. Parkinson.

BOOSTS RAISINS AT CHICAGO.

California Prize Beauty Gets Delegates to Eat One a Day.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 10.—Miss Violet Oliver, elected "Queen of the Vineyard Domain of the San Joaquin Valley" in a California beauty contest, arrived at the Blackstone Hotel today to boost the raisin as an article of daily diet. Miss Oliver approached those in the lobby for signatures to a pledge to eat at least one raisin a day, and one of the first she asked to sign was the Rev. Dr. Edwin C. Dinwiddie, one of the principal officials of the Anti-Saloon League.

"We have already caused a large increase in the sale of your product," said Mr. Dinwiddie, referring to the practice of using a raisin or two to impart more "kick" to cider or home brews.

"We don't ask you to pledge yourself to drink raisins, but to eat them," replied Miss Oliver, who prevailed upon Dr. Dinwiddie to sign and to accept an invitation to attend the raisin growers' carnival which will be held during the Democratic National Convention at San Francisco.

Miss Oliver had less success with Senator Kellogg of Minnesota. With characteristic caution Senator Kellogg declined to sign the pledge, on the ground that there might come a day when he would not wish to eat a raisin.

Strike Against Aid to Polish.

ROME, June 11. — Railways strikes have been declared at Milan and Ovmona, forty-eight miles southeast of Milan, as a protest against the alleged dispatch of munitions to Poland. Troops occupied the Milan station. No disorders are reported.

OLYMPIC SPORTS AT ANTWERP.

The grand parade of contestants at inauguration of the Olympic Stadium at Antwerp, where the foremost athletes of the world will contest, is the subject of a fine photograph in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

Minted Lemonade with tinkling Knickerbocker Ice in your pitcher.

With this at hand, you're prepared for a "party." Fifteen minutes before you cut and squeeze four lemons, drop a package of your favorite candy mints into a glass of hot water. Bring together in a pitcher, the minted water, four glasses of cold water and the lemon juice, and sweeten to taste. Add plenty of crystal-clear Knickerbocker Ice, and stir.

A glass of this Knickerbocker minted lemonade leaves the delicious aftercool of fresh mint and chases fatigue.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

LAMBERT EST. 1849
"BETTER APPAREL for MEN"

"Shadows Of The Past"

—that's what Lambert marked-down prices are today. We've gone right through with the pruning knife and spared none of them. We have gone the limit.

Your one best chance this season to buy Smart Clothes, Haberdashery and Shoes at bottom level prices.

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The Best Values in Really Fine Clothes To Be Had—

MEN'S SUITS

At $60

—tailored with a thoroughness that gives to each model a quality seldom found in Suits at This Figure

THESE suits are typical Saks values, and show in their expert workmanship the many benefits of Saks needlework. The styles are of the variety a man never tires of—free of all temporary innovations that come and go with the turn of the tide—providing ample selection whether your taste runs to the most conservative, something quite spirited, or the more extreme.

Single and Double-Breasted Styles in Two and Three-Button Effects

produced in Fine Serges, Unfinished Worsteds, Cheviots, and the smartest mixtures. Every color from deep blues to new tones of green.

BROADWAY **Saks & Company** *At 34th* STREET

PERSHING INVITED TO SAN FRANCISCO

Goltra's Action Starts Rumor That General Will Be a Dark Horse.

SANCTION FOR RETIREMENT

Baker Says He Is Sure It Will Be Forthcoming from Wilson at Pershing's Request.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—General John J. Pershing was today invited by Edward F. Goltra, National Democratic Committeeman from Missouri, to accompany the Democratic delegation from that State on its special train to San Francisco. This gave rise to a rumor that Mr. Goltra was grooming General Pershing as a dark horse for the Democratic nomination. But it was rather hard to reconcile this rumor with the fact that General Pershing has always been credited with being a Republican in sympathy. Of course, he has never voted and has had small opportunity to show his political preference, as he has been in the army ever since he was a boy.

The General was unable to accept the invitation because he has engagements at Harvard and Yale at the time of the San Francisco Convention. Mr. Goltra said that General Pershing was invited to go as a Missourian, and that the General regretted very much that he could not attend, especially as he had never seen a national political convention.

"Well, do you understand that General Pershing is a Republican, or a Democrat?" Mr. Goltra was asked.

"I assume he is a Democrat," replied the National Committeeman.

"Is there any possibility that General Pershing would be the Democratic nominee?"

"You are asking me to nominate the candidate of the convention," answered Mr. Goltra. "Let's get through with the Chicago auction first."

However, in the course of this conversation Mr. Goltra disclaimed any intention of nominating General Pershing at San Francisco or of stimulating a boom in his behalf.

A possible dark horse among the Democratic possibilities will accompany the Missouri delegation at the invitation of Mr. Goltra. This is Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State, who has been spoken of several times lately as favored in certain Administration circles. Joshua W. Alexander, Secretary of Commerce, David R. Francis, former Ambassador to Russia, and Frederick D. Gardner, Governor of Missouri, all natives of that State, will also be in the party.

General Pershing was informed today by Secretary Baker that the Secretary "felt quite sure" that President Wilson would allow the ranking officer of the army to retire to private life whenever the General wished. The letter, which was written in reply to General Pershing's communication of a few days ago, follows:

Office of Secretary of War,
War Department.
June 10, 1920

My dear General Pershing:

"I have received your letter of June 7, with regard to the possibility of your relinquishing military duty within the next few months. I am happy to note that you are planning to aid us in the reorganization contemplated by the recent act of Congress, the importance of which, of course, is very great. In this work your knowledge of the qualification of officers will be indispensable, and, as the single list for promotion is a project which you earnestly recommended to Congress, it will help us all to have your aid in instituting it.

"Your military life has been active and exacting; your services to the country entitle you to choose, with the utmost freedom the activities and interests to which you should devote your time, and should you adhere to your present wish to retire I feel quite sure the President will meet your wishes whenever expressed. Both the country and the President will know that, should any emergency arise after you have retired, your country's call will find you ready to respond.

"Cordially yours,
"NEWTON D. BAKER."

WANTS IRISH IMMIGRANTS.

State Industrial Offical Says They Would Help Solve Farm Problems.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 11.—The immigrant is not the solution of New York State's farm labor shortage, according to Edward P. Boyle, Chairman of the State Industrial Commission. In an address to farmers, chamber of commerce representatives and State officials conferring here this afternoon on ways and means of giving the farmer adequate help and preventing a food shortage, he said that 98 per cent. of the immigrants arriving in this country, totalling 153,827 since Jan. 1, were returning to old jobs and prewar residences, while statistics showed that not even 5 per cent. of arrivals would consider agricultural work.

The mining and wheat field of the Far West and the greater compensation there attracted them, he said. Mr. Boyle declared that Irish immigration, if permitted by the English authorities, would aid in the solution of the help shortage problems because "Irish immigration has always been a dependable group of labor."

Many of the conferees agreed that cooperation with the farmer in the harvesting season was the only definite help that could be offered this year.

Warner C. Bates of the Buffalo Chamber of Commerce urged a two weeks' campaign through State agencies for the establishment of home gardens as one means of warding off the predicted food shortage.

Lieutenant Governor Harry C. Walker, in the absence from the State of Governor Smith, presided. He will appoint a committee to consider the plan of cooperation with the farmers.

FOR A GALILEO MUSEUM.

Italians Plan to Establish It in the Scientist's Home at Arcetri.

ROME, May 23.—A movement has been started to make the house at Arcetri, called "Jewel," where Galileo lived from 1631 to 1642, a national monument, and to collect there all Galileo relics. While Galileo lived at Arcetri he was called to Rome to answer a charge of heresy before the Inquisition. On his return he witnessed the death of his daughter, who was a nun. In this particular house he dictated "Dialogues of New Sciences," which he considered his masterpiece. It was there also that he received the post Milton, and was the recipient from Holland of a gold chain in acknowledgment of his services to science.

VERMONT TOWN GAINS 470.

St. Johnsbury Increases Only 7 Per Cent. in Population.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The following population figures were given out today by the Census Bureau:

St. Johnsbury, Vt., 7,103, an increase of 470, or 7 per cent.

Appleton, Wis., 10,561, an increase of 2,762, or 34.8 per cent.

The population of Chicago, Ill., will be announced tomorrow.

Other populations to be announced tomorrow include Wheeling, W. Va.; San Antonio, Texas, and Allentown, Pa.

PICK COX AND NIXON FOR NEW YORK SLATE

Tentative Program Prepared to Guide Democratic Delegation at San Francisco.

A tentative program for the guidance of the Democratic delegation from this State at the San Francisco convention has been prepared. It will form the basis of conferences to be held at French Lick Springs during the coming week. This program, as briefly described yesterday by a Democrat who assisted in drafting it, provides for the nomination of Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon as Vice President on a ticket headed by Governor James M. Cox.

It also provides for the casting of the solid vote of the delegation for Governor Smith on the first ballot, then for a shift of the vote to Nixon, and finally another shift to Cox, where the delegation will stick as long as there is a chance of winning. The tentative program goes no further than this and it probably will go no further until the delegation reaches the convention city. It will be subject then to revision according to the exigencies of the situation.

The conferees who will discuss the matter next week, so far as known yesterday in this city, are Charles F. Murphy, the leader of Tammany; Thomas Taggart, Democratic leader of Indiana; Mr. Nixon, Governor Smith and possibly several influential supporters of Governor Cox from Ohio and elsewhere.

It has been arranged to have Mr. Nixon's name placed in nomination by a delegate from Alabama, which State comes first on the roll call. Word that this arrangement had been perfected reached this city soon after Mr. Nixon's recent trip through the South, where he made a number of speeches and where, as a son of Virginia, he was warmly received.

The Democrat who revealed the situation as it exists to date said:

"The delegation from this State is solidly for Cox and as solidly against William G. McAdoo, who appears to lead the list of candidates. It is unalterably opposed to any candidate allied in any way to the present Administration. The organization received no favors at the hands of the Administration, and this evasion of the rightful claims of New York for recognition was particularly marked during the time that Mr. McAdoo was at the head of the Treasury Department and in close touch with all branches of the Government.

"Mr. Nixon received recognition from two Republican Presidents and it was left to a Democratic President to ignore him. President Taft appointed him to represent the United States as a special commissioner to the Pan-American Congress in Buenos Aires in 1910 and made him an envoy extraordinary during the Chilean Centenary in the same year. President Roosevelt appointed him a member of the Board of Visitors to the United States Naval Academy. He has been a delegate to four National Conventions of his party and he was Chairman of the Democratic State Committee during the Buffalo Convention in 1906."

Mr. Nixon expects to arrive at French Lick early in the week and to journey from there with the other conferees in time to reach San Francisco several days, before the opening of the convention.

Appeal for Cabrera Supporters.

SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, June 10.—Appeals have been sent to the Guatemalan Government to commute the sentence of death passed upon seven supporters of former President Cabrera of that country, the Association of University Students having taken action in the matter. The men were sentenced to death after a trial on a charge of having participated in the bombardment of the capital during the April revolution.

MACK SEES VICTORY ON BEER-WINE ISSUE

Liberal Plank on Prohibition Enforcement Would Defeat Republicans, He Declares.

OUTWEIGHS LEAGUE, HE SAYS

Would Carry New York, New Jersey and Other States — Delegates Combine Against McAdoo.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Adoption of a beer and light wines plank by the Democratic National Convention at San Francisco will bring a Democratic victory in November, Norman E. Mack, Democratic National Committeeman from New York, said today.

Mr. Mack, who is on his way to San Francisco, attended the session of the Republican National Convention. He expressed the belief that the League of Nations would not figure as an important issue in the campaign, if the Democrats should adopt a plank declaring for liberal enforcement of the prohibition amendment.

"The Democratic National Convention will indorse the League of Nations," said Mr. Mack. "I believe the sentiment of the country favors the League, but the question uppermost in the minds of the most of the voters is that of prohibition.

"I believe the Democratic Party should go on record in favor of light wines and beers. That is what the majority of the people of the country want. The Democratic Party should declare for amendment of the Volstead law so as to permit each State to pass its own prohibition enforcement legislation, as provided by the prohibition amendment."

Mr. Mack was asked if Mr. Bryan would not be able to oppose such a plank successfully, and admitted that its adoption could not be expected without a bitter fight. He expressed belief that with such a plank the Democrats could carry New York, New Jersey and many other Eastern States embracing large centres of population.

Mr. Mack indicated that he was friendly to the nomination of Governor James M. Cox of Ohio and opposed to William G. McAdoo. Although he would not admit the existence of any formal alliance, there is excellent reason to believe that the great majority of such States as New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana and Kentucky, comprising more than a third of the Democratic delegates, have agreed to stick together against Mr. McAdoo. Under the two-thirds rule, which will exist in the Democratic National Convention, this would prevent his nomination.

Mr. Mack went West without going to French Lick Springs, where Charles F. Murphy, Tammany leader, Governor Alfred E. Smith and Representative Thomas F. Smith of New York and others prominent in Tammany will gather before starting for San Francisco on June 20. He said he doubted that any conference of the Democratic "wet" forces would be held there, although Thomas Taggart, Democratic "boss" of Indiana, is there in daily contact with Mr. Murphy.

Mr. Murphy and his party will arrive in San Francisco on June 25, according to present arrangements. The Tammany special train, carrying the rank and file of that organization and many of the New York State delegates, will reach San Francisco the same day.

DEATH RECALLS DELEGATE.

Year-Old Son of Mr. Medalie of New York City Dies.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Members of the New York State delegation are sympathizing with George Z. Medalie, delegate from the Twenty-second Congressional District of New York, who was called home suddenly by a telegram announcing the death of his only child, a year old.

Mr. Medalie, who formerly was an Assistant District Attorney of New York County, had aspired to become a delegate to the National Convention of his party for the last seven or eight years. So strong was this ambition that he refused a nomination for Justice of the Municipal Court in his district, on the understanding that he should be elected a delegate. Delegates who know him well said that his only stronger ambition was to become a father, a desire that was realized about a year ago.

Mr. Medalie's baby was ailing slightly when he left New York for Chicago. A telegram from his wife at their home, 51 East 129th Street, was received by Mr. Medalie just before the permanent organization of the convention.

A dispute developed as to whether George Henry Payne or Joseph H. Emery, both alternates from the Twenty-second District, should replace Mr. Medalie. Mr. Payne, who is an ardent supporter of General Wood, appeared in the unofficial list as Mr. Medalie's alternate. It was contended that this was a mistake and that the name of Mr. Emery, who is a Bronx organization man, was opposite Mr. Medalie's on the ballot at the primary election. Mr. Emery finally was seated.

BULGARIA OFFERS AN ALIBI.

Tells Bolsheviki She Couldn't Have Furnished Arms to Their Foes.

SOFIA, May 19.—The Bulgarian Government has received a telegram from the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Bolshevist Government in Russia protesting against the alleged delivery to the forces opposing the Bolshevist troops of arms and munitions by the Bulgarians.

The Bulgarian Foreign Minister replied that all its arms and munitions had been confiscated by the French, and that therefore it was not in a position to furnish arms to any one. He added that the Bulgarian Government had no knowledge of the present disposition of these arms, and that it would not be responsible if they were in use.

AMERICANS UNDER FIRE.

Red Cross Party at Kiev Shelled, but Escapes.

WARSAW, June 11.—Word has been received here that American Red Cross workers who strayed into the Bolshevist lines near the Kiev bridgehead recently were subjected to shell fire. All in the party, which consisted of Major Bruce Mohler of Fremont, Ohio; Major Alfred Flanker, St. Paul, Minn.; Captain Charles Phillips, New Richmond, Wis., and Sergeant Bennette Tyree, Lynchburg, Va., as chauffeur, escaped injury.

Medical supplies were being taken to the dressing stations when the shelling occurred.

The party had made the trip the previous day, but during the night, unknown to the Americans, the outposts were withdrawn a few kilometres. They did not realize their position until the Bolsheviki began firing.

Union Plays Rutgers Today.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 11.—Union closes its sports season tomorrow, when the baseball nine plays its commencement day game with Rutgers here. Union is looking forward to a victory in this clash, to complete a splendid season, as it has already defeated its old rivals, Hamilton and Williams.

Macy's Macy's

Are YOU one of the MEN who will SAVE in this

Markdown of

500 Men's Suits

from our regular stock

$36.50

(Priced regularly up to $49.75)

This offer presents a rare opportunity to 500 men to save materially.

The attractive price is not the only reason for the popularity of this offer. With each suit sold at Macy's goes a natural, sincere, lasting confidence, the result of 62 years of successful merchandising.

There are NO REGRETS after buying a Macy's suit. The fit, style, workmanship and price are all that we claim they are.

FABRICS—Worsteds, unfinished worsteds, cassimeres, and cheviots.

MODELS—Conservative and form-fitting in light and dark colors; single and double-breasted, plain and patch pockets.

Early Purchasers Will Have the Benefit of a Wider Choice!

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

Availability

WHAT investments showed up during the World's War as having the right kind of availability for being converted into cash?

Ask the savings banks.

The bonds which they took for quick assets had depreciated so much that they turned to their mortgages and raised far more money from the realization on mortgages than from the sale of securities.

An additional fact — the mortgages were paid at par.

Title Guarantee & Trust Co.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Splendid Values Today

Women's Capes

Silverglow
Velour
Serge

$29.50 $35.00

New summer models in graceful, ample Capes, with huge, becoming, draped collars and many smart style touches.

Women who know the cost of the fine fabrics and expert tailoring in these beautiful Capes will appreciate this offering.

Important reductions in better Wraps for summer —fine fabrics and distinctive styles.

Third Floor

Important June Sale

Tub Skirts

Priced for Economy at

$5.75 $7.75 $9.00

Smart, practical models for sports, outings, and general summer wear, town or country, clever pockets, broad belts, pearl button trimmed.

Cotton Gabardine
Surf Satin
Novelty Fabrics

Also an Exceptional Offering

Silk Skirts

Crepe de Chine and novelty Silks in flesh, rose, Copenhagen or white—knife-pleated and sport models.

$12.75

Values that are seldom to be found at this low price.

Third Floor

E.Z. GARTER
WIDE FOR COMFORT

SLUGGISH circulation under a tight garter keeps temper and temperature up. The wide webbing of the E. Z. Garter fits closely and easily without binding. They never slip.

At All Dealers

FRANKLIN SIMON BOYS' SHOPS
FIFTH FLOOR

Boys' Norfolk Suits

that were formerly $24.50 to $33.00

$15.00

Our entire stock at these prices!

SAVINGS run as high as $18 per suit, so the important thing is to make an early selection, as there will be no holding this merchandise at these prices. The fabrics are all-wool mixed tweeds and fancy cheviots, and the very least we can say about the workmanship is that it is palpably better than the workmanship in any other boys' suits you can buy.

Sizes 8 to 18 years

Boys' Raincoats

of Tan Asian Cloth

$2.95

$5 was the price of identical coats only yesterday

Guaranteed waterproof all through.

Sizes 4 to 18 years

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets
STORE OPEN ALL DAY TO-DAY

Boys' and Children's Haircutting Shop, Fifth Floor

Macy's Macy's

Books on the Pilgrims

The Tercentenary—to be held at Plymouth this summer—is bringing renewed interest to the study of Early New England days. The literature on this period has been recently enriched by several stories of early Pilgrim life—stories written with that fidelity to events which characterizes the best in historical narrative. The following are a few of these:

A Pilgrim Maid—*by M. A. Taggart*	$1.18
Young People's History of the Pilgrims—*by W. E. Griffis*	2.22
In the Days of the Pilgrim Fathers—*by M. C. Crawford*	2.22
When Mayflowers Blossom—*by A. H. Plumb*	1.11
Standish of Standish—*by Jane C. Austin*	1.48
Pilot of the Mayflower—*by H. Butterworth*	1.48
The Story of the Pilgrims—*by H. C. Tunnicliff*	93c

Give a Thought to Books!

Macy's Book Department, Main Floor, 34th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

The "A. P. Custom Last"

Sizes up to 12; widths AAAAA to E

THE man who wears "Arch Preserver" Shoes for every day purposes feels as comfortable as he looks.

"Arch Preserver" Shoes constitute an insurance against arch weaknesses and other foot troubles. They are also a wonderful relief and help for most troublesome foot conditions.

It is the wonderful patented built-in steel bridge construction of the "Arch Preserver" principle in our shoes that protects the wearer from foot arch strain and at the same time maintains the graceful lines of the shoe to the end.

There is an "Arch Preserver" Shoe for all purposes and every occasion for men, women, boys and misses—all fitted by the ONLY scientific method in the world.

THE ARCH PRESERVER SHOE SHOP

425 FIFTH AVENUE 1 EAST 38TH STREET

High Grade Corsets

Regularly $6 and $8.50

At $4.50 and $6.25

Medium bust models, for slender and average figures.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street — Specialists in Apparel

Women's Cotton Union Suits

Special 85c

Fine Cotton Union Suits made with tight or shell knee. Regular and extra sizes. *Main Floor.*

Saturday

A Remarkable Special

Sale of Misses' Silk Frocks

Regularly $35 and $39.50

at $21.50

Winsome Summer Frocks of rich silk taffetas, figured foulard and Georgette Crepe—*the* materials for present wear. The styles are in youthful tiered and tunic effects, featuring Basque and surp'ice waists, round or square necks of Georgette Crepe and dainty lace.

Colors: Navy,, Copenhagen, Taupe, Black and Brown. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

The Best Values in Smart Frocks at 21.50 We Have Offered

All Sales Final—None Sent C. O. D. or on Approval

Second Floor

Genuine

Cameo Brooches

Special

$7.50

Beautiful hand-carved Cornelian Cameos of wonderful tint and skilful workmanship, set in solid green-gold frames, hand engraved. The frames may be had in either octagonal or oval shape. *Main Floor*

Green-gold Plated

Mesh Bags

SPECIAL

$7.50

Made of fine reversible mesh, with full skirt, finished with tiny ball pendants. The frame is in the popular Cathedral model, either plain or etched, with link chain handle. As a graduation gift, nothing is in better taste. *Main Floor*

1500 Women's New Summer Frocks

SATURDAY

At Very Special Prices

At $10.95

Printed Voile Frocks with light-colored designs on dark backgrounds. Simply yet smartly fashioned, with tucked skirt, kimono sleeves, and long collar and vestee trimmed with Val lace. *Pictured.*

At $15.00

Dotted Voile Frocks in an unusually charming model. The scalloped three-tier skirt is trimmed with pleated organdie, and the dainty organdie collar and cuffs have pleating to correspond. In navy or black, with white polka dots. Sizes 34 to 42. *Pictured.*

Also a large assortment of

Organdie Frocks	$12.95 to $29.50
Imported French Voile Frocks	15.95 to $35.00
French Linen and Voile Frocks	25.00 to $35.00
Dark or Light Voile Frocks	5.95 to $18.50
White Voile Frocks	8.00 to $29.50

Extra size frocks, sizes 44 to 50, in cotton voiles

$18.50 to $29.50

Smart English Tweed Coats for Women

Regularly $49.50

At $35

This very smart and practical coat is fashioned of sturdy English Donegal Tweed, in brown and gray mixtures,—admirable for traveling, motoring and street wear.

Made with convertible collar, trim tailored cuffs, smart pockets and belt, giving the modish slim, trig silhouette. For hard usage, it is unequalled.

Women's Sports Coats

Very modestly priced

Smartest of sports coats in the most desirable models of the season, fashioned of Worsted Polette, Wool Jersey, Velveteen, Tan and White Polo Cloth in the popular high shades so much in vogue. The model pictured is featured special for Saturday.

At 12.95

Other models at $19.75, $25 and $29.50

Boys' Washable Norfolk Suits

In a specially prepared sale

SATURDAY

$8.95

The ideal hot weather suit—cool, light of weight, and easily laundered. Made of Panama cloth, in navy, tan, and green. Sizes 8 to 16 years.

Boys' Wool Suits

with extra Knickers, many taken from our regular stock and greatly reduced

SATURDAY

At $18.95

Finer Boys' suits are not to be had—their tailoring is exceptionally well executed, the quality of the woolens of a character seldom seen in Boys' clothing, and the models are all far removed from the commonplace. Good selection in both dark and light colorings. Sizes 8 to 16 years. *Second Floor*

Women's Smart Worsted Jersey Sports Suits

At $25

If you want economy, durability and smartness combined in a suit, you will find all three qualities in these altogether delightful models for sports and street wear.

Fashioned of superior quality Worsted Jersey, in strictly tailored models or tuxedo effects, smartly designed and skilfully developed.

In the worsted plain colors and heather mixtures.

Fourth Floor

Junior Girls' Graduation Frocks

Special $19.75

Frocks embodying all the charm of girlhood—designed to give becoming and graceful lines to the youthful figure.

Made in two very attractive models of silk Georgette Crepe, trimmed with narrow ruffles or Faille silk, French points, and lovely wide sashes, caught with tiny rosebuds. Full lined. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

Girls' Summer Frocks

Sizes 12 to 16 years

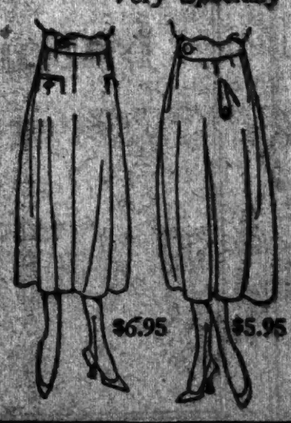
$7.95

Cool and dainty frocks—ready to defy the hottest weather—easily tubbed, and delightful for every Summer occasion. Many lovely models, smartly fashioned of crisp Organdie or soft voile, trimmed with pert frilling, graceful tunics and girlish ruffles. In all the wanted colors.

Second Floor

Smart Tub Skirts

Very Specially priced at



$6.95 $5.95

$5.95 and $6.95

Cool, easily laundered skirts of white Gabardine and Surf Satin, which has the lustre of Satin and the sturdiness of cotton. Strictly tailored or prettily button trimmed models, with smart patch and slash pockets. Regular and extra sizes at each price. *Fourth Floor*

For That First Splash!

Women's New and Very Pretty Bathing Suits

PRICED VERY, VERY LOW!

At $8.95

Charming Taffeta Bathing Suits and Beach Suits, made of excellent quality taffeta, trimmed with new piping at bottom of skirt. Unequalled value. All sizes.

At $18.50

Exceptionally fine quality Satin fashions these delightful Bathing Suits, splendid for beach wear, prettily trimmed buttons, and novel shoulder strapping. All sizes.

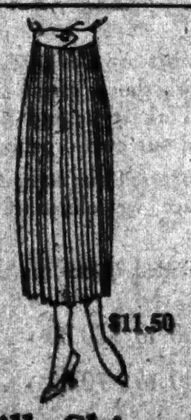
Also—A fine collection of caps, hats, shoes, and tights at very modest prices. *Fourth Floor*

Of Special Interest Saturday—

Georgette Crepe Blouses

At $5.00

The prettiest Georgette Crepe Blouses to be seen—and at this low price, decidedly good values. Fashioned of Georgette Crepe in collarless effects, or with novel-shaped collars—trimmed with fine tucking, lovely laces, net frills embroidered in pastel colors, or with real filet lace. Colors: white and flesh. Sizes 34 to 46. *Third Floor*



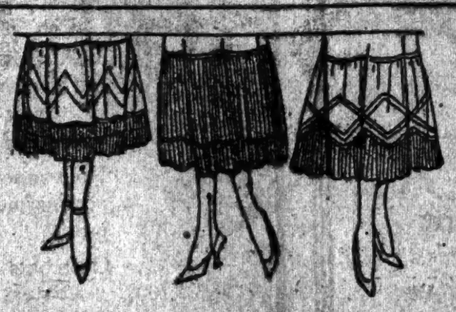
Silk Skirts

for Women and Misses'

REDUCED TO

$11.50 and $15

Suitable for sports, country and street wear. Excellent range of models, with pretty pockets, new belt treatments, and some with novelty button trimming. Fashioned of the most wanted silks in *Plain Colors, Stripes and Smart Plaids.*



Saturday

A Remarkable

Sale of Silk Petticoats

At Substantial Price Savings

All fresh, beautifully made garments, in every wanted color, including changeable effects.

At $4.95—Reg. $6.95—A wonderful collection of Silk Taffeta Petticoats, with shirred, corded and ruffled flounces; Silk Jersey Petticoats with deep knife-pleated flounce; beautiful Jersey silk petticoats with taffeta flounces, smartly tucked and ruffled. Every wanted color, including black and navy blue.

At $3.95—Reg. $5.95—Smart Straight Petticoats of washable Satin with scalloped bottom, double panel front and back. White and flesh color. Without question unequaled values.

At $7.95—Reg. $11—Handsome Milanese Silk Jersey Petticoats with deep knife-pleated flounce. Very carefully made, and at this price wonderful values. All street shades. *Third Floor*

INSPECTOR HENRY GUILTY OF PERJURY

Jury Takes Case Early in Evening and Returns Verdict at 12:22 This Morning.

MERCY IS RECOMMENDED

Convicted Police Officer Taken to Tombs—Juror's Mother Dies.

Police Inspector Dominick Henry was found guilty of perjury, with a recommendation of mercy, at 12:22 o'clock this morning in the Supreme Court before Justice Bartow S. Weeks, by a jury which had deliberated a little less than four hours. The crime is punishable by imprisonment up to ten years.

The verdict came after the jury had twice returned to the court for instructions. On their second return at midnight, the jury obtained a reading on Inspector Henry's testimony at his first appearance before the Extraordinary Grand Jury, which showed that he had said then that he knew of no illegal acts by Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith, thus contradicting his affidavits and his later testimony before the Extraordinary Grand Jury when he repeated the substance of his affidavits attacking Mr. Smith.

After the jury had retired, W. Bourke Cockran, counsel for the defendant, asked the court to add to the testimony which had been read to the jury another passage of Inspector Henry's testimony, when he had complained to the Extraordinary Grand Jury of Mr. Smith's raids in his Inspection District and had questioned his motives. With the consent of the prosecution, the court agreed to give this to the jury.

Inspector Smiles Faintly.

But before the testimony could be sent to the jury, the twelve men came back with their verdict. Inspector Henry watched them critically as they filed into court, and stood up and faced them when the verdict was announced. He continued to stand erect, facing the jury with a faint smile and with no evidence that he had received a shock, as they filed out of the courtroom.

His pedigree was then taken. He said that he was born in Ireland fifty-two years ago, became a citizen in 1888, lived at 325 Central Park West and was of the Roman Catholic faith.

Justice Weeks announced that he would pronounce sentence on Tuesday. Inspector Henry refused to make any statement for publication. He was led by Prison Guard Bertram Levy to a cell in the Tombs, where he will remain at least until Tuesday, when sentence is pronounced. An application will then be made for his release under bail on a certificate of reasonable doubt pending an appeal. Mr. Cockran said that the appeal would be taken at once.

Inspector Henry joined the police force in 1890. He was promoted grade by grade until he was made a Captain by Commissioner Bingham and an Inspector by Commissioner Enright.

Inspector Henry was tried a few weeks ago on the charge of neglect of duty undty an indictment found by the March Grand Jury before which Assistant District Attorney Smith had placed evidence concerning alleged wide-open conditions in his district. At that trial the jury received instructions to acquit from Judge Malone, who complimented Inspector Henry and said that, far from showing neglect of duty, the evidence indicated that he had done his full duty in the district. About a week later the indictment for perjury was returned.

Indictments Follow Long Quarrel.

The two indictments followed a long and bitter quarrel between Inspector Henry and Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith. Inspector Henry laid the basis for the charge against himself by going before the Extraordinary Grand Jury and repeating the accusations which he had made public in his affidavits, to the general effect that Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith was a grafter and had tried to engage him in a graft-sharing deal. The Extraordinary Grand Jury found the indictment after investigating the story of Inspector Henry and finding it denied by all persons involved in it by the police official.

Mr. Rand put his emphasis on the theory that the Henry charges against Mr. Smith consisted of perjury, manufactured and held in readiness for the purpose of damaging Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith if he should ever attack the Police Department.

Justice Weeks finished his charge at 1:10 P. M. and the jury thereupon went to dinner before attempting to reach a verdict. Justice Weeks called the attention of the jury to the fact that the Henry affidavits had been in existence two years, but that no effort was made during that time by Inspector Henry to have the charges against Mr. Smith investigated. He told the jury that no evidence had been presented which reflected on the good character of Mr. Smith, and that the hearsay testimony against him, which had been brought in indirectly at the trial, was not to be considered against him. He said that it was entirely with the jury to decide whether to believe Inspector Henry or the totally contradictory story of Mr. Smith. Justice Weeks referred to Mr. Smith and Inspector Henry as two public officials in positions of trust, one of whom had sworn falsely. At the request of Mr. Rand, who has prosecuted the case, he charged:

"If you are satisfied that any one of those meetings did not take place, you must find the defendant guilty."

"If Henry's testimony is true," Mr. Rand said in his summing up, "the Police Commissioner, one of the Chief Inspectors and the Mayor of the city knew that an Assistant District Attorney was a corrupt grafter and never lifted a finger to expose that villainy."

Quotes Henry "Bill of Health."

Mr. Rand argued that if the affidavits had been made in good faith an honest attempt would have followed at once to expose and punish Smith, and would not have been held back to be used for defensive purposes. Referring to the fact that about two years after the affidavits had been made, Inspector Henry had gone before the Extraordinary Grand Jury and said that he knew of no illegal act ever committed by Mr. Smith, Mr. Rand said:

"In answering 'No' to that question, Henry himself has given Mr. Smith a clean bill of health and stamps as false all that is contained in his affidavits."

After describing the meeting of Inspector Henry, Commissioner Enright and Commissioner of Accounts Hirshfield, when Inspector Henry was ordered to publish the affidavits, Mr. Rand said:

"Smith was coming too close on their trail, so they gave out those affidavits which spread far and wide the news that a Police Inspector had declared that one of the Chief Assistants of the District Attorney was a corrupt official. Henry was mistaken in thinking he could get away with it and, if he thought I would stand for any such dirty piece of blackguardism, he was making the mistake of his life."

W. Bourke Cockran, who summed up for Inspector Henry, laid great stress on the character witnesses for Inspector Henry and pointed out that the witnesses for the State were largely men who would condemn themselves if they admitted the truth of the statements made by Inspector Henry concerning them. He said that Henry was fit for a lunatic asylum, unless he had told the exact truth in the affidavits. No sane man, with Inspector Henry's good record and reputation, Mr. Cockran contended, could find any object for the making of the affidavits, except that they recorded facts.

It was learned after the verdict had been found that Juror 7, Howard S. Beidleman, an electrician of 507 West 138th Street, had been notified yesterday afternoon of the death of his mother, Mrs. S. Beidleman of Washington, N. J.

RUMANIA WANTS STEEL.

Would Like Americans to Develop Her Rich Deposits of Iron Ore.

JASSY, Rumania, May 10.—Rumania is badly in need of iron and steel. For nearly seven years steel and iron imports have been far below normal. All reserve stocks were used up during the war. For reconstruction purposes hundreds of thousands of tons are needed. Hitherto the German and Transylvanian furnaces have furnished most of Rumania's steel. However, all of Rumania's needs could be met if Americans developed her iron mines. There are rich undeveloped deposits both in old Rumania and in Transylvania, especially along the Carpathians. Other iron ore deposits of an exploitable importance are in Dobrudja.

PARIS-WARSAW FLIGHT.

Frenchman's Next Stage Will Be Warsaw-Bucharest.

PARIS, June 11.—Lieutenant Henri Roget, the French aviator, who left Paris Thursday morning on an "around Europe" flight, arrived at Warsaw late yesterday, according to advices from the Polish capital.

The next leg of Lieutenant Roget's flight is to Bucharest, after which he will attempt to fly to Constantinople, Athens, Rome and then back to Paris.

The Store is closed at 5 P. M. daily

Value, Quality and Service

are outstanding features of the Store policy. This policy is more than ever emphasized in the purchasing opportunities offered to the public at the present time

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

The Men's Shoe Department

is featuring the following "specials" in

Men's Balta Low Shoes

Balta Brogue Oxfords, in wing-tip, full-toe models, made of light or dark brown calfskin, per pair $11.00

Balta Oxfords, in a straight-tip, narrow-toe model, made of dark brown or black cordovan (genuine), per pair $12.50

Balta Oxfords, in a new wing-tip, narrow-toe model, made of highly finished dark brown cordovan (genuine), per pair $13.75

All of the prices quoted are subject to War Revenue tax.

Men accustomed to quality footwear will find this a rare purchasing opportunity

(Department on SIXTH FLOOR)

Best & Co.

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street

Established 1879

Continuing!

the Reduction Sale of

Men's Suits

Best's Men's Clothes are designed, cut and made in our own New York shops, giving you the superiority of correct New York style; and the personal supervision and care of our own organization.

No wonder we undersell our competitors at least $10 per garment—since we eliminate all middlemen's profits!

Overcoats are included at the same prices.

Formerly	$50.00	to $60.00	$45.00
"	61.00	to 70.00	50.00
"	71.00	to 80.00	57.50
"	81.00	to 87.00	67.50

No Charge for Alterations—Men's Entrance on 35th Street

You Never Pay More at Best's

Guard Your Health With Disinfection

Contagious disease can attack you just as quickly as anyone else—unless you are constantly on your guard against it.

Disinfection takes the offensive against disease. Where frequent disinfection is practiced, disease germs are unable to gather, multiply, and attack your health.

Lysol Disinfectant

Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

Used regularly, Lysol Disinfectant kills disease germs or prevents the breeding of germ life.

Cuspidors, toilets, sinks, drains, garbage cans, window sills, dark corners—all are favorite breeding-places for disease germs.

Sprinkle a solution of Lysol Disinfectant frequently in all such places.

Have a few drops of Lysol Disinfectant added to all scrubbing water, too.

A 50c bottle makes five gallons of powerful disinfectant; a 25c bottle makes two gallons.

Remember, there is but one genuine Lysol Disinfectant—made, bottled, signed, and sealed by Lehn & Fink, Inc.

Lysol Toilet Soap 25c a Cake

Contains the necessary properties of the antiseptic ingredients of Lysol Disinfectant to protect the health of the skin. It is also refreshingly soothing, healing, and helpful for improving the skin. Ask your dealer. If he hasn't it, ask him to order it for you.

Lysol Shaving Cream in Tubes

Contains the necessary properties of the antiseptic ingredients of Lysol Disinfectant to render the razor, strop, cup, and shaving brush sweetly clean, guard tiny cuts from infection, and give an antiseptic shave. If your dealer hasn't it, ask him to order a supply for you.

Lehn & Fink New York

MARK CROSS LONDON

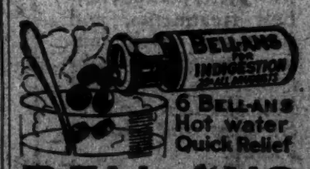
GLOVES

Kid, Silk, Fabric, Doeskin

For Men and Women

The World's Greatest Leather House

461 Fifth Avenue, New York; 363 Broadway Bronx—149 Tremont Street London—46 Conduit Street



Mid-Summer Sale
Used Cars, Late Models

Brand New / Never Used

Cadillac, 1920, Model 59, Sub. Sedan.
Cadillac, 1920, Model 59, Victoria Coupe.
Cadillac 1918-1919 7 Pass. Touring
Cadillac 1917 4 Pass. Chummy
Hudson 1920 Chrysler Speedster
Hudson 1919 Chrysler Speedster
Hudson 1917 7 Pass. Touring
Pierce Arrow 1918 French Brough.
Stutz 1918 4 Pass. Sport
Stutz 1919 4 Pass. Tour.

Three months' guarantee given.
Herman N. Karp, Inc., Est. 1902
1676 B'way. Circle 65.
OPEN EVENINGS.

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

REPEATED BY DEMAND

The Sale of Garden Hats at $6.75

All gone by noon last Saturday! Yes—all gone in spite of the rain—and you know the kind of storm it was. That's the story of last Saturday's Sale. So—we set to work a bit earlier this week—we worked harder and faster and—here are the hats. Enough for everyone, we hope!

Braids	Flowers	Colors
Basket-weave Straws, Chain-body Straws, Rough Straws, Milan Hemps.	Buttercup Wreaths, Field-flower Wreaths, Lily of the Valley, Lilacs and other pretty posies.	Navy, Purple, Black and the best Summer shades to match your frocks and sweaters. Lovely hats!

GIMBELS MEDIUM PRICED SALON—Third Floor

A ONE DAY SALE OF

Chairs and Rockers

JUST 400 OF 'EM

Which means—it's the earliest bird that goes home with the best—and the early bird who gets any at all—For these are such extra specially good chairs and rockers that they don't even need the lure of a much-lower-than-usual-price to speed 'em on their way. So—set the alarm clock!

Arm Rockers: $4.50 Arm Rockers: $6.25 Side Chairs: $2.25

All of pure rock maple varnished and finished in natural or green and equipped with double woven reed seats. $6.25 rocker with double woven reed back—lower priced chair and rocker with slat backs.

25% Off All Children's High Chairs

Walnut, mahogany, ivory, golden oak, fumed oak—as you prefer. Some with caned seat and cane back; others with cane seat and panel back.

Reduced Prices $6.75 to $19.50

GIMBELS—FURNITURE SHOP—Seventh Floor

The Store is closed at 5 P. M. daily

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

A Special Offering of

Imported Washable Satin

36 inches wide, of very lustrous quality, in white and pastel tones

exceptionally priced to-day at

$3.68 per yard

(Sale on the First Floor)

J. B. ELWELL, WHIST EXPERT, SLAIN

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

main hallway. Right feet from the inner door and on the right is a door to the drawing room. There are no portieres on the door and a person entering the hallway could see the whole interior of the drawing room through a long mirror over an open fireplace.

Elwell Kept No Servants.

Mr. Elwell kept no servants, but every morning Mrs. Marie Larson of 324 East Fifty-second Street called to put the house in shape. Mr. Elwell never dined at home except when women friends called on him before breakfast, it was said. Then Mrs. Larson cooked the meal.

Mrs. Larson reached the Elwell home at 8:55 o'clock yesterday morning and walked past the drawing room to the dining room, in the rear. Mr. Elwell usually was asleep at that hour, and Mrs. Larson, after removing her wraps, returned to the drawing room to begin her housework. As she entered the dining room she saw Mr. Elwell, wearing his pajamas and seated in the chair. She apologized for intruding, and, receiving no reply, ventured into the room again and peered into his face.

Mr. Elwell was bleeding from a wound in his forehead.

Mrs. Larson told Captain Walsh that the back of Mr. Elwell's chair was against the wall, and that his chin was resting on his chest, while the back of his head lay against the top of the chair and the wall. About three inches above Mr. Elwell's head, she said, the plaster had been scattered and a bullet protruded from it.

Both of Mr. Elwell's arms rested on the side of the chair, and near his left hand she saw a letter partly open and covered with blood.

Mrs. Larson Gets Policeman.

The man was breathing very faintly. Mrs. Larson hurried into the street and at Broadway and Seventieth Street found Policeman Harry Singer of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station. She told him she thought her employer had been shot by burglars, because about a year ago three men were arrested while trying to force their way into the house at night.

When Singer saw the body he decided Elwell had shot himself. He asked Mrs. Larson if she had seen a pistol. She had not, nor had she disturbed a thing in the room. The policeman summoned an ambulance from Flower Hospital and began an investigation. Mrs. Larson called his attention to the open letter on the floor beside Mr. Elwell's chair, and as he started across the room to get it, his foot struck the shell of a .45-calibre cartridge. Then he found the bullet imbedded in the plaster above the dying man's head.

The presence of the shell and the absence of the pistol caused the policeman to change his mind on the suicide theory, and he immediately telephoned to Captain Walsh at the West Sixty-eighth Street Station. Captain Walsh and half a dozen detectives arrived at the Elwell home a few minutes before the ambulance.

Elwell was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where he died about 11 o'clock. The ambulance surgeon gave it as his opinion before he left the Elwell home that the man had been shot less than an hour before the arrival of the ambulance.

Money and Jewelry on Bed.

When the detective reached Mr. Elwell's room, they found his evening clothes and jewelry and money on the bed, but the bed clothing was not disturbed, indicating that Mr. Elwell had not retired. The detectives then examined all the windows and doors, which, Mrs. Larson said, were as she had left them the evening before. A steel door leading to the kitchen from the yard of the Elwell home had not been tampered with, nor had the bars on the rear windows of the basement and ground floors. The scuttle on the roof then was examined, and found to be locked inside.

Captain Walsh, deciding the case to be a murder, and baffled by the mystery, called up Inspector Cray.

The Inspector and Captain Arthur Carey, in charge of the Homicide Squad, hurried to the Elwell home and immediately began sending detectives in quest of personal friends of the victim of the shooting. Mrs. Larson informed them that William Barnes of 140 East Fifty-fifth Street acted as Mr. Elwell's secretary and valet, and Inspector Cray telephoned to Barnes to come to the Elwell home right away.

Barnes told the detectives his employer was one of twenty members of the exclusive Studio Club at 334 Park Avenue, and a leading member of the New York Whist Club at 13 West Thirty-sixth Street. Mr. Elwell, he said, left this city in his automobile on Jan. 1 last, for Palm Beach, Fla., returning a week ago. He said Rhodes, the chauffeur, accompanied Mr. Elwell to Florida, but that he returned with the car alone two weeks ago.

Lewisohns Are Questioned.

Barnes then told Inspector Cray of the Lewisohn dinner and theatre party and the Inspector called in Mr. Lewisohn, his wife and Mrs. Kraus.

Lyttleton Fox, a lawyer, called at the Elwell home while Mr. and Mrs. Lewisohn were talking to the detectives. Later he explained that he was called to the house by Mr. Lewisohn, a client of his firm, O'Brien, Boardman, Parker & Fox. He said that when Mr. Elwell left the New Amsterdam Theatre he started on foot through West Forty-second Street, in the direction of Eighth Avenue, while Mr. and Mrs. Lewisohn, Mrs. Kraus and Mr. Figuroa got into the Lewisohn automobile and started for Mr. Lewisohn's home, in Fifth Avenue. That was the last any of the party saw of Mr. Elwell, Mr. Fox said.

A few hours later William M. K. Olcott, former District Attorney, called at the Elwell home and was closeted with the father of the slain man, E. L. Elwell, who had been summoned from his home at Ridgewood, N. J. When Mr. Olcott was asked later if he thought Mr. Elwell had shot himself, he declared:

"Joe Elwell was not the type of man to shoot himself, and you can be sure of that."

Mr. Olcott spoke affectionately of Mr. Elwell, and declared he was a delightful personage, polished in his manners and possessed a keen wit. He said that Mr. Elwell was the life of the Studio Club, and a favorite of all the members.

Elwell, he said, was in the "heyday of his prosperity."

Elwell Separated from Wife.

Mr. Elwell, father of the slain man, refused to be interviewed. It was learned, however, that some time ago the son bought for his parents a large house and considerable property in Ridgewood, and that his will, which is in a safe deposit box in the Columbia Trust Company, made his father the sole executor of his estate.

Mr. Elwell was married, but was separated from his wife in 1916. Mrs. Elwell, who resides with their 19-year-old son at 1,187 Lexington Avenue, called on Captain Walsh in the West Sixty-eighth Street Station last night and was closeted with him and several detectives for half an hour. She also refused to discuss the death of her husband.

Mrs. Elwell it was said last night, also is the author of several books on auction bridge, under the pseudonym "Florence Irwin."

In her action for a separation Mrs. Elwell declared that they were married in Brooklyn in 1900, and they lived together until 1911. She demanded alimony of $5,000 a year, and asserted that her husband made from $1,000 to $10,000 a night playing auction bridge. She also asserted that on one occasion her husband made $60,000 through his skill in playing the game.

She alleged at the time that he owned $500,000 worth of real estate and had personal property valued at $400,000. Mrs. Elwell also asserted her husband receive fom $5,000 to $8,000 a year in royalties from books on whist and that he also earned $15,000 instructing young society folk how to play auction whist.

JAMAICA DROUTH BROKEN.

Heavy Rains Falling — Some Lives Lost in Swollen Rivers.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, June 11.—The severe drought which caused anxiety to the Government, planters and traders has been broken by heavy rains now falling throughout the island, causing loss of lives by drowning in rivers in some parts.

GEORGE W. PERKINS RESTING

Physicians Say Recovery from Nervous Breakdown Will Be Slow.

Physicians of George W. Perkins, who was brought from the Catskills last Saturday to the Stamford Hall Sanitarium, Stamford, Conn., suffering from a nervous breakdown, issued the following statement yesterday afternoon from Mr. Perkins's office at 71 Broadway:

"George W. Perkins has recently suffered a nervous breakdown as the result of overwork. Successful treatment for this condition requires complete rest and seclusion. He is now at Stamford Hall, where these can be secured to better advantage than at his home. Progress in these cases is apt to be slow, but his early improvement and ultimate recovery may reasonably be expected.

Henry Moffatt, M. D.
Charles Rumsey Fischer, M. D."

Dr. Moffat has been the Perkins family physician, and Dr. Fischer was called in consultation when Mr. Perkins left in May to recuperate in the Catskills.

REPORTS KOREAN PLOT.

Japanese Say Lives of Prince Li and Bride Were Threatened.

HONOLULU, T. H., June 11.—The Japanese Secret Service has uncovered a plot by Koreans against the lives of Prince Li of Korea and Princess Masako, who recently were married, and Baron Saito, according to a Tokio cablegram to Nippu Jiji, Japanese language newspaper here.

The alleged plot, which is said to have included bombing the Foreign and Interior offices and Tokio Police Bureau, was intended as a protest against the marriage of Prince Li, the dispatch stated. Two Japanese, believed to be implicated, have been arrested.

Folks Who Eat Ordinary Corn Flakes don't know how good Corn Flakes can be—*until they try*

POST TOASTIES

says Bobby

At Grocers Everywhere!

Store Hours 9:00 to 5:30

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32nd STREET - BROADWAY - 33rd STREET NEW YORK CITY

Gimbels Phone Number Pennsylvania 5100

Choice-of-the-House Sale of BOY'S ALL-WOOL SUITS

Every One In the Entire Stock at

$18.50

3000 Quality Suits
Savings Up to 50%
Many at Cost and Less

• • •

Most of 'Em Have Two Pairs of Knickers

• • •

The Famous Jack O'Leathers Are Included

• • •

Scotch and Irish Tweeds, homespuns, herringbones, cassimeres, flannels, serges and unfinished worsteds.

Single or double breasted. All sorts of pockets. Browns, greens, blues, tan, greys, plaids, mixtures.

Every One Taken From Regular Stock.
Every One A *Regular* Suit—At Less.

All Sizes from 7 to 18

Sale Starts Today, at 9 o'Clock

GIMBELS BOYS' CLOTHING SHOP—Fourth Floor

Brooklyn, Long Island and New Jersey Customers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

MEN'S SUITS

36.50

FORMERLY PRICED TO $65

Use the Fifth Avenue Entrance direct to Clothing Dep't.

Extra salesmen specially engaged for this sale!

Every suit from our own stock—No outside purchases.

Sale ends Today!

It has been two years and More since $36.50 bought such suits

We particularly urge our regular customers to attend this Sale.

It doesn't matter how many suits you have hanging in your wardrobe—when you can buy such tailoring as this for $36.50, you should jump at the chance—it may not come again for many a long day. No store in New York has yet come forward with such an offering as you'll see here—no store in New York or anywhere else can come forward with finer clothing, dollar for dollar. It's the biggest thing of the year and you should be in on it!

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue Second Floor 35th Street

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d STREET (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue) WEST 43d STREET

Men's Suits

Our entire stock of $52.50, $55, $57.50 and $60 suits from the Kirschbaum shops now on sale at

Savings Of $14 to $21.50

ALL REDUCED TO THIS ONE SALE PRICE

$38.50

This is a fact: At $38.50 most of these suits are offered below their actual replacement cost. Such an opportunity as this cannot last—certainly not so far as clothes of Kirschbaum quality are concerned. Textile wages have just been advanced. Clothesmaking costs are not receding. You will accomplish a great economy, therefore, in buying Kirschbaum Clothes now against the day when prices return to normal, as they must.

Worsteds, Unfinished worsteds, serges, flannels, cheviots and cassimeres
Regular, Stout, Long and Short Sizes

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

LET SUMMER-TIME BE MUSIC-TIME

We are selling Agents for the
World's Best
Musical Instrument Makers

Our stock represents the most remarkable collection of things Musical ever assembled in New York.

A Few Suggestions

Autoharps	$6 to $25
Banjos	$25 to $90
Banjo-Mandolins	$15 to $130
Banjos, Tenor	$34 to $90
Banjo-Ukuleles	$6 to $18
Bugles	$3 to $12
Cornets	$25 to $90
Dinner Chimes	$7 to $90
Drums	$14 to $125
Fifes	$1 to $12
Flutes	$30 to $185
Guitars	$15 to $175
Harps	$75 to $3,000
Mandolins	$9 to $150
Music Rolls	$1 to $5
Music Satchels	$2 to $15
Piccolos	$10 to $45
Saxophones	$70 to $165
Trombones	$35 to $85
Taropatches	$15 to $35
Ukuleles	$4 to $25
Violins	$5 to $750
Violoncellos	$70 to $700

Catalogs free on request
Telephone Murray Hill 4144
Chas. H. Ditson & Co.
8-10-12 East 34th St.

Now On Free View
A Small but very fine Private Collection of
JAPANESE PRINTS
Court Lady by Kiyonaga
Large Heads by Toyokuni and Yesai.
Groups of Koriusai and Shunsho
Hokusai's "Fuji in South Wind" in superb color
"The Great Wave"
and other famous prints
To Be Sold by Auction
MONDAY EVENING
June 14th, at 8:15 o'clock
The Walpole Galleries
10 East 49th Street
W. S. SCOTT, Auctioneer

Gordon & Dilworth
— REAL —
ORANGE MARMALADE

IN THE RUSSIAN BASTILE.

Andrew Kaipaschnikoff, who was imprisoned by Trotsky, has written a graphic description of Russia under Bolshevist rule. Maurice Francis Egan, former United States Minister to Denmark, has reviewed this remarkable work, and it will appear in the Review of Books, a section of THE New York Times, tomorrow.—Adv.

LABOR PLANS OFFER TO JOIN DEMOCRATS

Federation Leaders Declare Republicans Have Ignored Demands for Platform Plank.

GOMPERS HITS STRIKE STAND

Plumb Assails Rail Managements as "Dishonest" — Costello Urges Support of Strikers Here.

MONTREAL, June 10.—The American Federation of Labor, in convention here, made preparations tonight to offer the support of organized labor to the Democratic Party for its acceptance of labor's platform demands which leaders declare the Republican Party has ignored.

Labor leaders announced that the subject would be placed before the Federation's convention tomorrow. The first step, they said, would be a condemnation of the Republican Party to be followed by an appeal to the Democratic Party for incorporation of labor's policy in its platform.

Samuel Gompers and other labor leaders were in session late today preparing a plan of action. They declined to divulge their decision, but indicated that drastic action against the Republican Party would be proposed.

The platform adopted by the Republican National Convention was termed "an outrage and an affront to working people" in a statement by Mr. Woll. He declared it is "a document with which Wall Street and the Steel Trust ought to be highly pleased."

Matthew J. Woll said the platform gives "what I take to be a pledge that the United States will police Mexico for the benefit of organized oil, mineral and mining appetites."

"No Relief from Profiteers."

"The platform promises no relief from the profiteers and has the effrontery to propose continued submission to heartless exploitation," the statement added. "The American people are determined to find relief from profiteering. Nothing so intimately affects them in their daily lives. On this point the platform is disdainful of the welfare of the people. We are forced to the conclusion that the Republican Party proposes to protect it."

Delegates and labor officials showed considerable sentiment for the formation of a labor party. Those close to Mr. Gompers, however, asserted that the action of the Republican Convention would have no effect on the non-partisan political program, and there was not the slightest possibility of labor putting a third party in the field this year.

Pacific Coast delegates, advocates of a labor party, made use of the situation and pressed their plan to have the convention authorize a committee to investigate during the next year the feasibility of organizing a labor party, and report at the 1921 convention. If they get sufficient support for this proposal they are prepared to place it before the convention early next week.

The only resolution adopted by the convention today provided that "every effort be made by the organized labor movement to the end that schools, hospitals, asylums and other similar public or private institutions, factories, as well as other forms of buildings requiring proper care against the dangers of fire, shall be provided with approved appliances for the prevention of fire." Organized labor was also urged to aid in enforcing legislation tending to "safeguard life, limb and property."

Despite the fact that the convention is being held on British soil, Matthew Woll, Vice President of the Federation, declared that no Irish resolution would be taken up for discussion and adopted by the delegates.

James Simpson of Toronto, Vice President of the Canadian Congress and Labor Congress, said that if the Federation wants to discuss Ireland that is their privilege. "A convention is being held in Montreal," he added, "and there can be no restrictions placed on that convention. Besides, I doubt very much if this convention will go further on the Irish question than did the British Trades Congress in St. Andrew's Hall, Glasgow."

Several of the Canadian delegates announced that they would not participate in any debate of the Irish question, but would leave the matter entirely in the hands of the American delegates.

Gompers Condemns Labor Plank.

Mr. Gompers in condemning the Republican labor plank referred especially to the section providing for the settlement of public utilities strikes by tribunals similar to the Esch-Cummins Transportation act of 1920. The plank, he asserted, is directly contrary to what labor had demanded of the party.

"We had asked the convention to go on record in favor of the repeal of the compulsory arbitration sections of the Transportation act," he added, "but the Republicans appear to have not only refused our suggestion, but would extend it to all utilities."

When asked what would be the result of the rejection of labor's demand by the Republican Party, Mr. Gompers's only comment was:

"You may draw your own inference."

He declined to comment on the possibility of labor abandoning its non-partisan political policy by putting a labor party in the field.

Mr. Gompers arrived here today from Chicago, where he had presented labor's demand to the national Republican Platform Committee.

Charges that managements of American railroads are dishonest were made by Glenn E. Plumb of Washington, originator of the Plumb plan for public ownership of the railroads, in addressing the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor. They cannot be otherwise, he said, under the present system in the United States, which "surrounds them with temptation."

"There is every inducement to be dishonest at the present time," he added. "They cannot be condemned. I would not trust my own integrity as a leader of a great railroad."

The Plumb plan, the speaker asserted, was the solution of the problem, as it would relieve the managements of railroads of "the damaging temptation and give them an opportunity to be honest," as they would be under the democratic control of the public.

Cites Pennsylvania's Officials.

The speaker cited the management of the Pennsylvania Railroad in support of his charges, asserting that the Interstate Commerce Commission reports showed that officials of that company were stockholders in from four to twenty-nine corporations selling supplies to the railroad.

"Were they interested in the railroad because they were interested in these concerns?" asked Mr. Plumb. "Or were they interested in these concerns because they were Directors of the Pennsylvania?"

The speaker declared, however, that the Pennsylvania Railroad is "no worse off than any other railroad."

The convention gave Mr. Plumb a tremendous ovation, voted to have his address printed in the proceedings and suggested that it be distributed throughout the country to workers.

Declaring that the Merchants' Association and other business interests in New York City were raising a fund of $5,000,000 to carry on an "open shop" war, James F. Costello of the Brooklyn Central Labor Council, asked the convention to support the striking transportation workers. He received unanimous consent to introduce a resolution to this effect. The resolution was referred to committee.

"The recent developments in New York," said Mr. Costello, "makes it imperative that this federation take emphatic action."

The Colorado State Association of Journeymen Barbers notified the convention by telegram that it indorsed the federation's non-partisan political policy and was opposed to any third party proposal.

The progressive element, including the Pacific Coast delegates and those of the garment workers' organizations, planned today to fight for radical recommendations for the relief of the workers. They also seek the release of political prisoners, lifting of the Russian blockade, recognition of the Russian Soviet Government and a declaration against the League of Nations. They will, however, support the Irish resolutions.

After the San Francisco Labor Council had been permitted to introduce a resolution calling for investigation of the salmon canning industry on the Pacific Coast the convention adjourned until tomorrow.

BOY SCOUTS' FUND $42,291.

G. D. Pratt, M. L. Schiff and Sigmund Eisner Give $5,000 Each.

Receipts at the end of the third day of the $500,000 campaign for the Boy Scouts of America total $42,291, it was announced yesterday at national headquarters of the organization.

Among the large contributions received are George D. Pratt, Mortimer L. Schiff and Sigmund Eisner, $5,000 each; J. P. Morgan, $2,500, to be duplicated each year until 1923; Percy Rockefeller, $2,500; Cleveland H. Dodge and Mrs. E. H. Harriman, $1,500 each; Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schiff, $1,300; H. Raymond Fuller, George F. Baker, Sr., George F. Baker, Jr., Barron G. Collier and Monroe K. Eisner, $1,000 each; Frank Presbrey, John Sharman Hoyt, $500 each; Mr. and Mrs. Percy Jackson, Louis L. Pfundt, Bingham Engraving Co., Canfield Paper Co., $250 each, and $100 each from Albert Behrend, M. Delano, Cone Export Co., Stirling Press, G. W. Burnham, Williams Printing Co., Mills & Gibb, Bernard F. Gimbel, the Sutherbridge Co., and Robert G. Blumenthal.

FROG HUNTERS WARNED.

Extension of Close Season to June to be Enforced.

Conservation Commissioner George D. Pratt has issued a warning to all frog hunters and others calling attention to the change in the law made during the last session of the Legislature by which the close season for bull frogs, green frogs and Spring frogs was extended to include June. Shipments of frogs and frogs' legs, which have within the last few days been reaching city markets from rural districts, indicate that the change in the law is not fully realized.

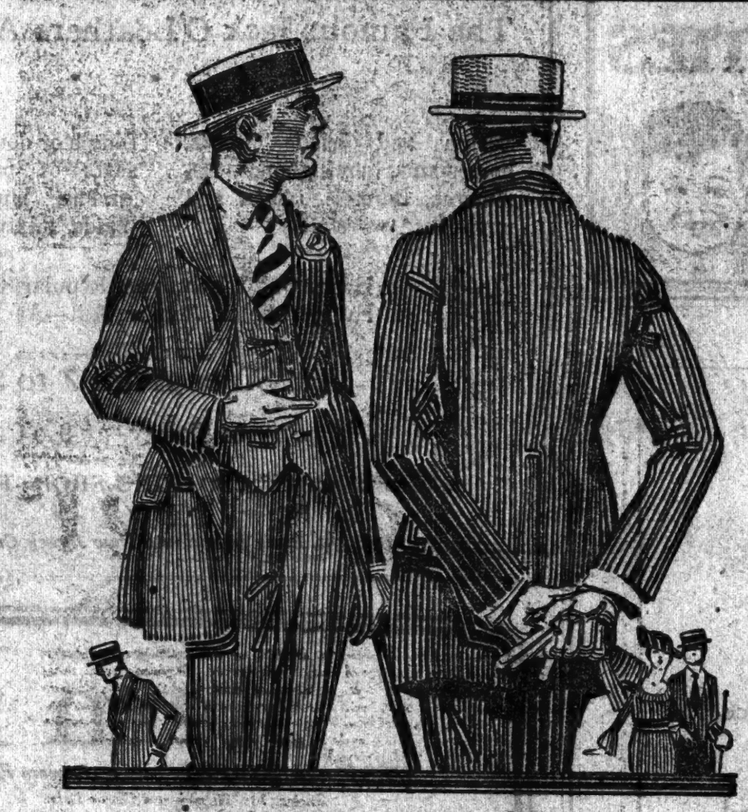
Commissioner Pratt insists that the new law must be observed and that ignorance of the law cannot be regarded as an excuse. The measure, he said, was passed in the interests of the frog market, those familiar with conditions stating that the supply of edible frogs was gradually becoming less, largely as a result of the killing of the animals during their spawning season, which extends through June. Formerly frogs were protected only during April and May. The only exception to the new law is in relation to the use of frogs as bait, which is permissible at any time of the year.

Book on Queens Borough Issued.

"Queens Borough, New York City, 1910-1920," a 240-page publication by the Chamber of Commerce of the Borough of Queens, came from the printers for distribution yesterday. The book was edited and compiled by Walter I. Willis, who has been Secretary of the Queens Chamber of Commerce since its organization ten years ago, and contains numerous photographs and maps picturing the rapid industrial and residential growth of the borough.

BLOOMINGDALES

59TH TO 60TH—THIRD TO LEXINGTON—ONE BLOCK FROM PARK AVE.



MEN!

Beginning at 9 A. M. Today--Sale of

300 SUITS

For Men and Young Men

In All the Latest Models **$18.50** A Variety of Materials

Sizes 32 to 42 Chest Measure

300 Mens and Young Mens Suits
$28.50
Made of fancy Cheviot materials, in light and dark shades. Cut in single and double breasted models. In sizes 34 to 42 chest measure.

400 Mens and Young Mens Suits
$39.50
Made of Worsteds, Cheviots and Flannels. Single and double breasted models. 3-button conservative styles in regulars and stouts. 33 to 44 chest measure.

Alterations? . . . Yes Exchanges? . . . Yes
Refunds? . . . . Yes Deliveries? . . . . Yes

Why Pity Chinese Women's Feet —

when the pointed-toed, high heeled shoes that American women wear are scarcely less barbarous?

They bend the toes into an unnatural shape, they throw foot bones and leg muscles out of place. And corns, bunions, callouses, weak arches, ingrowing nails and other foot miseries are the inevitable results.

Put your feet into shoes shaped to *fit* feet — good looking, conservative Educators, that "let the feet grow as they should," *shapely* and healthy. Then you can forget foot ills.

For your protection remember, when buying, that unless the shoe is branded EDUCATOR on the sole, it is not an Educator.

Made by Rice & Hutchins, Inc. Boston, Mass.

RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE®

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

FOR MEN AND BOYS

The Emerson Shoe
HONEST ALL THROUGH

No Need of Paying Exorbitant Prices for Good Shoes

The Greyhound—Balanced Calf Blucher Plaything Rubber Heels
$10.00

First Quality Genuine Goodyear Welts
Finest American Tan and Black Leathers
Solid Soles
Men's High and Low Shoes
$7, $8, $9, $10
Boys' Shoes $5, $6, $7
Extra Quality — Hand Finished
Made from selected imported kangaroo, calfskins, kid, and genuine cordovan leathers — heavy oak soles
Men's High and Low Shoes
$11, $12, $13, $14

All shoes in our Stores were made from leathers and materials purchased long before the high peak was reached in leather prices.

MANY years ago I decided that the best way to protect my customers against excessive profits was to stamp a fair and square retail price on the soles of my store shoes, based on the actual factory cost of labor and materials.

By enlarging my production from year to year I have been able to keep this selling price remarkably low in spite of the greatly increased cost of all materials and labor.

I have always felt that it was better policy to make many shoes at a low profit than a few shoes at a larger profit.

Emerson Shoes are not marked up at one season of the year just to hold so-called "Marked Down Sales" at another season. I never ask you to pay more for a shoe than it is actually worth.

The fact that I have increased my sales TEN TIMES in the past six years is proof positive that the general public appreciates this policy.

Come into our stores and put this to the test. Inspect our styles and prices, and if you aren't convinced that you are getting more for your money in Emerson Shoes than in any others, I will not expect or want you to buy.

John O'Emerson Founder

Men's Shoes—regular lines—Seven to Twelve Dollars
Boys' Shoes—Six to Seven Dollars

EMERSON SHOE STORES

NEW YORK CITY	BROOKLYN	NEWARK
133 Nassau St.	**1381 Broadway	**421 Fulton St.	*827 Broad St.
	**1453 Broadway		

*Open Saturday Evening. **Open every evening.
Sold by Leading Retailers Everywhere

The Students Themselves prepared the advertisements

THE advertisements you have seen in this campaign were prepared by the students of New York University.

They offer an excellent illustration of the practical training New York University gives. Those who receive it can apply it in the actual work of some business house —perhaps *yours*.

The advertising course is only one instance of practical education at New York University. Other courses at the School of Commerce train men for industrial organization, management, accounting, journalism, finance, selling, foreign trade. In the other eight schools, New York University trains men for engineering, chemical and electrical research, medicine, law, veterinary science, teaching.

More than a thousand of these trained men and women are being graduated from New York University this week. They are going out into lives of useful service as producers and staunch American citizens.

New York needs these trained graduates. New York University will continue to supply them. But she must have help. Her present endowment is inadequate. *She urgently needs $9,150,000 more.*

She looks to *you* for a part of it. How much can you give?

"It's in New York; it's for New York"

New York University
Endowment Fund
512 Fifth Avenue, New York

THIS ADVERTISEMENT was also prepared by a student at New York University.
THIS SPACE was paid for by a graduate.

WAR BOAT CAPSIZES; 4 DEAD, 7 MISSING

Ten of Eagle 25's Crew Are Injured When Squall Hits Craft Near Fort Mott.

DEAD MAY REACH FIFTEEN

Forty-two Are Saved After Daring Work by Two Steamers—Cut Man Out with Chisels.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11. — Eagle Boat Number 25, United States Navy, capsized in the Delaware River just below New Castle, Del., at 2:20 this afternoon, and three lives are known to have been lost.

Late advices from Lieutenant Commander M. P. Pierce, captain of the vessel, at New Castle, state that seven are still missing. However, officers of the Navy Yard said at a late hour tonight the toll might be as high as fifteen.

Those believed to have been lost are:

Chief Yeoman Hancock.

— Riley.

Chief Machinist John Lamb.

John D. Brand of Philadelphia, a fireman of the vessel, died at Hog Island following a thrilling rescue.

About ten sailors are being treated at the League Island Navy Yard Hospital for severe burns and other injuries sustained when the ship went over.

All the officers on the boat at the time of the calamity were saved. Those not accounted for were men who were in the hold of the ship at the time of the disaster, and it is thought that they were drowned in the trap.

Uncertainty as to the number of casualties is caused by the fact that some of those rescued were brought to Philadelphia on passing steamers, while others were taken to riverside towns in Delaware.

Number Aboard Is Not Known.

Another contributing factor to the uncertainty is the fact that the exact size and personnel of the crew is unknown. The E-25 was a "mother ship" for a flock of submarines and members of the crew were continually passing from the vessel to the surrounding underwater ships.

Of a crew estimated at from 53 to 70 members, at least 42 are known to have been saved. They were picked up by the river steamer Thomas Clyde and taken to the League Island Navy Yard.

The catastrophe occurred during one of the worst summer storms known in the history of lower Delaware. For three hours in the afternoon the river was lashed with hail and rain, while overhead the lightning swooped across the heavens.

The Eagle boat was inbound from the Atlantic Ocean and was caught by the terrific northeast wind while opposite the New Jersey shore at a jetty near Fort Mott.

Just as she approached the jetty the gale struck with full force, rolling the Pierce attempted to ride the storm and boat from side to side. Lieutenant ordered the men to rush from one side of the boat to the other in an attempt to steady it. As if infuriated at the attempt to save the life of the boat, the wind came back with renewed strength and with the boat opposite Spike Buoy, a tremendous gust swept it completely over.

The men on deck were hurled into the seething waters and most of them are believed to have been saved. Several, including the enginemen and firemen, were trapped below. Some of these managed to escape but most of the casualties are believed to have occurred there.

Besides the Thomas Clyde, the United States Shipping Board vessel, Independence Hall, was nearby, riding the storm, and with thrilling rescues most of those in the water were saved by those two boats. A lighthouse also sent out a boat which picked up some of the sailors struggling in the water.

Cut Through Steel in Vain.

The most sensational rescue was accomplished in vain. John D. Brand of Philadelphia a fireman on the ill-fated vessel, was in the engine room when the boat overturned. With a supreme effort he worked his way through the water to a spot near the keel, and tapped with all his might on the pressed steel.

A passing lifeboat heard the faint tappings, and so reported to Captain L. H. Porter of the Independence Hall. Chief Officer Husband with Chief Engineer Banner and the ship's doctor, were detailed with a small crew to attempt the rescue. A plea to a nearby tramp steamer failed to obtain an acetylene torch, and cold chisels and hammers were the only tools available for the work.

The rescuers drew alongside the overturned boat and, directed by the feeble taps, began the slow work of chiseling through the steel plates. The work was greatly hindered by the fury of the storm, which dashed the small skiff from the side of the Eagle boat time and again. Inside Brand's tappings grew fainter and fainter, and finally ceased altogether.

After two hours of heartrending work, with the wind whistling over the keel of the upturned vessel, the rescuers finally managed to cut a large enough hole to admit a man. Brand was found unconscious in the swirling water. He was rushed to the Independence Hall and worked over by the doctor while the ship sped to Hog Island shipyard. There he was immediately put under the pulmotor in an attempt to bring him back to life, but the effort was useless. At ten p.m. the doctors pronounced him dead.

Another thrilling escape was that of Robert Geraway of Marlborough, Mass., who was also caught in the engine room when the boat swept over. Geraway managed to crawl through a ventilator and dive under the wreckage until he came clear.

Chief Machinist Mate Robert Meyers of 2506 Chadwick Street, Philadelphia, is believed to be one of those missing. T. E. Monahan of 2712 North Judson Street, Philadelphia, another machinist's mate, also was rescued after a thrilling effort, as was Paul Davis of Springfield, Mass.

Captain Saves Several Men.

Lieut. Commander Pierce, captain of the boat, rescued several of the men in the water and made a vain attempt to save one of those drowned. He caught the hand of the man but was not able to keep him above the water. Lieutenant Pierce stayed in Newcastle to oversee the salvaging of the vessel and to see that those men put ashore were cared for.

Unsettled static conditions, due to the storm, interfered with wireless transmission of the story of the disaster to Philadelphia, and it was not until 4:30 that the League Island Navy Yard learned of the tragedy. Captain Sterling was immediately rushed to the scene on a submarine chaser.

The forty-two men rescued by the Thomas Clyde seemed to be in the best of spirits. They were fed and loaded with gifts of tobacco by the scores of excursionists on board. As the Thomas Clyde was unable to dock at the navy yard, Tugboat 85 met the steamer in midstream and transferred the rescued men to land.

At the navy yard they joked and laughed with each other, and gave the impression that they had thoroughly enjoyed the affair. Several of them, including most of the officers, who had suffered severe burns from steam pipes, were rushed to the navy yard hospital for treatment. The rest were marched to the submarine barracks, where they were fed and given quarters for the night.

The Eagle 25 was one of the boats built by Henry Ford during the war. It was a cross between a submarine chaser and a destroyer, very long and narrow, and exceptionally fast. It was just finishing an ocean cruise.

STONINGTON PHYSICIAN IS KILLED BY WOMAN

Mrs. Alfred Kenyon Admits Shooting Dr. Herbert Tetlow—Father of Her Child, She Says.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, June 11.—Dr. Herbert Tetlow, 50 years old, of 141 West Broad Street, Stonington, Conn., just over the Rhode Island line from Westerly, was shot and killed in his room, on the second floor of the house, today.

Mrs. Alfred Kenyon of Westerly was arrested, charged with his murder, and later Prosecuting Attorney Hewitt announced that she had admitted holding the revolver when the fatal shot was fired, but said she did not remember whether or not she had pulled the trigger.

Mr. Hewitt said that Mrs. Kenyon told him that she quarreled with Dr. Tetlow at his apartment last night. She returned there this morning, she said, and after a talk with him went to her home and obtained a pistol. Returning to his apartment, she said she threatened to kill herself, but the doctor prevailed upon her to let him have the weapon so he could commit suicide. It was discharged as she was handing it to him, she said.

In a statement to the police, they say, Mrs. Kenyon declared she loved Dr. Tetlow and that he was the father of her seven months' old son.

Just before noon Mrs. Kenyon visited Dr. Tetlow's room, and had been there but a short time when the family of Lloyd Taylor, on the third floor of the house, heard a shot. No attention was paid to it, and a few moments later Mrs. Kenyon went downstairs and told Mrs. James Thurston, who occupies the first floor, that Dr. Tetlow had shot himself. Mrs. Kenyon then left the house and went to her own home, where she is alleged to have left the revolver, a .38 calibre Colt.

The Cows are Knee Deep in Grass—Milk is Cheapest

THE fields are green with fresh and succulent grasses. The cows are literally in clover. Milk is at its best. The flow is greater and prices are lowest. A dollar invested in milk will buy more vitality and sound tissue than it could bring in any other way.

The 180 Sheffield Stores are Sheffield owned and operated

You can have a quart bottle of Sheffield Milk brought to your door for 15 cents. You can get the same milk at a Sheffield Store in your own container for 10 cents.

And remember that Sheffield milk comes to you fresh every day. It comes when it is at its best. It comes just as a healthy cow made it—plus the added safety of perfect pasteurization.

Sheffield Farms Co., Inc.
New York

Glacier NATIONAL PARK
National Park of America

Vast Alpine meadows, ice-locked and forest-fringed, give to Glacier National Park the majesty of scenic Switzerland. Skyland lakes, cool, clear and colorful, drink in the snowfed streams tumbling from glaciers above. Modern hotels and Swiss chalets offer genuine comfort. "Glacier" is your only National Park on the main line of a transcontinental railroad. Tours by day, week or month, via motor, saddle-horse or launch. Why not walk through?

En route to North Pacific Coast; Alaska or California; visit Lake Chelan, Mt. Rainier and Crater Lake National Parks.

See America First

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
Glacier National Park

Write for descriptive literature and information regarding Glacier National Park and Saint Mary Lake, or inquire of nearest ticket or tourist agent.

C. E. STONE, Passenger Traffic Manager, St. Paul, Minn.

M. M. HUBBERT, G. E. P. A.
280 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N. Y.

BUY WITH KNOWLEDGE

"I BOUGHT some union suits today, Jane—and the Salesman told me these Lastlong Union Suits are made of the best *featherweight, flat knit,* cotton fabric produced in the U. S. A.—*loose fitting, absorbent, elastic*—better than the old style underwear."

"Just look carefully at the dandy fabric and finish on these suits—they are just what I've been looking for."

For sale by

B. Altman & Co., 34th St. & 5th Ave.
Franklin Simon & Co., 37th St. & 5th Ave.
R. H. Macy & Co., 34th St. & Broadway.
J. B. Thyleen & Co., 9 & 11 East 40th St.
Wm. Morgan & Sons, 16 Cortlandt St.
Estate of A. T. Kennedy, 18 Cortlandt St.
Jas. Hutchinson, Inc., 9 John St.
Chas. Young, 56 Wall St.—112 Columbus Ave.
Bernheim & Strauss, Broadway & 72d St.
W. K. Gilbert, 527 Fulton St., Bklyn.
Jos. Nightingale, Court & Montague Sts., Bklyn.
Saul & Co., 256 Flatbush Ave., Bklyn.

Lastlong Underwear Co., Dept. T., 349 Broadway, New York.

For Men LASTLONG For Boys
FEATHERWEIGHT FLAT-KNIT
Union Suits

John Ward Men's Shoes

$7.95
$8.95
$9.95*

Radical Reductions

SUMMER OXFORDS

In a profusion of styles, patterns and leathers

"These figures represent a double discount. Add the sale savings to our usual lo prices, hot-stampt on the soles at the time of manufacture, and your dollars wil do double duty.

Our regular customers kno that our policy has always been "A fair marjin of profit, sound merchandize and an intelijent desire to be of servis."

John Ward Men's Shoes
INCORPORATED — ESTD. 62 YRS. OLD

In Manhattan
21-23 Cortlandt street 80-82 Nassau street
1401-1403 Broadway *and* 131-133 West 38 street
In Brooklyn: 348 Fulton street

WINCHESTER
SPORTSMEN'S HEADQUARTERS

Winchester Junior Trapshooting Outfit, $40

For the Whole Family

JUNIOR trapshooting is a new and fascinating game for the whole family, with lots of wholesome outdoor enjoyment in it. The Winchester Junior Trapshooting Outfit, which makes this pastime possible, also makes it both easy and inexpensive. Take it on picnics, boating trips, week-end parties, and you insure no end of sport.

The handsome little .410 caliber family shotgun is a typical Winchester. It is just as accurate and reliable a specimen of gun-making as the Winchester Rifle which was Theodore Roosevelt's favorite weapon in the African jungle.

Besides the gun, the Winchester Junior Trapshooting Outfit includes a sturdy, efficient Winchester hand trap for throwing the targets, a box of Winchester targets, and a box of .410-bore Winchester Shot Shells. For proper care of the gun, there is a jointed cleaning rod, gun oil and cleaning grease, all Winchester made. The whole outfit is neatly packed in a handsome black carrying case, easily carried under the seat of your automobile or motor boat.

Experienced shooters all approve the Winchester Junior Trapshooting Outfit. You will get lots of pleasure out of it, and like every Winchester product, it will give you excellent service.

WINCHESTER SPORTSMEN'S HEADQUARTERS
A Quiet Place to Shop at Leisure.
Practical Sportsmen at your Service.
469 Fifth Ave., 3rd Floor Opposite N. Y. Public Library

If your footpath through life is a journey on Phoenix hosiery, you go your ways in luxury and economy. Through strenuous days we have kept the quality at any cost—and have topped that task by a notable maintenance of a moderate price.

PHOENIX
HOSIERY

DEXTER
Points 2½ Inches

The Name
LION
has been applied to
COLLARS
of Quality
for more than half a Century

United Shirt & Collar Company, Also makers of Lion Shirts, Troy, N.Y.

Sheffield Dinner Coffee Sets $35.00 to $70.00

NEW YORKERS admit that it is simple to get an acceptable gift at Ovington's, but it is a common complaint that such a splendid variety makes it hard to decide upon any particular thing.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
314 Fifth Ave nr. 32d St.

Play Safe

When you order garters, say—"Boston Garters." They give real leg-comfort, "stay put" until released and stand long, hard wear.

Boston Garter
Sold Everywhere

GEORGE FROST CO., MAKERS, BOSTON

CARUSO CHAUFFEUR ONCE UNDER ARREST

Accused of Stealing Automobile in 1913, but Was Honorably Discharged by Magistrate.

SEARCHING SUMMER HOME

Detectives Believe Jewels May Be Buried Near House — Fuller Description of Gems.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTHAMPTON, L. I., June 11.—Detective James J. Finan of the New York Police Department, who is on a six months' leave of absence, arrived at the Caruso Summer home, from which jewels valued at $480,000 were stolen on Tuesday night, and walked up to George Fitzgerald, the chauffeur and night watchman for the Carusos, exclaiming:

"Hello, Fitz."

The chauffeur recognized the detective, and after they had talked for a minute Fitzgerald went to Park Benjamin, Jr., a brother of Mrs. Caruso, and said:

"Mr. Benjamin, I know what these detectives want. Back in 1913 I was arrested with my brother-in-law for the theft of an automobile. I did not know a thing about it. My brother-in-law was convicted and sent away for three years, but I was honorably discharged by the Magistrate in the West Side Court before the case came to trial. I was discharged after a very short hearing."

The automobile was stolen from a man for whom Fitzgerald was working. The chauffeur later repeated the story to newspapermen.

"Did you tell Caruso about that matter?" he was asked.

"No," he replied. "After that unfortunate incident I got this wonderful job and have been with Mr. Caruso ever since and hope to continue with him."

In the evening detectives and other local authorities sat down in the Italian villa of Albert Herter, which is the Summer home of the Carusos, and entered into a long discussion with Fitzgerald and Frank Ferrel, the night watchman.

Total Insurance $150,000.

Detective Finan is employed by the Pinkertons, who represent one of the underwriters, who had insured jewels among those stolen for $25,000. The total insurance carried on the jewels, according to Park Benjamin, Jr., is $150,000, while the present market value of the stolen pieces is $450,000.

District Attorney Le Roy M. Young, of Suffolk County, who is in charge of the county investigation, intended to start a John Doe proceeding today, but he said that this plan had been set aside because of an important development last night, which made it necessary to postpone the formal inquiry until Tuesday morning.

An arrest is likely to take place at any time, according to those in charge of the investigation. The army of detectives, representing the two insurance companies, the Caruso family, Suffolk County and East Hampton, spent a large part of the time trudging about the 200-acre estate looking for footprints or other indications which might lead to the discovery that the jewels had been hidden on the property. Strict rules were adopted today against visitors and against the entrance of automobiles on the property without permission, in order to prevent any possible attempt to smuggle the gems from the estate.

Caruso Will Decide on Reward.

Park Benjamin, Jr., said that whether the family would offer a reward or not depended on the decision of Mr. Caruso, who is now at Havana. James J. Corrigan, who represents an underwriter who carries insurance of $126,000 on the jewels, said that that insurance company would probably offer a reward of $5,000 or $10,000, unless an arrest is made in the meantime.

One of the Italian maids employed by the Carusos, it was learned today, had dinner on Friday in Manhattan with an Italian. This man sailed for Italy on Tuesday. The Manhattan police are making inquiries to determine whether this man could have participated in the robbery and taken the jewelry to Italy with him. This he could have done if the robbery was committed before Tuesday night. One of the theories is that the jewels were taken before Tuesday night and that the ringing of the alarm in the jewel box was caused on Tuesday night by one of the participants to lead the investigators astray.

Fuller descriptions of the missing jewels were made public yesterday at the estate and by E. M. Gattle, jeweler of 630 Fifth Avenue, the revised description of the principal articles being as follows:

One graduated pearl necklace, containing some large pearls, with a navette diamond snap. The total weight of the necklace is 920.48 grains; the diamond snap weighing 2.62 carats. This was in a leather case of lavender color with velvet lining.

One diamond guard chain, 46 inches long, containing 200 diamonds, set in platinum. Total weight of diamonds, 46.53 carats. Attached to the diamond chain is an oval diamond pendant, engraved "From Nina Margosa" with a sentimental wording in the pendant. This piece was insured at $22,000, and $70,000 had been offered for it by a jeweler.

One bandeau, sixty-five stone diamond and calibre emerald double row pearl-shaped drop; thirty-three calibre emeralds, weight 133 carats; thirty-one diamonds, weigh 230 carats; large drop diamond in centre, weighs 9¼ carats.

One diamond Princess ring, twenty-four diamonds, with four diamonds in the centre raised; four diamonds, weight 58 carats; twenty diamonds, weigh 50.

One fifty-two-stone diamond flexible bar bracelet, thirteen diamonds set in octagon boxes, bars of small diamonds in between each; thirteen diamonds, weigh 239 carats; thirty-nine diamonds, weigh 141 carats.

One diamond and cabochon ruby, fancy all-platinum ring. Cabochon ruby, weighing 7.07 carats; fifty-eight small diamonds, weighing 55 carats.

PARIS DANCE HALLS RAIDED.

American Proprietors Arrested for Violating 1 o'Clock Closing Rule.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 11.—Several hundred dancing enthusiasts, of whom perhaps half were Americans, were thrown into panic when the police raided two dancing establishments early this morning after the 1 o'clock closing hour.

These places, situated at 17 and 23 Rue Caumartin, the latter place being known as the Clover Club, are both run by Americans and have achieved a certain notoriety because of their ability to escape the rigors of the closing rules. Under the guise of clubs they remained open late, even before June 1, when the 10 o'clock closing provision was abolished and the hour set at 1 o'clock. Their reputation had spread among American tourists, and they have been crowded every night.

A police Inspector with a raiding squad waited last night until 1:15, when he descended on the Clover Club. The exits were barred, and all those present were asked for their names. The proprietors were arrested. They are former American soldiers. Half an hour later the same performance was repeated at No. 17, which is also run by an ex-soldier.

The police released the proprietors today after a warning that their places would be closed if they did not shut their doors at 1 o'clock.

APPEALS TO MOTHERS TO HELP FIND HER BOY

Mrs. Coughlin Also Asks Aid from All Children—Collapses After Plea.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., June 11.—Mothers and children throughout the country are appealed to by Mrs. George H. Coughlin, mother of Blakely Coughlin, 13 months old, who was kidnapped nine days ago, to help her find the baby. When she completed writing the appeal, which was blotted with her tears, the mother collapsed.

"I appeal to every mother and child in the United States to help us find my baby," Mrs. Coughlin said. "Surely some one will see and know my boy. If there is a strange baby in your neighborhood, please, oh, please, find out who he is and where he came from, for he may be my child. Don't be afraid to send us information. I promise harm will come to no one. All we want is our baby. Even those who took my boy must and will pealize my anxiety, and they will feel sure that we will keep our promise if they will only give us proof that they have Blakely safe and well."

Mrs. Coughlin appended a description of the stolen baby, which said he was 29 inches tall, weighed 20 pounds, and had blue eyes and light hair, and was sturdily built for a child of his age. He had no defects, and the only mark was a slight, almost invisible, scar over the right eyelid. He had four upper and four lower teeth when he was kidnapped, with two other teeth about to make their appearance.

HENRY FIELD'S CHILD IS BARRED FROM ESTATE

Chicago Judge Holds Illegal Offspring Cannot Share $130,000,000—Upholds Capt. Field.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Captain Marshall Field, 3d, is entitled to the income on three-fifths of the $130,000,000 estate of his grandfather and that on the two-fifths share of his brother, Henry Field, according to the oral opinion of Judge Charles M. Foell, Circuit Court, given today. Immediate possession of the entire estate was denied.

The Judge held that Henry Anthony Field, an illegitimate child of Henry Field, was not entitled to share in the estate. Mrs. Henry Field, now Mrs. Nancy Perkins Field Tree, was held to be entitled to a widow's dower in the real estate set aside in the will for Henry Field.

Wheatsworth

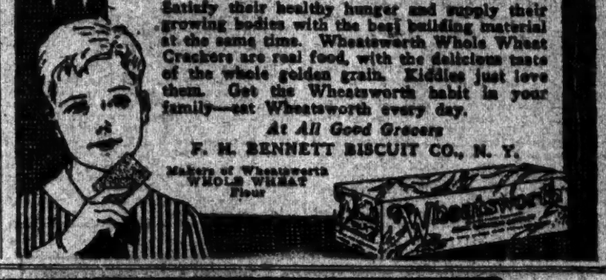
Give Your Kiddies Real WHOLE WHEAT Crackers

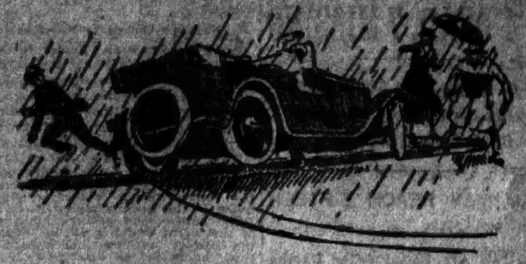
Satisfy their healthy hunger and supply their growing bodies with the best building material at the same time. Wheatsworth Whole Wheat Crackers are real food, with the delicious taste of the whole golden grain. Kiddies just love them. Get the Wheatsworth habit in your family—eat Wheatsworth every day.

At All Good Grocers

F. H. BENNETT BISCUIT CO., N. Y.

Makers of Wheatsworth WHOLE WHEAT Flour





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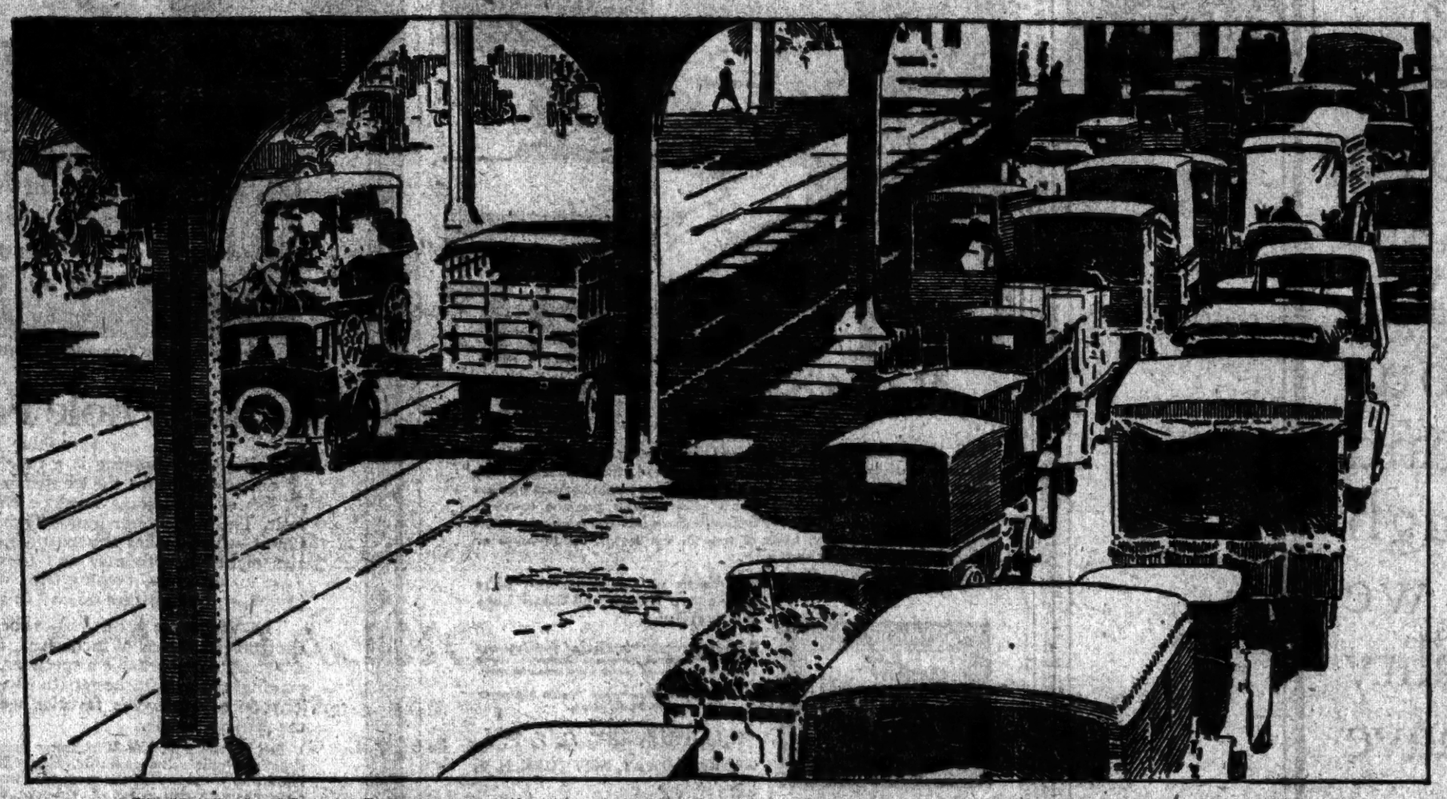
SEND THIS TODAY

LIBERTY MUTUAL 50 E. 42nd St., N. Y. C.
Please mail particulars regarding Automobile Insurance at once.

Name..... Residence.....
Business Address.....
Make of Car?..... Year of Model?.....
Cost You?..... Bought New or Used?.....
Do You Use Car in Your Business?.....
Type of Body?..... City or Town Garaged in?.....



The New Packard Basis of Rating was Established by Absolute Transportation Facts revealed by more than 7000 Monthly National Standard Truck Cost System Reports, covering a period of Two Years

Why Packard Discarded "Ton Rating" for Packard Trucks

REASONING as *transportation engineers*, the Packard Company has believed for years that the arbitrary factory "ton rating" system was bound to become obsolete as soon as sufficient facts on transportation could be known.

These facts are now at hand—made available through more than 7000 Monthly National Standard Truck Cost System Reports, covering a period of two years.

These reports confirm what Packard has so long foreseen—the fallacy of rating a truck simply on the tonnage capacity of the chassis and engine under normal conditions.

They have proved again and again the sound Packard practice of rating a truck with *all* the transportation factors in mind—character of roads, grades to be met, speeds to be maintained, and the chances of overload, etc.

COMPARE a Packard Size G, Model E, Truck, developing nearly 6700 pounds' traction at rear wheels and able to pull a 28 per cent. grade on low gear; with the typical "6-ton truck," developing less than 4700 pounds' traction, and able to pull only a 20 per cent. grade!

The Packard frame both strong and flexible—made of rolled channel steel, not pressed steel.

Packard *solid tired* trucks governed at 11, 13, 15, 18 miles per hour, by the Packard transportation expert in touch with the actual job.

Today, as always, Packard is selling *transportation*.

HEREAFTER each Packard Truck will be designated by *size* and *model*.

The rating will be made on the ground, *for the job*, by the local Packard engineer—selected for what it will do in the individual customer's business, and with all his *actual conditions* in mind.

"Ask the Man Who Owns One"

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY of NEW YORK
Broadway at 61st Street

Brooklyn: Flatbush and 8th Avenues
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White Plains: Mamaroneck at Martine Avenue
Poughkeepsie: 239 Main Street
Newark: Broad Street at Kinney
Jersey City: Boulevard at Carlton Avenue
Plainfield: 528 Park Avenue
Paterson: 489 Broadway
Hartford: Washington Street at Park
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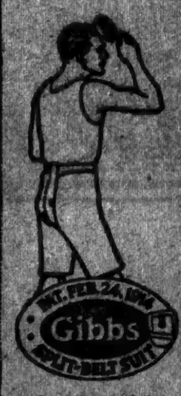
Choosing underwear is like picking roses—pick a good one and you win. You can't lose on Gibbs Split-Belt Union Suits. You want comfort—cool comfort. That's why we make them of Gibbs Interlooped Fabric—light, soft, soothing to the skin. You're clothed in a layer of cooling air cells that carry the heat away from the body—cooling it without chilling it.

Woven muslin underwear swells tight, when soaked with *perspiration*—sticks like glue to the body. No comfort in *that*. The split-belt (patented) gives large seat-opening yet closes without wrinkles, unevenness or discomfort. It's elastic, too.



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COURT OF APPEALS PUTS BAN ON BUSES

Sustains Injunction Against the Operation of City Vehicles on Brooklyn Car Routes.

THREE LINES ARE AFFECTED

Will Withdraw, Says Whalen, If Order Proves Binding—Opinion Not Written.

The action of Justice Cropsey of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn in granting a temporary injunction restraining the city from operating buses in competition with the lines of the Brooklyn City Railroad Company was sustained yesterday by the Court of Appeals.

Colonel Jackson A. Dykman, counsel for the Brooklyn City Company, said the decision of the Court of Appeals put an end to bus operation. "We will now serve all the interested parties," he said, "including individual bus drivers, with a copy of Justice Cropsey's restraining order, which will stop the buses. Later we will file the permanent injunction order issued by Justice Callaghan."

Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien, who represented the city in the fight against the buses, said that as the court wrote no opinion he did not know how far-reaching the decision was.

"The decision of the Court of Appeals seems to be confined to narrow limits and, in my view, does not decide a big, broad, salient question, whether the city may not construct and operate its own buses upon the streets of the city," he added. "The complaint in this action, which is held by this decision to be a good complaint, dealt only with the peculiar situation."

Grover Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structure, who is in charge of the bus lines, said the decision of the court left unanswered the "big, broad question as to the power of the Board of Estimate, under the Home Rule Act, or as a matter of emergency, to provide transportation service for the people." He said, however, that if the decision were binding, final orders would be issued at once stopping the buses along the routes of the Brooklyn City Company. He explained that only three lines of buses were involved as he understood the matter, the three being the Greenpoint, the Park Slope and the Flatbush Avenue lines.

Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon said the decision meant that unless operation of buses in the city must stop, that he had indicated to the Board of Estimate the lawful way, and that no attention had been paid to his warning.

"Anticipating that the buses will be withdrawn, we have directed all of the railways to place all the equipment possible in service so as to meet the demands of traffic," he said.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in this department heard argument yesterday on the appeal from the injunction granted by Justice Lydon of the lower court restraining the operation of buses on routes paralleling the Eighth and Fourteenth Street crosstown trolley lines of the New York Railways Company. Decision was reserved.

INSURGENT TICKET FRAMED.

Mrs. Thomas Black Slated for Federated Clubs Presidency.

Insurgents in the City Federation of Women's Clubs met in the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon at the call of Edyth Totten, President of the Drama Comedy Club, and framed a ticket, headed by Mrs. Thomas Black as President, for the official nomination meeting of the federation in December. It was the first time conditions had been dated as early as June, the purpose being to give supporters of Mrs. Black, who include several club Presidents, all Summer and Fall to work in.

Mrs. Black is running for office on the qualification of being a "good mother and a competent club woman. Her campaign manager, Mrs. Ella O'Gorman Slaton, is a mother of eleven children. Mrs. C. B. Donnellon of Brooklyn was selected for First Vice President and Mrs. A. M. Palmer for Third. The second place was left vacant. Mrs. Maegan Lloyd and Mrs. William J. Wilson, both of Brooklyn, were named Corresponding Secretary and Treasurer, respectively. Mme. von Klenner told the women they must have workers for Mrs. Black and her ticket at every individual club meeting. The meeting adjourned, the women to report on the Summer's work at the Drama-Comedy Clubhouse in Brooklyn in September.

To Repeat Nurses' Pageant Today.

The Florence Nightingale pageant, which was given Wednesday by the Bloomingdale Hospital School of Nursing on the hospital's grounds at White Plains, will be repeated at the same place, weather permitting, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The important episodes of the heroine of the Crimea will be depicted in pantomime. The final scene represents the unveiling of the Lady of the Lamp with her benefitors passing in processional.

PLASTERERS' RULE HOLDS UP BUILDING

Mann Appeals to Gompers Against Discrimination Regarding Queens Apartments.

MULTI-FAMILY HOUSES HIT

Cost Forced Up 25 Per Cent. by Order Limiting Work to be Done in a Day, It Is Alleged.

After an afternoon spent in inspecting building activities in Queens, Tenement House Commissioner Frank Mann, as Chairman of the Mayor's Housing Conference Committee, yesterday sent a telegram to Samuel Gompers and other labor leaders now in Montreal, asking that the American Federation of Labor take action to prevent what the committee believes is discrimination against certain classes of buildings in Queens by the local union of plasterers. The complaint was made by the Queens Chamber of Commerce in behalf of the Queensboro Corporations, which is actively engaged in relieving the housing situation in that borough. It was alleged that the tactics employed by the plasterers has practically held up the construction of 300 apartments.

This is the telegram sent to Mr. Gompers:

"Respectfully request consideration and action on complaint forwarded by Queens Chamber of Commerce stating that Plasterers' Local 214 has fixed an arbitrary scale of work on multi-family houses and that this has not been done in any other part of the city, forcing cost approximately 25 per cent. higher than in other parts of the city. Queens is being discriminated against by this action and upwards of 300 apartments which would be ready for occupancy in October are held up in face of a terrible housing situation. Brindell knows all facts. Urge immediate action."

The Mr. Brindell referred to is Robert P. Brindell, President of the Building Trades Council, who is attending the Montreal convention.

Plasterers' Local 214 has fixed the amount of work that a man can do in a day on certain classes of houses, and this, Mr. Mann said, had not only set back building operations in Queens but was adding to the already acute housing situation here. Limiting the output of so many feet or yards of plastering as a day's work, Mr. Mann thought the situation was such as to call out every ounce of effort to the end that the homeless be provided with shelter.

The Mayor's Committee, he said, had been informed that the rule does not apply to private and two-family houses.

It is probable that the Mayor's Housing Committee soon will call a conference of all interested in the various branches of the building trades. One hundred thousand apartment houses are needed to meet the growing housing crisis, and there is need of closer co-operation between builders and the unions to assure that work started will be carried through. Chairman Mann sent a second telegram to Mr. Gompers yesterday urging the necessity for closer co-operation and a definite plan upon which building operations can be carried forward without friction.

ALUMNI FILL "DINNER PAIL."

Haverford Commencement Has New Way to Aid Faculty Fund.

HAVERFORD, Pa., June 11.—Commencement exercises at Haverford College today brought official announcement by President Comfort that the campaign for the $500,000 endowment fund had passed the halfway mark, with $261,000 contributed by 687 subscribers. Figures posted on a large screen at Founders' Hall showed that 21 per cent. of the 1,726 alumni had given $150,770, while a 100-per cent. subscription of the 182 students reached $10,150, and thirty-six friends of the college added $46,084 more.

Placed beside the bulletin board was a large dinner pail labeled, "The Faculty Dinner Pail—Fill It Up!" The record of the progress made by the fund during the day was shown, the figure of $500,000 being set as the minimum goal for the single day's subscriptions.

The fund is in part for the founding of a chair in English literature in memory of the late Dr. Francis B. Gummere. This will be one of the highest paid professorships in the United States, and $125,000 has been set aside for it, the balance of $375,000 being used to maintain the present high salary scale of the faculty.

President Comfort told the graduates that the college during the last year had had the largest number of students in its history. He announced the return to Haverford, from service elsewhere, of Dean Palmer, Professors Babbitt, Lunt and Pratt.

New faculty appointments also announced were those of Walter S. Hinchman, former English Master at Groton School, and John M. Kelly, recently Schurz Fellow in German at Columbia.

Winning Against Odds

YOU know the story of business upheaval since the first of the year. You know how constant and how serious have been the disturbances in the industrial world. You know that production has decreased 35% while the demand for production has greatly increased. You know that there is a serious shortage of raw materials and of fabricated articles. You know that tremendous obstacles must be overcome before any service or article can be delivered.

Keep these facts in mind as you read this story of the achievement of the telephone organization in New York City.

Coming out of the war sadly depleted in numbers, this organization faced a problem that might well have disheartened any organization. It had to overcome the effect of a two years' war embargo on commercial telephone construction, replace the reserves used up during the war and build to meet the greatest demand for new service in its history. And it had to do these things while handling the greatest volume of telephone traffic ever originated in the city of New York.

New workers, new buildings, new switchboards, new relays, new distributing boards, new conduits, new cables, new pole lines, new facilities of every kind were needed in greater quantities than ever before and at a time when these things were demanded by every other section of the country.

The telephone men and women in New York City were given a task of almost incredible size and difficulty and they undertook it in the same way and with the same spirit that Rowan showed when he carried the message to Garcia in Cuba back in '98. You remember the story. Nothing could stop that man Rowan, and nothing could stop these telephone workers. They have built up their organization. They have increased the central office operating force alone from 8,600 on January 1, 1919, to over 14,600 on May 15, 1920.

They have improved the service. Calls are now answered in half the time it took to answer them at the beginning of the year.

During the epidemic of influenza and the storms of last winter when thousands were kept from work and telephone traffic was largely increased these telephone workers, their numbers cut down by sickness and inability to reach their offices, stayed on the job and kept the service from breaking down.

In the past four months they not only have improved the service but they have succeeded in placing enough new equipment of all kinds to install 35,418 new telephones in New York City.

They have done these things despite the delays and obstacles that have held back production in the telephone business and in every other business. These difficulties are increasing. Production daily grows more uncertain. The supply of facilities for providing telephone service is decreasing and at the same time the demand for service in New York City is steadily increasing. This demand was unprecedented at the first of the year. It has increased since then and it is growing more rapidly than new facilities for service can be provided.

There now are 64,843 applications for service on our books. In filling these applications precedence will be given to those of an emergent nature, such as service for doctors, nurses, hospitals, cases of serious illness, fire and police; second, service required as a business necessity; third, service that is a convenience. By following this classification the most urgent needs for service will receive the earliest attention.

The public of New York City can rest assured that the 25,000 telephone workers in this city who already have achieved great results in the face of great odds will continue to carry on. They will leave nothing undone to complete the task of expanding the city's telephone system and further improving its quality in the shortest possible time.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

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THE PEOPLE'S PAPER
SUCCESSOR TO THE TULSA DEMOCRAT
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It Has the Highest Class Circulation, Carries the Most Paid Advertising, Is Read in the Most Homes, Wields the Most Influence, and Gives to Advertisers the Most Results.

75% of All Circulation Paid in Advance

The Tulsa Tribune is delivered into practically every home in the City of Tulsa before five o'clock in the evening; three motor trucks and 225 boys, working from five substations under the "Independent Carrier" system of distribution, constitute an almost perfect service.

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MID-CONTINENT PUBLISHERS' ASS'N

Every citizen of this great city has a certain feeling of pride and part ownership in this great newspaper

Richard Lloyd Jones, the editor, was for eight years associate editor of Collier's. That was before he acquired the Wisconsin State Journal, which he published for eight years. Previous to his Collier's connection he was editor of Cosmopolitan. Mr. Jones is one of the foremost editors and editorial writers in the country. It was Mr. Jones who established the National Memorial to Lincoln on the Lincoln Birthplace Farm in Kentucky.

Since the advent of Mr. Jones in the Oklahoma field a new standard of Journalism has been established. The substantial improvement in the quality of Tulsa's only evening newspaper has been acclaimed with keenest appreciation by the people of Oklahoma. The confidence of its readers in the Tribune is manifest by the net return to the publishers of almost two cents per copy.

RICHARD LLOYD JONES, Editor

TULSA, OKLAHOMA

Is the Greatest Jobbing, Shipping and Banking Center of the Greatest Wealth Producing Region of the World.

OKLAHOMA—The Great Billion-Dollar State

Has a Greater Value Per Acre Than Any Other State in the Nation in the Production of Wheat, Oats, Rye, Hay, Potatoes, Peanuts and Cotton Lint.

The total farm products of Oklahoma for 1919 amounted to		$794,107,000.00
Oil production is estimated at	$250,000,000.00	
Gas production is estimated at	6,000,000.00	
Coal production is estimated at	19,000,000.00	
Lead and Zinc is estimated at	20,000,000.00	
Other mineral is estimated at	1,000,000.00	
Total mineral production		296,000,000.00
Total		$1,090,107,000.00

TULSA IS GROWING

Bldg. Permits Issued 1917	$8,343,207	P. O. Receipts for 1919	$475,520.37
Bldg. Permits Issued 1918	4,846,780		
Bldg. Permits Issued 1919	9,478,743	Bank Transactions 1919	$2,745,703,226.99
Bldg. Permits Issued 1920	3,133,700	City's Average Bank Deposits	$75,000,000
	$25,802,430	City's Bank Clearings Aver. Month	$50,000,000

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1920.

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THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $5; Canada, $5.50; other countries, $6.
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THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—illustrated—Cloth, $70; three-quarter leather, $90; full leather, $120—encyclopedic history European War.

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THE FIRST BALLOTS.

On the whole, the first four ballots at Chicago went very much as anticipated. General WOOD held his lead, though Governor LOWDEN made the larger gains. How much the shifting of votes was due to the careful planning of the various managers and how much to the inevitable splitting up of the delegations that first were for the minor candidates, it would be idle to guess. It would appear to be true, from the four ballots, that the convention is stampede-proof. Adjournment to this morning naturally meant that the night would be one—not of fasting and prayer—but of conferring and bargaining. The result ought to be apparent on the first ballot taken today, which should give an indication of the lines along which the combination is to be made that will lead to the final nomination.

"IN DEFINITE TERMS."

The Republican platform began with the statement that "the people are entitled to know in definite terms" what the party purposes to do. It must have hoped that this would be forgotten by the time the reader came to the end of the platform, for there was placed the plank on the Treaty and the League, which is the most indefinite, confusing, contradictory and altogether cross-eyed series of proposals ever put forward. The plank is admitted by even its apologists to be a gigantic "straddle." To effect harmony it sacrificed consistency and principle. "It does not preclude," observes The Tribune, "acceptance of the League of Nations and ratification of the Treaty. But neither does it preclude violent repudiation of them both. The party of ideas did not, on this subject, think it safe to express in plain language whatever ideas it may have had.

Even the most studied concealment of thought by means of ambiguous words and squinting sentences cannot, however, cover up the motive and the effect of the League plank. For one thing, it puts a clear stamp of insincerity upon all that the Republicans in the Senate did and said. They professed anxiety to give the country peace under the Treaty and security under the League. Senator LODGE openly appealed for the votes of Democratic Senators on the ground that he was earnestly trying to get the Treaty ratified. But at Chicago he served notice that if a resolution were brought in favoring ratification—on any terms—he would fight it on the floor of the convention. This bears out the analysis of the Massachusetts Senator's secret intent made by one in close touch with him all through the Treaty fight in the Senate. It was that "LODGE really wants to kill the Treaty but does not dare to." At Chicago he plucked up the necessary courage.

If there is a particle of honesty in the League plank of the Republicans, it means a throwing away of all that has been done. There is, today, a League of Nations in existence and at work, but the Republicans will have nothing to do with it. We have a Treaty with Germany, but the Republicans propose to write an entirely new one. Their President, if they can elect him, will have to take up the negotiations afresh next March, and enter upon a long period of delay and vexation, while our old contracts are canceled and new ones made—new ones which Germany will be in a position to render far less favorable to us than the old. Then would come the slow labor of getting the new treaty ratified. If the Democratic Senators were to prove as small-minded as the Republican Senators have been, that might take months. And this is the pleasant prospect put before us by the party that solemnly denounces President WILSON for having inexcusably retarded peace and reconstruction!

LABOR'S NEW STATUS.

Many who would support labor's aspiration for a more stable and responsible industrial status are alienated by the examples labor gives of the use it would make of power if it had it. Economic boycotts as illustrated in our local waterfront strike are sufficiently obnoxious, but industrial boycotts in politics, especially international politics, are unendurable. They are not left to the imagination, but are exemplified almost daily. Yesterday the cable brought the formal indorsement by the Irish Labor Party and Trades Union Congress of the refusal of the Dublin strikers to handle munitions sent for the use of the police and troops in Ireland. Their manifesto is an open defiance of the Government;

> Not all the armies in the empire will compel us to become traitors to our own nation. We will not shrink from the consequences of that view although the whole fabric of the Commonwealth be convulsed.

The British Miners' Federation on Thursday took similar action, adding Poland to Ireland in its opposition to Government policies. At Amsterdam the International Trades Unions and the General Council of the International Federation of Transport Workers declared a boycott of all commerce with Hungary, effective from the 20th of June, as a protest against the "persecution of Hungarian workmen by the White terror." There is no intention of passing upon the merits of any of these disputes in saying that this method of political procedure is more anti-social than socialism itself. The world cannot live in modern comfort if labor for any reason arrogates to itself power of blockade, displacing all other law with its own edicts. Mr. GOMPERS said that "at any time or "place any attempt to enforce compulsory labor must be resisted at "any cost," and his audience applauded. The right to strike as he expounds it includes the right to boycott, and labor itself would be the worst sufferer if the right to strike as thus defined were to be conceded.

RAVAGES OF INTERNATIONALISM.

Senator JOHNSON talks of the Republican League of Nations circumlocution as "a tremendous victory for "Americanism, a signal and over-"whelming defeat for internationalism "and international bankers." He speaks with a solemnity that recalls the dark perpetual grief and wrath of the worshippers of the Great White Dollar of our Daddies about the Crime of 1873. It would be idle to expect any meaning in these his lamentations. If there were any, and he were to be taken seriously, the persuasiveness and pervasiveness of international bankers would have to be viewed with alarm by the Johnsonians. Since the international bankers are cultivating so assiduously and perniciously that root of all evil, the League of Nations, it must be they who have made the American Federation of Labor, with its millions of members, so persistent in insisting on the ratification of the Treaty and the Covenant. It must be the same iniquitous money lords who spread the work of sin in Mr. JOHNSON's own State and induced the school teachers, the colleges, the clergy, the women, strongly to approve the League. All over the country the case is the same. Nobody wants the League except the people, including most of the Republican people. Who would have believed that a coterie of international bankers, of the merest "money changers," could turn practically a whole nation to its will and selfish purpose?

THE REPUBLICANS ON MEXICO.

The Republican platform finds President WILSON responsible for all that has gone wrong in Mexico, as was to be expected; but things were going wrong when President TAFT passed the problem on to his successor. Mr. WILSON has been in the White House a little more than seven years. He inherited a disturbed, a revolutionary Mexico. President MADERO was arrested by order of General HUERTA on Feb. 18, 1913, and the tragedy of the taking off of MADERO and SUAREZ soon followed. "We should not recognize "any Mexican Government," says the Republican platform, "unless it be a "responsible Government, willing and "able to give sufficient guarantees "that the lives and property of "American citizens are respected and "protected, that wrongs will be "promptly corrected and just com-"pensation will be made for injury "sustained." Mr. WILSON declined to recognize HUERTA. He did not regard HUERTA as the head of a Government that could give such guarantees. Mr. WILSON laid down the sound principle that he could not trust a Mexican who was responsible for the murder of the chosen head of the Government, constitutionally elected, if ever a President was. It must be proved that the Obregonistas are innocent of the tragedy of CARRANZA's murder before the Government of their provisional ruler can be recognized. The platform makers step carefully around the existing situation in Mexico.

Whatever criticism can be made of Mr. WILSON's Mexican policy, it will not be denied that a war with Mexico, begun in the President's first term, would have been very embarrassing after the United States entered the European conflict in April, 1917. If the platform makers at Chicago are sincere in their assaults upon Mr. WILSON's "ineffective policy" below the Rio Grande, they must contend that he should have intervened in Mexico to discipline and punish her Government and people for the outrages complained of. As a "sincere friend" of the Mexicans, the Republican Party, if it prevails in the elections in November, will not hesitate to intervene; that is to say, to make war upon Mexico, should order not be maintained and American citizens not be protected. What else can be concluded from the intimation that a "great service" will be rendered the Mexican people by the carrying out of the policy the Republican Party favors?

GARDNER'S GOLF.

ROBERT GARDNER lost the British golf championship on the thirty-seventh hole. A break of the luck against him may have been sufficient to account for this, just as a break of the luck in HILTON's favor enabled that English golfer to win the American championship on the thirty-seventh hole. If GARDNER had had the good fortune to win, the press in this country would have resounded with his praise. But the feat that he actually achieved merits cordial and admiring recognition. To have been able to play through the entire field of the finest British amateurs, and then to lose in the finals only by the narrowest margin, is testimony enough to the skill and steadiness of his game and to his stout heart. Best of all, he seems to have impressed everybody at the links with his modest bearing and true sportsmanship. He came just short of winning the championship, but he won respect and liking.

THE DEBS PICTURES.

Moving picture houses throughout the country are exhibiting the scene at Atlanta Prison that took place when EUGENE V. DEBS was formally notified that the Socialist Party had made him its candidate for President.

It is not a genuine scene; it is a performance carefully planned and rehearsed with a view to creating sympathy among the unthinking. Mr. DEBS embraces the emissaries of his party—actually kisses them. When the hollow sham is thus coldly described, few can escape a shiver of repugnance. Many will revolt at the idea that a man legally and justly convicted of a crime against his country, committed at a time when the lives of his fellow citizens were at stake and the future of civilization in the balance, should be permitted by the nation's servants to take part in such mummery. But in the theatre, as the authors of the little drama well knew, no touch of the "faking" is obvious. Few who are responsive to the appeal of the dramatic, or whose hearts are sensitive to the pathos of old age in distress, can stifle a responsive emotion. Under the influence of this unreasoning mob psychology, the acknowledged criminal is nightly applauded—as loudly as many of the candidates for the Presidency who have won their honorable eminence by great and unflagging service to the American people. In brief, an outrage is committed, an outrage against the nation and against its heroic defenders.

It is probably too late to prevent the exhibition of the pictures; but it is not too late to provide that, together with so much deliberate mawkishness and premeditated falsification, the basic truth shall be made known to all. In a public speech delivered in June, 1918, the present candidate of the Socialist Party applauded its platform of 1917, which called for "continuous action and public opposition "against our conduct of the war; declared that the war was caused by and carried on for the sake of "capital," and exhorted wage earners not to submit to the draft or in any way aid their country. Speaking of the Government and the courts, he said: "With every drop in my veins I despise their law and defy them!" All this he admitted under oath in court and has never recanted a word of it.

With these few lines flashed upon the screen, little would be left of the mob psychology upon which the authors of the Debs scenario have so astutely played. The underlying falsity of the appeal for sympathy would be obvious, and the flagrant impropriety of exhibiting, on an equal footing with those who have been loyal to the American people, the man who is loyal only to socialism. With the true words of DEBS inscribed upon it, the little drama would have a logical beginning and middle—probably also a logical end.

COOKS AND LADIES.

In England also they are having domestic difficulties and, thanks to the gossipping court reports of The London Times, many of them are spread before the public. A recent embroglio in Hampstead resulted in the utterance of several mighty lines, of import for both servants and employers—though his Lordship, the presiding Justice in the case, unfortunately appears to have regarded the occasion as one for levity.

The trouble sprang from a six-rib loin of mutton allotted by the Government. A stress of hospitality having arisen to contend with the stress of rationing, the mistress bade the cook to prepare the loin for a company of nine. The problem of serving six chops to nine people nonplused the cook's mathematics. Words ensued, accompanied by physical violence and even blows. Fistically the mistress seems to have triumphed, but according to the cook her dignity was sorely impaired. "Her face and nose were "all black from the stove and there "was grease all down her dress. She "looked terrible." Hereupon his Lordship the Judge exclaimed: "What, "did she rub her nose upon the "stove?" and the report records undignified "(laughter)." Notwithstanding soot and disarray, the mistress gave a demonstration of culinary short division, though here, too, she failed to impress the cook. "You couldn't "do it. It's impossible! You couldn't "hash and monkey about with a "thing like that!" But the mistress did it, and as she triumphantly performed the operation she exclaimed, "I am a cook-general! There are no ladies now; I am not a lady." In this sentiment the cook, for the first time, acquiesced. A cook-general, she explained, is "a menial woman who "can do a little cooking; she is the "lowest kind of servant!"

Many a housewife of late, here as in England, must have felt herself to be the lowest of menials. But, unlike this Hampstead virago, some have avoided looking and acting as such. The reason is that they have taken to heart another of those mighty lines from suburban London, though in a sense which they would once have thought paradoxical. "There are no ladies now." In the trivial days of old—days in which the soul of neither man nor woman was ever really tried—the possession of an uncertain amount of breeding, with a certain amount of money, conferred a distinction of class. At least with servants one could lord it and lady it. They were paid to accept the imposition and they needed the money. Today there is no such compulsion, even in the case of those who cannot divide six by nine. Equality is upon us. That is as it should be. It was a war fought for democracy.

In the Hampstead tragedy the master of the house (as he would once have been styled) seems also to have been at fault. On the occasion, crucial in such cases, of the first arrival of the cook he refused to let her in at the front door and took her around to the servants' entrance. We do not suggest a brass band and a seat in the parlor, though the impulse is strong. True democracy eliminates all show and ceremony. But that enforced circumambulation to the back stoop was itself a bit of "side." The cook insisted that, upon the occasion of her first arrival at the domicile of her equal, she had a right to come in at the front.

PLATFORM OMISSIONS.

What is left out of a platform is sometimes as significant as what is put in. The Republicans were expected to use some form of weasel words about the Irish Republic, but omitted even the conventional "sympathy" for Ireland. The only comfort for the Sinn Feiners lies in the hope that trouble with England may result from the proposal to discriminate against English ships using the Panama Canal and in the general attitude of cold aloofness toward the Allied Powers, who alone, according to the inadvertent admission of the platform, by their fleets and military supplies saved this country from "disaster." Then there is the failure to say anything about prohibition, except the little flourish in favor of enforcing all laws, which WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE, himself a member of the Committee on Resolutions, scornfully pronounces "bunk."

Most notable of all, however, is the omission to arraign the Democratic Administration for one of its blackest crimes. The platform assailed the Democrats for every kind of incompetence and neglect, but said nothing about one terrible calamity that they brought upon the country. This inflicted the heaviest financial loss and caused widespread personal suffering, yet it was not so much as alluded to in the platform. We mean, of course, the disastrous blizzard of last Winter. In forgetting to pledge the Republican Party never to allow anything of that kind to occur under a Republican Administration the platform risked the loss of the whole anti-blizzard vote.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Rivalry in Length of Noises.

Four years ago there was a lot of talk, backed by a lot of writing, in both ridicule and denunciation of the prolonged yells, howls and other uncouth noises that pass for cheering at political conventions. Everybody, seemingly, had come to the conclusion that "demonstrations" over the names of candidates were far less an expression of enthusiasm than an evidence of the skill possessed by certain individuals who are hired or otherwise persuaded to create semblances of excitement and rejoicing. It was generally realized that the outbursts thus produced were always artificial, at least in their extensions beyond a few minutes, and that they proved nothing in regard either to the merits of the candidates in behalf of whom they were manufactured or to what the voters of the country were going to do when Election Day came.

There was enough of this sort of criticism in 1916 to justify something between a hope and an expectation that the absurd habit, so little in consonance with the serious business of a national convention and so much worse than a waste of valuable time, would not be followed this year. But the hope has been disappointed, the expectation not realized.

Again at Chicago yesterday the nominating speeches were followed by senseless uproar, and again the weary reporters had to note the exact number of minutes to which, by the energetic efforts of men properly described as "provoking agents," each silly imitation of a madhouse in revolt could be stretched out.

That a single vote was changed, in the Coliseum or out of it, by contemplation of the relative "records" thus made nobody believes or even suspects, and why the sweltering delegates let themselves be used in the solemn farces is a problem for psychologists, especially those who have specialized in explaining the acts and emotions of crowds.

Done Only Because Customary.

Investigation of such a phenomenon as the prolonged ululations at national conventions probably should begin with the remote ancestors of the delegates and of their leaders and manipulators—with savages and barbarians and what they did before joining battle. Almost invariably they stood well apart for a considerable period, brandishing their weapons and shouting boasts, defiances and threats at their enemies.

The object was the double one of working themselves up into a state of excitement favorable for hard fighting and of inspiring fear on the other side. Probably the method had something of real utility, else would it not have become the widespread "folkway" it was, and for that matter still is, among primitive peoples.

That any part of its old efficiency survives for civilized men and women is hardly to be believed, but many an ancestral impulse and practice long outlives its utility, and politicians are a most conservative tribe, with a deadly fear of not doing what has always been done.

None knows better than they, or as well, the real nature of convention demonstrations, but they are slaves of custom.

Why Not Be Cool in Summer?

In all the convention dispatches of the last two days there have been frequent and feeling references to the high temperature in the Coliseum. The delegates sit in their shirt sleeves—the more fortunate or wiser women delegates in no sleeves at all—and all over the vast expanse fans wave desperately and constantly.

Considering how easy it has been to raise money for political purposes this year and how generously it has been spent, there is excuse for some wonder that no attempt was made at artificial cooling of the building. Had the time been Winter, the place would have been heated as a matter of course. At about the same expense its temperature could have been lowered, with the result, not only of making everybody comfortable, but also of keeping everybody in patience and good temper and so increasing the probability of well-considered and wise action.

The art of refrigeration is no mystery nowadays, and the fact that it is practiced hardly at all except for the benefit of perishable foods is not very creditable to human intelligence. People do not seem yet to realize that indoors it is no more necessary to swelter than to freeze, and the rich and poor alike endure in Summer hardships that are as easily avoidable as those of Winter.

Only the Name Is Missing.

With a caution that may have shown political wisdom—it certainly revealed none of any other sort—the Republicans did not say in their platform a word about military training for the youth of the country. They did sidle up to the idea, however, for they gravely proclaimed as follows:

> A thorough system of physical education for all children up to the age of 19, including adequate health supervision and instruction, would remedy conditions revealed by the draft and would add to the economic and industrial strength of the nation.

No hint is given how "all children up to the age of 19" are to get this "thorough system of physical education" except under a plan which, whatever its name, would be military. At any rate, every efficient plan would prepare the "children" to fight for their country in case of need, and the people of the United States are far from being so tainted with pacifism as really to object to the production of potential soldiers.

The great majority of Americans are well aware that whether or not military training leads to "militarism" is a question the answer to which depends on the character of a people and of its government. They have as little desire as intention to attack other nations, but they have had too recently a lesson too terrible as to the perils of unpreparedness to have been frightened if the Republicans had spoken out what they undoubtedly meant when they drafted this particular plank in their platform.

The Last Congress.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article "The Record of Congress" hits the nail squarely on the head. It is the facts and the whole truth and nothing but facts and truth. A great publicist has said: "Men's words are cheap and plenty enough; but ideas that rouse and set multitudes thinking come as gold from the mine." Reading editorial articles like the above in other publications, and some of the greatest of them non-partisan, I believe that the "gold" will be discovered. Like Napoleon, who was said to have done all that in him lay to live without moral principle, the last Congress seems to have done all that in it lay to confuse and disorganize all that the Administration had done to establish peace and to bring back the nation to stability. The writer is not hopeless that either at Chicago or San Francisco, in the selecting of a President, the man will be found who will be big enough and patriotic enough to see to it that the Republic will live and stand for better things than what noisy petty charlatans would make us believe is Americanism. Hoover, Hughes, Lowden, Taft, Palmer, McAdoo, Davis are all of that stature.

ELIJAH E. KNOTT.

Washington, D. C., June 7, 1920.

OTHER DAYS—OTHER WAYS.

Don't you wonder, Madelon,
Where away I could have gone?
Gee! old girl, we used to play
Hard at love down Chalons way!
I know you thought I meant it, kid,
And then—compree?—I almost did!
Oh, those were great old days with you,
Down Chalons way at G. H. Q.!

It must have struck you queer, Marie,
What the deuce became of me!
'Member how I held your hand,
And tried to make you understand?
I promised you a billy-doo,
But then, I never did come through!
You see, old dear, I thought it best
To leave things as they were, at Brest.

I'd sure be hard-boiled, Antoinette,
If now I ever could forget!
You taught me all I ever knew
'Bout making love in parley voo!
I used to like to hear you say,
"Keese me queek!" your Frenchy way.
There's lots of things I did, 'Toinette,
But one thing I can't do—forget!

I often think—you bet I do!—
'Bout how you're faring—all of you!
But things look different, now I'm back
In my old home town, Tamarack.
A little Jane I used to know
Has made herself my last C. O.
So let's let bygones be bygone—
Marie, 'Toinette and Madelon!

J. EUGENE CHRISMAN.

RACING NEWS BILL.

Objections to the Provisions of the Sims-Stirling Measure.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If it is the purpose of Congress to destroy thoroughbred horse racing in the United States no more effective means for the accomplishment of that end than is suggested in the Sims-Stirling bill could be employed. Racing, like other popular amusements and pastimes, lives by newspaper publicity. Make it impossible for the daily newspapers to obtain news of racing over the telephone and telegraph wires and to relay this news through the mails to their readers and racing will quickly lose the character of a great national sport, with the widest possible appeal, and swiftly degenerate into a mere fad of wealthy amateurs.

With the destruction of organized racing would go the thoroughbred breeding industry of the United States, which was well-nigh wrecked some ten years back in consequence of witlessly hostile legislation in several of the States. Considerably more than $100,000,000 is invested in this industry now and it is fast attracting new men of wealth and social and business distinction. Without organized and generously patronized racing—the patronage of racing would become a negligible thing if the right to gather and disseminate news of it were denied the daily papers—there would be no profitable employment or sale for the produce of thoroughbred stallions and mares that are today bringing in the markets of Great Britain, France and the United States from $2,500 to $250,000 apiece.

With the wiping out of the thoroughbred breeding industry in the United States now happily in a flourishing productive condition, would inevitably pass the last American light horse. Long ago the automobile made unprofitable the production in large numbers of old-fashioned harness and road horses. Racing has steadily maintained a paying market for the thoroughbred and his legitimate offspring, the trotter. Destroy the thoroughbred breeding industry and it will become impossible for the remount service of the army properly to equip with horses the cavalry, artillery and transport arms of the forces of national defense. Without horses of thoroughbred blood the United States would be at a hopeless disadvantage, in a military sense, in any future war with a first, or a second, or even a third class power. There are not enough really serviceable military horses in the United States now for the outfitting of an army of 200,000. Ready verification of these statements may be had from the officers of the remount service in Washington.

In every other well organized country thoroughbred horse racing has the strongest governmental encouragement because experimentation and experience have demonstrated indubitably that racing alone makes possible the production in worth while numbers of the horse best suited in the essential qualities of courage, docility and endurance for military purposes. The Government of the United States could hardly undertake to defray, by an expenditure of money raised by taxing a people already grievously overburdened, the cost of maintaining a breed of horses the votaries of racing, whose numbers run into the hundreds of thousands, are now joyously supporting by their patronage of the race courses.

O'NEIL SEVIER.

New York, June 1, 1920.

Plans of Assemblyman Cuvillier.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The platform of the Republican Party is un-American, not constructive, and negative for the importance of this country after the World War. I shall go to San Francisco demanding the nomination of General John J. Pershing from Missouri as President, and Alfred E. Smith, Governor of the State of New York, as Vice President, both men representing true Americanism, and will insist on an amendment of the Eighteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution so that each State shall vote on this question, electing members of the Legislature, as to the popular will of the people on this question; also for the bonus for soldiers of the World War; for friendly recognition of Ireland as a republic, the same as France recognized the American colonies as free from Great Britain; that labor shall be free at all times to assert its rights and to compel all people in business to become citizens within the shortest time allowed by law; I am opposed to the League of Nations, and believe this country should be prepared at all times with an efficient army and navy.

LOUIS A. CUVILLIER,
Assemblyman, Twentieth District.

New York, June 11, 1920.

Albanian Sentiment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In today's issue of THE TIMES, I read with great interest Charles Upson Clarke's remarks about Koritza (Coritsa) and heartily agree with him when he remarks, "Koritza is strictly an Albanian city." I also lived with the Koritzans for a period of eight months, and can pass an unbiased opinion as to how they feel about the matter. It was always understood by us who served with the French army before the United States entered the war that the Greek boundary line was situated at the town of Bigliota, a distance of about fifty miles from Koritza. This opinion was apparently shared by all troops serving in the Balkans, including the Greeks. Now our Congress wishes to turn this beautiful little Albanian city over to the protecting arms of Greece. The Albanian positively will not submit to the outrage. He will fight for Koritza as he did early in 1917, when, shoulder to shoulder with the Frenchman, he defeated the Bulgars who attempted to pass Lake Ostrova. Congress will, by lack of foresight, start another Balkan war.

FRANK FABIAN FITZ SIMONS.

Plantsville, Conn., June 5, 1920.

The Story of Hi and Ho.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Early astronomy has it recorded how, in the twenty-second century B. C., two Chinese State astronomers named Hi and Ho became intoxicated upon the occasion of an important eclipse, and, consequently, failed to beat their drums and shoot their arrows, at that time nationally invoked to scare away the great dragon supposed to be swallowing the Lord of Day. The story goes that because of the confusion which resulted throughout the empire, Hi and Ho must be put to death. And so, thereafter a fear fell upon all holding this office, to the end that the monster seeking to devour mankind might be ever vigilantly watched to the preservation of the race.

Applying the allegory to modern life, Hi might fitly represent the high cost of living and Ho the profiteers, the public being marked as betwixt and between. Hi, like his predecessor, is drunk with abundance flowing from a horn of plenty, while Ho similarly has become so bibulous as to be unable to calculate the difference between thirty-four-cent sugar in America and five-cent sugar in Peru. As a result darkness covers the land, and great confusion prevails.

The moral is keen with interest, for both Hi and Ho get into the hands of the great executioner.

JOSEPH GREIG.

Trade with Russia?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The editorial, "Trading with Russia," that appeared in THE TIMES June 5 should be read and considered by all who want to restore peace and world trade.

If, as has been stated, the Bolsheviki are almost at the end of their rope and a few months more of their impossible economics will end them, why this effort on the part of some nations and individuals to reopen trade with Soviet Russia, which would only continue Trotzky in power?

Is it possible that any nation or capitalists could be so short-sighted that they cannot see the inevitable effect which must follow, and the indorsement implied because of their present anxiety to trade with Soviet Russia?

DAVIS STRONG.

New York, June 7, 1920.

HOUSE'S VISIT IS NEWS.

French and American Officials in Paris Not Informed of It.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 11.—At the French Foreign Office, it was said today, nothing was known of the visit of Colonel House to Europe. It was said that the French Government had not invited him to any consultation.

At the American Embassy the coming of President Wilson's late adviser was news.

Col. E. M. House, Nathan Straus and Supreme Court Justice Louis D. Brandeis are among the prominent persons sailing today for Europe. Four liners, the Touraine, the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, the Lapland and the Philadelphia will carry full complements of passengers.

Mr. Straus, who has booked passage on the Lapland, will be accompanied by his wife and secretary. He said he expected to attend the Zionist Conference in London next month, following which he would devote his time to spreading propaganda in England in favor of pasteurized milk. He said the high infant death rate in England demonstrated the need of the pasteurization of milk. Mr. Straus will remain abroad several months. He plans to visit Palestine, but may postpone this trip until next Winter.

Colonel House, who will sail with Mrs. House of the same steamer, is quoted as saying his visit abroad was purely personal. He will visit London, Paris and other cities, returning home in September.

HYLAN-CRAIG ROW RENEWED.

Controller Blocks Appropriation for Motors for Police.

Long standing animosity between Mayor Hylan and Controller Charles L. Craig broke out afresh yesterday over several trivial routine matters at the Board of Estimate's weekly meeting. The final rupture came as a result of the Controller's opposition to Police Commissioner Enright's request for an appropriation of $45,150 for motor equipment for the department.

The Controller blocked the appropriation, for the passage of which a unanimous vote was necessary, by voting in the negative on every item. The items included fifty motorcycles, 200 bicycles, eight Ford touring cars and three Cadillac touring cars. The Fords, Commissioner Enright had explained, were for the use of detectives in the districts and the Cadillacs for the use of the Chief Inspector and the department in general.

Commissioner Enright was perturbed at the Controller's action.

"Don't worry, Commissioner," said the Mayor. "Things sometimes go this way."

"There are men walking today for the want of motorcycles," said the Police Commissioner. "If you want the traffic rules enforced you must provide the means to enforce them."

"The Controller's day of running the whole town is over," said the Mayor. "I have worked with a good many men, but never with one so annoying as you," turning to Mr. Craig.

"You'll never have to worry about working with another Controller," replied Mr. Craig.

A public hearing was held on the recommendation of the Committee of City Plan and Public Improvement for closing and discontinuing South Second, South Third and South Fourth Streets from Kent Avenue to the bulkhead line of the East River, and River Street from Grand Street to Kent Avenue, Brooklyn. The request was made by the American Sugar Refining Company in order to build a new refinery. There was a veiled threat that the company would move its plant to some other city if the request were not granted.

A large delegation from the neighborhood opposed the closing of the streets on the ground that the building would cut off the air from the river. Former Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, counsel for the company, and a number of business men of the neighborhood appeared in favor of the project. The decision was postponed for one week.

CHILE NEEDS ROLLING STOCK

Government Seeks to Buy $8,000,000 Worth in This Country.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Chilean Government desires to purchase in the United States $8,000,000 worth of railway rolling stock, and asks for bids on this material, according to advices today to the Chilean Embassy from its Foreign Office. Locomotives, cars and other supplies are included in the transportation equipment desired.

All the railways in Chile are owned by the Government. Little could be done during the war in the way of improving the railroads, and now Chile is anxious to restore them to good condition in order to take care of the growing commerce which that country is handling.

Only a few months ago Chile asked for bids on extensive electrical equipment for the port improvement works at Valparaiso, and when the installation of this modern machinery is completed on the large new docks at that port it will be possible to facilitate the handling of imports and exports.

NEW MISSIONARIES TO DINE.

Will Be Entertained, 251 Strong, at Hotel Astor.

The 251 newly appointed missionaries attending a week's conference for instruction at the Presbyterian Building, 156 Fifth Avenue, will be present at a corporate service tomorrow morning in the University Place Presbyterian Church at Tenth Street and hear a sermon by the Rev. Dr. George Alexander, the pastor, who is President of the Board of Foreign Missions. Monday evening they will be entertained at a dinner in the Hotel Astor by the Presbyterian Social Union of New York City.

Next Wednesday afternoon all the new missionaries will gather in front of the First Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Eleventh Street, to have a group picture taken.

BOOK SALE TOTALS $8,786.

Volume Printed by Franklin Brings $210 Here.

The sale of the library of an unnamed Boston book collector was ended at the Anderson Galleries last evening. E. Wehye paid $800 for a collection of title pages from rare books of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries.

James F. Drake gave $780 for a first edition of "Champ Fleury," illustrated by Geoffrey Tory and printed in 1529. The same bidder obtained for $210 Cicero's "Cato Major," printed by Benjamin Franklin in Philadelphia in 1744. The grand total for the sale is $8,786.

DR. DAY TO PREACH AGAIN.

Markets Commissioner to Return to Labor Temple Pastorate.

The Rev. Dr. Jonathan C. Day, Commissioner of Public Markets, will return to the pastorate of the Presbyterian Labor Temple, Second Avenue and Fourteenth Street, which he resigned to take municipal office. His salary as Commissioner of Markets was $7,500. The church office will pay about $4,000.

Dr. Day will succeed Francis H. Wilbur, who has been associate director under the Church Extension Committee of the Presbytery of New York. When Dr. Day came to New York about eight years ago from a pastorate in Tyrone, Pa., he succeeded the Rev. Charles Stelzle, founder of the Labor Temple.

PRINCETON'S ANNUAL EXERCISES START

Commencement Week Opens with Performance of Triangle Club's "The Isle of Surprise."

ALUMNI THRONGING BACK

Baseball Game with Yale Will Be Feature Today—Program in Detail.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 11.—Princeton's 173d Commencement opened officially at 9 o'clock tonight with the performance of "The Isle of Surprise," by the Triangle Club. The exercises will close with the President's reception Tuesday afternoon.

Twenty-six classes have announced official headquarters and others are being established as rapidly as members arrive. So far the class of 1870, back for its fiftieth reunion, is the oldest to organize, but men of '53 and '55 and other classes that were graduated more than half a century ago are momentarily expected. Every available room in town is occupied and there will be a large overflow of alumni into the dormitories. Reunion tents have been put up on every vacant lot in town. There is a return to the ante-bellum commencement schedules.

The annual sophomore reception will be held in the gymnasium Monday night, and the girls who have arrived for this and the Yale baseball game tomorrow have added a dash of color to the occasion.

The class of 1895 is going to hold a unique reunion. It is their twenty-fifth, and each member of the class is to bring with him some product of his labors. Even a rat poison is to be exhibited, as the President of the company that makes it is a '95 man.

Many graduates arrived last night and they have been inspecting the new memorial hall, recently completed in a section of Nassau Hall in honor of those Princetonians who fell in the war. This memorial was dedicated in February.

For the Yale baseball game on University Field tomorrow every seat in the big grandstand has been sold. Twenty thousand persons are expected to witness the attempt of the Tigers to take their second straight game from the Elis.

Tomorrow at 11 o'clock the nineteenth annual junior oratorical contest will be held in Alexander Hall. At 11:15 the ladies' auxiliary will meet at Prospect, the President's home. At 11:45 the alumni parade will form and the ball game will be called at 3:15. There will be a Princeton Rowing Association review on Lake Carnegie at 5:30. A performance of "The Isle of Surprise" at 9 will complete the day.

On Sunday morning President John Grier Hibben will deliver the sermon at 11 o'clock in Alexander Hall. At 4 in the afternoon the Poe Field will be dedicated in honor of John Prentiss Poe, of the class of 1895. He was better known as "Johnny" and was one of the great Poes of Princeton football history. Within the next few days a bronze tablet imbedded in rock will be placed on the field in his honor. The commencement organ recital will take place at 4:30 in Procter Hall at the Graduate College.

Monday's schedule follows: 9:15, annual meeting of the Phi Beta Kappa Society; 10:15, annual meeting of the American Whig and American Cliosophic Societies; 10:45, opening exercises, Alexander Hall; 11, commencement meeting of the Board of Trustees; 12, class ivy exercises, Nassau Hall; 3:30, cannon exercises; 8:15, Glee Club concert; 10, sophomore reception. Monday is Class Day.

The commencement will take place Tuesday at 11:30 in Alexander Hall. The alumni trustees will be elected at 12, and at 12:45 the alumni luncheon will be held. The President's reception will follow at 4 o'clock.

BAKER NAMES ARMY BOARDS.

They Will Prepare Lists for Reorganization Under the New Law.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Secretary Baker today announced the appointment of boards to prepare eligible and promotion lists for the reorganization of the army under the new Army Reorganization law.

A board consisting of General Pershing, Major Gens. McAndrew, Sturgis, Brig. Gens. Muir and Hines and Colonel Kenyon A. Joyce will meet here June 20 to prepare an initial list of officers eligible for General Staff duty. To be placed on the General Staff eligible list officers must have been graduated from the Army Staff College or Army War College before July 1, 1917, and have been recommended for duty as commander or chief of staff of a division or higher tactical unit, or for detail to the General Staff corps, or they must be officers who since April 6, 1917, have commanded a division or higher tactical unit, or by actual service in the World War have demonstrated that they are qualified for General Staff duty.

The board to prepare an eligible list for Brigadier Generals will consist of Lieut. Gen. Hunter Liggett, Lieut. Gen. Robert L. Bullard, Major Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, Major Gen. James G. Harbord, Major Gen. Charles P. Summerall and Captain George A. Lynch, General Staff, recorder. This board will meet in Washington June 15. Under the law Brigadier Generals must be appointed from officers of the grade of Colonel of the line, and this board will make up an eligible list. This board may place on the eligible list in addition any officers of the line of not less than twenty-two years' commissioned service.

Another board to prepare a promotion list, to meet June 14, was appointed as follows:

Colonel Walter H. Gordon, infantry; Colonel Frank M. Caldwell, cavalry; Colonel W. S. McNair, field artillery; Colonel J. C. Gilmore, Jr., C. A. C.; Colonel Charles Keller, Corps of Engineers; Colonel W. S. Wood, Quartermaster Corps, and Captain T. M. Spaulding, General Staff, recorder.

A classification board, to meet June 1, was also appointed. It consists of Lieut. Gen. Robert L. Bullard, Major Gen. J. F. Morrison, Major Gen. C. P. Summerall, Major Gen. John Biddle, Major Gen. C. W. Read, Brig. Gen. C. J. Bailey and Major W. H. Dodds, field artillery, recorder.

This board will classify officers as (a) to be retained in the service and (b) as those who should not be retained in the service.

CUTS TIME TO BUENOS AIRES

Huron's Arrival Is Celebrated in South American Capital.

BUENOS AIRES, June 10.—The arrival of the United States Shipping Board steamer Huron on June 4, after a voyage of nineteen and one-half days from New York, was celebrated today with a luncheon aboard the vessel which was attended by representatives of the North American colony, prominent Argentinians, including Mayor Cantilo of Buenos Aires and representatives of Uruguay and Brazil. Frederic J. Stimson, Ambassador of the United States to Argentina, Dr. Ricardo Aldao, member of the Argentine delegation to the Pan American Financial Congress at Washington, and Captain Corkum, commander of the Huron, were the principal speakers.

The Huron, which is described as the finest merchant ship under the flag of the United States that ever entered Buenos Aires harbor, will sail for New York Saturday. The passengers will include Manuel Gondra, President-elect of Paraguay, who is going to Washington to bring back his family.

SUGAR PROMISED FOR SAVING CROPS

Refiners Agree to Provide 34,000,000 Pounds for Canners and Preservers.

"FLYING SQUADRON" AIDS

Arrangements to Prevent Loss of Fruits and Vegetables Made at Conference with A. W. Riley.

The sugar requirements of the commercial canners and preservers for the 1920 season will be met by the four big refineries—American, National, Arbuckle and Warner—through the efforts of A. W. Riley, Chief of the "Flying Squadron." Representatives of the refineries, at a conference with Mr. Riley yesterday afternoon, agreed to allocate 17,000,000 pounds of sugar to the canners for five months, June to October, both inclusive, and a similar amount to the preservers for a six-month period. Earlier in the day representatives of the canners and preservers called on Mr. Riley and told him that a careful survey had indicated that each industry would require 17,000,000 pounds of sugar to tide them over the crop season to October.

The refineries, while agreeing to allocate the sugar, emphasized the lack of proper transportation facilities. They told Mr. Riley that they were willing to fill the orders of every essential industry, but said carriers were insufficient.

At the conference were R. H. Parker, W. Edward Foster, and Edward F. Crossmore of the American Sugar Refining Company; James H. Post and C. D. Bruyn, President of the National Sugar Refining Company; Max Cross of the Arbuckle Company and R. L. Wemple, Vice President of the Warner Sugar Refining Company.

There was also a conference on the sugar situation yesterday morning between Mr. Riley and Manuel Rionda, A. H. Lamborn and E. L. Lueder, sugar dealers, who constitute a committee representing the wholesale dealers and brokers.

In the United States District Court yesterday Judge Augustus N. Hand sustained the demurrers to indictments procured by agents of the "flying squadron," charging the Eugene A. Sullivan Company, Inc., Eugene A. Sullivan and Andrew Spada, produce merchants, with violating the Lever Act by profiteering in the sale of potatoes. Judge Hand explained that the indictments did not specify whether the defendants made any profit in dealing with the potatoes. The fact that the indictments specified the price paid for the potatoes and the price at which they were sold was not deemed sufficient by the court.

NEW 5TH AVENUE HOSPITAL.

Plans Are Filed for $3,000,000 Building at 105th Street.

Plans were filed yesterday for an eleven-story fireproof hospital on the east side of Fifth Avenue, between 105th and 106th Streets. The building, which will be known as the Fifth Avenue Hospital, will cost approximately $3,000,000. It will be built in the shape of a cross, affording plenty of light and ventilation to the 320 rooms.

"The plan of construction has been made primarily to take care of the great middle class who desire private rooms but who cannot afford to pay expensive rates," Dr. Wiley E. Woodbury, Superintendent of the hospital, said last night. "Every room will be an outside room."

The Fifth Avenue Hospital is a consolidation of the Hahnemann and Laura Franklin Hospitals.

Emile Vatable.

Emile Vatable, a member of the firm of H. A. Vatable & Son, 10 Hanover Square, which was founded by his father, Henri A. Vatable, died yesterday at his new residence, 1,125 Madison Avenue, following several months' of ill health that ended in an affection of the heart. Mr. Vatable was 79 years old and a graduate of St. John's College, Fordham. His family has long been well known in the social life of the city and for many years Mr. Vatable was a liberal patron of sport, being noted himself in his younger days as a crack shot. He had a country residence at Cape Vincent, N. Y. Jules J. Vatable is a nephew.

Weds Nigel Cholmeley-Jones Today.

The wedding of Miss Henrietta H. B. Sturgis, daughter of Mrs. Robert Sturgis of this city, and Nigel Cholmeley-Jones of New York, will take place today at noon in St. Paul's Church, Cheltenham, Pa. The wedding breakfast will follow the church ceremony at Laburnums, Chelton Hills, Pa., the Summer home of the bride's mother. Mr. Cholmeley-Jones gave his bachelor dinner last night at the Racquet and Tennis Club in Philadelphia.

Reynolds-Thorndike.

The marriage is announced of Miss Madeline Thorndike, daughter of Mrs. Lulu L. Thorndike of 461 Fort Washington Avenue, and Stanley C. Reynolds, son of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Reynolds of Dover, N. H., which took place last Wednesday. The bride is a graduate of the Horace Mann School, this city. Mr. Reynolds is a graduate of Dartmouth College, class of '16, and enlisted in the navy during the war.

Miss Straus to Wed Dr. Levy June 29

Dr. Robert Levy and Miss Beatrice N. Straus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse I. Straus of 399 Park Avenue, obtained a marriage license yesterday at the Municipal Building. They will be married on June 29 at Mount Kisco. Miss Straus is a granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus, and a grand niece of Oscar Straus and Nathan Straus. Dr. Levy is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Levy of this city, and is connected with the Rockefeller Institute. Their engagement was announced in April.

Wylie-Brown Wedding June 16.

Miss Amelia Crane Brown of Newark, N. J., and Herbert George Wylie, General Manager of the Mexican Petroleum Company, will be married on June 16, at the West End Presbyterian Church.

They obtained their marriage license yesterday. Miss Brown gave her age as 46, and Mr. Wylie said he was 52. He is a widower and resides at the Hotel Plaza. Miss Brown's father, Charles Brown, lived in Newark for many years.

Miss Shirley Carter Engaged.

Mrs. Vaulx Carter of Brooklyn, formerly of Upper Montclair, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Shirley Virginia Carter, to Charles Loomis Funnell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Funnell of Hempstead, L. I.

Miss Carter is the granddaughter of Mrs. Walter B. Moore, and the niece of Major Gen. William H. Carter, U. S. A., of Washington and Virginia. Mr. Funnell graduated from Cornell, class of '16, and is a member of the Cornell Club, this city. During the war he served in the navy flying corps.

Unger-Heilbrun Engagement.

Mrs. Herman J. Unger of 72 East Ninetieth Street, has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Hortense Unger, to Maurice Heilbrun, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Heilbrun. Miss Unger graduated last year from Hunter College, and has been in social service work since then. Mr. Heilbrun served twenty-one months overseas in the navy during the war.

Hudson River Music School Benefit.

Mrs. Franklin Q. Brown is giving the use of Llewellyn Hall, the private theatre at Springhurst, her place at Dobbs Ferry, for a musical, to be followed by tea and dancing, this afternoon. The affair will be for the benefit of the Hudson River Music School and the children, under the direction of Miss Winifred Rogers, will appear in the musical program. The Misses Florence Clendenin, Margaret de Forest, Helen Havemeyer and Sylvia Brown will assist at the tea table.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Estelle Barbour Stillman and Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor, whose engagement was announced recently, will be married quietly the latter part of June in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church. The date of the wedding is to be announced shortly. Mrs. Stillman is the widow of George S. Stillman of this city.

Edward Roscoe Mathews is giving a dinner dance on Saturday, June 26, at the Turf and Field Club, Belmont Park, to introduce his daughter, Miss Esther Mathews, who has recently completed her studies in Paris. Mr. Mathews has taken a cottage at Syosset, L. I., for the season.

The Consul General of Switzerland and Mrs. Louis H. Junod entertained at dinner last night for Marc Peter, the Swiss Minister to the United States, who is sailing today for Europe on the Auguste Victoria.

Thomas Powers of 850 Park Avenue is leaving today for Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Augustus Jay of New York and Washington arrived from Rome on the Patria. Mr. Jay has been serving as Counselor at the American Embassy in Rome.

Miss Elizabeth Jordan of 36 Gramercy Park is spending a week at Atlantic City.

Mrs. Austen Gray gave a luncheon yesterday at Delmonico's, also Henry Watson and Miss Juliette Crosby of Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. John B. Warden of 270 Park Avenue will not return to New York as they had planned, but will spend the season at Beauville, and open their villa at Nice in the Autumn.

The Columbia Yacht Club is celebrating its opening today, and there will be dancing at 8:30 o'clock tonight at the clubhouse.

Mrs. Payne Whitney will open her house, Greentree, at Manhasset, L. I., on June 12, for a fair and tea in aid of the Babies' Milk Fund of the Nassau County Association.

Washington.

The Cuban Minister and Mme. de Cespedes entertained at a dinner last evening at their legation in compliment to the Secretary of State and Mrs. Colby. The additional guests were the Spanish Ambassador and Senora de Riano, the Ambassador of Brazil, the Postmaster General and Mrs. Burleson, the Secretary of the Interior, the Minister of Sweden and Mrs. Ekengren, the Minister of Venezuela, the Minister of Uruguay and Mme. Varela, the Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission and Mrs. McChord, the Counselor of the Polish Legation and Madame Pulaska, Mrs. Julian James, Mrs. Teresa Long, sister of the American Minister to Cuba; Mme. de Gama, Mrs. MacFarland, Miss Wells, Dr. L. S. Rowe, Chief of the Latin-American Division, Mr. Stadler, formerly of the State Department, the First Secretary of the Cuban Legation and Mrs. Padro, and the Commercial Attache of the Legation and Mrs. Bonet.

Mrs. Colby and the Misses Colby will leave next week for their Summer home on Long Island, where the Secretary will join them as official business permits.

The Swiss Minister, M. Marc Peter, has gone to New York to sail today for home. On his return after a short stay, Minister Peter will be accompanied by his wife and children who will go to one of the New England resorts for the remainder of the Summer.

Breckinridge Long has resigned as Third Assistant Secretary of State, and with Mrs. Long has gone to St. Louis. Later they will occupy their Summer home at Nantucket.

Mrs. Cromwell Brooks will leave town Monday for Detroit to attend the marriage of her brother, James Cromwell, and Miss Delphine Dodge on June 17. Mrs. Brooks expects to keep her Washington house open until July 10, when she will sail for Europe.

Mrs. Frederick A. Delano yesterday closed her house in Sixteenth Street for the Summer. She will visit her daughter, Mrs. James Lawrence Houghtling, Jr., in Chicago, prior to going to York Harbor, Me.

Colonel and Mrs. James Walsh, who have been living in New York for the last year, are temporarily with Mrs. Walsh's aunt, Mrs. Charles Gray Mathews, 1,500 Sixteenth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Caspar Miller have closed their Virginia home and are now en route to California for the Summer.

Mrs. Frank L. Polk, wife of the Under-Secretary of State, left last evening with her children. After a brief stay in New York she will go to Manchester, Mass., where she will be joined later by Mr. Polk. They have taken a house at Manchester for the Summer.

Miss Natalie Dulles, daughter of the Rev. Allen Dulles of Auburn, N. Y., who is one of the younger belles who entered the training school of Walter Reed Hospital during the war to take up the profession of nursing, is on a short vacation with her sister in New York prior to going on duty on a hospital ship.

Newport.

Mrs. W. Alexander of New York, Mrs. Crabbe and the Misses Crabbe of Tom's River, N. J., and E. S. Hammond of New York are at the Muenchinger King.

The Misses Woodward, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. William Woodward, have arrived at the Cloisters.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander J. Bruen have arrived at the Bookstaver cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Fred Pierson, Jr., are expected at their Summer home in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Widener, who occupied Fairlawn, the Burden estate, last Summer, are not expected this season and the place is to be occupied by Miss Evelyn Burden and Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden.

Elisha Dyer will arrive at Wayside on Monday.

Mrs. John Nicholas Brown has again been elected President of the Newport Civic League, a position she has held since the organization first started.

Captain George B. Lendenberger, Captain William K. Riddle and Commander William V. Tomb have gone to New York.

Commodore and Mrs. J. P. Morgan have left for New York on the Corsair.

Rear Admiral William S. Sims is a tennis enthusiast and plays whenever he has a chance. He was a member of the team from the Naval War College officers which today played the St. George School boys. The boys won all but one of the matches.

Hot Springs, Va.

Mrs. Thornton Lewis and a party of nine motored over from White Sulphur Springs yesterday for luncheon at the Homestead.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar H. Bright and Mrs. Elinor Bright have arrived from New Orleans and are at their cottage, Brightview, for the Summer months.

Mrs. Hunt Slater of New York and Washington is at one of the Homestead cottages, which she has taken for the Summer season.

Nelson Dougherty arrived yesterday from New York to join his mother, Mrs. William H. Dougherty, and his sister, Miss Nanno Dougherty, who have been here the last fortnight.

Winn J. Foss of Buffalo and A. C. F. Kelezer of Pittsburgh were among the arrivals of yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Aglar Cook of New York, who are at the Homestead on their honeymoon, were among the colonists driving yesterday to the Cascades and Healing Springs.

Mrs. Richardson Metcalf Johnson and her daughter, Miss Caroline Johnson, of Hallowell, Me., drove yesterday through Germantown Gap and stopped at The Oaks on their return to the Homestead.

Miss Conover to Wed C. H. Beasley

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 11.—The Rev. and Mrs. James Potter Conover, who are at their Summer home, Coedmawr, on Indian Avenue, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Eleanor Stewart Conover, to Chauncey Haven Beasley of Summit, N. J. No date has been set for the wedding but it may be a Summer event. Mr. Beasley was a member of the coast artillery during the war and is a grandson of Chief Justice Mercer Beasley of New Jersey.

MERCURY AT 90 TIES JUNE 11 HEAT RECORD

Heat Wave Results in Two Deaths, Two Prostrations and Injury to Child.

HEAVY DOWNPOUR IN SPOTS

Miniature Cloudburst Accompanied by Thunder—Continued Warm Today Predicted.

Yesterday equaled the heat record for any June 11. It was 90 at 6 o'clock and at 7 o'clock, after which the temperature fell slowly. The records of the Weather Bureau show only one previous June 11 when the temperature reached 90, that being in 1894. The Weather Bureau predicted that the heat would continue today, although hope was held out that it might not reach the same peak.

The hot spell was broken in the middle of the afternoon by a thunderstorm, accompanied by a short-lived but terrific downpour which fell in an irregular pattern over the city. It resembled a small cloudburst for half a minute in the Times Square section, and was heavy above 100th Street, but it missed lower Manhattan and parts of Brooklyn. There was no rainfall near the Whitehall Building, where the Weather Bureau is situated. The cooling effect of the rain did not last long, and the temperature rose afterward until, after reaching 90 at 6 o'clock and continuing there until 7 o'clock, it began to decline slowly.

While in First Avenue, near Fifty-third Street, late last night, John J. Boyd, 45 years old, an engineer on Blackwell's Island, collapsed. A patrolman called Dr. Stratte of Metropolitan Hospital, but the man was dead before he arrived. Death is believed to have been due to heart disease brought on by the heat.

The heat resulted in two prostrations in Manhattan. It indirectly resulted in the death of one child and serious injury to another. Solomon Strum, 18 months old, of 1,137 Forest Avenue, the Bronx, fell out of a first floor window at that address, after being placed near the window to cool off. The child died in Lincoln Hospital. Annie Mooney, 15 months old, fell in the same way from a window on the second floor at 280 East Avenue and was taken to Harlem Hospital, suffering from a fractured skull.

Wires were broken down in some parts of Long Island, but the telephone company reported the inconveniences to it as slight and that its service was practically normal.

AUTOS KILL THREE, ONE ON SIDEWALK

Mrs. Susie Toerner Is Crushed Against Building at 156th Street and Third Avenue.

Two women and an 8-year-old boy were killed by automobiles in the city yesterday and six others were injured, none of them seriously.

Mrs. Susie Toerner of 875 Tinton Avenue, the Bronx, was instantly killed when an automobile owned and operated by John Citraini of 2,434 Cambreling Avenue, the Bronx, crushed her against a building at 156th Street and Third Avenue yesterday afternoon. According to witnesses, Citriani was driving down Third Avenue, and, swerving to avoid collision with a truck, hit an elevated pillar and rebounded on to the sidewalk, where Mrs. Toerner was standing.

Mrs. Sarah J. Bedford, 54 years old, of 300 Third Avenue, died in Bellevue Hospital of a fractured skull received when she was run down last night in front of her home by a commercial automobile owned and driven by Nicholas Maratino, of 250 East 136th Street, the Bronx.

Joseph Gualco, 8 years old, of 27 Mulberry Street, was struck and instantly killed by an automobile owned by the White Motor Car Company at the corner of Mulberry and Bayard Streets. Louis Laguoria of Belmore, L. I., was the chauffeur.

Mrs. James Gilmour Dead at 104.

MONTREAL, June 11.—Mrs. James Gilmour, reputed to be the oldest woman in Canada, died today at 104.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM GALT HILL, 45 years old, a sales agent in the state business at 70 Wall Street, died in the Peck Memorial Hospital on Tuesday after an operation. His home was at 4 Remsen Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. ROSE REA SNIFFEN, widow of Edward Warren Sniffen, a manufacturer of harness and a resident of Brooklyn for sixty years, died on Wednesday at her home, 80 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, in her eighty-third year.

Mrs. JEAN ADELAIDE MacKRELL, wife of Edwin A. MacKrell, a civil engineer, and a daughter of John F. Porter, who was connected with the Importers and Traders' National Bank, died at her home in Rutherford, N. J., on Wednesday. She was born in Brooklyn twenty-eight years ago.

Mrs. ANNIE McKNIGHT HILLMAN, an active member of the Ocean Parkway Methodist Episcopal Church in Brooklyn and a resident of that borough for thirty years, died at her home, 1,716 Forty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday. She was the wife of Henry Van Arsdale Hillman.

Mrs. NETTIE M. WOOD, wife of Samuel M. Wood, a civil war veteran and a former resident of Brooklyn, died on Thursday at Elizabeth, N. J. Mrs. Wood was born in Brooklyn fifty-seven years ago.

Dr. WILLIAM W. ARMSTRONG, for nineteen years in practice on the west side, died Wednesday at his home, 253 West Thirty-ninth Street, at the age of 50. He was a brother of Dr. Joseph Armstrong, who was killed last Fall in an accident in the Belgian Congo while on an expedition for the Smithsonian Institution.

LESTER F. KENNELL, of Rochester, an instructor in the College of Arts and Sciences at Cornell, was drowned Thursday while fishing near Ithaca.

Mrs. FRANCIS ANTOINETTE BENJAMIN JOHNSTON, one of the first women correspondents in Washington, who also wrote articles for The Baltimore Sun as "Ione," died Thursday at her home, 163 Lexington Avenue, aged 83 years.

JOHN EDWARD WALKER, for sixteen years office manager for Benjamin McCabe & Brother, 19 West Eighteenth Street, died yesterday in the Norwegian Hospital, South Brooklyn.

FRANCIS CRUMP LUCAS, head of F. C. Lucas & Co., investment brokers at 120 Broadway, died suddenly Thursday of apoplexy, aged 51 years, at his home in Leonia, N. J. He was a graduate of Harvard in 1892. Services will be held Sunday afternoon at his birthplace, Columbus, Ind.

Mrs. ALICE PREBLE DE HAAS CARPENDER, wife of William Carpender of 1 East Forty-ninth Street, died yesterday at her residence. She was a member of the Colonial Dames, and before her marriage to Mr. de Haas was Miss Alice P. Tucker.

GEORGE H. HASLETON, for the last twelve years a locomotive inspector on the New York Central, for which road he worked for fifty-three years, died last night at his home in Mount Vernon.

Miss CHARLOTTE HOLT, a granddaughter of two revolutionary soldiers, died yesterday at the age of 92 at New London, Conn.

Captain ALBERT EARL, of an army transport, died yesterday, aged 82 years, at his home in New London, Conn.

Captain DANIEL T. MURPHY, 60 years old, for many years station agent at Scotland, Conn., died at his home there yesterday of pneumonia. He was an organizer of the New England Milk Producers' Union.

ALEXANDER TAYLOR MASON, whose town house is at 28 West Seventy-first Street, died yesterday at Premium Point, New Rochelle. He was a graduate of Trinity in 1881 and belonged to the Century Association, the Downtown and Republican Clubs. His father was the late Rev. Arthur Mason, and his widow was Miss Susanne Lee. Services will be held Monday morning at 10:30 at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, at Park Avenue and Fiftieth Street.

ROSA RAND, an actress well known many years ago when she was associated with Edwin Booth and Joseph Jefferson, died Thursday in Baltimore. She was a member of the cast of "As You Like It" at Ford's Theatre, Washington, in 1871. In private life she was Mrs. Arthur Haynes.

THOMAS S. OLLIVE DEAD.

Vice President of National Biscuit Co. Dies Suddenly at 85.

Thomas S. Ollive, vice president and director of the National Biscuit Company, died suddenly yesterday morning at his residence, 23 West Seventy-fourth Street. He was born in Liverpool, England, eighty-five years ago, came to this country as a child and spent his entire business life in biscuit manufacturing. He was president of the Brinckerhoff Company, that later became the New York Biscuit Company before the formation of the National.

Though going less frequently to his office Mr. Ollive was an active official until the day of his death. He was a trustee of the Church of the Divine Paternity at Seventy-sixth Street and Central Park West.

Louis M. Porter.

Louis M. Porter of the Far East Trading Company of London died suddenly Thursday of pneumonia at his apartments in the Hotel Chatham, where he had been living for six weeks during a business visit to this country. Mr. Porter was born in New York and was a graduate of Yale, but of recent years had made his home at 8 Clarges Street, London. He was a son of Charles Talbot Porter, the engineer whose work on the high-speed steam engine won the John Fritz medal in 1908. Mr. Porter was a Director of the American Chamber of Commerce in London and a member of the Pilgrim and American Clubs there.

Whitfield Price Pressinger.

Whitfield Price Pressinger, Vice President and General Manager of the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company of 6 East 44th Street, having been with the concern since boyhood, died late Thursday night in Roosevelt Hospital in his forty-ninth year. He was an authority on compressed air and a protege of Charles M. Schwab, who will be one of the honorary pallbearers at the funeral tomorrow afternoon at St. Stephen's Church in West 69th Street. Among his clubs were the Lawyers, New York Athletic, New York, and Railroad.

Isaac Anderson.

Isaac Anderson, a retired banker and real estate operator of this city, died last night at the age of 83 at his home, 245 Elm Street, New Rochelle. He was the founder and at various times cashier of five banks, including the Old Bull's Head Bank, Old Grand Central Bank, Harlem Bank, and the Old Twelfth Ward Bank, being cashier of the Harlem Bank on his retirement. For a time he was associated with Henry Morgenthau. In the civil war he was a corporal in the 22d Regiment, N. Y. N. G.

Engaged.

ABRAMSON—SONET—Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Sonet of 492 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Dora B. Sonet, to Mr. Harry Abramson of 445 Pulaski St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FINKELSTEIN—WORMSER—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Finkelstein, 966 Whitlock Av., Bronx, announce the engagement of their son, Irving Finkelstein, to Miss Sophie Wormser, Jeanerett, La., on June 6.

Married.

CARTER—MORGAN—On June 9, 1920, at the residence of the bride's parents, Albert Lea, Minn., Kenneth Woodruff Carter, son of Galen A. Carter of Stamford, Conn., and Miss Barbara Jeannette Morgan, daughter of the Hon. Henry A. Morgan.

Died.

ANDERSON—Isaac, on Thursday, June 10, 1920, at his residence, New Rochelle, N. Y., aged 83, beloved husband of Sarah Nestell. Funeral private. California papers please copy.

ARMSTRONG—William W., M. D., on June 9. Services The Funeral Church (Campbell Building), Broadway 66th St., Saturday, June 12, at 2 P. M.

ATWOOD—On Wednesday, June 9, at his residence, Richmond Hill, L. I., Charles Gray, husband of Caroline Cassels Atwood, in the 80th year of his age. Funeral private. Cleveland (Ohio) papers please copy.

BRUMMER—Friday, June 11, Sadie R., beloved wife of Ralph Brummer and sister of Jeanette Kessler of Oakland, Cal. Funeral services at chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 159 West 120th St., Sunday at 2 P. M. San Francisco and Oakland (Cal.) papers copy.

BULLIONS—On Friday, June 11, 1920, Letitia Anderson Caldwell, wife of Samuel S. Bullions. Funeral services at her late residence, 380 State St., Albany, N. Y., on Sunday afternoon, June 13, at 3 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

BURNS—At Newark, N. J., June 10, 1920, Mary C. Byers, widow of Thomas Burns, in her 82d year. Funeral Monday at 2:30 P. M., from her late home, 152 Clinton Av. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

CARPENDER—On Friday, June 11, 1920, Alice Preble de Haas, wife of William Carpender, at her residence, 1 East 49th St., New York City. Funeral services will be held at the Church of St. John Evangelist, New Brunswick, N. J., on Monday, June 14, at 11:30 A. M.

CHURCHILL—At Garfield Hospital, Washington, D. C., on Wednesday, June 9, after a long illness, William Churchill, late of New York City. Funeral services at 332 Pennsylvania Av., Saturday morning, June 12, at 11 o'clock.

CLAWSON—On Thursday, June 10, 1920, Benjamin F., husband of Anna Amelia Clawson. Funeral service at his late home, 311 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon at 12:30. New Brunswick (N. J.) papers please copy.

CORNISH—Gladys Zuill, wife of Gilbert M. Cornish, on Wednesday, June 9, 1920, at Overlook Hospital, Summit, N. J. Funeral services at her late residence at Gillette, N. J., on Saturday, at 2:45 P. M. (new time). Interment at convenience of family.

DAVID—On June 10, aged 52 years, Rose Stern, beloved wife of Charles David and devoted sister of Mrs. M. J. Aschheim and Morris Stern of San Antonio, Texas. Funeral services Sunday, 2 P. M., at residence, 45 West 110th St., Brooklyn. Paterson and San Antonio (Texas) papers please copy.

DELPEI—John Peter, beloved husband of Mary B. and father of Charles S., at his residence, 430 3d St., Carlstadt, N. J., June 10, aged 68 years. Funeral Sunday, 2 P. M., from late residence.

DUNCAN—On June 10, Ann Duncan, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Samuel Hughes, 944 6th Av., New York. Funeral service on Saturday, June 12, 8:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

EATON—In New Haven, Conn., June 10, 1920, Julia Henrietta Eaton, wife of George F. Eaton and daughter of the late T. F. Hammer. Funeral service will be held at her late home, 50 Sachem St., New Haven, on Saturday afternoon, June 12, at 3 o'clock.

GARVIN—Frederick W., of East Orange, N. J., and Canaan, Conn., son of the late John Garvin of Toronto, Ont., on June 11, in his sixtieth year. Funeral services at the residence, Canaan, Conn., Sunday at 2 P. M.

GOEPEL—At Albany, N. Y., June 10, Charles Frederick, in his 43d year, beloved husband of Edith, and son of the late Charles Frederick and Clara H. Goepel. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Company, 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Sunday, 2 o'clock.

HANNAN—On June 11, John J. Hannan, beloved son of Bridget and the late Benjamin Hannan. Funeral from his late residence, 500 West 175th St., Monday, June 14, 9:30 A. M.; thence to Church of Incarnation, 175th St. and St. Nicholas Av., where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated. Interment St. Raymond's.

HUBBARD—On June 11, 1920, Elizabeth Hubbard, aged 44 years. Funeral from her late residence, 438 West 124th St., Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

JINISHIAN—At his residence, 378 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., June 9, Rev. Harutune Jinishian. Funeral services at his late residence, Saturday, June 12, at 2:30, city time. New York, New Haven & Hartford train leaving Grand Central Station, lower level, at 12:27, standard time (1:27 city time). Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

KESSELER—Anthony A., son of the late Dr. and Mrs. Aloysius Kesseler, June 11, at the home of his brother, Boston, Mass. Funeral private. St. Agnes's Church, East 43d St., Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

KILGALON—June 10, James Kilgalon, beloved husband of the late Mary J. Kilgalon (nee Nally). Funeral Monday, 9 A. M., from his late residence, 575 West 175th St. Requiem mass 9:30 A. M. at The Church of the Incarnation, 175th St., near St. Nicholas Av. Interment Calvary.

LANG—George, age 25, beloved husband of Mollie, and fond son of Christian and dear brother of Charlotte, Fred and Ida. Funeral services at E. C. Waldeck's Funeral Parlor, 330 West 22d St., Saturday, 2:30 P. M.

LEHMANN—E. A., on Friday, June 11, at his home, 341 Oakland Av., West New Brighton, S. I. Funeral private.

LEPPER—Mary, beloved mother of Misses Annie and Mamie Lepper and Mrs. Kate E. Volz, passed on to her eternal home June 11, 1920. Funeral service in Christ's Church (German), 19th St., near 1st Av., Sunday at 2:30 P. M.

LEWIS—Thomas Dorland, at Fulton, N. Y., June 11. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LIGHTNER—On June 10, 1920, in Malden, Mass., Mary Shirley, daughter of Milton C. and Margaret Griffin Lightner. Detroit and Boston papers please copy.

LUCAS—Suddenly, from a stroke of apoplexy at Leonia, N. J., on Thursday, June 10, 1920, Francis Crump Lucas, husband of Jessie Lincoln Ballard Lucas, in his 52d year. Funeral services and interment at Columbus, Ind., on Sunday, June 13, 1920.

McCLURE—On June 11, Frederick Bartholomew, at the home of his sister, Mrs. Charles Van Mater, Atlantic Highlands, N. J. Funeral private.

MASON—At Premium Point, New Rochelle, N. Y., on June 11, Alexander Taylor Mason, husband of Susanne Lee Mason and son of Amelia C. and the late Rev. Arthur Mason. Funeral service to be held at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Park Av. and 50th St., on Monday, June 14, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Woodlawn. Boston papers please copy.

MICHAEL—Very suddenly, on June 9, at Madison, Wis., Mary Lisle McCollom, beloved wife of Louis G. Michael and daughter of the late James Tainter and Emma Brown McCollom of Troy, Pa. Funeral services at Madison, Wis., and Hastings, Mich.

MILLER—On Thursday, June 10, 1920, at Hudson, N. Y., Peyton F. Miller. Funeral at his late residence, 355 Allen St., Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private.

MOLLER—Suddenly, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. O. H. Hinck, 86 Christopher St., Montclair, N. J., Eunice R., beloved wife of the late Jost Moller. Funeral services at St. John's Episcopal Church, Montclair Av. and Chestnut St., Saturday, June 12, on arrival of train leaving Jersey City (Erie R. R.) 2 o'clock for Montclair station. Kindly omit flowers.

MORAN—On Thursday, Jan. 10, 1920, Daniel J. Moran, beloved husband of the late Annie Moran (nee Finn). Funeral from his late residence, 11 State St., on Monday, June 14, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Peter's Church, Barclay St., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul.

MULLER—John Emil, beloved brother of Veronica and A. C. Muller, on June 10, in his 51st year. Services Sunday, June 13, 2 P. M., at Comfort Funeral Parlor, 14 East 39th St.

NEWBOLD—In Philadelphia, Pa., suddenly, on June 10, Arthur Emlen, son of the late John S. Newbold, Esq., in the 61st year of his age. Funeral service at St. Paul's Church, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, Pa., Saturday, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

OLLIVE—Suddenly, Friday morning, June 11, 1920, Thomas S. Ollive. Funeral services at his late residence, 23 West 74th St., Monday, at 11 A. M. Interment private.

PITKIN—Departed this life June 11, 1920, at the Grafton Hotel, Julia Jaggar Pitkin, widow of the late Walter Stanley Pitkin of Washington, D. C. Interment in Boston, Mass.

PORTER—Louis M., beloved husband of Louise T. Porter, on June 10, at Chatham Hotel. Services The Funeral Church (Campbell Building), Broadway at 66th St., Saturday, June 12, at 10 A. M. Interment Philadelphia, Pa. Secretary of American Chamber of Commerce of London, England.

PRESSINGER—On June 5, Whitfield P. Pressinger. Now at the residence of Albert Newcomb, 70 East 77th St. Funeral services St. Stephen's Episcopal Church, West 69th St., east of Broadway, on Sunday, June 13, 2 P. M. Chicago papers please copy.

RATH—June 7, August F. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Saturday, 7:30 P. M.

RICH—Herman, on June 11, 1920, in his 57th year, beloved husband of Paula and father of Julia, and brother of Alexander, Morris, Frank and Sarah. Funeral Sunday, June 13, at 2:30 P. M., from his late residence, 300 South 20th St., Flushing, L. I. Interment Mount Hebron Cemetery, Flushing.

ROBECK—Samuel, beloved father of Hilda and Clarence, on Friday, June 11, 1920. Notice of funeral in Sunday's paper. Members invited of Aryeh Lodge, No. 6, I. O. F. S. of I.; Manhattan Council, No. 217, R. A.; Empire City Fraternal Association.

SEELY—On Thursday, June 10, 1920, Henry S. Seely. Funeral at the Greenville Reformed Church, Scarsdale, N. Y., on Saturday, June 12, at 2 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of 12:20 P. M. train from Grand Central Terminal, daylight-saving time.

SNIFFEN—On Thursday, June 10, 1920, Rose Rea, widow of Edward Warren Sniffen, in her 83d year. Funeral services will be held at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, Saturday, June 12, 1920, at 2:30 P.M.

SURFACE—The Technical Association of the Pulp and Paper Industry announces with deep regret the death of Henry Hart Surface, Chairman of its Committee on Bibliography, which occurred in a train wreck near Scotia, N. Y., Wednesday, June 9, 1920. Funeral services were held at his late home in Washington, D. C., Friday, June 11, 1920.

Thomas J. Keenan, Secretary.

THALHEIM—Sadie (nee Lehmann), on June 11, 1920. Funeral services at Fisk's Funeral Parlor, 227 Lenox Av., 10:30 A. M., Sunday, June 13.

VALUE—Beverly Reid, suddenly, at St. Luke's Hospital, June 10, 1920. Funeral services at Christ Church, Broadway and 71st St., on Saturday, June 12, at 2 P. M. Interment private, at Evergreen Cemetery, Elizabeth, N. J.

VALUE—The General Contractors Association announces with deepest sorrow the death of Beverly R. Value, President of the association, on Thursday, June 10, 1920. Members are requested to attend the funeral services at Christ Church, Broadway and 71st St., on Saturday, June 12, at 2 P. M.

F. L. Cranford, First Vice President.
C. A. Crane, Secretary.

VATABLE—At his residence, 1,125 Madison Av., Friday, June 11, Emile Vatable, husband of Adele Feri and son of the late Henri A. and Hortense Vatable. Notice of funeral hereafter. Kindly omit flowers.

VILLEPLAIT—June 10, 1920, A. Beaufort Villeplait, beloved father of Mrs. Grace S. Ball, aged 78 years. Funeral private.

VILLEPLAIT—Society of War Veterans of the 7th Regiment, N. G., N. Y.: Sorrowful announcement is made of the death on June 10, 1920, of our late member, A. Beaufort Villeplait, Captain, 12th N. Y. Vols. (of Co. A, 7th Reg't, N. Y. S. M.)

Major William H. Palmer, President.
Captain Richard Henry Greene, Secretary.

VILLEPLAIT—Association of ex-Members 1st Company, 7th Regiment, N. G., N. Y.: With deep regret announcement is made of the death of Lieutenant Alfred B. Villeplait, civil war veteran of the 1st Company, 7th Regiment, N. G., N. Y.

E. Telfair Smith, Secretary.

WARD—Wm. de Lancy, son of the late Montagnie and Susan Barclay Ward, at his residence in Paris.

WEISS—Jacob, age 70, of 81 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn, Friday evening, June 11, at 5 o'clock. Funeral services to be held Sunday morning at 11 A. M. at home. Interment Mount Sinai Cemetery.

Unveiling.

COHEN—Relatives and friends are invited to attend the unveiling of the monument of Harry, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Max Cohen, at Centennial Lodge Club, at Acacia Cemetery, Bayside, L. I., on June 13, at 2 P. M. In case of rain, postponed till June 20.

DE YOUNG—Relatives and friends are invited to attend the unveiling of the monument to Louis, beloved brother of Jack De Young, at Mount Nebo Cemetery, Cypress Hills, on June 13 at 1:30 P. M. sharp. In case of rain, postponed till June 20.

GELBERG—Friends and relatives are invited to the unveiling of monument for our beloved mother, Mary, Sunday, 2 P. M., June 13, at Mount Zion Cemetery.

In Memoriam.

MOORSHEAD—With tender thoughts and loving memories of our dearly beloved and devoted aunt, Alice A. Moorshead. Died June 12, 1918.

Call "Columbus 8200"
Any Hour, Day or Night
FRANK E. CAMPBELL
"THE FUNERAL CHURCH" Inc.
(Non-Sectarian)
1970 Broadway at 66th St.
Downtown Office, 23d St. & 8th Av.

JACOB HERRLICH'S SONS
Funeral Directors—Chapel.
332 East 86 St. Lenox 6652.
1960 Boscobel Av., 180th. Tel 2838 Tremont.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley.
Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.
Lots of small size for sale.

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK

Feature Saturday in Their

June Sales

Special groups of Smart Sports Apparel
at greatly reduced prices—

Sheer Summer Frocks $45—$65—$95
Formerly to $145—Country styles in chintz—gingham—dimity and linen—Dressy effects in organdie, batiste and net.

Summer Sport Blouses $10—$15—$25
Formerly $25 to $45—Tucked linen—wash silks and hand-drawn effects in batiste.

Fashionable Sport Coats $35—$45
Formerly $75 to $95—Of velvet—crepe de chine and sport silks, including embroidered effects with or without fur sleeves.

Smart Sports Skirts $25—$35
Formerly to $45—New styles in wool plaids—pleated styles in the new sports silks and crepes.

Town and Country Hats $15—$25
Formerly to $45—An extensive showing of smart new effects in light attractive colorings.

INSTRUCTION

NEW YORK PREPARATORY SCHOOL
Day and Evening Depts.
New York—72 Park Ave., bet. 38-39 Sts.
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Send for Catalog and "Success in Regents Exams."
SUMMER TERM BEGINS JUNE 21.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St.
SECRETARIAL TRAINING. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION. STUDENTS UNDER SIXTEEN NOT ADMITTED. SUMMER SESSION.

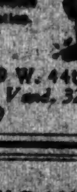
Walworth Business Institute
BROADWAY AT 72D STREET.
Prepares for the better-paid positions. Individual instruction by specialists. 62d Year

CORRECT SPANISH TAUGHT
Commercial or literary, by logical method.
Madrid Studio, 210 West 70th St.

Spanish lessons by Prof. Lopez, 330 West 95th St.

Swimming.

Dalton Swimming School
Scientific Swimming
3 TILED, HEATED POOLS.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION BY APPOINTMENT; HOURS 9 TO 9.
Men, women and children taught.
Pupils starting now may become highly proficient before vacation.
Call or write for booklet T and particulars.



308 W. 59th St. Col. 2421
19 W. 44th St. Vand. 3259
Est. 1899

Dancing.

MODERN SOCIETY DANCING
taught by refined young lady. Hours 9 to 9. Classes in the evening. Doris J. Durling, 63 West 46th St. Telephone Bryant 2001.

SUMMER CAMPS.

Camp Eustice for Boys, in Adirondacks. Terms, $185 from July 1st to September 10th. Edith J. Morris, Principal, Hastings-on-Hudson. Tel. 364.

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue 34th Street

An Important Sale
Women's Bathing Suits

Though low in price they are quite the smartest types designed this season.

Models of Surf Satin,—slip-over style. They are effectively trimmed with contrasting colors.
Very Special, 4.95

Another group of Surf Satin Suits with accentuated waist lines—extremely attractive. Sizes 34 to 44.
Very Special, 7.25
Extra sizes (46 to 52) 8.50

Stunning models of All Worsted Jersey in beautiful color combinations. Very Special, 5.95 and 8.50
(Fourth Floor)

Jersey Suits for Women
Very Special, 22.50

Faultlessly tailored Suits of excellent quality Jersey in styles a bit different from the ordinary run of Jersey Suits.

There are jaunty "pinched-in" styles and loose, box models. Tucks, folds and odd pocket arrangements are interesting features. Many desirable colors.
(Fourth Floor)

Think of it!
Silk Rain or Sun
Umbrellas
5.95
regularly 7.95

Just the sort of umbrella you will want for travelling and to carry on day-trips to the beach.

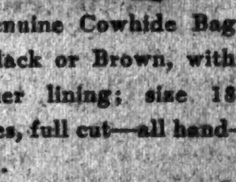
They are strongly made of good quality rain-proof Silk, so will withstand a rain-storm, yet are attractive enough in appearance to be used for a sunshade.

Many beautiful colors. Stub ends or steel rods, some with bone tips. A wide assortment of artistic handles.

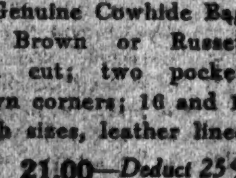
Umbrellas of Gloria
For Women and Men
3.50
regularly 5.50
Suitable for heavy storms.
(Main Floor)

For To-Day Only!
25% Off These
Bags and Suit Cases
for Men and Women

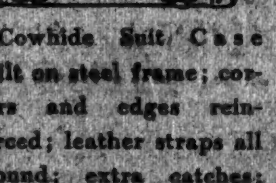
The following four items are from our regular stock and will be sold at 25% off for to-day only. This reduction to be taken from regular prices at time of purchase.



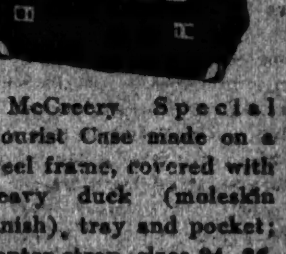
Genuine Cowhide Bag in Black or Brown, with leather lining; size 18 inches, full cut—all hand-sewn.
33.00—Deduct 25%



Genuine Cowhide Bag, in Brown or Russet; full cut; two pockets sewn corners; 16 and 18 inch sizes, leather lined.
21.00—Deduct 25%



Cowhide Suit Case built on steel frame; corners and edges reinforced; leather straps all around; extra catches; soft shirt pockets; size 24 inches.
32.00—Deduct 25%



McCreery Special Tourist Case made on a steel frame, covered with heavy duck (moleskin finish), tray and pocket; center strap, sizes 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches.
25.00—Deduct 25%

McCreery Luggage Best in the "Long Run"
(Fifth Floor)

"Today one of the greatest of wastes comes from pounding away your energy on hard, modern pavements!"

Measuring fatigue by machine—an artist's sketch from a description by an eye witness

A new machine to measure fatigue

What record would you make on it?

AFTER years of effort to discover a means of measuring fatigue, a successful machine has at last been perfected in England. It can determine your nervous condition by testing your ability to concentrate.

This fatigue machine, recently described by Dr. Winifred Cullis, Professor of Physiology at the London School of Medicine, has a slit, behind which a roll of paper unwinds at a speed controlled by the operator. On the paper are dots printed at unequal intervals. The person being tested endeavors to pierce with a pointed instrument as many dots as he can in a given length of time.

By comparing the number of dots you can punch in the morning as you come to work, with the number you are able to strike at the end of the day, your condition is determined. With this machine your state of fatigue at any time can be accurately shown, your ability to concentrate measured.

Dr. Cullis, during her recent visit to America, announced some of the results of extensive research into conditions of various branches of work which produce fatigue.

One of the most important results established was that men and women in various ways *waste* their precious energy.

It is because of this waste that they become fatigued and listless in their daily tasks. This is why so many fail and meet defeat.

Today one of the greatest of wastes comes from pounding away your energy on hard, modern pavements. Every step you take with hard leather heels or "dead" rubber heels acts as a hammer blow to your nervous system.

Remove this cause of fatigue

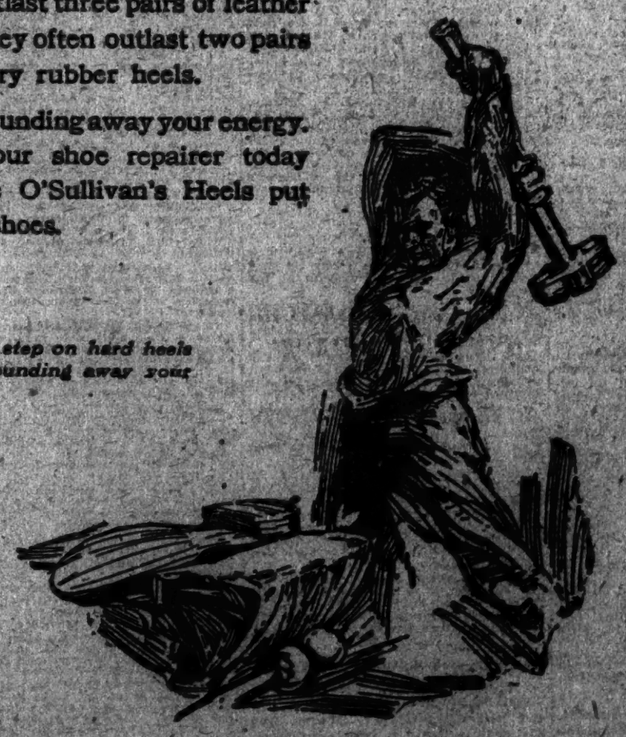
If you are a person of average activity you take 8,000 steps a day. The constant repetition of these jolts and jars tends to exhaust your energy—to produce that state of fatigue which is the greatest enemy you have in your work today.

You can do much to prevent this condition. You can eliminate the shocks of pounding hard heels on still harder pavements. O'Sullivan's Heels absorb the jolts and jars of walking.

To secure the resiliency, the *springiness* of O'Sullivan's Heels, the highest grades of rubber are blended by special formula. With this blend of live, springy rubber are "compounded" the best toughening agents known. The compound is then "cured" or baked under high pressure.

The same process that makes O'Sullivan's Heels resilient gives them their great durability. O'Sullivan's Heels outlast three pairs of leather heels—they often outlast two pairs of ordinary rubber heels.

Stop pounding away your energy. Go to your shoe repairer today and have O'Sullivan's Heels put on your shoes.



With every step on hard heels you are pounding away your energy

O'Sullivan's Heels

Absorb the shocks that tire you out

HOPE TO UNITE LABOR IN CITY TRUCK FIGHT

Delegation Going to Federation Convention Today to Appeal for Support.

49 TRUCKS IN OPERATION

Uniformed Policemen and Extra Ex-Service Men Ride with Independent Drivers.

LEGION CHIEF DENIES AID

Officer of 165th Infantry Also Asserts Organization Is Not Supporting the Merchants.

Efforts to line up the full strength of the American Federation of Labor against the business forces of this city in the threatened struggle over the "open shop" in transportation work will be made by representatives of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters at the labor convention in Montreal. A committee representing the 44,000 union truckmen in the city will leave for Montreal today to add their voices to the appeal for unswerving support.

J. J. McKenna, business agent of the teamsters, who is a member of the committee, said that upon their return from Montreal they would have an announcement to make, but that their plans would be presented to the convention before they were made public. "We are not doing anything hasty," he said, "and we are not going to reply to the aggressions of the Merchants' Association until after next week."

A resolution to throw the federation's support to the transportation workers was placed before the convention yesterday by James F. Costello, of the Brooklyn Central Labor Council. Mr. Costello declared that the merchants were raising a $5,000,000 fund to wage an "open shop" warfare. The resolution was referred to a committee.

The attitude of the coastwise longshoremen, whose strike is the underlying cause of the trucking difficulties, was shown in the votes of three of the union locals favoring a continuance of the strike. Local 915, which voted last night in Greenwich Hall, 131 Christopher Street, decided 427 to 3 to remain on strike. The decision of locals 895 and 1071, which had previously been taken, was correspondingly emphatic.

While the union leaders both in Montreal and New York were bestirring themselves to adopt some definite plan for resistance the independent trucking service, started Thursday by the committee, was being extended under the direction of Colonel Frederic A. Molitor. Forty-nine trucks were run yesterday without disorder and they cleared away 125 tons of the freight accumulated on the piers of the coastwise lines.

Policemen Guard the Trucks.

The trucks were run with a uniformed policeman beside each driver as the result of an arrangement between Police Commissioner Enright and Colonel Molitor. In addition several ex-service men, whose duties were freight handling, rode on the trucks.

The employment of ex-service men on the trucks brought forth peremptory disclaimers from officers of the American Legion and the 165th Infantry that either organization was acting officially in support of the merchants. Colonel Molitor had said on Thursday that the drivers were ex-members of the 165th Infantry and that representatives of the American Legion had assisted the committee in planning its operations. It was explained at the committee's offices yesterday that neither organization had taken any action as such and that while most of the drivers were former members of the 165th, there were others who were not.

Wade H. Hayes, State Commander of the American Legion, issued the following statement:

"In some of the news stories appearing in today's papers, regarding the efforts being made by certain commercial interests to adjust the transportation difficulties now being encountered in New York City, it was stated, either directly or inferentially, that the American Legion was co-operating with these commercial interests.

"As State Commander of the American Legion, I wish to deny, without equivocation, that the American Legion in either the State or the county is in any way whatsoever involved in this controversy.

Acting as Individuals.

"The Legion has not furnished truck drivers, has not purposed to furnish them, and such men as may have recently been employed in this capacity have acted upon their own initiative and as individuals, irrespective of the fact that they either were or were not members of the American Legion.

"It is true that a large number of ex-service men are still seeking employment, and for that reason it is possible that many of them have been engaged as drivers of motor trucks. It is also quite likely that many of them are members of the Presbyterian Church, the Elks, the Masons and the Ancient and Honorable Order of Hibernians, but it would be manifestly unfair to hold any of these highly respected organizations responsible for the activities of any of their individual members in seeking any honorable means of making a living.

"Therefore, if it should be true that among the men recently employed as drivers of motor trucks there should happen to be members of the American Legion, it should be clearly understood that they are acting in their individual capacity and not as representatives of the organization."

Lieut. Col. A. E. Anderson of the 165th Infantry, who is President of the New York Chapter of the Rainbow Division Veterans' Association and the 69th Regiment Post of the American Legion, said:

"I deny most emphatically that the action of the Citizens' Transportation Committee in their struggle with the Longshoremen's and Teamsters' unions has the backing or sympathy of either of the 69th veteran bodies. If former service men of the 165th Infantry are in the employ of the Citizens' Transportation Committee they are there by virtue of their rights as individuals and not by reason of approval of their former service comrades. We have made efforts to learn if any of our members were employed on the trucks and as far as we can determine not one of the trucks engaged in this work was manned by a member of our Veterans' Association.

"We desire, therefore, that immediate action be taken by the press to repudiate the report appearing in the daily papers of this date in order to remove the stigma which will be attached to our organizations as sympathizing with strikebreakers and nonunionism."

Several Helpers Quit.

Colonel Molitor and Colonel Charles D. Hine, the operating managers of the independent trucks, were on the pier all day yesterday. Fifteen trucks were sent to the Savannah Line, three to the Mallory Line, twenty-one to the Morgan Line and ten on the streets to other points. Several of the helpers employed on the trucks quit work at the Morgan Line piers because, they said, they were being asked to do longshoremen's work at considerably less pay than the longshoremen received. The trucks were held up for a short time, while other men were being taken to the piers to take the places of the dissatisfied ones.

Colonel Molitor expressed particular approval of the work of the police and of Commissioner Enright's co-operation. "At no time that I can remember have we received better police support," he said. "The police and the Police Commissioner are all right, believe me. Everything went fine."

William Fellowes Morgan, chairman of the Citizens' Transportation Committee, made public a letter which he sent to the Mayor before the trucks were sent out. After referring briefly to the events which led up to the starting of the trucks, Mr. Morgan said: "It is earnestly desired to call this condition of affairs to your attention and at the same time to inform you that the Citizens' Transportation Committee contemplates supplying in the interests of the public the above mentioned service. We feel confident that we can rely on your hearty co-operation in our endeavor to relieve the present situation and we respectfully request that adequate police protection be furnished."

The Central Mercantile Association, of which Clarkson Cowl is President, has adopted resolutions ratifying the "declaration of principles" of the Citizens' Transportation Committee, in which the underlying purposes of the present campaign are outlined.

John J. Riley, President of the New York District Council of the International Longshoremen's Association, declared that the overwhelming votes of Locals 895 and 1071 of the Longshoremen on Thursday night against returning to work was proof of the resentment which the unions felt toward the committee.

"Take it from me," he said, "this latest move on the part of the Merchants' Association is going to have a mighty bad effect. As far as the American Legion is concerned, we are not going to brook any interference from them. They have publicly stated that they are in no way concerned with the strike, but you may rest assured that we are going to appear before the various Legion posts and demand that they keep their hands off.

"Let me tell you that the longshoremen were well represented in the world fight, for 16,500 of our men took part in the great war either in the navy or in the army. If the American Legion does not keep its hands off we are going to tell our men who are members that they will either have to get out of the American Legion or sever their connections with our union. There is no alternative."

Today The New York Times is obliged to omit 20 columns of advertisements, due to limitation of pages caused by the shortage of newsprint paper.

Won't Confirm or Deny Rumor Of British Drug Stores Sale

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 11.—Questioned as to the report from Chicago that the United Drug Company had approved the purchase of Messrs. Boots, Limited, Sir Jesse Boots, Secretary of the British corporation, said today:

"Sir Jesse Boots can neither deny nor confirm the statement that the company has been sold to an American firm."

It is believed in London that nothing has yet been settled, but that negotiations are proceeding. The matter came up about a year ago, but nothing came of the discussions.

N. Y. C. HELPS MERCHANTS.

Opens Third Track on West Street for Unloading of Cars.

The New York Central Railroad, acting on a suggestion from the Traffic Bureau Committee of the Board of Trade and Transportation, has opened its third track on West Street, below Morton Street, for the placing of freight cars to help the unloading of freight in the city. The track will be open only to such consignees as agree to unload immediately. Otherwise the cars will go to the regular terminals and the consignee will have to await his turn.

Merchants who are anxious to get freight under the new arrangement are asked to communicate with F. E. Williamson, General Superintendent of the New York Central.

AUSTRIAN CABINET IS OUT OF OFFICE

Renner Ministry Resigns After a Clash with the Social Democrats.

VIENNA, June 11.—The Austrian Cabinet headed by Dr. Karl Renner as Chancellor, which has been administering the country's affairs for the greater part of the time since the armistice, has resigned office.

The break came unexpectedly over the Minister of War's decree on army discipline, which question was raised in the National Assembly yesterday by the Christian Socialists.

It is believed a new Coalition Cabinet will be formed pending the elections.

In political circles it was said today that the members of the Left had stood ready for some days to seize the first pretext for a break, feeling that the Christian Socialists were steadily blocking legislation to which the former were pledged. The crisis was hastened by external events and also by the incident at Gratz recently when gendarmes fired into crowds demonstrating against profiteering in food, killing many. The Conservative provincial Government is charged with blocking an investigation and punishment of the gendarmes. The reactionary anti-Semitic demonstration of Monday was followed by Monarchist agitation.

Reports of a strong movement in Tyrol, Salzberg and portions of Upper Austria to join Bavaria and create a Catholic kingdom under Prince Rupprecht also contributed to the fall of the Government. Innsbruck newspapers have stated that a Bavarian officer, who was active to this end, was in possession of 10,000 rifles and received much money.

MT. VERNON BRINGING CZECH BAND TO NORFOLK

Transport Loses Propeller and Changes Course—Four Suicides Reported Among Troops.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The army transport Mount Vernon, on the way from Siberia to Trieste via the Panama Canal, with a large contingent of Czechoslovak troops and some German prisoners, lost a propeller after passing through the canal and has been diverted from her course to Norfolk. General Hines, in charge of the Army Transport Service, was advised late this afternoon by Captain Ferguson, in command of the transport, that the vessel was making 12½ knots and would reach Norfolk tomorrow. The Captain reported everything all right on board. At Norfolk the transport will take on coal and a new propeller.

The first news of the accident reached the Czechoslovak Legation today, which got into touch with the Potomac Division of the Red Cross and the War Department. Colonel Hurban of the Legation informed Colonel Rogers of the Red Cross his information was that there had been four suicides on the transport, but there was no reference to this in the official messages to the War Department.

On the transport are 3,335 Czechoslovak soldiers bound for Trieste, 900 German prisoners of war bound for Hamburg, and 250 Czechoslovak women and children.

ALLIES MAY DROP THE SPA CONFERENCE

French Think Results of German Elections Would Make It Fruitless.

WANT BRUSSELS MEETING

Would Have Allies Decide There Upon European Financial Policies—Distrust of Giolitti.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.
Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 10.—It is entirely probable that the much-discussed Spa conference between allied and German statesmen will not take place at all. The French Government has never been really in favor of it, and Premier Millerand accepted the project at San Remo only on the insistence of Premier Lloyd George. Recent events, especially the results of the election in Germany and the Italian governmental difficulties, give the French arguments against the Spa meeting. It would be in accordance with the French view to call the Brussels financial conference as soon as practicable, have the Allies agree there on European financial policies and then do without the Spa meeting.

There is another factor in shaping French opposition to meeting the Germans. The British and French Governments up to the present have been unable to come to any agreement on the policy of financing the German indemnity. Such an agreement, Premier Millerand holds, must be reached before the meeting with the Germans. Premier Lloyd George's negotiations with the Russian Soviet envoy have not served to bring the two Governments to better relations.

The French expect much from the Brussels conference. They have never expected much from the one to be held at Spa, holding that the proper allied policy was to lay down the law to the Germans rather than to discuss matters with them. They point out that both the German parties which gained last Sunday are opposed to the execution of the Treaty, and that it is very probable that the next Government will be less disposed than the last to enforce the Treaty, and that, anyhow, by July 5, the latest date suggested for the Spa meeting, no German Government can establish itself so as to make its bargains worth while in view of the devision of opinion in Germany.

The idea is also advanced that the Italian Government cannot get reorganized and in good shape by July 5. If Giolitti should become Premier, which seems likely, the French would not be anxious to have him take part in the discussions with the Germans. Giolitti, who opposed Italy's entrance into the war on the side of the Allies, has always had in France the reputation of being pro-German, and some French diplomats believe that he would have a worse effect on allied policy-making than Nitti, who, although his pacific tendencies did not jibe with French ideas, was never accused of being pro-German. It might be remarked that if Giolitti were Premier it would be with him that the other Allies would have to deal at Brussels, and that therefore there is little in the French argument. The only reply to that is that the French want the Brussels conference and do not want the Spa conference.

The Journal des Débats says tonight that in Government circles it is believed that if the Brussels conference can be held quickly and the Allies can get in accord "there will be, after all, no use of the Spa meeting." "Pertinax" in the Echo de Paris says that there is no telling now when the Spa conference can meet, and that the best thing to do is to forget it.

SAYS EBERT WON'T RUN.

Lokal-Anzeiger Reports Party Differences—Socialist Bloc Proposed.

BERLIN, June 11.—The Lokal-Anzeiger declares today it has learned from authoritative sources that President Ebert will not present himself again as a candidate for the Presidency.

The newspaper says his decision is the outcome of personal objections raised against him within his own party ranks, which he resents because his critics overlooked the fact that the President of the Republic is required to serve the State and not party interests.

Close collaboration between the Majority Socialists and Independent Socialists in the Government of Germany is considered the only course open to the former party by Philipp Scheidemann, one of its leaders, according to newspapers here. He rejects the idea of a coalition with the German People's Party.

Dr. W. S. Solf, former Minister of Colonies and recently named German Ambassador at Tokio, has departed for Japan. In an interview before embarking he expressed the hope he might be able to establish useful relations with Japan, with which country, now that the Shantung question is eliminated, Germany has no conflicting interests. He pointed out that, on the contrary, they have many concerns in common.

SINN FEIN GAINS GROW.

Elected 525 Out of 699 County Councilmen as Distinct Party.

DUBLIN, June 11.—The completed returns in the County Council elections show a Sinn Fein victory greater than was expected. This was owing to a compact between the Sinn Fein and Labor not to oppose each other in Leinster, Munster and Connaught, while in Ulster there was a similar compact between the Nationalists and Sinn Feiners to make common cause against the Carsonites.

Out of 699 seats, the Sinn Fein as a distinct party won 525, while the combined forces of the Sinn Fein, Labor and Nationalists captured 590 seats.

ANOTHER CONSTABLE SLAIN.

Fifty-second to be Murdered in Ireland This Year.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, June 11.—Another Irish constable was murdered last night, making the fifty-second member of Irish Constabulary murdered since Jan. 1.

Constable Carroll was about to enter a hotel in Limerick in the busy quarter of the city when he was assailed by four men, who fired several shots, killing him.

LONDON, Saturday, June 12.—The Cabinet discussed the Irish questions yesterday and received reports from Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland. According to The Daily Mail, the Chief Secretary advised the Cabinet that measure taken are proving successful and said he hoped shortly to arrest some of the principal terrorist leaders in Ireland.

Curtiss to Discontinue Making Airplanes; Result of Congress' Failure to Stop Dumping

The Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation, claiming three-fourths of the output of the entire American aircraft industry, announced yesterday that it had abandoned practically all plans for the manufacture of commercial airplanes in this country. Before the first of next month the manufacture of planes, aerial motors and accessories at the large plant in Buffalo will be stopped and the factory will be used for other lines of industry.

"This step is taken," according to a statement authorized by C. M. Keys, Vice President of the corporation and Chairman of its Finance Committee, "as the direct result of the failure of Congress to protect the airplane market of the United States against the invasion of British airplanes, bought by a syndicate from the British Government at 1 per cent. of their cost, for export to this country, and now about to be dumped into this market.

"It is sincerely hoped," continued Mr. Keys, "that no emergency will arise which will require our Government to equip its military or naval forces with airplanes, even though on a small scale. There will be in this country no industry capable of immediate or rapid expansion into an efficient and productive industry.

"The steps which we have found it necessary to take to meet the competition of salvaged machines dumped into this market do not mean that the Curtiss company is going out of the airplane business. We do not believe that many of these dumped machines will be sold in the United States, that any profit worth while will be made in handling them, nor that they will give satisfaction as commercial machines. Their presence in the market, however, has made it impossible to build and sell up-to-date commercial types of airplanes, for there never was a time since the signing of the armistice when the American manufacturers were not able to more than supply the demand. The steps mean that the company is going out of the business of trying to compete on a commercial basis with war machines sold on a salvaged basis.

"We are keeping in operation ample facilities at Garden City to take care of all the demands of our distributors and to protect them on all of their commitments and to furnish replacements and spare parts for the large number of Curtiss machines now in use. We propose during this period to protect as well as we can both the American industry and the interests of our stockholders, and we fully expect that when this era of exploitation of war surpluses is over the American industry will be found to be still in existence and to be sound."

At the close of the war the Curtiss corporation had seven plants in operation, but these have been closed, one by one. The company has been one of the most energetic of the American firms to push the airplane commercially. While the United States was in the war the Curtiss company furnished several thousand airplanes to the Government.

BRITISH LABOR MEN PAINT RUSSIA DARK

Returning Delegates Tell of Disorder, Dejection of People and Lack of Liberty.

BRING LENIN CALL TO REBEL

Red Chieftain Defends Terror by Saying Freedom Means Plotting Against Workingmen.

LONDON, June 11.—The first report of the British labor delegates, who have just returned from an investigation of conditions in Soviet Russia, was made public this evening.

The delegates declare themselves deeply impressed with the distress and disorganization which they found in Russia, the dejection of the people and the extent of the Government's interference with individual liberty. The report is said to be unanimous.

The report describes the blockade as injurious to the world and disastrous to Russia, and makes reference to the epidemic of diseases to which the absence of soap and medical supplies has given full sway, although great efforts have been made toward sanitation. Denouncing the Polish war, the report says:

"The appeal for creative work is being once more set aside in favor of an appeal to military enthusiasts, while the war conditions provide new pretexts for restricting individual liberty and preventing freedom of discussion."

The report says the war rallies all parties to the defense of the country, emphasizes the breakdown in manufactures through lack of raw material and advocates the immediate recognition of Russia.

The report was brought to England by Benjamin Turner and Tom Shaw, members of the British labor delegation which visited Russia for presentation to the Labor Congress at Scarborough.

They brought also a letter from Nikolai Lenin, the Bolshevist Premier, exhorting the workers to revolution in England, which has created a sensation.

Lenin criticises the surprise expressed by the delegation at the "red terror," the suppression of freedom of the press and free assembly, and declares that the red terror is the defense of the workingmen against exploiters, and that freedom of the press and assembly in a bourgeois democracy means freedom to plot against the workingmen. In turn Lenin expresses surprise that the viewpoint of part of the delegation coincides with the bourgeoisie.

BOLSHEVIKI BEATEN IN BERESINA BATTLE

Driven Across the River with Loss of 600 Prisoners—Gain North of Kiev.

WARSAW, June 11 (Associated Press).—The great battle along the River Beresina, which began on May 14, was crowned yesterday with a great success for the Poles, according to the Polish official communiqué today.

The Bolsheviki, says the statement, had concentrated nine divisions of infantry in this sector and tried to take the initiative by throwing all their forces into the attack.

Bitter fighting resulted, various positions changing hands frequently. The enemy, however, was definitely defeated on June 8, the communiqué states, and the next day the Poles attacked and drove the bulk of the hostile forces beyond the Beresina, taking 600 prisoners and capturing numerous machine guns.

In the Gorval region, at the junction of the Beresina and the Dniester, Polish detachments made a daring dash and destroyed fifty boats the Bolsheviki had prepared for a crossing of the river.

North of Kiev, adds the statement, the Soviet forces are developing serious activities in the vicinity of Tchernobil, near the junction of the Pripet and the Dnieper.

LONDON, June 11.—Bolshevist forces fighting north and south of Kiev have again advanced, according to a wireless message from Moscow, quoting an official statement issued there yesterday. The text of the statement follows:

"In the Kiev region, on the right bank of the Dnieper River, we continue to drive back the retreating enemy. On the left (east) bank of the Dnieper, near Daritsa station, we have flung the enemy back to the right bank.

"Enemy forces which had crossed the river ten miles north of Retchiza, north of Kiev, have been driven back to the right bank of the Dnieper. On the Pripet River sector, as a result of fierce fighting, we have broken the enemy's resistance and occupied Tchernobil Village, capturing prisoners, cannon and machine guns. In the region of Skvira fighting continues."

MRS. CATT RE-ELECTED.

Withdraws Her Refusal to Lead International Suffrage Alliance Again.

GENEVA, June 11 (Associated Press).—Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt was unanimously re-elected President of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance at this morning's session of its congress here.

She has agreed to accept the office, it was announced, despite her declaration in a speech yesterday that she felt compelled to retire.

There was enthusiasm over Mrs. Catt's acceptance of her re-election, and during the afternoon session there were smiling faces everywhere in the hall.

The Woman's Charter was taken up again and two more clauses were accepted with slight changes, bringing the total to eleven. The two remaining clauses will be discussed immediately. One of them has to do with the question of State support and also the status of illegitimate children.

SCHEIDEMANN FEARS GERMAN CIVIL WAR

Ex-Premier Rebukes Optimistic Statements of a Nationalist Deputy.

TALK OF COALITION CABINET

Giesberts Suggests a Combination of Majority Socialists and Bourgeois Parties.

By LEONARD SPRAY.
Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 11.—All wise men of all parties are assembled in Berlin, but they have not yet succeeded in solving Germany's political jigsaw puzzle. "We've got it," they say, and then they make the irritating discovery that the one little piece necessary to complete the picture is missing.

The missing piece of the political puzzle is, of course, a majority, and Germany's new Constitution provides that a Government is not a Government until a parliamentary majority has given it a vote of confidence, and so the search goes on.

So far the most practical suggestion made is that of Dr. Giesberts, the Minister of Posts, namely, that of a combination of Majority Socialists, Democrats, Centre and People's Party to carry on until "the German people can have another chance of declaring their clear judgment as to the political future."

All present omens seem to indicate that, whatever combination may be formed now, another general election must be held at no distant date, if that is not forestalled—so full of perils is the position—by the attempt of one or the other of the extremes to seek a solution by less constitutional means.

Warning of this danger comes now from Philipp Scheidemann, Premier of the first Revolutionary Government, and one of the coolest of political observers. His warning has all the more emphasis from the fact that it was delivered secretly and not intended to come into publicity.

Scheidemann holds the post of Burgomaster at Cassel and was reported to have interrupted a discussion of the governing body of that city with the remark: "Don't excite yourselves any more, because within two months we shall have the revolution." Challenged as to the authenticity of this story, Scheidemann denies having used these words, but he offers the following hardly reassuring version:

"In a confidential session of the City Council the political situation was discussed. As opposed to the absolutely unjustifiable optimistic expression of a Nationalist Deputy, I considered it right to express the idea that in a short time we might again have civil war."

Meantime the triumphant People's Party, headed by the multi-millionaire, Hugo Stinnes, is advocating a sort of business Government. This morning the Deutsche Allegemeine Zeitung, Stinnes's latest purchase, came under his absolute control, and signified it by opening a propaganda campaign with this aim:

"The position of the People's Party, it declares, is that the question who shall guide the destiny of the German people must not be decided on the basis of mere Parliamentary combinations. The posts in the new Government should be filled, not necessarily by members of Parliament, but by the most able personalities in political and industrial life—for instance, a diplomat as Foreign Minister, a military officer as Minister of Defense, a business man for the Treasury."

So far, however, the Majority Socialists, whose co-operation as still the largest party, is essential to any coalition, has not responded to the advances of the People's Party. Vorwärts, the organ of the Majority Socialists, in fact, replies with a sensational attack upon Stinnes as "a war profiteer" and mentions his ownership of sixty-four newspapers as "a public danger."

GIOLITTI EXPECTED TO FORM CABINET

Conservatives Say They Won't Deny Support if Their Wishes Are Met.

ROME, June 11.—The newspapers announce today that former Premier Giolitti has been requested to form a Cabinet to succeed that of Francesco Nitti, which resigned June 9.

The Messaggero says it is informed that Signor Giolitti has accepted the task.

Francesco Nitti, Premier in the Cabinet which resigned June 9, has obtained a passport to travel in European countries, says the Giornale d'Italia today. It is believed, however, that he is planning to go also to America for a rest, the newspaper adds.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, June 11.—It is hoped that the ministerial crisis may be composed within the next week unless the politician intrusted by the sovereign with forming a Cabinet encounters strong opposition.

Every one is wondering what the Catholics will decide to do—participate in the Government or merely support it. Conservatives interrogated say: "If we are guaranteed that the authority of the State will be respected, that the Adriatic question will be solved in such a way as will give Italy safe boundaries, that the country will be set on its way to economic and financial reconstruction, we won't deny our vote to the new Ministry, even if presided over by Giolitti."

They add that in this hour in which the country's future is at stake they won't make a question of being offered a portfolio.

ARMENIA FACES BUTCHERS UNARMED

Only Aid from Allies or America Can Save Her, Says Sir Philip Gibbs.

TURKS VOW EXTERMINATION

"The West May Make Armenia Free," They Say; "We Will Make It a Desert."

By SIR PHILIP GIBBS.
Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SMYRNA, June 5.—To the Christian peoples of the West Armenia cries desperately for help. During my travels in the Orient I have heard the full story of the Armenian tragedy, and one narrative, typical of all the others, stands out in my mind with vivid horror.

It was on a ship that came through the Sea of Marmora to the Gulf of Smyrna that an Armenian woman told me of her life at Samsoun under Turkish rule and showed me photographs of her people, taken by German soldiers, as they lay dead after their massacre. All she told me was but a personal narrative of a more gruesome history recounted to me in French in a dark room in a back street in Constantinople by an Armenian missionary, who, having described the tortures of long caravans of women and children deported from their homes by the Turks and made to march across mountains until most of them were dead, pulled his brown beard and said:

"Unless England acts quickly, or America, or any of the great Powers, my people will be slaughtered in greater numbers. Their danger is greater now than ever before."

The woman's photographs of piled skulls and girls lying dead on the roadside, and of bodies stripped of all clothing, heaped in a huddled mass of human corruption, were pictures of events which I heard in detail from another Armenian who spread out a map of Asia Minor and pointed to the country around Aleppo, north of where the French are in difficulties with the Arabs and Turks of Syria.

100,000 Armenians in Deadly Peril.

He gave me the names of the villages in which crowds of Armenians, 100,000 altogether, were concentrated for safety's sake after their exodus from Mesopotamia.

"I have just had desperate news of those people," he said. "Unless new forces are sent to support them it is certain they will be butchered by the Arabs and Turks. The French colored troops at their present strength are no longer able to protect them. The massacre at Marash, where the Senegalese retreated, owing to their insufficient numbers, will be repeated on a greater scale unless there is instant rescue. It is to England and France, and to America if she will hear us, that Armenia cries for help. Help now, before there is a tragedy of blood more terrible than in the past!"

The man's voice trembled with dreadful anxiety. He is a man of culture, like many Armenians, speaking many languages, learned in the history of his own race, which had a great history as the bridgehead of the Christian world in the earliest days, and afterward, when the sinister power of the Turk came westward through Asia and overthrew the Christian Empire of the East.

This leader of a people under menace of extermination—for it is that—took my hand and pressed it on his heart and said:

"I beseech you to tell England how urgent is our need of protection. Surely the great heart of England will not let our people die."

There is little I can write which will tell England more than has been told; yet I fancy if I could put into writing the plain tale of that woman of Armenia who was on the same ship with me along the Asiatic shore there would be a shiver of horror which might reach some one who had power to act.

She told me how at Samsoun the Armenians were first warned of their fate by placards posted on their walls one night, announcing that all Armenian men and women were to be deported to the South. Only those could remain who embraced the faith of Islam. At once the tragedy began. The men were collected together and made to march out of the town, leaving their wives and children. The women were packed in carts and driven behind their men. Some of them took their children with them, but others abandoned them, as they knew forever, placing them among Greek families who promised, out of mercy, to adopt them.

Preferred Martyrdom to Apostasy.

Only a few men and women yielded to the temptation of saving their lives by renouncing their own faith. The others chose the martyrdom that was certain. It began outside the town of Samsoun, and for some of the women lasted for three months, when only twenty out of eighty in one party were still alive.

For a little while they traveled behind their men in jolting carts, weeping for the children they had left. Then the men disappeared. Other parties following saw the bodies of their husbands and brothers hanging on wayside trees or lying with throats cut in ditches.

Presently the women were made to walk because the drivers of the carts would go no further. They walked over mountain passes in the glare of the sun, parched with thirst. Their shoes were torn to shreds and they walked with bare feet wrapped in rags torn from their petticoats. They camped at night without shelter, and mobs of Kurds came down demanding their rings, trinkets and money under threat of massacre. So they had to buy off their lives day after day, until they had nothing left. Even their clothes were taken from them, and many were left naked.

The younger women were carried off by the brigands, and their screams were heartrending to their mothers and sisters. But the Turkish soldiers who were their guards did not lift a hand to ease them. On the way they passed babies still alive at the breasts of their dead mothers, and small children dying on the roadsides beside others already dead. Day by day women fell, unable to go further, although the Turks tried to flog them up, and they died of exhaustion.

The Turks did not kill the women as they had slaughtered the men; they only drove them until they died. From hundreds of villages in Asia Minor the Armenians were deported like that and tortured to death like that. It was a deliberate policy of extermination. Said one Turkish official: "We do not mind if the Western powers proclaim a free Armenia; we will make it a desert without people. It will be free for us."

While I was in Constantinople a number of Turkish officers were tried by court-martial for cruelties inflicted upon deported Armenians and condemned to death; but as they are now with Mustapha Kemal in Anatolia, organizing a new campaign of murder, the sentence was without effect.

England's Failure to Send Arms.

Meanwhile the Armenians are surrounded by their enemies and, except in the mountains, are without means of self-defense. In the plains, where many are gathered, they are like sheep for the slaughterers, without the arms of ammunition which we promised and failed to send them.

"Vous avez chauffé le feu," said the Armenian woman who told me the story of the exodus from Samsoun; "mais vous nous deliverez aux flammes." "You have fanned the fire, but deliver us to the flames."

It is true, I think, that we have stirred up the fanaticism of the Turk in Anatolia and Thrace without enforcing our actions by the only method that impresses him—occupation by strong forces. In Constantinople the Turk is awed because of the fleet outside and the soldiers in the city; but in Asia Minor he is not impressed by landing parties which, as at Samsoun, parade along the quay and then re-embark and do not return.

"See how your friends abandon you!" laugh the Turks to the Armenians.

Commodities Drop in Chicago; Seek Indictment of Hoarders

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Prices of commodities are slowly falling in Chicago. Sugar sold for 19 cents a pound retail, and new potatoes for $1.15 a peck in most retail stores today, according to market reports received by District Attorney Clyne.

Evidence before the Federal Grand Jury indicated that prices of other vegetables and clothing also were dropping.

Indictment will be asked for several produce and sugar dealers, since investigators have reported that storage warehouses are stocking up heavily with eggs, butter and other foodstuffs.

ATTACKS ON TIGER ECHO IN TANGIERS

Cry of French Sacrifices in Near East May Mean Demand for That City.

BRITISH GETTING RESTIVE

Question of Final Disposition Looms Up as the Next Diplomatic Controversy.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 11.—The campaign against the alleged shortcomings of Clemenceau is showing great gains. Last week Tardieu demolished the story that had been gaining currency for weeks that the former Government had not done what it might to bring about the splitting up of Germany. Now the precarious situation in the Near East has brought forth a flood of attacks upon Clemenceau for "sacrificing France's interests" to Lloyd George, especially in the region of Mosul.

The motives of this campaign are not hard to find. The old Tiger made many enemies and their malice is none the less great because they did not dare to attack him while he was in power. Then too, Briand, whose ministerial ambitions were recently scored by Millerand in a telling phrase, is doing his utmost to rehabilitate himself in public opinion. Millerand himself is not above pointing out that some of the difficulties with which he is coping are a heritage from his predecessor. It is also probable that the French wish to bring pressure upon Great Britain in emphasizing the fact that Clemenceau let England have too much her own way in the Near East.

The Tiger was opposed during war to the dispersion of French—or, indeed, allied—effort in other fields than the all important front of France. Shortly before the armistice he made haste to check ambitious plans that were being entertained for the action of the Army of the Orient and after the armistice and during the Peace Conference he was consistent in feeling that war weary France had better use for her energy and money than engaging in costly adventures in Asia Minor. He is reported to have said on one occasion that it was not worth while endangering Franco-English relations for the sake of "parochial squabbles" about obscure Levantine localities.

The recent course of Franco-British diplomacy, however, has made the French feel that it might do no harm to use Clemenceau's alleged generosity to Great Britain as a lever. In the Paris Midi today there is a suggestion by Philip Millet, whose articles pass for being often inspired, to the effect that "Great Britain having got the best of the bargain in the Levant, ought to feel disposed to give France compensation elsewhere."

Unless signs are fallacious, this is the first gun of a campaign that may interest Franco-British opinion before long. The point at stake is the disposition of Tangiers, which in theory is still under international control, but which in practice is being administered by France. It has been whispered that the British have been getting somewhat restive under the delay to settle the state of Tangiers and it is quite reasonable to suppose that the French insistence "on sacrifices under the Clemenceau régime are by way of preparation for a coming diplomatic conflict."

HERRERO ARRESTED AT COURT HEARING

Now Admits He Has No Personal Knowledge That Carranza Shot Himself.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO, June 11.—General Herrero, who is charged with killing Carranza, has been arrested on order of the judge on account of the large number of contradictions in his testimony. When confronted by General Murguia Herrero changed testimony in such shape that the judge ordered his immediate arrest.

MEXICO CITY, June 11 (Associated Press)—Admission by General Rodolfo Herrero, who has been charged with responsibility for President Carranza's death, that he did not have personal knowledge that Carranza committed suicide, but that he was told so by one of the President's officers, featured the hearing last night before the Federal Court investigating the Chief Executive's death. A clash occurred during the session between Herrero and General Francisco Murgui, former Minister of War, when the latter denied the statement that he had offered Herrero money. The court stopped the colloquy.

Herrero declared that the officer who gave him the information that Carranza had committed suicide was Ernesto Herrero, his cousin, who brought him the pistol with which it was alleged the President shot himself. Herrero admitted having professed loyalty to Carranza and to having afterwards ordered his forces to attack the President, but said this was done to obtain information regarding the strength of the Presidential escort.

He stated he had received orders indirectly from Obregon to take Carranza alive. The President's forces, however, learned of the intended attack and began firing to prevent his capture.

Santiago Martinez Alomia, former Justice of the Mexican Supreme Court, has been named Secretary of Foreign Relations by Provincial President Adolfo de la Huerta.

FINED FOR TAKING REBATE.

Murray Dennison Pays $500 in Case Over $50,000 Insurance Policy.

Murray Dennison, a merchant living at 560 Riverside Drive, was fined $500 in Special Sessions yesterday for accepting a rebate of $635 from a premium of $2,000, which represented his first payment on a $50,000 life insurance policy issued to him.

J. L. V. Wood, head of the Complaint Bureau of the Insurance Department, told the court that an agent, Solomon Grossmer of 528 West 111th Street, had solicited Dennison to apply for insurance and had paid the rebate by check to Dennison after agreeing upon these terms.

CLOTH NOT APPAREL; WOOLEN CASE FAILS

Profiteering Indictment Against American Company and Wm. M. Wood Dismissed.

LAW LIMITED BY AMENDMENT

Judge Mack Holds Change in Lever Act Removed Cloth from List of Necessaries.

GOVERNMENT TO APPEAL

Company Accused of Increasing Prices 300 Per Cent. and Paying Enormous Salaries.

Federal Judge Mack yesterday directed the dismissal of the indictment against the American Woolen Company of New York and Massachusetts and William M. Wood, President of the company, charged with profiteering under the Lever act. The indictment had been returned on figures showing that in 1919 Mr. Wood had received $515,482.86 in commissions charged to manufacturing and selling expenses and that he also had received "enormous salaries" from both companies. The company was charged with having increased prices more than 300 per cent.

The order for dismissal was based on an amendment to the Lever act which included "wearing apparel" among the things which came under the ban against profiteering. The court held that if this amendment had not been made the indictment might have been sound, but by specifically naming "wearing apparel" the amendment limited profiteering to clothes and excluded cloth.

It later was announced that the Government would appeal.

Judge Mack said the substantial question involved was whether a piece of cloth was a necessary within Section 4 of the Lever act, on which the indictment was based, or whether it was wearing apparel as defined in the amendment made on Oct. 22, 1919.

After stating that Section 4 must be read in connection with Section 1, he said the prohibition applied only to those necessaries defined as such in Section 1. Then the opinion reads:

"Wearing apparel is a necessary. If Section 4 had forbidden unreasonable rates as to any necessaries, wearing apparel, clearly a necessary in the general sense of the word, would have been embraced therein, even before the amendment of 1919. The amendment, therefore, would have been unnecessary. Congress did not so consider it and, therefore, by the amendment of 1919 expressly included it in the class of necessaries that were to become subject to the prohibition of the act.

"Either the word necessaries, as used in Section 4, is free from any limitation by reason of the definition in Section 1, in which case, even before the amendment of 1919, it would have included wearing apparel, or it is to be limited to those articles expressly stated in Section 1 as hereafter in this act called necessaries. It is practically conceded, and if it were not conceded it must be held, especially in view of the amendment, that any necessaries as used in Section 4 does not include all necessaries."

Coming to the question of cloth as differentiated from clothing, the opinion says:

"Concededly bolts of cloth are not in and of themselves wearing apparel. Interpreted in the light of reason, wearing apparel must be held to include the material used to make up a garment. In other words, that the legislative intent to secure reasonable prices in the distribution of wearing apparel cannot possibly or perhaps reasonably be carried out unless the limitations imposed upon the distribution of the made-up garment are extended to the materials out of which they are made."

But the opinion continued: "I can find in the act no intent thus to control distribution of all or indeed any of the ingredients that enter into wearing apparel. Apt words to indicate such an intent were readily available."

Charles E. Hughes represented the defendants and the Government was represented by Special Assistants Frederick W. Bisgood and Herbert C. Smyth. Attorney General Palmer also appeared in the proceedings.

THOUSANDS BUY SUITS.

Madison Square Garden Crowded on First Day of $5,000,000 Sale.

Turned into a temporary clothing store, with a stock of $5,000,000 worth of men's and boys' suits and overcoats, offered at wholesale prices and less, Madison Square Garden was thronged with eager purchasers from 9 o'clock yesterday morning until the closing hour, at 10 o'clock last night. Moe Levy, of Moe Levy & Son, under whose auspices the sale is conducted for twenty-seven wholesale manufacturers, said last night that the day's receipts had been greatly in excess of the amount expected for the first day.

The sale will continue for at least three weeks, Mr. Levy said, and probably longer. One of the most popular sections of the sale yesterday was the department given over to dark blue mohair suits at $11.75, on the balcony. Other men's suits ranged in prices from $16.75 to $41.75, those offered for $31.75 and $36.75 being the leading sellers. Suits in the boys' department ranged from $6.55 to $19.75. Overcoats, on the second floor, probably offered the best bargains of the day, but the demand was mild as compared with the suit department. Prices were $31.75, $36.75 and $41.75. Genuine leather overcoats were offered at $41.75.

Entrance is on the Madison Avenue side and exit on the Fourth Avenue side. Customers were let into the building in bunches, the idea being to have only 4,000 in the building at a time, so that all could be comfortably waited on. Long before the hour of opening the two lines extended for blocks away. It was estimated that there were 8,000 to 10,000 in the two lines when the doors were opened. There was a steady stream of men, women and children until the close last night.

Mr. Levy said that he could not tell until today the exact amount of the sales of the first day, but they were gratifyingly large. He said that there were more than 1,000 persons to serve the customers. Every sale is for cash and there are no exchanges, refunds, alterations or deliveries.

KRUPP WORKERS STRIKE.

Big Smelting Plant Employing 8,500 Persons Is Tied Up.

BERLIN, June 11.—A sudden strike has broken out in the Friedrich Alfred Smelting Works at Rheinhausen, near Duisberg. The plant, which is a part of the Krupp works, employs 8,500 persons.

Demands for an immediate wage increase had been made by malcontents and when the management declared this impossible the strike was called. Those who remained at their posts have been maltreated by the strikers. The loss to the works thus far is estimated at several million marks.

SILK MEN REVEAL $100,000 SWINDLE

Merchants Report to Police Scheme to Obtain Goods by Bogus Buyer.

TRADE WARNING ISSUED

Shipments to Toronto Ordered and Name of Reputable Firm Used, but Fake Address Given.

A commercial swindling scheme said to involve more than $100,000 by fake orders placed with New York merchants was under investigation yesterday by the police here and at Toronto, Canada. The names of all the firms approached and the amounts of the losses of some of them are not yet known, but one firm, Edmund Wright-Ginsberg Company, commission merchants at 288 Fourth Avenue, notified all commercial organizations of an attempt to get $20,000 worth of silks from them, which failed.

The Century Silk Mills Company, at 441 Fourth Avenue, shipped silks on one order, but a representative of the firm at Toronto became suspicious and held up delivery. Menke, Kaufman & Co., 225 Fourth Avenue, also got one of the orders. Whether this firm suffered any loss could not be learned. V. C. Lambert, a member of the firm, said the details of the transaction were known only to their credit man, who could not be reached last night.

In each instance, so far reported, silk merchants were approached by a man who represented himself to be a buyer for the Ladies' Wear, Limited, Toronto, a reputable concern well known to the trade. He had a card bearing the name of this firm, but at a different address. The merchants here believe the man is one of an international gang of swindlers, who planned to make a big haul from New Yorkers before suspicion interfered with operations.

"The scheme was arranged to have the goods shipped at once to Toronto and there to be diverted from the legitimate concern in whose name they were ordered, so that the goods could be disposed of and realized upon by the thieves," said Edmund Wright. "The card shown to us by the fake buyer, printed in business-like form, bore an address which we have since learned was two buildings away from the correct address of the Ladies' Wear, Limited.

"This buyer complained of the great difference in the exchange rate between Canada and the United States, which he said made it so costly to buy here and meet competition, and he pleaded for more advantageous terms to meet the rate of exchange. This discussion concerning the exchange rate was simply to impress us with his apparent business sagacity. However, his order was a large one, and purported to be for a responsible firm, and so we met his request by a slight allowance to reduce the exchange differences.

"Of the $20,000 silks, the buyer wanted about $9,000 to go at once. We told him that we would verify the order with the Toronto firm, to which he responded 'all right.' Then he disappeared. We wrote to Toronto and received the reply that the firm had no buyer or representative in the United States, and asked us to notify the police.

A member of the Century Silk Mills Company said their shipment had been recovered at Toronto, but had not yet been returned. Their representative at Toronto had had the silks held by the express company.

MAY AFFECT GOULD DIVORCE

Decision in Kaiser Case Regarded as Having Bearing on Her Suit.

A decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday holding that when Mrs. Emanuel M. Kaiser, wife of a New York lawyer, divorced her husband in Pennsylvania and remarried there she was still the legal wife of Mr. Kaiser is expected to have an important bearing on the recent suit of Edith Kelly Gould filed here for a divorce from Frank J. Gould in which Mrs. Gould contends that her husband's divorce in Paris is not valid here because he was a resident of New York at the time and the Paris courts had no jurisdiction.

The only point of difference between the two cases is that while the failure of Mrs. Kaiser to serve her husband in Pennsylvania is the fatal defect in the Gould case the papers were thrust into a taxicab in which Mrs. Gould was riding in Paris. Mrs. Gould contends that she had no idea she was being served with divorce papers and knew nothing about the suit until after she had been divorced.

CITY SENDS CENSUS EXPERT TO CAPITAL

Dr. William J. Guilfoy, Health Statistics Registrar, Ordered to Washington.

TO CHECK FEDERAL COUNT

If Police Enumeration Next Week Shows Shortage New Census Will Be Asked.

Dr. Frank Monaghan, Acting Commissioner of Health, yesterday directed Dr. William J. Guilfoy, Registrar of Statistics of the Health Department, to go to Washington on Monday to begin the study of the Federal census figures for the purpose of ascertaining how much foundation there is for the complaint that thousands of persons were not counted in New York City and that the census of Manhattan in particular fell short by a wide margin of showing the population residing there.

Dr. Guilfoy, who has been in charge of the Health Department Census Bureau for years and has studied the indications of the growth of population annually for the Health Department records, is of the opinion that the Manhattan population was not fully counted and that a 100 per cent. enumeration of the people of Manhattan would show a gain during the ten year period instead of a loss of 47,430, as indicated by the Federal census.

Former State Senator Samuel J. Foley, who was the Supervisor of the Census in Manhattan, said yesterday that he did not contend that the Manhattan census figures were complete, but that the work was as well done as was possible, considering the difficulties in counting the people of Manhattan and the inadequate measures taken for the census here. He said also that he had written a letter to the Census Bureau at Washington, criticising the provision which had been made there for taking the census of Manhattan.

Acting Health Commissioner Monaghan said yesterday that he had written a letter to the Census Bureau, and that Mayor Hylan had also written one, explaining the errand of Dr. Guilfoy, and asking the co-operation of the Federal Census Bureau.

"Dr. Guilfoy is the leading expert, in my opinion," said Dr. Monaghan, "and the population of this city, and the future course of the Committee on Census appointed by Mayor Hylan will depend on what he finds. I expect that we will take blocks and sections here and there throughout the city, obtaining the Federal figures for them, and then checking them up by a count made by the police. This check-up of the Federal census by the police will probably begin next week. If it shows any great inaccuracies, of course, a complete recount should take place."

'SPORTING' AGENTS RAID TWO SALOONS

Two "Fight Promoters" Arrest Bartender in "Billy" Gibson's Criterion Cafe in Bronx.

Modern detective methods are being used by Prohibition Enforcement agents to obtain evidence against saloonkeepers engaged in illicit sale of liquors here. On Thursday night Agents Heaton and Dolan of the staff of James Shevlin, Supervising Prohibition Enforcement Agent for this district, entered the Criterion cafe at 380 East 149th Street and after saying they were prize fight promoters from San Francisco, succeeded in obtaining drinks, they allege, from Jacob Ammond, the bartender. The Criterion, according to the enforcement officers, was owned by "Billy" Gibson, boxing promoter and manager of Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion.

The two enforcement officers arrested the bartender and Gustave Beiswenger, alleged manager of the place. Gibson, they said, was not in the cafe at the time. They also seized three gallons of wine, three quarts of champagne and eight gallons of whisky, they said.

The two agents later went to the saloon conducted by Kelly Brothers, at Columbus Avenue and 100th Street, where they posed as race horse trainers. Joseph Gaughlin, the bartender, sold them two drinks of whisky, they said. They arrested him and confiscated five quarts of whisky found in the saloon. Gaughlin was held in $250 bail when arraigned yesterday before United States Commissioner Hitchcock.

NEIGHBOR DAY OPENS TODAY

Thirty Thousand School Children to March in Processions.

The "Three Days for Democracy" celebration under the auspices of various community and religious organizations opens today with the observance of "Neighbors' Day" in the five boroughs of New York.

"The 'Hello Neighbor' slogan adopted as the ticket of admission to Saturday's affairs," reads the advance statement of the Neighbors' Day Committee, "permeates all features of the programs adopted in the five boroughs, and the neighbors include everybody from baby to grandfather and cater to every taste and inclination."

Thirty thousand school children are scheduled to participate in parades in all boroughs. There will be folk dancing by Bohemian, Moravian, Italian and other national groups in addition to flag drills, community singing, street and block parties and exercises in various neighborhood houses as well as community parades of local organizations, the most elaborate of which will be the Bronx Borough parade, in which 10,000 are expected to march.

A letter has been sent to the clergy of all Christian churches and to rabbis of all synagogues requesting sermons tomorrow on the observance of Neighbors' Day as demanding a greater interest in community affairs and citizenship. The letter is signed by Charles S. Burch, Bishop of the Episcopal Church; William Pierson Merrill, Brick Presbyterian Church; Charles H. Jefferson, Broadway Tabernacle; James D. Ramensnyder, St. James Lutheran Church; Malcolm J. MacLeod, Dutch Reformed Church; Patrick J. Hayes, Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Church; Stephen S. Wise, Free Synagogue, and Aaron F. Atterbury, of the Neighbors' Day Committee for the Churches.

In the Bronx ten thousand men, women and children are expected to march in a demonstration and parade in the afternoon on Grand Concourse from 163d Street to Kingsbridge Road. Mayor Hylan will review the parade which starts at 2 o'clock.

Brooklyn will have celebrations engineered and carried out by its own local committees. The Washington Square Association will dedicate its memorial flag pole to soldiers and sailors of the district killed in the war, with addresses by Albert R. Shattuck, President of the association; Francis D. Gallatin, Park Commissioner, and Dr. Howard Duffield.

Neighbors' Day exercises will be held in Harlem on the law net Mount Morris Park in the afternoon.

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Our Entire Stock of

MEN'S SUITS

at 33⅓% Off

IN about two weeks we move to our new store! Rather than bear the expense of transferring our large stocks, we prefer to dispose of them completely, by giving you incentive to buy your Suit here and now. By taking advantage of this Sale, you can save fully One-Third of our original prices, which are almost always considerably lower than the prices prevailing elsewhere!

$35 SUITS - - $23.35 $50 SUITS - - $33.35
$45 SUITS - - $30.00 $60 SUITS - - $40.00
$75 SUITS - - $50.00

$20 Genuine Palm Beach Suits - $13.35
$13.50 Flannel Trousers - $9.00

Unusually smart and appropriate styles for Summer and Early Fall. Our own original models, as well as those of nationally known makes. Available in all the most desirable fabrics and colors.

* * *

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

—Including Nationally Advertised Brands—

at 30% Off

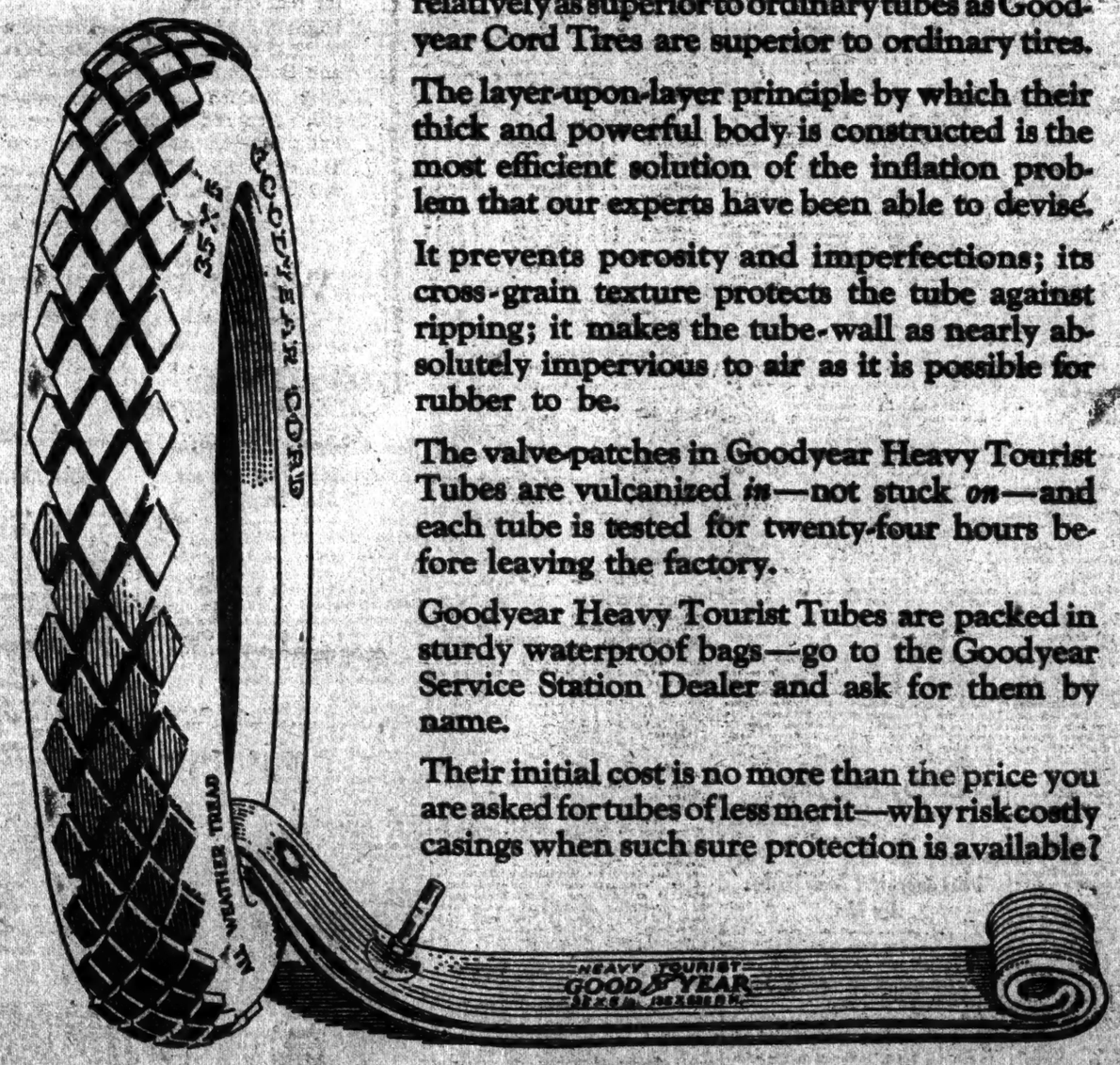
SPECIAL ONYX HOSIERY 27c pr. $3 doz.

$3.50 SHIRTS $2.55 In White Oxford Collars Attached

Matthews

1165 Broadway - near 27th St.

A Tube as Good as the Goodyear Cord Tire



We build Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes to be relatively as superior to ordinary tubes as Goodyear Cord Tires are superior to ordinary tires.

The layer-upon-layer principle by which their thick and powerful body is constructed is the most efficient solution of the inflation problem that our experts have been able to devise.

It prevents porosity and imperfections; its cross-grain texture protects the tube against ripping; it makes the tube-wall as nearly absolutely impervious to air as it is possible for rubber to be.

The valve-patches in Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes are vulcanized *in*—not stuck *on*—and each tube is tested for twenty-four hours before leaving the factory.

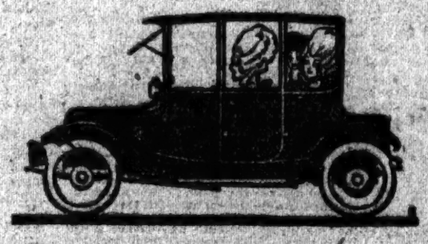
Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes are packed in sturdy waterproof bags—go to the Goodyear Service Station Dealer and ask for them by name.

Their initial cost is no more than the price you are asked for tubes of less merit—why risk costly casings when such sure protection is available?

GOODYEAR

HEAVY TOURIST TUBES

Complete Comfort



Absolute cleanliness and comfort make the Electric the ideal car for calling, shopping, and theatre going. It is the most beautifully finished and distinctive automobile made

Dependability and simplicity of operation in crowded thoroughfares are two outstanding features of the Electric that particularly adapt it for use in the City

Our Automobile Bureau will be glad to arrange for a demonstration at your convenience

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How they dropped!
18,000 men's shoes.
Among them 10,000 of our finest grades.
Why?
Because we meant what we said when we told the makers we'd drop their line sooner than pay their higher prices for Fall.
Even if two days sold half (started Thursday) 9000 pairs remain.
Black. Tan. High. Low.

Our finest qualities—most all were $20 to $22.50.
$12.50.

Our $15.00 and $16.00 qualities.
$10.

Our $10.00 to $12.00 qualities.
$6.50.
In this group the middle sizes are badly riddled. But the extreme sizes (5½ to 7, and 9½ to 11) are still good.

Plenty men's suits at $50 and $60.

Sporting Goods and luggage. Everything for the week-end.

Canoeists! Just received a carload of Kennebec canoes. Enough said!
(Open all day.)

ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Broadway at 13th St. — "Four Convenient Corners" — Broadway at 34th St.
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Not only golf balls and clubs, but also complete golf clothing for men and women, good style and comfort, at

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Broadway & 58th St.
ESTABLISHED 1899
Everything for Sportsman and Motorist
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RACING
AT BEAUTIFUL
BELMONT PARK
TODAY
$10,000 Belmont Stakes
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2½ MILE STEEPLECHASE
AMATEUR CUP HANDICAP
and 2 Other Matchless Contests
BEGINNING AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Penna. Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., also Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 12:30 and at intervals up to 1.55 P. M. Special Cars Reserved for Ladies. Course also reached by trolley.
Grand Stand & Paddock, $3.30. Ladies $1.65. Including War Tax

WILKE SAYS—MY PIPES ARE DIFFERENT FROM ANY IN THE MARKET—THEY'RE SEASONED IN THE SPECIAL WILKE WAY—FOREVER OPEN—UNPAINTED SO YOU CAN COLOR THEM LIKE MEERSCHAUM—ONLY THE BEST BRIAR ROOT. SMOKE SWEET FROM TIME YOU LIGHT 'EM—MY NAME ON THE PIPE AND BOX YOUR GUARANTEE FOR YEARS—BRING 'EM BACK IF TROUBLED AND I'LL GIVE THEM MY PERSONAL ATTENTION.
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REVIVED INTEREST IN ANDRE.
The London correspondent of The New York Times Review of Books provides an interesting story of the revived interest in Major John Andre, who was hanged by the Americans as a spy, which will be published tomorrow.—Advt.

GIANTS WIN FINAL CLASH FROM REDS

King and Kelly Get Homers as McGrawmen Take Last of Series, 6 to 2.

UMPIRES BANISH SALLEE

Slim Suspected of Tampering with Ball—Manhattanites Jump Into Lead in Fifth.

Slim Sallee had sumpthin' on his hip up at the Polo Grounds yesterday afternoon. Umpire Harrison didn't know what it was; Umpire McCormack didn't know what it was; Christy Mathewson didn't know what it was; Johnny Evers didn't know what it was; and Sallee wouldn't tell what it was. But whatever it was, it made a lot of fans jealous who would vote for even a painter's platform if it had a wet plank in it. Whether it was a violation of the Eighteenth Amendment or had anything even remotely to do with the Volstead Act will never be known, but Slim's actions were a violation of that particular baseball rule which deals with the putting of foreign substances on the ball and Umpire Harrison chased him to the cooling influences of the showers after two were out in the eighth inning. The banishment of Slim had little influence on the fourth game of the series between the Giants and the world's champion Reds, for at that time the New Yorks were cavorting along in front and they didn't really need the additional run they scored after Slim eased himself from the premises. The final count was New York, 6, Cincinnati, 2, the Giants thus winning three of the four matinees played with Pat Moran's pupils.

Walter Ruether having succeeded in checking the wild gambols of the Giants on Thursday, Pat Moran decided to left-hand the New Yorkers some more yesterday. Being slim, Sallee doesn't mind the heat so much as some of his more corpulent confrères on Garry Herrmann's payroll. Being a southpaw of parts—not so many parts but a lot of angles—Moran figured Slim might be able to emulate Mr. Ruether. So Slim got the assignment whether he wanted it or not. For a time it seemed as if Sal might muss up the Polo Grounders quite a little. He held them hitless for three innings, and the run which the Reds presented him with in the third canto felt as oppressive as the heat. But Bancroft's single and King's double came close enough together in the Giant's half of the fourth inning to tie the score and revive the rapidly wiltering hopes, if not the collars, of the 10,000 décolleté fans.

Giants Romp Into Lead.

The Reds took the lead in the fifth only to lose it again in the last half of the same canto, when the Giants unleashed a series of three hits, a double, a single and a triple, in that order, which were cashed in for two runs. Thereafter Fred Toney held the Ohioans in the hollow of his curve ball, so to speak.

Slim Sallee has been pitching baseballs at batters' bats for quite a spell. He has learned a lot of tricks about port-siding that are mysteries to younger artists. It is probable that the ball was perspiring like everything else under the sun, and it is also probable, that Sallee begam jamming his left hand into his hip pocket before every pitch just to dry his fork hand that he might get a better grip on the ball. Whatever the reason was the fact remains that he did it, and it got Matty's goat; caused Evers to become hotter than usual around the space reserved for his collar; gave the fans some new wet thoughts, and irritated Umpire Harrison.

In the seventh inning, when Slim was having more than usual trouble with the wayward ball and his motions toward his gun pocket, or whatever the pocket is used for, became more frequent and more aggravating, Umpire Harrison admonished him about it. Slim paid no heed, so Umpire Harrison scolded him about it. Still Slim heard nothing but the intermittent peals of thunder that told of a rain that never rained at the Polo Ground. Then Umpire Harrison told him to absent himself from the box score, and, naturally, Slim did. Slim didn't talk back much, so maybe he wanted to go to the showers.

Bancroft's Error Lets Run In.

The Reds burst forth like a rash or something in the third inning. See thumped a single to centre. Wingo flied to Burns. It was a long lift, and See attempted to go to third. Bancroft let the throw get away from him and See scurried home. The Giants evened the count in the fourth when Bancroft started with a single to left. Ross Young and Larry Doyle raised pops to Groh, Young's being foul, and Bancroft seemed doomed to wither on first. But King, who does all the hitting for Benny Kauff against left handers, doubled to right and Bancroft scored.

The Reds regained the lead in the fifth. Neale singled to left. See singled to centre, and Neale managed to reach third when Sicking dropped King's throw. See then stole second. Wingo bounced toward Toney and the ball caromed off his glove to Bancroft, who threw the batter out, but Neale scored.

The Giants got two in the fifth. Kelly doubled to right. Snyder caught the Cincinnati infield asleep by bunting and beat the throw to first for a single, Kelly skipping to third. Toney walloped the ball into left field for three bases and Kelly and Snyder scored. In the seventh Kelly made his homer. Snyder followed with a two-bagger. Toney sacrificed him to third and he scored on Burns's single to right. In the eighth King's smash for a round trip completed the scoring. It would have been a hot game even if the day had been cooler.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	4	0	1	3	0
Bancroft,ss	4	1	1	3	3
Young,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Doyle,2b	4	0	1	2	4
King,cf	4	1	2	2	0
Sicking,3b	4	0	0	3	2
Kelly,1b	3	2	2	11	1
Snyder,c	3	2	2	5	1
Toney,p	3	0	1	0	1
Total	33	6	10	27	12

CINCINNATI (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Rath,2b	4	0	0	2	2
Daubert,1b	3	0	1	8	0
Groh,3b	4	0	1	2	5
Duncan,lf	4	0	0	3	0
Kopf,ss	4	0	0	1	1
Neale,cf	1	0	0	1	0
Crane,rf	3	1	2	0	0
See,rf,cf	4	1	2	4	0
Wingo,c	3	0	0	3	0
Sallee,p	3	0	1	0	1
Fisher,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	7	24	9

Errors—King, Kelly, Toney, Duncan.

New York ....0 0 0 1 2 0 2 1 .—6
Cincinnati ....0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—King, Kelly, Snyder. Three-base hit—Toney. Home runs—Kelly, King. Stolen bases—Groh, See (2). Sacrifice hit—Toney. Double plays—Doyle, Bancroft and Kelly; Groh, Rath and Daubert; Daubert (unassisted). Left on bases—New York 3, Cincinnati 5. Base on balls—Off Toney 1. Hits—Off Sallee 9 in 7 2-3 innings, Fisher 1 in 1-3. Struck out—By Toney 3, Sallee 2. Losing pitcher—Sallee. Umpires—Harrison and McCormick. Time—One hour and thirty-seven minutes.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 6; Cincinnati, 2.
St. Louis, 10; Brooklyn, 2.
Boston, 3; Pittsburgh, 0.
Philadelphia, 8; Chicago, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York, 5; Detroit, 0.
Cleveland, 5; Philadelphia, 2.
Chicago, 5; Boston, 4.
St. Louis, 8; Washington, 7.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Brooklyn	27	18	.600
Cincinnati	26	20	.565
St. Louis	25	23	.521
Chicago	24	25	.490
Boston	21	22	.488
Pittsburgh	20	22	.476
New York	21	26	.447
Philadelphia	19	27	.413

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cleveland	32	16	.667
New York	33	17	.660
Boston	25	19	.568
Chicago	26	22	.542
Washington	24	22	.522
St. Louis	19	27	.413
Philadelphia	16	33	.327
Detroit	14	33	.298

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
St. Louis at New York. (Game starts 3 P. M.)
Cincinnati at Brooklyn. (Game starts 3 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Cleveland.
Washington at Chicago.
Boston at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Detroit.

SKEETERS DISPOSE OF SYRACUSE, 8-1

Take Third Straight Game from Up-State Crew Behind Grevell's Clever Pitching.

Bill Donovan's Skeeters continued their winning streak at the expense of the Syracuse Stars with another victory yesterday in Jersey City, scored 8 to 1, giving the home crew three games in a row, and enabling them to balance accounts for the three-ply defeat handed to Donovan's men in their previous clash at the Syracuse ball park. Pitcher Bill Grevell showed marked consistency in his work for Jersey City, in that he issued five passes, struck out five men and, until the ninth round, held the visitors to five safe hits. Donelson in the ninth managed to hang up an extra bingle by a bunt along the third-base line.

Grevell's good work should have been rewarded by a shut-out, the visitors' only run being chargeable to a bad muff of Witterstatter's easy fly in the first period. The error was made with two out and Donelson on second, the result of a free trip and a sacrifice. Harschar tried his skill on the pitching block for Syracuse and went along well for four rounds, but the Skeeters swarmed around his twisters in the fifth for five clean-cut drives, which, with a base on balls and an error by Shortstop Benes, contributed six marks to the Jersey City score board.

In the fourth inning, with another cluster of Syracuse runners on the bags and one out, a hot liner was pulled down by Bill Zitman, who ran over and touched second and then shot the ball over to first. However, as there had already been one man retired, Jersey City was robbed of the first chance this season to figure in what would have been a three-time killing.

Jersey City added to its batting record with eleven blows, Eddie Mooers setting the pace with a single, a triple and three runs.

Because of the Elks' jubilee, today's game with Syracuse will not be called until 4:15 o'clock.

The score:

JERSEY CITY (I.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Zitman,ss	4	1	2	2	1
Bauman,2b	3	1	2	3	3
W'worth,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Denoville,1b	4	1	2	8	2
Kane,rf	4	0	0	1	1
Mooers,3b	3	3	2	2	4
Kingston,cf	3	0	1	2	0
Freitag,c	3	1	1	5	0
Grevell,p	3	1	0	1	2
Total	31	8	11	27	13

SYRACUSE (I.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Donelson,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Walters,2b	4	0	0	4	5
Geiser,cf	3	0	0	0	0
Wit'stat,r,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Carlstrom,1b	4	0	2	13	2
McAlpine,3b	4	0	2	1	3
Benes,ss	3	0	0	1	1
Neibergall,c	3	0	0	3	2
Harschar,p	3	0	1	1	0
aMadden	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	1	6	24	13

a Batted for Harschar in ninth.
Errors—Bauman, Kingston, Walters, Benes.

Jersey City ....0 0 0 2 6 0 0 0 .—8
Syracuse ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Freitag, Donelson. Three-base hit—Mooers. Stolen bases—Bauman, Denoville, Mooers. Sacrifice hits—Grevell, Walters, McAlpine. Double plays—Kane and Denoville; Zitman (unassisted); Walters and Carlstrom (2). Left on bases—Jersey City 4, Syracuse 10. Bases on balls—Off Grevell 5, Harschar 3. Struck out—By Grevell 5, Harschar 3. Umpires—Carpenter and Derr. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES.

		R.	H.	E.
Reading	4 0 1 0 2 0 0 1 .	8	14	1
Baltimore	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	4	2

Batteries—Brown and Konnick; Kneisch, Sullivan and Casey.

		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1	3	10	3
Rochester	0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	9	2

Batteries—Martin, Bruggy and Bengough; Clifford, Ross and Manning.

		R.	H.	E.
Akron	0 1 0 2 2 0 0 2 1	8	14	4
Toronto	2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	3	9	2

Batteries—Barnes and Smith; Ryan and Sandberg.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Buffalo	33	15	.688
Baltimore	30	18	.625
Toronto	29	18	.617
Akron	25	19	.568
Reading	22	24	.478
Jersey City	20	26	.435
Rochester	17	32	.347
Syracuse	11	35	.239

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.
Syracuse at Jersey City.
Rochester at Buffalo.
Akron at Toronto.
Baltimore at Reading.

Eastern League.
Bridgeport, 8; Hartford, 4.
Pittsfield, 8; Albany, 5.
Springfield, 3; Waterbury, 2. (First game.)
Springfield, 2; Waterbury, 1. (Second game.)
Worcester at New Haven—rain.

YANKEES CLEAN UP ON DETROIT SERIES

Rip Collins Allows Five Hits and Blanks Tigers in Final—Score Is 5 to 0.

ANOTHER HOMER BY MEUSEL

Californian Drives Ball Into Right-Field Bleachers in First Inning—Great Catch by Veach.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, June 11.—Rip Collins, the young Texas Ranger, turned in a pitching classic for the Yankees today at Navin Field and shut out the Tigers, 5 to 0. It gave the Yanks a clean sweep of the series, and tonight they move on to Cleveland to see if they can't snatch the league leadership away from Tris Speaker's club.

From that tense, dramatic moment in the first inning when big Bob Meusel cracked the ball on the beak and sent it on a dizzy journey to the right field bleachers, it was the Yankees' game. Dutch Leonard was primed for today's tilt, and Manager Hughey Jennings was back on the coaching lines to wake up his slumbering ball players. Meusel was the second batsman to face Leonard, Peck having hoisted a fly to Veach. The clouting native son whanged the ball a brutal jolt, and it fell among the steerage passengers in the open outfield stand.

That one homer was plenty of encouragement for Collins. He had a world of speed and plenty of bend on his curves. Rip's marksmanship was so good that he said he could throw the ball around a haystack and hit a sparrow. Ellison was the only one of the Bengals who could hit Collins. He got three of the Tigers' five hits.

Rip in Danger Once.

There was only one time when Rip was in danger. That was after Ellison doubled in the fifth. After his two-base slam to centre Pinelli pushed him to third with a sacrifice. Woodall then smashed a bounder at Collins which almost knocked Rip back to Texas. The Texan staggered under the blow, but promptly recovered the ball and hurled it to Hannah as Ellison was galloping in to the plate.

Hannah made a great play. He got the ball just as Ellison came sliding in with his spikes gleaming in the afternoon sun. Truck and Ellison came together like a couple of freight cars on a siding. Ellison capsized and so did Truck, but during the acrobatics Truck tagged the runner and held on to the ball.

The Yanks played fine ball behind Collins. They were sprightly on the bases and looked like split satin a yard wide. Their batting total for the day was nine hits including the homer and a double by Meusel and a three-bagger by Bodie, the San Francisco table d'hote hunter.

Collins not only pitched a gilt-edged game but he fielded his position like a rubber ball and he was as fleet as an antelope on the runways. He's a slinger from Slingville, Sling County, is Rip Collins and he doesn't care who knows it.

While the five runs were plenty for the Yankees, they would have had more if it hadn't been for the miraculous intervention of Veach in the fifth, when with two men aboard he bounced skyward as if off a spring board and plucked Peck's full grown smash with his naked hand. Hannah was doubled off second after this magical grab and a hungry Yank rally was starved into submission.

Peck, the first Yank to face Leonard, hoisted a high one to Veach. Bob Meusel shot a tremendous rap high into right field and the ball sailed into the bleachers for a home run. Pipp walked and stole second. Ruth waited patiently for a good one until the count on him was three balls and two strikes. Leonard spun one over on the inside of the plate and Umpire Chill called Babe out. To say that Ruth was highly displeased is scarcely mentioning his attitude. Pratt rocketed to Heilman for the third out.

Double Play Checks Tigers.

The Tigers got a brace of hits off Collins in the second, but they amounted to nothing. Veach singled to right and Heilman soaked a hot liner at Peck and Veach was doubled before he could return to first. Ellison singled to left, but Pinelli ended the session when Collins threw him out at first.

Pipp opened the fourth with a Texas leaguer over second, but he tried to make too much of a good thing when he attempted to stretch his way to second and was out. The Detroit outfield went back to the fences when Ruth came to the bat. Ruth took a healthy swing at one, but caught it on the tip of his bat and lofted an easy one to Bush. Pratt was safe when Pinelli threw wide to first, but Del died stealing.

Great commotion in the fifth. Ping Bodie smashed a triple along the right field foul line but was held at third when Bush threw Lewis out at first. Hannah jammed a single to centre and Bodie registered. Rip Collins, with two strikes on him, laid down a bunt and beat Leonard's throw to first in an outburst of speed which astonished the natives. Rip is as fast as lightning going down hill.

Peck walloped a high drive to the furthest corner of the left field, and it looked as if it was going to bore a hole through the fence. Bobby Veach leaped as the ball was about to kiss the fence and grabbed it with his bare hand. Rheumatic snakes, what a catch! Hannah was naturally on his way home, as any wideawake player would be; as no one but a soothsayer would think that Veach was going to commit grand larceny, Hannah tried to get back to second, but Veach's throw beat him by a wink and he was out. Pretty hot pastiming for a hot day.

More Yank prosperity in the sixth. Meusel banged a two-bagger to left. Pipp tried to sacrifice and Pinelli threw high. Wallie was safe when Ellison leaped off the bag. Ruth sent a high hopper to Ellison, who threw to the plate to get Meusel, but Bob slid under and was safe.

Pratt's sacrifice sent the travelers on their journey and Bodie poked a grounder at Young. Pep threw the ball to the plate, but Pipp slid under Woodall and the Yanks had another run. Duffy Lewis struck out. It wasn't compulsory that Duffy should do such a thing at such a time, but that's what he did. Woodall threw Hannah out at first and closed the incident for the time being.

In the eighth Rip Collins bounced one at Leonard, and Dutch threw so wildly to first that Rip went around to third like a mustang. After Young threw Peck out at first, Leonard unravelled a wild pitch and Collins scored.

Ball games don't grow any better than this one.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Peck,ss	5	0	1	2	3
Meusel,3b	4	2	2	1	0
Pipp,1b	2	1	1	13	0
Ruth,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Pratt,2b	3	0	0	3	7
Bodie,cf	4	1	1	2	0
Lewis,lf	4	0	2	4	0
Hannah,c	3	0	1	2	0
Collins,p	4	1	1	0	4
Total	33	5	9	27	14

DETROIT (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Young,2b	4	0	0	4	2
Bush,ss	4	0	0	4	2
Shorten,cf	4	0	1	0	1
Veach,lf	4	0	1	2	1
Heilman,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Ellison,1b	3	0	2	7	0
Pinelli,3b	3	0	0	0	1
Woodal,c	3	0	0	7	4
Leonard,p	2	0	0	0	1
Ayers,p	0	0	0	1	0
aHale	1	0	0	0	1
Total	30	0	5	27	14

a Batted for Leonard in eighth.
Errors—Pinelli (2), Leonard.

New York ....1 0 0 0 1 2 1 0 0—5
Detroit ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Ellison, Meusel. Three-base hit—Bodie. Home run—Meusel. Sacrifice hits—Pinelli, Pratt, Hannah. Double plays—Peck and Pipp; Veach and Bush. Hits—Off Leonard 8 in 8 innings. Left on bases—New York 5, Detroit 5. First base on errors—New York 1. Struck out—By Leonard 7. Bases on balls—Off Leonard 1. Wild pitch—Leonard. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Owens.

Insignia for Yale Riflemen.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 11.—Yale's undergraduate athletic association has recommended that members of the rifle team, which for the first time was organized and took part in intercollegiate matches this Spring, be awarded insignia. T. P. Heffelfinger of Minneapolis, Minn., will be next year's captain.

BASEBALL TODAY—EBBETS FIELD. Brooklyn vs. Cincinnati—3:30 P. M.—Advt.

Curves and Bingles

The umpires have quit wearing rubber collars. Recent happenings at the Polo Grounds have made the arbiters too hot in the immediate vicinity of the neck bands of their shirts. Safety first!

There may be some places that are hotter than the Polo Grounds was yesterday, but if there are they must use asbestos score cards.

Lee King says he doesn't expect to make any singles until he starts bunting the ball. He made a double and a home run yesterday in four trips to the plate. His homer was made off the first pitch Ray Fisher offered.

George Kelly got on every time he was up. He reached first safely in the third when Duncan dropped his fly. He doubled in the fifth and later scored. He knocked a home run in the seventh.

Pancho Snyder may not be an antelope, but his footwork isn't as faulty as some folks may have thought. He beat out a bunt in the fifth and in the seventh he stretched only a slightly overgrown hit to right into a double by beating Crane's throw by a spike point.

Two balls had been called on Fred Toney before he tripled, scoring a brace of runners in the fifth. Being a pitcher Toney realized that Sallee had to groove the next one. He took a toe hold and swung as Sallee let go of the ball. Slim hit Toney's bat just north of the trade-mark.

Jake Daubert made a long bid for a hit in the eighth inning, but George Burns pulled one of his circus catches. Jake hit the ball to deep left centre on a line. Burns started running with the crack of the bat against the ball and just managed to reach it.

Several pitchers spent the afternoon warming up in the bull pen. They must have figured they might just as well warm up in the bull pen as on the bench.

Maybe This Party Wagered License to Wed on Giants

The Housewives' Association was long divorced from baseball and nearly divorced from the Ancient Brotherhood of Husbands because of cold suppers and such things. But baseball has been guilty of another misdemeanor. Its latest offense is causing the postponement, if not the calling off, of a wedding. It seems that a young bridegroom to be was a spectator at Thursday's game between the Giants and Reds. Earlier in the day he had visited the City Clerk's office and obtained a license to commit matrimony. Between the excitement of going to be married and being at the ball game he had to lose something. Having previously lost his heart and having lost his head when the Giants were losing the game, he lost the marriage license. Yesterday a somewhat agitated special policeman made anxious inquiries of attendants, club officials and others as to whether the precious document had been found.

WHITE SOX RALLY AND DEFEAT BOSTON

Weaver's Batting Is Important Factor in 5-4 Victory of Gleason's Men.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Chicago defeated Boston in the final game of the series today, 5 to 4. Both Faber and Pennock were effective. Weaver featured for the champions by hitting a homer into the left field seats in the first inning and leading with a double in the eighth inning rally that won for Chicago.

The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Leibold,rf	4	0	0	1	2
E. Collins,2b	4	0	0	2	2
Weaver,ss	3	3	2	2	3
Jackson,lf	3	1	2	1	0
Felsh,cf	3	1	1	3	0
J. Collins,1t	4	0	1	8	1
McMullins,3b	3	0	0	1	2
Schalk,c	3	0	1	7	2
Faber,p	3	0	0	1	0
Total	30	5	7	27	12

BOSTON (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hooper,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Vitt,3b	3	0	0	1	2
Menosky,lf	4	1	1	1	0
Hendrix,cf	4	0	1	1	0
McInnis,1b	4	0	0	10	0
Foster,3b	3	1	2	0	2
Scott,ss	4	1	2	1	5
Schang,c	4	0	0	5	1
Pennock,p	3	0	1	0	2
aKarr	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	10	24	12

a Batted for Pennock in ninth.
Errors—J. Collins, Foster.

Chicago ....1 0 0 0 0 2 0 2 .—5
Boston ....0 0 0 0 1 0 1 2 0—4

Two-base hits—Jackson, Pennock, Weaver. Struck out—By Faber 6, Pennock 2. Double play—Schalk and Weaver. Wild pitch—Pennock. Balk—Pennock. Umpires—Messrs. Moriarity and Connolly. Time of game—Two hours.

BROWNS DEFEAT SENATORS.

Washington Threatens in Ninth, but Is Turned Back—Score Is 8 to 7.

ST. LOUIS, June 11.—St. Louis defeated Washington, 8 to 7, in a see-saw game today, getting an even break on the series. The visitors rallied in the ninth, and had the tying run on third base when Shannon fouled out to Billings. Errors figured prominently in the scoring on both sides.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Tobin,rf	4	2	2	0	0
Gedeon,2b	4	1	2	1	3
Sisler,1b	4	1	0	7	2
Jacobson,cf	4	1	1	3	0
Williams,lf	4	0	0	3	0
Thompson,3b	3	0	0	2	1
Gerber,ss	3	1	1	2	3
Billings,c	3	2	2	3	0
Wellman,p	2	0	1	2	2
Shocker,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	8	7	27	11

WASHINGTON (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Shanks,1b	4	1	2	11	1
Milan,rf,lf	4	1	2	0	0
Rice,cf	5	1	2	2	0
Colvo,lf	2	0	0	0	0
Roth,rf	3	0	1	1	0
Shannon,2b	4	0	1	2	6
Ellerbe,3b	4	0	0	0	3
O'Neill,ss	4	1	1	1	1
Gharrity,c	3	0	2	1	2
Erickson,p	3	0	0	1	1
Courtney,p	0	0	0	0	0
aZachary	1	0	0	0	0
bHarris	0	1	0	0	0
cTorres	0	1	0	0	0
Total	35	7	13	24	14

a Batted for Courtney in ninth inning.
b Ran for Zarachy in ninth inning.
c Ran for Milan in ninth inning.
Errors—Thompson, Rice, Shannon, Ellerbe, Gharrity.

St. Louis ....2 0 0 0 2 2 0 2 .—8
Washington ....3 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 2—7

Two-base hits—Shannon, O'Neill, Gharrity, Rice. Three-base hit—Gerber. Home run—Jacobson. Sacrifice hits—Shannon, Gedeon, Wellman, Shocker, Milan. Double plays—Gedeon and Sisler. Stolen bases—Shanks, Tobin. Bases on balls—Off Erickson 4, Wellman 1, Courtney 1. Hits—Off Erickson 5 in 5 2-3, Courtney 2 in 2 1-3; Wellman 11 in 1, Shocker 2 in 2. Left on bases—St. Louis 7, Washington 7. Time of game—Two hours and eight minutes. Umpires—Nallin and Dineen.

INDIANS WIN ANOTHER.

Cleveland Makes It Four Straight Over Mackmen—Score Is 5 to 2.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 11.—Cleveland made it four straight from Philadelphia today, winning 5 to 2. Bagby held the Athletics to four hits, two of which were bunched in the third inning with a base on balls and netted Philadelphia two runs. The score:

CLEVELAND (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Evans,lf	2	0	0	4	0
Chapman,ss	2	1	0	3	3
Speaker,cf	3	1	0	4	0
Wood,rf	3	1	1	0	0
Gardner,3b	4	0	1	0	2
W'gans,2b	4	1	3	3	3
Johnston,1b	3	0	0	11	0
O'Neill,c	4	0	2	2	1
Bagby,p	4	1	1	0	2
Total	28	5	6	27	11

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Dykes,2b	3	0	0	6	5
Thomas,3b	4	0	1	1	1
Strunk,lf	2	2	1	3	0
Burrus,1b	4	0	0	9	0
Myatt,rf	4	0	1	0	0
Galloway,ss	4	0	0	2	5
Walsh,cf	3	0	0	1	0
Perkins,c	2	1	1	1	2
Moore,p	3	1	0	1	2
Total	30	2	4	24	15

Error—Thomas.

Cleveland ....2 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 .—5
Philadelphia ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Myatt, Wood. Three-base hit—O'Neill. Stolen bases—Chapman (2), Speaker. Sacrifice hits—Dykes, Johnston. Double plays—Galloway and Dykes; Dykes, Galloway and Burns. Left on bases—Philadelphia 4, Cleveland 7. Bases on balls—Off Moore 6, Bagby 2. Hit by pitcher—By Bagby (Perkins), Moore (Evans). Struck out—By Moore 1, Bagby 2. Balk—Moore. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and Evans. Time—One hour and twenty-six minutes.

CALIFORNIA NINE WINS.

Coast College Scores Easy Victory Over Delaware by 10 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, Del., June 11.—Delaware College lost to the University of California baseball team today, 10 to 2. Caril walked the first four men to face him, and Magaw, who relieved him, was hit hard, the Western boys scoring eight runs in the first inning.

The score:

CALIFORNIA.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Myers,cf	2	1	3	1	0
Works,p	0	0	1	2	0
Hudson,2b	1	0	0	2	0
Rohwer,lf	1	1	3	0	0
Makin,3b	1	3	0	1	0
Rowe,rf	1	1	1	0	0
Toomay,1b	1	1	8	0	0
Dexter,c	2	2	8	0	1
White,ss	1	0	2	3	0
Total	10	9	27	9	1

DELAWARE.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Robbin,3b	1	1	2	3	0
Doneho,lf	0	0	1	0	0
Underw'd,ss	0	0	2	4	1
Madden,cf	0	1	3	0	0
E. Carter,1b	0	0	11	1	0
G. Carter,c	0	0	7	1	0
Marvel,rf	0	0	0	0	1
Dante,rf	0	1	0	0	0
M'Cardell,2b	0	0	2	2	0
Caril,p	0	0	0	0	0
Magaw,p	0	0	0	1	0
Deppe,p	1	0	0	1	0
Rothrock,c	0	0	1	1	0
aTaggart	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	3	27	18	2

a Batted for Underwood in ninth.

California ....8 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—10
Delaware ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Three-base hit—Dexter. Home runs—Dexter, Myers. Stolen bases—Robbin, Madden, McCardell (3), Myers, Rohwer. Hit by pitcher—By White (Robbin, Madden). Struck out—By Magaw 1, Rothrock 4, Works 7. Bases on balls—Off Caril 4, Rothrock 2, Works 5. Left on bases—Delaware 12, California 5. Umpires—Messrs. Cole and Hogan.

Hudson River Regatta June 19.

The Hudson River Rowing Association will hold its fifteenth annual regatta on Saturday, June 19, at 3 P. M., over the new Edgewater course, opposite the 130th Street Ferry. The officials' headquarters will be at the Active Boat Club, the old Columbia University boathouse. From all indications this regatta will be the biggest and most successful this association has had for some time.

CARDS ONCE MORE THRASH SUPERBAS

Pound Three Brooklyn Twirlers and Carry Off Victory Over Leaders by 10 to 2.

The Dodgers took an awful drubbing at Ebbets Field yesterday afternoon. They were gluttons for punishment, and the Cards gave them all they could use. Perhaps it was the heat that affected them, but at any rate the Robins accepted the humiliation of a 10 to 2 defeat with a resignation unbefitting league leaders. The Missourians, on the other hand, seemed to revel in a brand of weather that reminded them of home, and spilled paprika all over the premises. The game gave Rickey's rustlers the series by three to one, and the Robins were oppressed with no overwhelming sense of regret when they saw them pack their bats after the game, preparatory to an assault today upon the Polo Grounds.

In one way at least, however, the Dodgers looked more like themselves yesterday than they have for some time. There was a familiar face and figure in every corner of the lot. Eddie Konetchy was back first-sacking, after a long lay-off. His damaged rib is all right again, and there was a real welcome for Koney. He played a good game, contributing a three-bagger and a sacrifice to a hopeless cause, as well as fielding in proper fashion. With Zack Wheat and Kilduff also back and Robbie out on the coaching line, it looked like sort of an old home week celebration. But the Cards spoiled all the pleasure of the reunion.

The Cards made hits in each of the first three innings, but didn't start turning them into runs until the fourth. They made three hits and two runs in that frame. Milton Stock, who banged out four hits and a sacrifice out of five times up, singled past second, and went to third on Hornsby's double, which steamed past Olson with railroad speed. Fournier sent up a pop foul to Miller, and Stock scored on McHenry's out to Kilduff. Lavan's single past short brought Hornsby home. Clemons filed to Myers for the third out.

Two Triples Coin a Run.

Two consecutive triples gave the Dodgers back one of these runs in their half of the fourth. With two down, Konetchy hit into the stands in left centre, and Griffith sent him home when his slashing drive to the fence in right netted three bases. Kilduff couldn't bring Griffith in.

For the Cards, another run drifted over in the fifth. After Goodwin had grounded out, Janvrin tripled to right centre, the ball taking a bad bound past Griffith. Schultz scored him on a sacrifice fly to Myers. Stock followed with his third safe hit, but was left. In the sixth St. Louis added two more. Fournier was hit in the hand, the Frenchman making a great fuss over his fingers to convince Umpire Moran that it was the real thing. McHenry knocked Sherrod Smith clean out of the pastime with a triple to right centre, on which Fournier counted, and Mitchell then went in to take his share of the medicine. Mitch has been doing so much first basing and outfielding lately that he is a bit out of his stride in the box, but he got by this inning all right. McHenry scored on a sacrifice fly by Goodwin after Clemons had walked, but there was no further damage until the next chapter, wherein Mitchell followed Smith to the showers.

Johnston Tallies Second Run.

The Dodgers scored their second and last run in the sixth. Johnston doubled to centre, and after Wheat had popped out scored on Myers's single. Konetchy hit into a double play. Hits by Schultz, Hornsby and Fournier, mixed in with a sacrifice hit, sacrifice fly and a balk by Miljus, who took Mitchell's place, added three more runs to the Cards' total in the seventh. Miljus got by in the eighth, although Clemons reached first on an error by Olson, who had hurt his fingers trying to field a hard-hit ball and had a bad day in the field in consequence. In the ninth two more runs crossed the plate for St. Louis, singles by Stock and Fournier and a double by Heathcote running the visitors' tally total up to 10.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Janvrin,lf,ss	5	1	1	1	1
Schultz,rf	4	1	1	4	0
Stock,3b	4	2	2	3	4
Hornsby,2b	5	2	2	2	3
Fournier,1b	4	2	2	11	0
McHenry,cf	3	1	2	0	0
J.Smith,cf	1	0	1	0	0
Lavan,ss	4	0	1	1	2
Heathcote,lf	1	0	0	1	0
Clemons,c	4	0	1	0	2
Goodwin,p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	37	10	15	27	11

BROOKLYN (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Olson,ss	4	0	0	2	6
Johnston,3b	4	1	2	0	1
Wheat,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Neis,lf	0	0	0	0	0
Myers,cf	4	0	2	4	0
Konetchy,1b	3	1	1	6	2
Griffith,rf	4	0	2	1	0
Kilduff,2b	4	0	1	4	2
Miller,c	4	0	1	6	0
S.Smith,p	2	0	0	1	2
Mitchell,p	0	0	0	0	2
Miljus,p	1	0	0	0	1
aMcCabe	0	0	0	0	0
bSchmandt	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	2	11	27	16

a Ran for Konetchy in ninth.
b Batted for Miljus in ninth.
Errors—Stock, Olson.

St. Louis ....0 0 0 2 1 2 3 0 2—10
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Hornsby, J. Smith, Johnston, Kilduff. Three-base hits—Janvrin, McHenry, Konetchy, Griffith. Stolen base—Fournier. Sacrifices—Stock, J. Smith, Goodwin (2); Konetchy. Double plays—Hornsby, Lavan and Fournier; Hornsby, Janvrin and Fournier. Left on bases—St. Louis 8, Brooklyn 1. Base on balls—Off Mitchell 1. Hits—Off S. Smith, 9 in 5 innings (none out in 6th), Mitchell 3 in 1 1-3, Miljus 3 in 2 2-3. Hit by pitcher—Smith 1 (Fournier). Struck out—By Miljus 3. Balk—Miljus 1. Winning pitcher—Goodwin. Losing pitcher—S. Smith. Umpires—Moran and Rigler. Time of game—One hour and forty-six minutes.

CUBS STILL LOSING.

Phillies Hand Mitchell's Team Its Tenth Straight Setback.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Chicago outbatted Philadelphia today but lost its tenth straight game, 8 to 3. The score:

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Rawlings,2b	5	1	0	2	4
Williams,cf	4	1	2	2	0
Stengel,rf	2	1	2	2	0
Meusel,lf	1	1	0	1	0
Fletcher,ss	3	0	0	7	2
Paulette,1t	2	1	1	12	3
R. Miller,3b	3	0	0	0	3
Tragesser,p	3	1	2	1	0
Meadows,p	4	0	0	0	2
Total	28	5	7	27	14

CHICAGO (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Flack,rf	4	0	2	5	0
Hollocher,ss	5	1	3	2	2
Terry,2b	5	0	1	1	1
Twombly,lf	4	0	1	0	0
Merkle,1b	5	0	2	8	0
Paskert,rf	2	0	0	2	0
Deal,3b	4	0	1	2	2
O'Farrell,c	3	1	1	4	0
Martin,p	0	0	0	0	0
Gaw,p	4	1	1	0	0
Total	38	3	12	24	5

Errors—Fletcher, Merkle.

Philadelphia ....2 0 0 1 2 0 2 1 .—8
Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3

Two-base hits—Deal, Williams, Tragesser. Three-base hit—Stengel. Home run—Tragesser. Struck out—By Martin 1, Gaw 2, Meadows 1. Base on balls—Off Martin 5, Meadows 5. Double plays—Terry, Hollocher and Merkle; Fletcher and Paulette (2); Miller, Rawlings and Paulette; Paulette, Fletcher and Paulette. Hits—Off Martin 6 in 2-3 inning (3 runs and bases full in first), Gaw 7 in 7 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Gaw (Tragesser). Wild pitch—Martin. Umpires—Klem and Emslie. Time of game—Two hours and one minute.

BRAVES TAKE SHUTOUT.

Pirates Blanked, 3 to 0, in Third Successive Downfall in Hub.

BOSTON, June 11.—Boston made it three straight from Pittsburgh today, getting to Hamilton in the eighth for three runs, all that were made in the game. Fillingim held the visitors to four hits.

The score:

BOSTON (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Powell,cf	3	0	0	5	0
Christ'b'y,lf	0	0	0	0	0
Pick,2b	3	1	1	0	2
Bailey,lf,cf	1	0	0	0	0
Sullivan,rf	4	1	1	4	0
Holke,1b	3	1	1	18	0
Boeckel,3b	4	0	2	2	2
Maranv'le,ss	4	0	1	4	3
O'Neil,c	4	0	1	3	1
Fillingim,p	3	0	0	0	3
aWilson	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	3	10	27	10

PITTSBURGH (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bigbee,lf	4	0	1	3	0
Carey,cf	3	0	0	1	0
Cutshaw,2b	4	0	0	6	4
S'thw'th,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Whitted,3b	2	0	1	1	1
Caton,ss	3	0	0	3	4
Grimm,1b	3	0	1	9	3
Schmidt,c	3	0	0	1	2
Hamilton,p	3	0	1	0	3
Total	29	0	4	24	17

a Batted for Powell in seventh.

Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 .—3
Pittsburgh ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Three-base hit—Sullivan. Stolen bases—Bigbee, Carey. Sacrifice hit—Bailey. Double plays—Caton, Cutshaw and Grimm; Maranville and Holke. Left on bases—Pittsburgh 4, Boston 9. Bases on balls—Off Hamilton 5, Fillingim 2. Struck out—By Hamilton 1, Fillingim 2. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Quigley. Time of game—One hour and thirty-six minutes.

Giants vs. St. Louis Today, 3 P. M., Polo Grounds. Adm. 75c & 1.10 Incl. Tax.—Advt.

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NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player.	Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Hornsby,	St. Louis	48	195	27	78	.400
Daubert,	Cincinnati	44	171	30	60	.351
Robertson,	Chicago	42	159	22	54	.340
Groh,	Cincinnati	45	177	32	58	.328
Roush,	Cincinnati	44	163	26	52	.321

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player.	Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Sisler,	St. Louis	46	184	26	71	.386
Speaker,	Cleveland	48	180	47	69	.384
Jackson,	Chicago	44	179	26	66	.370
Johnston,	Cleveland	46	167	17	60	.360
Milan,	Washington	46	196	34	71	.359

TO BUILD STAND FOR RACE.

Seats for 5,000 Will Be Erected for Intercollegiate Regatta.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 11.—A choppy sea kept the Cornell, Columbia and Syracuse crews off Cayuga Lake this afternoon, but the Columbia and Syracuse shells got in their morning work-out, the former taking an eleven-mile paddle and the latter rowing over the course to be followed in the races.

It was announced today that plans have been undertaken to build a grand-stand seating from 5,000 to 8,000 persons on the east shore of the lake opposite the finish. Already applications have been received for more than 3,000 seats.

Ruffalo, bow of the Columbia 'Varsity, is still out of the shell, but Rammi and Gallagher, stroke and No. 7, respectively, in the Syracuse 'Varsity, were both back this morning.

Coach Courtney will adhere to the policy he announced yesterday of not sending the Cornellians out in the morning. He stated today that once a day is plenty for his men.

No decision has yet been made as to which crew will row the major race for the Ithacans. The Cornell coach would like to use the heavy 'Varsity if they are in shape, and reports from the Cornell boathouse indicate that they have shown plenty of pep in the brushes with the lighter eight. It may be that they will get the call.

Southern Association.
Nashville 4, Atlanta 0.
Little Rock 3, New Orleans 1.
Chattanooga 12, Birmingham 5.
Mobile 4, Memphis 1.

HARVARD 'VARSITY MAKES GOOD TIME

Does Four Miles Against Tide in 23:15 — Yale Covers Same Distance.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 11.—Crew practice on the Thames River course was delayed this afternoon by a severe thunder shower. Harvard's 'Varsity crew had its scheduled four-mile time row and started away from the float at 5:20 standard time, followed downstream by the second 'Varsity and freshman eights.

The two 'Varsity boats pulled down to the starting stake just north of the big railroad bridge, while the 1923 men waited at the naval station to pace the senior crew over the upper two miles.

Just as the New London fire whistle was tested for 6 o'clock the crimson 'Varsity boats had settled for the long distance grill up the river, the second 'Varsity holding alongside the senior for about half a mile and then dropping rapidly astern, being nearly four boat lengths in the rear when they stopped rowing and the freshies took their turn as pacemakers.

Harvard 'Varsity maintained an even stroke, Jenny keeping the gait between thirty-two and thirty-four all through the trial. The freshmen hit a thirty-six stroke and managed to forge slightly ahead of the 'Varsity shell. The lead was soon overcome, and it was a neck and neck race over the last half mile, the 'Varsity boat winning by a nose.

Coach Haines was well pleased with the evening's performance and did not hesitate to make the 'Varsity crew's time public. "I don't mind giving it out; it was 23 minutes and 15 seconds." Then he added: "Don't forget to state that the men rowed against the tide."

Yale's 'Varsity eight is reported to have pulled downstream after 8 o'clock Thursday night. Down at Red Top the crews were seen passing at top speed down the course, but it was thought they did not finish. At Yale's quarters, however, Coach Nickalls is authority for the statement that the four-mile trial was made and the time was not for publication, although it was very good considering the impossible conditions." The Yale crews had light work today, the oarsmen dividing their time this evening between practicing and watching their rivals reel off a few miles at top speed over the course.

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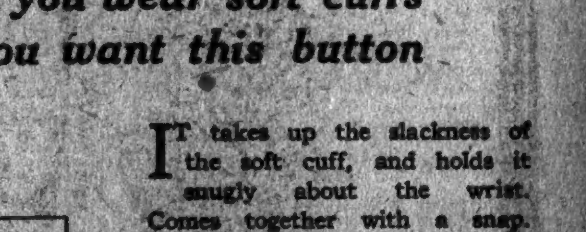

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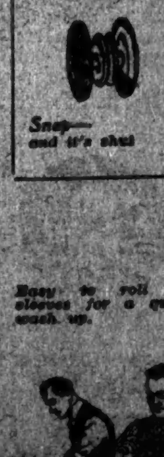

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GARDNER DEFEATED IN BRITISH FINAL

American Has Title Within Grasp, but Loses to Tolley on Thirty-seventh Hole.

3,000 SEE BATTLE royal

Loser Fights Doggedly and Comes from Behind in Second Round —Receives Ovation.

MUIRFIELD, Scotland, June 11 (Associated Press).—After having had the British amateur golf championship almost at his mercy, Robert A. Gardner of Chicago today went down to defeat when he lost to Cyril Tolley of the Oxford University team in the finals after a hard-fought, sensational match which was all square at the 36th hole and necessitated the playing of an extra hole.

The match was a battle royal from the start, but at the end of the first round Gardner was two up and bade fair to fulfill the predictions of experts that he would capture the championship. In the second round, however, Tolley forged ahead and was three up on his opponent with only four to play. Gardner fought doggedly and amidst intense excitement on the part of the spectators made it all square at the 36th hole, lost the next hole and won the one after.

Public interest in the match was at the highest pitch. This was the second time in the history of the championships that an American had reached the finals, not since Walter J. Travis beat Edward Blackwell for the championship in 1904 had a Yankee got so far as Gardner, despite repeated invasions from across the water.

Fully 3,000 persons watched the match. Walter Hagen and Jim Barnes, the American professionals, who yesterday defeated two English professionals in a golf match at Croydon, England, traveled all night to be present.

Tolley is only twenty-one years old and this was the first time he had reached a championship final. He is powerfully built, hits a very long ball and played throughout the series with the greatest care.

Gardner was very accurate with his long approach putts today, but failed sadly with some of the short ones. He led at the end of the first round, but the turning point came at the fifth and sixth holes of the second half, both of which he threw away on the green. He thereby lost the lead, and for a few holes seemed to lose his nerve. But when the American became three down with four to go, he played with renewed determination.

Having a temporary relapse in his putting, Tolley was brought back to double one and lost the home hole, where he was first in the rushes and then in a bunker. Gardner put his tee shot to the 37th on the green, nine yards to the left of the pin. Tolley, however, played a beauty only four yards short of the hole and got the putt after Gardner had laid his second a yard from the pin. Gardner thus had a par three, but Tolley won the hole in a birdie 2 and took the match.

The loser received almost as great an ovation as the winner.

Tolley won the first hole in the morning round but Gardner took the next three. Tolley won the fifth and the next was halved. This made Gardner 2 up. By holding long putts on the eighth and ninth the Oxford man evened the match at the turn. Gardner won the tenth and they halved the next. The American found a bunker going to the twelfth which he lost, and Tolley took the lead when he won on the next green. Gardner ran down a seven-yard putt on the fourteenth and they were all square. The fifteenth was halved but Tolley missed a putt on the sixteenth which went to Gardner, who also won the seventeenth. As the eighteenth was halved the American visitor was 2 up at the finish of the first half of the match.

In the afternoon round Gardner lost his lead early in the play, and the match was all square on the twenty-third hole. At this stage Tolley was outplaying the visitor and at the turn (twenty-seventh hole) Gardner was 2 down.

The first hole in the second half was halved. Gardner putted into the rough at the second and lost, leaving Tolley 1 down. The third hole was halved, Tolley putting finally after overrunning the green. Tolley took a hard half at the fourth and Gardner missed a four-foot putt at the fifth, where the match was squared. Gardner thus far had not played as steadily in the forenoon.

Tolley, after being in the rough, had a nice run up and Gardner missed a putt, giving Tolley the lead, which he kept by cleverly pitching over a stymie at the seventh and securing a half. Gardner was bunkered near the green at the eighth but made a fine recovery, snatching a half.

Gardner was near the wall going to the ninth and Tolley, playing perfectly, turned homeward 2 up. The next two holes were halved. Both competitors were in trouble at the twelfth, which also was halved, leaving Tolley 2 up and 6 to play.

The cards read:

FIRST ROUND.

Tolley—									
Out	5	5	4	5	5	4	4	4	—40
In	5	5	4	4	4	4	6	5	—41
Gardner—									
Out	4	4	5	4	5	4	3	5	5—40
In	4	5	5	5	3	4	5	4	4—40

SECOND ROUND.

Tolley—									
Out	4	5	4	5	5	4	3	5	5—40
In	4	4	5	5	5	6	4	4	4—41
Gardner—									
Out	4	6	4	5	5	5	3	5	5—42
In	4	4	5	5	3	4	5	4	4—40

Extra hole: Tolley 3, Gardner 4.

WOLFF AND McKEE WIN.

They Will Meet in Final of Trans-Mississippi Golf Tourney.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., June 11.—Clarence L. Wolff, of St. Louis, played true to form today and defeated Harlow Hurley of Topeka, Kansas, five and four, for a place in the final tomorrow in the Trans-Mississippi Golf Association tournament at the Rock Island Arsenal. Robert McKee of Des Moines, State champion of Iowa, defeated Francis Dickinson of Des Moines, three and two, and he will oppose Wolff for the title.

Wolff's match with Hurley was a repetition of his previous triumphs of the week. Early in the morning round Hurley exhibited signs of nervousness and when he drove his ball into the pumpkin vine his upset was marked. Wolff completed the morning round of eighteen holes with a 2-up advantage.

McKee and Dickinson are among the younger players in the tournament. McKee is expected to give Wolff a hard contest, but nearly all the experts predict victory for the St. Louisian.

Ray Ormest of Kansas City defeated H. Lindsey of Cedar Rapids, 7 and 5, and will meet Lynn Johnson.

DATES FOR EAST'S TRYOUTS.

Plans Fixed for Boxing and Track Tests in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—The Eastern tryouts for the American Olympic boxing team will be held in this city on June 30 and July 1, according to an announcement by the committee in charge. The track and field tryouts will be held here June 26.

The committees were appointed last night to secure financial assistance and arouse interest in the tryouts in this district which includes all of Pennsylvania east of Altoona, New Jersey south of Trenton and all of Delaware. It is proposed to raise $50,000 in the district.

To Settle Junior Net Title.

The final match in the tennis tournament at the New York Tennis Club for the Manhattan junior championships, between Jerry Lang and Edward Kuhn, will be played at the club on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Lang and Kuhn won their way to the final on Wednesday.

Invite U. S. Golfers to Play In Canadian Title Tourney

All golfers whose names are included in the eligibility list of the United States Golf Association have been cordially invited to compete in the Royal Canadian Golf Association championship tournament over the Beaconsfield links, June 29 to July 3. The program of the Canadian tournament calls for a thirty-six-hole qualifying round on the first day, the leading sixty-four to continue at match play. Semi-final and final matches in the championship division will be over thirty-six holes, all other contests to be at eighteen holes. Entries should be made through club Secretaries to the Honorary Secretary-Treasurer, James P. McCulloch, of the Beaconsfield Golf Club, Post Office Box 175, Montreal. The list will close on Saturday, June 26.

GRISCOM CUP LOST BY NEW YORK TEAM

Quaker City Women Wrest Noted Golf Trophy from Holders by 9 Matches to 6.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Women golfers of this city defeated the New York team today in the third and final round of the play for the intercity championship of the East and the Griscom Cup over the links of the Philadelphia Cricket Club at St. Martins by nine matches to six. The winning team, one of the best that ever represented this city, well deserved its victory. Incidentally, the cup comes here after a lapse of several years. New York won the trophy last season.

One of the surprises of the tournament was the defeat of Mrs. R. H. Barlow of Merion by Mrs. W. A. Gavin of New York by 2 and 1. This match between the two leading players of the respective teams was the hardest fought of the day, and at the end both players were nearly prostrated as a result of the heat, which fairly radiated from the fairways. Not only did the humidity affect the Barlow-Gavin match, but it also threw most of the other players off their stride.

Mrs. Barlow was not driving with her usual accuracy and distance, while her putting was very poor at times. On the other hand, Mrs. Gavin's approach shots were not up to the standard, though her work from the tee was excellent.

Mrs. Barlow Takes Lead.

Mrs. Barlow started off with a rush and won the first two holes, but was forced to pick up on the third. Both players picked up on the seventh. By getting a pretty three on the ninth Mrs. Barlow became one up at the turn. On the home journey Mrs. Gavin settled down and held Mrs. Barlow even at the fifteenth. Then the New York captain took the next two holes and the match.

The cards:

Mrs. Gavin—									
Out	5	4	5	5	4	5	6	5	—43
In	6	5	3	5	4	6	4		
Mrs. Barlow—									
Out	4	3	x	5	4	5	6	5	3—4
In	5	6	4	4	5	5	4	7	6

Miss May Bell, Philadelphia champion, showed fine pluck in pulling out her match against Miss Georgiana Bishop, New York. Miss Bell was 3 down at the turn, but squared the match on the next three holes, jumped in the lead at the fourteenth and won at the nineteenth after Miss Bishop had sunk her putt for a 3 at the eighteenth to square the match.

Their cards:

Miss Bell—									
Out	5	4	5	5	4	5	5	4	—42
In	5	4	4	5	4	5	5	4	4—85
Miss Bishop—									
Out	4	5	5	4	4	6	5	4	—43
In	4	6	3	5	4	4	5	5	—42

Halve Five Holes in a Row.

The match between Mrs. G. Morris of New York and Mrs. E. H. Fitler, the Merion star, was one of the most remarkable of the tourney. The players were all square on the twelfth, and then halved every hole till Mrs. Morris sank a long putt on the eighteenth for a win by 1 up. Mrs. A. K. Billstein of Bala turned in another local victory when she defeated Mrs. F. E. DeBoit, one of the most dangerous of the New York players, by 1 up.

Attendants wheeled barrels of ice water to vantage points around the course. The players tucked cabbage leaves under their hats, and all announced that their fondest hopes were to survive "Cheyiff's Kitchen," as the eleventh hole is called. A spring there has for its mission to make matters easier the rest of the way home in hot weather.

Mrs. R. G. Butz of Philadelphia carried Mrs. G. E. Morrow to the twenty-third hole before the latter managed to win, 1 up. Eight holes were halved during the match, the last five being played in one above par for each hole. At the end of the twenty-third the golfers were exhausted.

The summary:

Philadelphia.	
Mrs. R. H. Barlow	0
Miss May Bell (1 up, 19)	1
Mrs. Caleb Fox (1 up)	1
Mrs. G. H. Stetson	0
Mrs. A. K. Billstein (1 up)	1
Mrs. A. Chandler (1 up)	1
Miss Frances Griscom (2 up)	1
Mrs. E. M. Fitler	0
Miss F. McKeeley	0
Mrs. W. Turnbull (3 and 1)	1
Mrs. H. G. Smith (4 and 3)	1
Mrs. N. Wood	0
Mrs. P. Page (5 and 4)	1
Miss E. G. Hood (2 and 1)	1
Mrs. E. G. Betz	0
Total	9

New York.	
Mrs. W. A. Gavin (3 and 1)	1
Miss Georgiana Bishop	0
Mrs. H. A. Jackson	0
Mrs. G. M. Knight (5 and 1)	1
Mrs. F. E. Dubois	0
Mrs. C. W. Fowler	0
Mrs. G. M. Heckscher	0
Mrs. Gouverneur Morris (1 up)	1
Mrs. A. S. Rosslin (4 and 3)	1
Miss Daisy Airey	0
Miss Kate Bowmann	0
Mrs. R. Hammer (5 and 3)	1
Mrs. J. S. Irving	0
Mrs. C. Russell	0
Mrs. G. K. Morrow (1 up, 23)	1
Total	6

MEREDITH IN N. Y. A. C. MEET.

Many Other Noted Athletes to Meet in Games Today.

James E. (Ted) Meredith, former University of Pennsylvania middle-distance star, is scheduled to attempt a comeback this afternoon at Travers Island, where the New York A. C. will conduct its 104th games, postponed from last Saturday because of the rain. The former Red and Blue flyer is entered for the quarter-mile handicap run, in which he will start from the back mark with several formidable rivals, including Frank Shea, Pittsburgh runner, former intercollegiate titleholder and present national champion. Meredith, though out of competition for several years, has been training steadily of late for the purpose of rounding himself into shape to participate in the Olympic Games qualification trials.

A number of national Olympic, intercollegiate and sectional A. A. U. champions will compete in this afternoon's attractive program. Yale, Princeton and Annapolis have entered representatives, as have a number of the local clubs. The Navy contingent will include Chas. Lieut. Commander Lee C. Carey, a sprinter; W. H. Paine, a half-miler; Lieutenant Harry Leversedge, U. S. M. C., formes intercollegiate and Pacific Coast Conference weight champion, and Salvador Cepede, from the Philippines, who is credited with shading ten seconds for the century and with being the fastest man off the mark since the days of Howard P. Drew.

SAWYER AND WHITE ENTER GOLF FINAL

Defeat Kirkby and Travers Respectively in Metropolitan Title Tourney.

SURPRISES RULE THE DAY

Favorites Toppled from Their Pedestals in Sensational Matches Over Apawamis Course.

STARTING TIME FOR CHAMPIONSHIP FINAL

9:30 A. M.—First round—D. R. Sawyer, Siwanoy, vs. Gardiner W. White, Nassau.

2 P. M.—Second round.

The Apawamis Club is five minutes' walk from the Rye railroad station.

Oswald Kirkby, the lean Jerseyman from Englewood, yesterday became just an ordinary, everyday golfer. Kirkby, who has been champion of metropolitan amateurs off and on for so long that his accumulations of gold medals would fill a good-sized safe, lost in the third round to Ned Sawyer by 1 up in the rip-roaring 1920 tournament now being played at Apawamis. By sundown today a brand new titleholder will have been found, inasmuch as Sawyer and Gardiner W. White, who advanced yesterday to the final, have never won a championship.

Golfers just went plumb crazy with the heat. Kirkby's downfall was and really the great surprise of the week. When he fell by the well known wayside the gallery looked to Jerry Travers as a favorite, but then there were more signs of disappointment. Travers lost to White by 4 and 2 on a day when some of the greatest golf ever played hereabouts resulted in the untimely elimination of old favorites. The casualty list is long and saddening. John N. Sterns, Jr., passed out; Henry J. Topping, who played brilliantly earlier in the tourney, took the count, and Frank W. Dyer bade farewell to the gallery.

The remarkable feature about the day was the necessity for extra-hole matches. Every one of the third-round affairs in which Sterns, Kirkby, Topping and Dyer went out were won by only one hole. That isn't all. Three of these matches were won at the nineteenth hole, Kirkby alone losing in the regulation number. Several hundred spectators refused to sit in the cool of the piazza when such sterling golf was being played on a links where a nice, clean, stiff white collar wilted in just thirty seconds by actual count.

Sawyer the Dark Horse.

After all these flipflops, only one thing can be certain today. The cycle of champions, who have been rotating periodically and taking turns at grabbing off the Metropolitan spoils, has come to an abrupt end. Kirkby climbed into the final back in 1911 and has been either at the top or hanging on the sides ever since. He was a finalist again in 1912, semi-finalist in 1913, champion in 1914, semi-finalist in 1915 and champion since 1916. Travers was local titleholder in 1908, 1907, 1911, 1912 and 1913.

As for Gardiner White, this active young Long Islander, who would rather nibble himself out of long grass than eat turkey on Thanksgiving Day, has been knocking at the door ever since he was a bashful boy, but no one ever before let him into the final. White suffered his first championship in 1910 when he lost the semi-final to the late Freddy Herrenhoff, and, although he has not missed an event since that year, he has always been eliminated in early rounds. Last year he lost to Max Marston in the third frame.

Sawyer is the dark horse. Last year was his first in a local event of importance, although he had ranked with the veterans of the Chicago section. Sawyer lost to Kirkby in the semi-final last year, but yesterday turned the tables and beat the champion in the third round. In such a tourney as this, golfers with reputations refuse to commit themselves by picking favorites. Some whispering was heard to the effect that Sawyer was favored by a shade, based in particular on his first round of the qualifying test played Wednesday, when he got a 78, one under par.

White's match with Travers in the semi-final yesterday was the big event of the day. The young Nassau shotmaker's victory by 4 and 2 was well earned, but on the second half the fact remains that Travers bumped against the hardest kind of hard luck. White started with a totally unexpected flash of brilliance and won the first four holes, each in par 4, while Travers had two 4s and two fives as a result principally of weak putting. Travers rimmed the cup for a 2 on the fifth, but halved it in three; lost the seventh when he pulled his second shot to a rock pile and in getting out walloped his ball clear across the green to more trouble; halved the eighth and then finally won a hole. White missed a three-footer on the ninth and halved it.

Jinx on Travers's Trail.

This left Travers 4 down at the turn and he deserved no better, for White had played a sensational game. But Jerry most certainly did not deserve more than the unfortunate series of bad breaks of luck he got on the next few holes. White drove the tenth to a tiny peninsula in the lake, the ball just escaping the water. His second was short, but he was on in three, while Travers was in two. The latter's approach putt overran the pin, but with a short one for a 4 White's ball stymied him, and in trying the impossible shot of circling White's pellet Travers hit it and had to take a halve for the hole. Travers won the next when White took three putts, and was round 3 down, but it seemed that every known jinx in the universe was piling up trouble in front of Jerry on the twelfth.

His drive landed in a sand trap just off the green, but his out was a real masterpiece, the kind of a shot a duffer never plays and a champion only once in a blue moon. Travers chipped that ball of his out of the sand without disturbing a single grain. He left no trace except the tiny depression caused by the ball, and his chip was dead to the pin, not two feet away. Travers missed this putt and took a halve. That broke his heart. He couldn't forget it for the rest of the match, and his game and, worse yet, his nerve. "I had a chance to win if I had holed that putt," repeated the former champion of them all.

He was still thinking about it when he pulled his very next drive far off the line and to the stone wall on the edge of a brook. Then, still persecuting his fate, he did something he rarely does—flubbed an approach, the ball going only a few feet and still hugging the edge of the brook. White won this hole. Travers took the fourteenth when a poor green spoiled White's putting and he needed six to hole out. The fifteenth was halved. At the sixteenth, where the match ended, White chipped his approach over a hill to within three feet of the cup and went down for a birdie three. Travers having driven to the rough over the green.

Poor Putting Beats Kirkby.

Kirkby can blame his defeat at the hands of Ned Sawyer to one thing—poor putting. Even at the eighteenth hole, the champion of the last four years needed three taps on the green, and on the fourth, ninth and eleventh the same was true. Kirkby won the first two holes, but started to lose at the third, when Sawyer's second shot was laid dead to the pin and he took a birdie 3. At the fifth Sawyer put his tee shot to within eight feet of the cup and sailed on in. But if the gallery thought these were bits of phenomenal golf, it had only to watch him at the tricky seventeenth to see something still more remarkable. Here something very similar to Hilton's famous luck smiled on the former Westerner. Sawyer pulled his second to rough grass near one of the famous springs on the Apawamis course, but the ball hit a rock and bounded on to the green about twelve feet from the hole. He was down in 3 putts for a birdie 4. This squared the match, and Kirkby's 2 putts on the home green ended it.

Sawyer, who defeated W. P. Seeley, former Connecticut champion, by 5 and 4 in the semi-finals, was always ahead. He won the first, second and third, and was 4 up at the turn. Seeley was always playing the best golf he knows, but Sawyer is enjoying one of the most brilliant weeks of his long career, and few could have defeated him yesterday.

Against Dyer in the third round White was pressed to his limit. Spectators who had seen this match only passing notice tore out from the clubhouse to see the pair play the nineteenth hole after the round had ended all square. White's tee shot found long grass, but he made a brilliant recovery. Dyer's short one, and holed out in 4, while Dyer took 5 to get down.

In the consolation sixteen of the championship division, J. Simpson Dean defeated Harry Scharff in the semi-final by 5 and 4, and will play Hamilton K. Kerr, who beat W. M. Reekie 3 and 1.

The summary:

Championship Division.

THIRD ROUND—W. P. Seeley, Brooklawn, defeated John N. Sterns, Jr., Nassau, 1 up (19 holes); D. R. Sawyer, Siwanoy, defeated Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, 1 up; Jerome D. Travers, Upper Montclair, defeated Henry J. Topping, Greenwich, 1 up (19 holes); Gardiner W. White, Nassau, defeated F. W. Dyer, Upper Montclair, 1 up (19 holes).

SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Sawyer defeated Seeley, 5 and 4; White defeated Travers, 4 and 2.

For President's Cup.

(Beaten Sixteen.)

SECOND ROUND—J. S. Dean, Princeton, won from R. F. Mundy, Garden City, by defeating Harry Scharff, Scottish-American, 5 and 4; R. Haight, Princeton, 1 up (19 holes); William M. Reekie, Upper Montclair, defeated J. B. Hale, Glen Ridge, 4 and 2; Hamilton K. Kerr, Greenwich, defeated H. K. B. Davis, Engineers', 1 up (19 holes).

SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Dean defeated Scharff, 5 and 4; Kerr defeated Reekie, 3 and 1.

Third Sixteen.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND—E. H. Driggs, Jr., Engineers', defeated Basil Harris, Apawamis, 3 and 2; T. V. Birmingham, Wykagyl, defeated George A. Dixon, Jr., Nassau, 4 and 2.

Fourth Sixteen.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND—C. E. Brown, Hudson River, defeated Percy Plummer, Apawamis, 3 and 2; A. E. Keaney, Greenwich, defeated H. L. Downey, Apawamis, 4 and 3.

TIGER TRACK MEN WILL SAIL TODAY

Princeton Team to Leave for Invasion of England and Meet with Oxford.

With the exception of Bill Downs, the manager, and one or two members of the team, the Princeton track athletes who are to engage Oxford in a dual meet will sail from New York at noon today on the Philadelphia of the American Line. The other men will go on the Cunard liner K. A. Victoria at the same time. Present plans call for daily workouts on deck, weather permitting, but there will be careful watch kept to see that the runners, who have been on the cinder path all season, do not injure their muscles from too much pounding on the boards.

Princeton will be represented literally by a team of champions. Carl Erdman, the Tiger Captain, is the former intercollegiate champion over both the 120-yard high hurdles and the 220-yard low hurdles. He has been bothered by a strained leg and rheumatism this season, but he should be at the top of his form against the Englishmen. George A. Trowbridge, who is also a crack hurdler, is former junior national indoor champion.

S. Harrison Thompson, who has been ineligible to compete for Princeton this year because of the one-year residence rule, is national all-around champion and also junior national outdoor high hurdle champion. He will hurdle, high jump and put the shot against the Britons, and he should land a first place in one of the three events.

Randolph E. Brown, the present intercollegiate champion at 100 yards and at 220 yards, will meet Oxford's best in the short dash. The English program does not call for a 220, which will work to Princeton's disadvantage. Donald B. Lourie, for two years national interscholastic broad jump champion, and victor this year in this event against both Harvard and Yale, will be with the team. In addition to jumping he will run the 100-yard dash.

Princeton's middle distancers are Frank L. Murray, William E. Stevenson and W. I. L. Adams, the Captain of the Freshman team. Robert M. McCulloch will go to run the mile and Allan Swede will be the three-miler.

The other members of the team are C. D. Halsey, E. F. Cleveland and Thompson, shot-put; T. C. Speers, hammer throw, and C. F. Sweet, high jump.

TIGERS IN FINAL WORKOUT.

Athletes Put Through Paces Before Leaving for England.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 11.—Princeton's track team is all primed for its invasion of England. Rose Pitzpatrick, the Tiger coach, put the men through a final workout today, and expressed himself as well satisfied with their condition. The weather was ideal and practice sessions were staged both morning and afternoon. It is the last chance the runners will have to work on land for nearly two weeks, and everybody took full advantage of it. Half the team went to New York today and the rest will leave early tomorrow.

Besides the athletes the following will accompany the team: W. H. Downs, Jr., is the manager; Donald Grant Herring, 1907, and Dr. Kennedy, 1903, will go for the university; Dan Wheeler, who has been rubbing Princeton athletes since 1904, will go along in his favorite capacity.

WILL PLAY FINAL TODAY.

Misses Zinderstein and Townsend in Tennis Title Tilt.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 11.—Miss Marion A. Zinderstein, Boston, and Miss Ann B. Townsend, Philadelphia, will meet in the challenge round for the Delaware State Women's singles lawn tennis championship tomorrow. Miss Zinderstein defeated Miss Phyllis Walsh, Philadelphia, in the final round today, 6—3, 6—1.

FRANK M'NAMARA WINS GOLF TITLE

Cherry Valley Pro Captures Open Championship of Philadelphia Association.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 11.—Frank McNamara, professional at Cherry Valley, of Garden City won the open championship of the Golf Association of Philadelphia on the links of the Country Club of Atlantic City at Northfield today.

McNamara turned in an aggregate card of 304 for the seventy-two holes. He was in fine form throughout the tournament. His score yesterday was 150 for the thirty-six holes. The winner bettered the performance by six strokes today.

G. L. Fotheringham, Richmond County C. C. of Dongan Hills, Staten Island, who finished second yesterday, was also second in the final standing to McNamara.

Pat O'Hara, Irish champion and professional at Shankamaxon, tied for third honors with Tom McNamara of Siwanoy, brother of Frank. Each had scores of 309 for the seventy-two holes.

Frank McNamara's card:

MORNING.

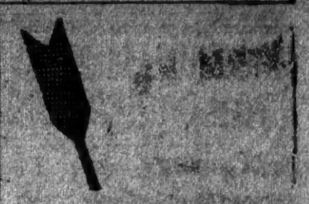
Out	4	4	4	5	5	3	4	5	—38
In	5	4	4	4	4	5	3	5	—38

AFTERNOON.

Out	3	4	4	5	4	4	5	5	—38
In	5	4	5	4	4	4	4	5	—38—76—152

The leading scores for 72 holes:

Frank McNamara, Cherry Valley, 304; G. L. Fotheringham, Richmond County, 305; Pat O'Hara, Shankamaxon, 309; Tom McNamara, Siwanoy, 309; Clarence W. Hackney, Atlantic City, 309; Fred McLeod, Columbia, 309; Charles W. Haffner, Fallsmead, 309; Alex Carmichael, Springhaven, 309; J. H. Trumann, Philadelphia Country, 309; W. D. Robinson, Philadelphia Cricket, 311; Wilfrid Reid, Wilmington, 311; Pat Doyle, Deal, 311; H. Dorr, Philadelphia Cricket, 312; John Golden, Tuxedo, 312; Maurice Risley, Atlantic City, 314; William Leach, Merchantville, 315.



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BROKEN MAST FAILS TO HALT RESOLUTE

Herreshoff Sloop Makes Cup Defense Count Against Vanitie 4-2 in Her Favor.

IS VICTOR BY 57 SECONDS

Covers Last Mile and Half of Homeward Course Without Topsail as Result of Accident.

RESULTS OF RACES BETWEEN RESOLUTE AND VANITIE.

First Race—Won by Resolute. (Windward and leeward course, 30 miles.)

Second Race—Won by Vanitie. (Triangular course, 30 miles.)

Third Race—Won by Resolute. (Leeward and windward course, 30 miles.)

Fourth Race—Won by Resolute. (Triangular course, 30 miles.)

Fifth Race—Won by Vanitie. (Windward and leeward course, 30 miles.)

Sixth Race—Won by Resolute. (Windward and leeward course, 30 miles.)

NEWPORT, R. I., June 11.—The Resolute was the winner today in the sixth race with Vanitie to determine which will be selected to defend the America's Cup.

Over the thirty-mile windward and leeward course off the Brenton Reef light vessel, which took the pair well over toward Block Island, the Resolute crossed the finish line a winner on her time allowance by a margin of 57 seconds, despite the fact that, when a mile and a half from home, while jibing, her topmast snapped and, with her big club topsail, carried away. It added another to Resolute's tally as regards victories but at the same time disclosed another weakness on the part of the Herreshoff craft.

On actual time Vanitie took 45 seconds less than Resolute to cover the course, which affords a fair idea of how close the two sloops are on that most important requisite—speed. A bit of luck or a bit better sailing by one or the other of the two Corinthian skippers, or a bit speedier sail handling on either yacht is all that is needed to swing a victory to one or the other.

The breeze was within a point of from the southwestward throughout the day and its velocity ranged from nine to fifteen knots while the sea was smooth, and the heavy fog which some predicted last night did not put in an appearance.

The Herreshoff yacht won the honors at the start, when her skipper barthed her to windward of Vanitie.

The skipper of Resolute forced Vanitie across the line before the starting signal and she was obliged to recross, thereby getting away 41 seconds after the Bristol craft.

Resolute reached the outer mark 22 seconds in the lead and rounded the weather mark at 1:21:55, while Vanitie's time was 1:21:55. On the homeward leg, with the wind, which freshened all the time, they tacked to leeward instead of making a run of it, and were less than two miles from Beavertail Light when they turned around and headed for the lightship.

As Resolute's mainsail went over the stern, the topmast snapped off above the head of the mast, and came down with the big club topsail. The Resolute was one and a half miles from the finish at the time, and continued with Vanitie under her spinnaker and topsail, for Resolute was ready for stepping when she reached the harbor.

The summary:

Yachts.	Start.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.	Cor. Time.
Resolute	11:00:00	2:53:55	3:53:55	3:50:40
Vanitie	11:01:63	2:53:33	3:51:40	3:51:40

P. S. A. L. Title Games Today.

More than a thousand schoolboy athletes, representing local elementary schools, will strive for the Public School Athletic League track and field championship this morning at Brooklyn Athletic Field. A total of 1,894 embryo champions have been entered for the eighteen events on the program, and a stiff battle is expected for the team championship. The events have been divided into weight classes in order to equalize the competition.

LATONIA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,200; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Kewpie O'Neill, 116 pounds (Jr. Garner), $4.60, $3.00, $3.10, first; David Craig, 116 (O'Brien), $8.80, $3.50, second; Virge, 106 (Gruber), $12.90, third. Time—1:15 4-5. Rainbow Girl, Pizzaro, Viola Park, Diana Dragoon, Missed the Time, Happy Valley, Elsie Deng and Churchill Downs also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,200; for three-year-olds; six furlongs. Miss Jemima, 109 pounds (Garner), $3.40, $2.20, $2.10, first; Brookholt, 111 (Connelly), $6.50, $2.70, second; Siren Maid, 105 (Stack), $2.50, third. Time—1:14 3-5. Bad Boy, Alsop and Hereafter also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse, $1,200; for two-year-olds; maidens; colts and geldings; five furlongs. Monsoon, 115 pounds (Mariner), $15.60, $5.50, $3.60, first; Pryvol, 114 (Connelly), $3.90, $3, second; By Glazer, 115 (O'Brien), $3.90, third. Time—1:00 3-5. The Virginian, Non-Skid, Firebrand, Scottish Chief, Advancer, Dan Jackson, Plato Petrarch and McGoodwin also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse, $1,800; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a quarter. Miss Cat, 104 pounds (O'Brien), $4.20, $2.60, and out, first; Mysterious Girl, 92 (Wilson), $2.80 and out, second; Sterling, 99 (Stack), out, third. Time—2:04 1-5. Sand Hill also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse, $2,200; the Grand Hotel; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Pastoreau, 103 pounds (Wilson), $7.60, $4.50, $3, first; Miami, 105 (Mariner), $4.70, $3, second; Leochares, 112 (O'Brien), $3.70, third. Time—1:44 2-5. John O., Bulldoze, Midway and Woodrag also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse, $1,800; claiming; for two-year-olds; fillies; five furlongs. Lady Levers, 104 pounds (Flint), $12.80, $5, $3.50, first; Fryvol, 107 (Carmody), $3.90, $2, second; Miss Doda, 104 (Stack), $3.40, third. Time—1:01 1-5. Countess, Sally to Me, Low, Romance, Disturbance, Quick View and Loveliness also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse, $1,200; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and an eighth. Stevenson, 108 pounds (Roberts), $3.80, $3.10, $2.10, first; Spreader, 100 (Heintch), $30.10, $10.40, second; Cantilever, 113 (King), $12.90, third. Time—1:53 2-5. Parsley, Lee Ray, Music Man, Constantine, Marsden, Second Cousin, Bar One, Thimber and Brynlinah also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,200; two-year-olds; maidens; fillies; five furlongs. Hocycle 118 pounds, Rouser 118, Alberta S. 118, Miss Rose 118, Mary Gaffney 115, Marjorie McKay 115, Mary Gaffney 115, Julia N. 115, Millersburg 115, Sahara Sade 115, Pongee 115. Also eligible, Niobe 115, Donetto 115, Peppery Polly 115, Lady Champ 115, Bettina 115, Jessie Pemble 115.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,200; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Marvin May 106 pounds, Sand Bed 105, Windge F. 105, Claude Brown 105, Rapid Bride 105, Flag Raiser, Jr., 110, Wanda 110, Rapid Day 110, Bullion 115, Trottus 118, Out the Way 115, Shell 115. Also eligible, Green Grass 115, Herald 115, Lady in Black 105, Brig o' War 110, * B. E. Johnson 110.

THIRD RACE—Purse $2,000; Fantin Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Ballingly 103 pounds, Drastic 105, Brass 106, Coeremis 110, Mints II. 123.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,000; two-year-old colts and geldings; five furlongs. Brunswick 108 pounds, Greenland 108, Rocket 110, The Ally 110, Sonia Baby 110, Red Lens 110, Eastside 114.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $15,000 added; the Latonia Derby; three-year-olds; one mile and a half. Ethel Grey 114 pounds, Resilence 118, Peter Pan 118, Kintyre 120, Mad Up 120, Peace Pennant 120, Upset 120, Gladiator 126, Captain Mac 126, Sterling 126, Paul Jones 131.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,800; Metropole Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Blue Grass, 101 pounds, Wyandotte 101, Marjorie Myrne 102, Jories 105, Col. Taylor 103, Lady Fairplay 105, Marie Miller 107, Tacola 114.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,800; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; one mile and three-sixteenths. Lady Lee Lee 104 pounds, Aztec Realm 104, Sir John Vergne 108, Sun God 109, Bourbon Grass 114.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

Ithaca Regatta Will Be Rowed in Late Afternoon

The intercollegiate regatta, which is to be rowed on Cayuga Lake, Ithaca, June 19, will take place in the late afternoon, it was announced here yesterday. Julian W. Curtiss, Yale '10, a Managing Steward of the American Henley, has been appointed referee. There will be no observation train for spectators, but one car, drawn by a locomotive, will be provided for working newspaper men and the Regatta Committee.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON ARRIVES ON CELTIC

Baronet Thinks Shamrock's Chances Are Good — Receives Ovation at Pier.

When the White Star Line steamship Celtic arrived at her pier yesterday afternoon there was a large crowd of relatives and friends of the passengers on hand to greet them. A tall, weather-tanned man in a yachting cap with the insignia of the Rear Commodore of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club and clad in a blue suit was one of the first to leave the ship and pier. As he briskly approached the roped-off crowd some one discovered that this individual was Sir Thomas Lipton, whose challenger, Shamrock IV., is now being groomed for the contests to take place off Sandy Hook in July for the America's Cup.

"Hello, Sir Thomas! Good luck to you with Shamrock!" shouted his discoverer, and immediately there was started a rousing reception for the owner of many Shamrocks. Some of those behind the lines surged forward to shake his hand, and he was held up on his way to a waiting automobile for at least five minutes. The New York Yacht Club had no delegation or committee at the pier to meet him, but former Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith, a member of the club, was there, and it was in his car that the Irish Baronet and his yachting and business representatives who were there to meet him left for the Biltmore Hotel, where he will stay until the steam yacht Victoria, which he has chartered, is ready for him.

Sir Thomas looked better physically and actually much younger than he did when he was here last Autumn, and he is brim full of enthusiasm and hope—hope that at last, after waiting and striving for twenty-one years, he may "lift" that old silver mug which has been here since 1851 and has become the emblem of supremacy on the seas. When asked what he thought of his chances of winning, he said: "I think I have a good chance if she (Shamrock IV.) will hold together," and when asked as to her ability to hold together he admitted that she had been subjected to some pretty stiff trials before leaving for this side in 1914. He added a complimentary remark about the originality of her designer, Charles H. Nicholson, who has produced the mystery yacht of the age.

Predicts Hard-Fought Races.

When questioned as to what he thought of the type of yachts that were to race for the cup this year, he said he would much rather race with craft built under the international rule, which he believed produced a much sturdier craft. He cited the 23-meter Shamrock as an example. "However," he added, "Shamrock IV. is sure to meet a keen adversary, and it should be a marine battle well worth coming all the way over here to see."

Sir Thomas was particularly anxious to learn how work on the challenger and her "trial horse" was progressing, and was greatly pleased when he was told that the 23-meter craft was overboard and nearly ready for her first trial spin and that the challenger had been hauled out for another grooming and probably would be in readiness for the resumption of her trials today.

When he was reminded that the America's Cup is being defended for the thirteenth time this year, he remarked that thirteen was a lucky number for him—and also four, as indicated by the four-leaved shamrock. When the subject of luck, omens and mascots was brought up Sir Thomas told of a most unusual mascot that had been offered to him.

He said he had received a letter from a Mrs. F. K. Hunter of New Rochelle telling him of an old colored woman who had been in the family service for years and who had a 15-year-old son as black as coal and with brilliant red hair whom she desired to offer the Irish Baronet as a mascot. He doubted whether he could find room for this particular mascot, but he has another which is to be aboard the Shamrock IV. in her races.

The Shamrock's Mascot.

It is an American shield and spread-winged eagle carved out of wood and gilded. This used to hold a place of honor in the saloon of the old schooner yacht America, first winner of the historic trophy and responsible for so many marine battle since then. This has been loaned to Sir Thomas by the Messrs. Leeson & Duke of London, but only for the races and is to be returned to them. This precious trophy Sir Thomas had carefully packed with his own personal luggage, and more than once while the Celtic was proceeding on her way to her pier from Quarantine he cautioned his valet to take good care of it.

Among those who met Sir Thomas at the pier were Colonel Duncan F. Neill, his yachting representative, who preceded him here by several months; Aemilius Jarvis, the premier Canadian Corinthian; Willard U. Taylor, his business representative in this country; Mr. Graham, also identified with his interests here, and former Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith.

Sir Thomas was greatly pleased at the brief report of Colonel Neill on the work done and being done aboard the two Shamrocks.

Colonel Neill said that the 23-meter craft had been taken off the ways and was nearly ready for her first trial, which would be under lower canvas since it was not their intention to send up her Marconi mast until she was past the bridges and down the Bay. He added that Shamrock IV., which was on the ways yesterday, would be in the water again by today and might be given a trial spin, but that the two were not likely to meet in even an impromptu brush until Monday, when, if all goes well, they will make immediate preparations for the journey to the Hook and get busy with the long-awaited trials.

WILSON UNCOVERS ANOTHER FAST ONE

Dimmesdale, a Two-Year-Old Son of Diambala, Makes a Show of His Field.

R. T. Wilson, Jr., did not expose the last of his good two-year-olds when his Kirk Levington foiled Tryster to extend himself to the limit to win the Keene Memorial by a head. Another fleet one from this stable called Dimmesdale, a chestnut son of Diambala, was brought out at Belmont Park yesterday and showed such fine speed on his first appearance as to leave the impression that he is one of the best youngsters seen this season. He galloped home in the final event at five furlongs fifteen lengths in front of Jefferson Livingston's Oriole and the Glen Riddle Farm's Tottie, both easy winners on their previous efforts.

This turned out to be the most interesting event of a day in which most of the races were turned over to the cheaper performers. The original feature having failed to fill, a selling race was substituted, so that, except for the Plattsdale Handicap, which opened the card, there was no race of any pretensions.

Dimmesdale did not go to the post entirely unheralded. A report got out early in the day that the Wilson youngster named for the final race had worked as fast or faster than Kirk Levington, so that the oralists had a due respect for the colt when they quoted prices. However, Tottie had shown such speed in her initial race that she was made the favorite, but the Wilson colt was an equal favorite with her at 11 to 5 at post time.

Runs Others Into the Ground.

As the barrier went up Dimmesdale leaped to the front, and, holding a true course down the middle of the track, soon left a wide streak of daylight between himself and his nearest rivals. He was leading by two lengths when he reached the head of the stretch, and by that time he had taken much of the running out of the others which tried to keep up with him.

Tottie bolted slightly as the barrier went up, but she straightened out at once and did her best to the finish. Oriole raced with the fleet leader for half a mile, when he found he could not keep up, and he spent the remainder of the journey fighting for second place. Dimmesdale had only got well started at the head of the stretch, and from there on he began to draw away until he was just galloping fifteen lengths in front of Oriole at the finish. Oriole was under a hard drive to stall off Tottie, but saved second place by a length.

Dimmesdale's victory adds materially to the interest in the juvenile division, as there are now at least four fleet youngsters well qualified as candidates for the honors of the division. They are, besides the Wilson runner, Tryster, Touch Me Not, which, though still in the maiden class, has shown fine speed, and Careful, the undefeated filly, with seven victories to her credit.

The Plattesdale Handicap at seven furlongs over the main course resulted in a victory for J. W. May's Vice Chairman, which won by a length from War Machine, with Tattle taking third from Nightstick. Vice Chairman has been steadily improving and yesterday he ran to his best form.

Winner Tiring at Close.

Vice Chairman set the pace all the way after breaking in motion and at one time opened up a gap of four lengths. He is probably better suited at six furlongs, for he was tiring fast at the finish, and War Machine was gaining on him with every stride. He finished gamely, however, and lasted to the end. Nightstick had speed for half the distance, but was well beaten by the time he reached the stretch, while War Machine came from far back to make the strongest finish of the quartet of starters.

Lawrence Waterbury's Ticket scored a victory in his first effort through the field, when he won the steeplechase event from Sea Sun and Blue Laddie among others. It was also a first effort for Blue Laddie, which won very handily on the flat at Jamaica. He fenced well and showed fine speed for a turn and a half of the field, but tired badly in the last half mile and was topping the brush at the last two jumps.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

The Plattsdale Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000. Seven furlongs, main course.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Vice Chairman	103	McAtee	9-10	1½
War Machine	100	Mooney	7-2	2¾
Tattle	90	Callahan	3-1	3nk
Nightstick	110	Murray	3-1	4

Time—1:25 4-5.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Vice Chairman, b. c., by Ballot—Bittra; owned and trained by J. W. May.

SECOND RACE.

Steeplechase, for maidens four years old and upward; purse $1,000. About two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Ticket	144	Crawford	7-2	1½
Sea Sun	142	Sims	12-1	2¾
Blue Laddie	137	Keating	3-5	3nk
King Perry	142	Mergler	10-1	4
Surf Queen	145	Haynes	30-1	5
Earlocker	142	Cheyne	8-1	6

Time—4:17.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Ticket, b. g., by Ballot—Princess Pat; owned by L. Waterbury and trained by W. Garth.

THIRD RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $1,000. Five furlongs, straight.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Day Lily	107	Kelsay	11-10	1½
Polythia	105	McAtee	6-5	2¾
Chest	115	Parrington	15-1	3¾
Little Dear	108	Turner	20-1	4
George Boves	107	Ponce	15-1	5
Gipsy Lad	108	Zoeller	20-1	6

Time—1:00 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Day Lily, b. f., by Otamita—Orange Lily; owned by P. J. Lavin and trained by W. B. Mitchell.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Aurum	112	Burton	15-20	1½
Tapageur	111	Fator	4-1	2¾
Beauty Sleep	108	Mooney	15-1	3¾
Kebo	113	Hamilton	30-1	4
Leo L.	115	Turner	20-1	5
Lady Archie	94	Callahan	10-1	6
Calvert	103½	Zoeller	12-1	7

Time—1:41.

Start good; won easily; place ridden out. Aurum, b. h., by Mushroom—Royal Anne; owned and trained by C. Sanford.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds, non-winners of two races; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Peddat	115	Kummer	12-1	1½
Fair Gale	113	Turner	10-1	2¾
The Wagoner	115	Ambrose	4-1	3¾
King Albert	115	Borel	20-1	4
Mr. Brummel	115	Hamilton	20-1	5
Jadda	110	W. Rowan	11-5	6
Gallagher	115	Corey	9-2	7
Irish Dancer	108	Sande	1-1	8
Sagamore	116	Schuttinger	12-1	9
Lovely	110	Mooney	20-1	10
Franz Tirvir	115	Callahan	25-1	11

Time—1:39 1-5.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Peddat, br. c., by Ivan the Terrible—Mannie Hodge; owned by R. T. Hartmann and trained by H. McDaniel.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $1,000. Five furlongs, straight.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Dimmesdale	108	Turner	11-5	1nk
Oriole	121	T. Rowan	1-1	2½
Tottie	113	Kummer	11-5	3½
Touchstone	113	Ambrose	7-1	4
Snarv	113	Ambrose	12-1	5
The Bohemian	108	Swart	30-1	6
Phoenix	110	Rice	30-1	7
Daylight Saving	108	McGraw	30-1	8

Time—1:00 4-5.

Start good; won galloping; place driving. Dimmesdale, ch. c., by Diambala—Hester Prynne; owned by R. T. Wilson, Jr., and trained by T. J. Healey.

Weather clear; track fast.

SELMONT PARK ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; six and a half furlongs, main course. *Norman 115 pounds, Prim III., 110, Flibbertygibbet 108, Rime Johnson 110, Thistle Queen 107, Basilius 112, *Sugarmint 104, Sister Emblem 115, *Millrace 102, Pust 108, Fibroch 118.

SECOND RACE—The Amityville Steeplechase Handicap; for four-year-olds and upward; about two miles and a quarter. Hillier 149 pounds, Decisive 138, Doublet 150, Royal Arch 144, Lytle 140.

THIRD RACE—The Coaching Club American Oaks; for fillies three years old; one mile and three furlongs. La Rabica 111 pounds, Cossanna 111, Cinderella 117, Cleopatra 117.

FOURTH RACE—The Belmont; for three-year-olds; one mile and three furlongs. Man o' War 126 pounds, Donnacona 126, David Harum 126.

FIFTH RACE—The Amateur Cup, Heavyweight Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; gentleman riders; one mile. Genesee B. 148 pounds, Super Sun 148, Turit 160, The Finisher 167.

SIXTH RACE—For maidens two years old; five furlongs, straight. Our Flag 115 pounds, Dough Girl 112, Mademoiselle Cadeau 112, Ten Buttons 112, Dolly C. 112, Senrigan 115, Chevalier 115, Jamaica Belle 112, Sammy Day 115, Harp of the North 115, Miss Del 112, The Swell 115, Jacobean 115, Smarty 112.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

BOTSFORD VICTOR OVER MAN AT NET

Springs Tennis Upset and Enters New Jersey Final with Throckmorton.

Harold Throckmorton, tennis champion of New Jersey, will defend his title at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon as the courts of the Montclair Athletic Club, with Willard Botsford as his opponent. The latter added another upset to his season's string yesterday by defeating a former State champion, Alrick H. Man, Jr., in two out of three sets, 4—6, 6—4, 7—5.

Throckmorton came through the semi-finals at the expense of Ralph L. Baggs, whom he eliminated by scores of 6—2, 6—4. The doubles contained a minor surprise in the defeat of Vincent Richards and Charles A. Anderson by the Vandeventer brothers, with six teams reaching the round before the semi-finals. Chairman Hammatt Norton of the tournament committee plans to complete the event tomorrow afternoon.

Although Botsford has been playing exceedingly well all through the New Jersey tournament, there were few who would concede him a chance with the former Yale captain, ranked among the best in the Metropolitan District for the last few years. In fact, it did not seem possible that the youngster could pull out the match against his experienced opponent when the rubber stood at 5—3 and 40—30, with Man needing only one point for victory. But this tally never came, for Botsford started a magnificent uphill battle that brought him no less than four games in a row, first tieing up the set at 5—all, and eventually winning at 7—5.

The boys was slow in getting started and dropped the opener largely through his own errors. But, after assuming control of his strokes, Man rushed ahead in impressive style, and the second session was his decisively at 6—3. He continued his winning streak well into the third set, with the match point on the table, his uphill effort seemed about to be rewarded. Botsford, however, summoned all his resources for a reciprocal rally, and played such sterling tennis to the finish that the former title holder actually was never again in a threatening position.

Ralph Baggs found Throckmorton's speed somewhat beyond him in the opening set of the other semi-final, but gradually accustomed himself to the situation, and by steadying down eventually drove his rival into errors. The champion was carried to deuce games in the second session, and had a narrow escape from the verdict in the three-set struggle. By gaining control just in time, however, he managed to sweep through the odd game after 6—all had been called, and took the match with an 8—6 decision.

Alfred D. Hammett and Embree H. Henderson of the University Heights Club gave further demonstration of their strength as a doubles team by winning two matches, while Fred Anderson and Ben Letson continued their recent brilliant streak in an overwhelming victory over McWatty and Bocock. Other winning teams were Throckmorton and Kumasaa, last year's Middle States champions, Man and Major, holders of many titles in the past, and the new combination of Botsford and Gerald Emerson.

The summaries:

SINGLES—Semi-final Round—Harold Throckmorton defeated Ralph Lewis Baggs, 6—2, 6—4; Willard Botsford defeated Alrick H. Man, Jr., 4—6, 6—4, 7—5.

DOUBLES—Second Round—Alfred D. Hammett and Embree H. Henderson defeated George S. Goodrich and Edgar T. Appleby, 6—2, 6—3; Vinton Vernam and F. L. Baggs defeated Churchill and Dell, 7—5, 6—2; Harold Throckmorton and Ichiya Kumasaa defeated P. M. Day and S. Shafer, 6—3, 6—3.

Third Round—Palin and Ludlow Van Deventer defeated Vincent Richards and C. A. Anderson, 6—4, 6—4; Gerald Emerson and Willard Botsford defeated Vernam and Baggs, 6—4, 6—3; Ben Letson and Fred C. Anderson defeated F. L. McWatty and C. W. Bocock, 6—4, 6—0; A. H. Man, Jr., and Cedric Major defeated S. C. Palmer and L. M. Knox, 6—4, 6—4; Throckmorton and Kumasaa defeated H. W. Holbrook and Farquhar, 6—1, 6—0.

WOMEN PLAY DOUBLES.

Singles Final for State Tennis Title Is Postponed.

Because of the absence of Miss Margaret Grove, who had scored a brilliant victory over Mrs. Edward Raymond in the semi-finals of the women's tennis championship of New York State yesterday's play at the New York Tennis Club was confined to doubles and mixed doubles.

The summary of the latest matches in the women's tournament is as follows:

Women's Doubles—Semi-final Round—Miss Mario Wagner and Miss Clare Cassel defeated Mrs. S. H. Waring and Mrs. H. V. Lynch, 6—1, 6—0; Mrs. L. G. Morris and Miss Margaret Grove defeated Mrs. Robert Leroy and Mrs. Rawson Wood, 6—4, 1—6, 6—3.

Mixed Doubles—Second Round—Mrs. Percy Wilbourne and W. H. Bates defeated Miss Westervelt and J. D. Keyes, 6—3, 6—3; Mrs. L. G. Morris and Alex Iler defeated Miss Marie Wagner and A. J. Ostendorf, 6—4, 6—2; Miss Grove and J. H. Steinkampf defeated Miss Muriel Binnse and E. H. Binse, 6—3, 6—1.

CALIFORNIAN BEATS VOSHELL ON COURT

Bates Wins Surprising Victory, but His Team Loses to Brooklyn Club, 4 to 2.

The tennis players of the Terrace-Kings County Association, on their own courts at Flatbush, yesterday defeated the four-man team of the University of California, which previously had lost only to Yale, the score being 4 to 2. The Westerners gained many friends and some real glory, in spite of their defeat, for their top man in singles, Wallace Bates, took the measure of no less a star than S. Howard Voshell, winning in straight sets 6—3, 7—6. The Brooklyn southpaw got a little revenge later when he and Frank Anderson eliminated Bates and Edmund Levy in the doubles, 6—2, 6—4. This pair ran second to McLoughlin and Bundy for the Pacific Coast doubles title in 1916, and their decisive downfall was one of the features of the meeting.

Anderson, Chambers and Cecil Donaldson were other individual winners for the Terrace-Kings County side, while M. Rothschild and P. P. Martin accounted for the Californians' remaining tally by a victory over Royal D. Richey and William Hartye at 6—4, 1—6, 6—4.

All four of the young collegians from the coast play a typical California game. Their forehand drive is made in the McLoughlin style, with the hand well around the racquet, plenty of speed and top resulting. They serve well, except for a tendency to foot-fault which may prove costly if it is not eradicated. While their volleying is good, they are not so reckless in their charges on the net as was the custom a few years ago out in California. Altogether they show a tendency to develop the well-rounded game which national champion William M. Johnston has both justified and popularized.

Wins by Superior Driving.

Bates yesterday defeated Voshell largely by his speedy and accurate driving from deep court. He seemed able to pass the left hander whenever he absolutely needed a point, and even the keen anticipation and lightning volleys of Voshell could not cope with such skill. The home star's game picked up in the second set, after having dropped the opener at 6—3, and for a time it seemed that he would certainly tie up the match. But a hard-fought deuce set eventually went to the Californian, who stuck to his campaign of steady driving and let his opponent make the fatal errors. It was a real triumph for the Western youngster.

Frank Anderson found Edmund Levy also a worthy rival, but his own game was in good working order yesterday, and, by hard hitting and energetic covering of the court, he kept the edge throughout both sets, winning at 6—3, 6—4. With Voshell as a partner, he showed even greater speed in the doubles match, and the Brooklyn pair proved irresistible in a straight set victory over Bates and Levy at 6—2, 6—4.

Chambers in Old-Time Form.

In defeating M. Rothschild at 6—3, 7—5, Charles Chambers exhibited much of his old court wizardry and gave clear indications of a return to the form which had been interrupted by his Y. M. C. A. service abroad. The demon of the choked bat was putting the ball where he wished yesterday and his flawless foot work gave Rothschild few chances to score.

Even faster tennis was played by Cecil Donaldson, who scored the most one-sided victory of the day in disposing of P. P. Martin at 6—1, 6—0. The blond junior was going at his best cliff and should be heard from in the open tournaments this season if he can keep up such form.

Rothschild and Martin had a hard time pulling out their match against Richey and Hartye, losing the second set 6—4, but showing a little more endurance in the last and taking the rubber at 6—4.

The summary:

SINGLES—Wallace Bates, California, defeated S. Howard Voshell, T. K. C., 6—3, 7—6; Frank T. Anderson, T. K. C., defeated Edmund Levy, California, 6—3, 6—4; Charles Chambers, T. K. C., defeated M. Rothschild, California, 6—3, 7—5; Cecil Donaldson, T. K. C., defeated P. P. Martin, California, 6—1, 6—0.

DOUBLES—Voshell and Anderson, T. K. C., defeated Bates and Levy, California, 6—2, 6—4; Rothschild and Martin, California, defeated Royal D. Richey and William Hartye, T. K. C., 6—4, 1—6, 6—4.

Crespi Is Billiard Winner.

Robert Crespi recovered his prodigal billiard form at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night and the one-armed wonder defeated M. Lonk by a score of 25 to 21 in sixty-seven innings. They are both scratch men in the annual handicap three-cushion tournament. Both players resorted to a great deal of safety play, which caused the match to be somewhat drawn out.

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THE HAGUE GREETS DAMROSCH PLAYERS

Queen Wilhelmina's Mother in Assembly Welcoming Orchestra to Holland.

SHE COMPLIMENTS LEADER

American Minister Is Host at Banquet—Much Enthusiasm Shown by Dutch Audience.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, June 11.—The concert of the New York Symphony Orchestra conducted by Walter Damrosch tonight at The Hague was not only a great musical but also a great social event. Besides many important Netherlands people the whole Diplomatic Corps was represented, while the American Minister, William Phillips, and Mrs. Phillips, who were patrons of the concert, brought a large party.

Queen Wilhemina, who is absent from The Hague, was unable to attend, but her mother, who is a great patron of the arts, attended and greatly appreciated the concert. During an interval the American Minister presented Mr. Damrosch to the Queen's mother, who complimented him on "a wonderful concert."

After the concert a large supper party of eighty guests was given at the Minister's house in the musician's honor.

Unfortunately, a large orchestral hall was not available, but in spite of this the concert was an overwhelming success, the Dutch audience expressing unusual appreciation and enthusiasm for the American orchestra.

The program included selections from Wagner's "Meisteringer," Dvorak's symphony, "From the New World," and the violin concerto of Mendelssohn, which Albert Spalding, the soloist, played with exceptional brilliancy, followed by tremendous applause.

Damrosch has just given concerts in Brussels, Antwerp, Liège and Ghent, and is now going to Amsterdam and London. The Belgian newspapers were overwhelming in their praise, holding up the American orchestra as a model for Belgium, and remarking especially its finesse, delicacy and clarity of execution.

Several Belgian papers remarked on Damrosch's orchestration of "The Star-Spangled Banner," saying that they realized for the first time that the air was a noble piece of music.

Damrosch Tells Results of Tour.

To THE TIMES correspondent, Mr. Damrosch spoke with the greatest satisfaction of his tour of Europe, the first ever made with an American orchestra.

"Every concert finished with the national anthem of the country," he said, "followed by 'The Star-Spangled Banner,' and in every case the audience accepted this as a demonstration of the existing friendship between the nation and greeted our rendition with a jubilation of cheers and extraordinary demonstrations of enthusiasm.

"Before we left the United States, kind friends told us much about the enmity of all Europe against America and things American. Whatever friction may exist is political and economic. We have been overwhelmed with such demonstrations of affection as to leave no doubt of their sincerity.

"Many municipalities, such as Rome, Milan, Metz and Fontainebleau, honored us with official receptions and luncheons to the orchestra, interspersed with speeches by the highest dignitaries and of the most cordial character.

Found in Music a Common Language.

"Through music we approached these friendly people with a language which is theirs just as much as ours, and their delight in discovering that we, too, speak that language and love it as much as they do has been truly touching.

"The people everywhere have been astonished at the discipline and capability of nuance shewn by our orchestra. They were still more astonished when I told them that we have twelve symphony orchestras in America which, like mine, rehearse daily through the season.

"In one sense, the success of the tour is the more remarkable when it is considered that we encountered every possible variety of strike known to the laboring man, including those of railroad and dock laborers, a general strike of hotel employes in Genoa and Milan, not to mention an electrical engineers' strike.

"Our 186 pieces of baggage, however, always turned up at the hall in time for the concert, although sometimes transported from the station in hand carts.

"Especially we have been struck by the not only able but friendly way in which all foreign representatives of the United States have taken care of our needs and interests, overcoming any amount of annoying and cumbersome difficulties."

PADEREWSKI RETURNS.

Reappearance in Warsaw After Cabinet Resignation Starts Speculation.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—According to a cablegram received today from Warsaw, President Pilsudski is expected to refuse to accept the resignation of Premier Skulski and will call upon him to form a new Cabinet.

The advices stated that the reason for the Premier's resignation is obscure, but that it has apparently developed as a result of the defeat, in committee, of the Government's bill for the sequestration of agricultural products. M. Bardel and M. Kadsior, Ministers of Agriculture and Public Works, respectively, have resigned, and a third member of the Polish Cabinet, M. Sliwinski, has signified his intention to resign on similar grounds.

M. Paderewski, the dispatch concluded, will arrive at Warsaw tomorrow, where he will remain seven days before proceeding to Oxford to receive a degree from the university. His arrival, seen in connection with the resignation of Skulski and his Ministers, has given rise to much gossip in political circles in the Polish capital.

PARIS, June 11.—Notwithstanding the resignation of the Polish Cabinet while he was en route to Paris, Stanislas Patek, Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Skulski Ministry, has full powers and will confer with Dr. Eduard Benes, representing Czechoslovakia, in an effort to settle the Teschen controversy.

The first conversation was held today in an endeavor to reach an agreement between themselves. In case Dr. Benes and M. Patek find it impossible to reach a solution satisfactory to both sides they will consider arbitration. King Albert of Belgium has been suggested as arbitrator, but nothing will be settled until it develops what the results are of the direct negotiations.

FRENCH REVENUE UP.

$57,000,000 France Collected in May, $28,000,000 Above Estimate.

PARIS, June 11.—The Ministry of Finance reported today that the revenue for May amounted to 857,000,000 francs, exceeding the estimates by 129,000,000 francs, which was a smaller increase than in previous months because of strikes and reduced customs through the prohibition of importations of certain articles.

The greatest excess was in the stamp tax, which was estimated at 110,000,000 francs, but amounted to 252,000,000 francs. Last May's revenue was 15,000,000 francs below the estimate.

GREET SWEDISH SINGERS.

Choral Club of Chicago Welcomed at Carnegie Hall Concert.

The United Swedish Societies of New York, from the boxes of Carnegie Hall, welcomed with a surprise serenade or "Song of Greeting" the eighty-two singers of the Swedish Choral Club of Chicago, who gave a concert in that hall last night on the eve of sailing for a tour of their mother country. All the visitors, including both men and women, were young, with vigorous voices, and all but four of the eighty-two were American-born.

"Hear Us, O Svea," a song in Sweden equivalent to "Hail, Columbia," here was given by the visitors and their hosts together. The local societies presented a laurel wreath, tied with red, white and blue, an address of welcome being delivered by President Emil F. Johnson, followed by a response for the Chicagoans by their President, Charles S. Peterson.

The choir sang, as it will in Sweden also, works by Parker and other Americans, adding to the groups in English another of Latin liturgical pieces by Palestrina and Di Lasso, the "Sanctus" from Bach's B minor Mass, and present-day Swedish airs by Sodermann and Peterson-Berger.

Herbert M. Johnson to Sail Today.

Herbert M. Johnson, business controller of the Chicago Opera Company, will sail today by the Lapland to spend two months in London, Paris, Milan and Rome. While in Italy, he will confer with Gino Marinuzzi, the company's new artistic director, and he will go to Zurich, Switzerland, to meet Harold F. McCormick and Mrs. Edith Rockefeller McCormick, who have been the principal guarantors of the Chicago season for a half-dozen years past. Mr. Johnson, who said his trip is for a holiday as well as operatic business, will be accompanied by his wife, and by Harry Cahill, of the company's New York office, as secretary.

"Pinafore" by Ethical Culture Club.

Members of the Ethical Culture Club are to give Gilbert and Sullivan's "Pinafore" in the auditorium of the Ethical Culture Society at Central Park West and Sixty-fourth Street this evening as part of the celebration of Neighborhood Day. Francis J. Tyler, formerly basso of Savage's English "Butterfly" company, has staged the amateur production. Four banks in Wall Street also have arranged to start an opera competition next Fall under his direction.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Frank Tinney will soon begin rehearsals in "Tickle Me," the musical comedy in which he will be seen at the Selwyn Theatre on Aug. 16. Otto Harbach, Frank Mandel and Oscar Hammerstein, 2d, are the authors and Herbert Stothart wrote the music.

"A Thief in the Night," instead of "The Bat," will be the title of the Hopwood-Rinehart play, which Wagenhals & Kemper will produce in Washington next Monday night.

Will Morrissey's revue, "Buzzin' Around," has outgrown the Bijou Theatre, for which it was originally intended, and will be presented at a larger house.

A benefit performance will be given at the Casino tomorrow night in aid of the Home Service Fund of the Salvation Army. It will be under the auspices of the American ex-Service Men's Committee of Ten Thousand.

THE SCREEN

What are probably the most nearly perfect motion pictures in colors ever exhibited were shown last night to invited spectators at the Hotel Astor by Leon Gaumont, the French producer, who has developed a new process of cinamatography. While motion pictures in colors are not usual today, those just brought to this country by Mr. Gaumont are distinct by the naturalness of their many hues, the precision of their registration, and the striking beauty of separate scenes achieved by a combination of excellent details.

Some of the pictures had the realistic color and artistic composition of oil paintings, and deservedly won spontaneous applause from the spectators. If there was any noticeable shortcoming in them it was in their failure, sometimes, to be as clear in outline as one might wish. This, it seemed, was due to a difficulty of focus which affected the outdoor scenes more than those made indoors under artificial lights and with objects at only slightly varying distances from the camera, but whether the fault was in Mr. Gaumont's machine or the inability of the photographer to keep an exact focus it is not easy to say. But, however that may be, nothing interfered seriously with the beauty of the pictures and the capability of the camera to register the finest detail under favorable conditions was unquestionably demonstrated. The principal flaw in many other color-pictures was entirely absent from Mr. Gaumont's, namely, the failure of colors to register properly on objects moving rapidly across the field of the camera, as, for example, a trotting dog, a flying bird, or prancing horse. In this particular Mr. Gaumont's pictures seem entirely adequate.

The feature of the exhibition last night was a stirring reproduction of the Victory Parade in Paris on July 14, 1919, in which the many colors of flags, uniforms, and decorations were present in all of their variety and splendor. Other pictures, however, shared honors on the program, among them being photographs of antiques, medallions, paintings, flowers, fruits, and Venetian glass works. Scenics of Morocco, the coasts of Provence and the French Alps, greatly enriched the entertainment, which will be repeated to invited spectators at the Hotel Astor this evening.

Mr. Gaumont's process is an extension of that employed some years ago with marked success, except, it seems, from a commercial point of view, by Charles Urban and G. Albert Smith, who used a camera, and also a projection machine, equipped with two lenses, one orange-red and the other bluish-green. One lense permitted only light rays of certain colors to pass through it and the other rays of different colors. A strip of film made with these lenses, which were placed side by side, contained separate pictures, or, as they are known, frames, in pairs, each pair practically identical except that one had been affected chiefly by orange-red rays and the other by bluish-green. When the positive of this film was run through a projection machine equipped with lenses similar to those of the camera, at the rate at which the negative had been exposed, which was thirty-two frames a second, or double the normal speed, the images in each pair of frames were projected simultaneously on the screen so that the spectator received the impression of seeing one picture in which much of the color ration of nature had been imparted, for, not only would the reds and blues be reproduced, but other shades obtained by the combination of these two.

Mr. Gaumont sought greater color truth than could be obtained with two colored lenses, and worked with the idea of using three lenses, adopting violet-blue, red and green as his colors.

But when he attempted to use three lenses he encountered difficulties, for example, that of taking three identical pictures through three lenses placed together that others would be no appreciable difference in their angle of vision and then projecting these three separate pictures simultaneously so they would appear on the screen as one, with all colors blended. The ordinary film will not, as a rule, stand such rapid motion through a camera or projection machine as was necessary for Mr. Gaumont's purpose, and lenses arranged to make pictures in frames of standard size were found to be too far apart at some points to produce identical images. Mr. Gaumont, therefore, reduced the height of each frame, and in this way made a reduction in the speed of the film possible and at the same time was able to bring all points of his lenses sufficiently close together to produce practically identical images. By making his red lense fixed in the centre and the others on either side of it adjustable Mr. Gaumont is able to project all three reproductions of each picture on exactly the same surface, it is said, and thus insure the proper registration of colors. There are many other details of the delicate instruments built by Mr. Gaumont which add to their accuracy and constitute, with the main features, a decided advance in the mechanism of color photography.

Whether color pictures as made by Mr. Gaumont will come into general use is a question with a large commercial factor. Machines made for black-and-white pictures have become so standardized and are so widely used in three theatres elsewhere today that any innovation requiring additional equipment is sure to encounter obstacles to its general adoption. A great deal will depend, of course, on the cost involved, and also, presumably, on the public, which may or may not insist upon colored pictures.

To Stage Shaw's 'Heartbreak House'

George Bernard Shaw's post-bellum play, "Heartbreak House," is announced for presentation at the Garrick Theatre by the Theatre Guild next season. The play has been published here in book form, but has never been acted.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSORS

LYCEUM Theatre. West 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:20. DAVID BELASCO Presents INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS," by Avery Hopwood.

GLOBE Evgs. 8:15 | MATINEE TODAY. Best Seats $2.50. GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS OF 1920 with ANN PENNINGTON. "The Scandals of 1920" is a Leviathan of a Hit."—Eve. Sun.

GREENWICH VILLAGE Th. 6th St. & 7th Av. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. "Is a Delightful Play."—Tribune. EMILY STEVENS, NORMAN TREVOR, HUGGIN MacARTHUR in "FOOT-LOOSE" And Brilliant Supporting Cast, in the New Play by ZOE AKINS, Author of "Declasse."

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43rd St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. HENRY MILLER BLANCHE BATES in "The Famous Mrs. Fair" By JAMES FORBES

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. BOOTH TARKINGTON'S "CLARENCE"

KNICKERBOCKER B'WAY & 38th St. Mts. Today & Wed. Smoking Caps Cool Comedy. TONIGHT 130TH TIME SHAVINGS

NEW AMSTERDAM WEST 42D ST. Evs. at 8:15. MAT. TODAY 50c to $2 NO HIGHER. THE ED. WYNN CARNIVAL with ED. WYNN, "THE PERFECT FOOL" ZIEGFELD ROOF, Also New Amsterdam Theatre. Indispensable Restaurant—Reasonable Prices. Dinner 7:30—Dancing 8:30 Until Closing. ART HICKMAN ORCHESTRA At ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC 11:30 with EDDIE CANTOR and All the Stars Art Hickman's Dinner Dance 9:30. Nightly

COHAN & HARRIS Th. W. 42. Evs. 8:20. Mts. T. & W. & Sat. 2:20. GAIETY WHIRLY MUSICAL GIRLIE. SAM. H. HARRIS presents the MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION HONEY GIRL

GEO. M. COHAN B'way, 43d St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Today & Wed. 2:20. SAM H. HARRIS Presents WILLIAM COLLIER In "THE HOTTENTOT." "It's a Riot."

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. JOHN GOLDEN presents FRANK BACON in LIGHTNIN

CORT WEST 48th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. JOHN CORINGTON'S ABRAHAM LINCOLN

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:20. "THE NIGHT BOAT" "IT'S A JOY RIDE"

BELASCO WEST 44th ST. Evenings 8:30. Last Mat. Today. 2:30. LAST 2 PERFORMANCES. LENORE ULRIC In "THE SON-DAUGHTER" By George Scarborough and David Belasco.

PROVINCETOWN THEATRE 133 Macdougal St. Tel. W. 2d & 4th Sts. (Near S. W. Cor. Washington Sq.) Tel. Spring 2363. CELTIC PLAYERS. The Singer—Pearse. "Birthright—Murray. "Well" acted, staged and lighted."—Times. Curtain 8:30.

LUNA PRYOR'S BAND. Concerts Aft. & Eve. CONEY ISLAND. Free Circus and Dancing.

PICTURE OF THE CONVENTION.

Two-page illustration, 21 by 31½ inches, of the opening scene at the Republican Convention at Chicago in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow. One of the largest photographic reproductions ever made for a newspaper.—Advt.

The Neighborhood Playhouse of the Henry Street Settlement. 466 Grand St. Tel. Orchard 1171. LAST TWO PERFORMANCES TONIGHT & TOMORROW NIGHT. The Pantomime Ballet "La Boutique Fantasque" ("The Magic Shop") With Music by Rossini. Preceded by Violet Pearn's Play. "THE FAIR" Orch., $1.00, 75c. Balc., 50c., 25c.

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AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND MEN, DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

Winter Garden REOPENING WEEK OF June 21. Cinderella on Broadway. Tomorrow Night / Usual Sunday Night Star Concert

Shubert Thea., 44th W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. TODAY & Wed. 2:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. Charles Cherry and Frances Larrimore in SCANDAL

Comedy 41st E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. MY LADY FRIENDS. AMERICA'S GREATEST COMEDY

Nora Bayes 44th W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Today & Wed. "LASSIE" The Season's Biggest Musical Hit!

Casino 39th & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Pop. Mat. Wed. Best Seats $1.50. BETTY, BE GOOD. The Musical Comedy Sensation.

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. LAST MAT. TO-DAY. 2:15. Last 2 Times This Season ALL SOULS' EVE With Lola Fisher and Cyril Keightley

Vanderbilt Theatre, W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT IRENE

Selwyn W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. DONALD BRIAN and VIRGINIA O'BRIEN in the Musical Hit. LAST 10 TIMES. BUDDIES

Belmont Thea., 48th St. E. of B'way. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. HIS CHINESE WIFE

Astor 45th & Broadway. Evs. 8:30. MATS. WED. & SAT., 2:30. LAST 2 WEEKS EAST IS WEST With PAT BALFNER

Shubert-Riviera. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today. NANCE O'NEIL in THE PASSION FLOWER. Next Week (in person) in "The Master Thief." Sunday Concerts Continuous, 1:30 to 11:30 P. M.

48th St. Thea., W. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. 50th Time. THE STORM. HELEN MACKELLAR

Little Theatre 44th St., West of Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:30. RICHARD BENNETT IN "EUGENE G. O'NEILL'S GREAT DRAMA BEYOND THE HORIZON

44th St. Theatre, Near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15. THE FALL AND RISE OF SUSAN LENOX. The most wonderful story ever written. With ALMA TELL AND COMPANY OF SIXTY

Booth Thea., 45th W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. The Charming Comedy Hit! "NOT SO LONG AGO"

Century Thea., 62d St. & Cent. P. W. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Wed. 2:15. FLORODORA. French Ticket Office Central Thea., 47th & B'way. Morosco Next Mon. Eve. 48th St. SEATS NOW SELLING. OLIVER MOROSCO Presents WM. COURTENAY in THOMPSON BUCHANAN'S FAMOUS COMEDY SUCCESS "CIVILIAN CLOTHES"

Central Thea., 47th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. SAM BERNARD & Irene BORDONI In "AS YOU WERE"

Lyric Thea., 42d W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. Musical "Revuette" Comedy Hit "What's in a Name"

MATINEE TODAY—BEST SEATS $2.

Fulton W. 46 St. Evs. 8:45. MAT. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. TODAY "A joke on the bedroom farce that is funnier than the genuine article." —Eve. Journal. AN INNOCENT IDEA

"It's not so innocent."—World. ROBT EMMETT KEANE & great comedy cast.

Eltinge Thea. W. 42nd St. Mats. Wed. (Fun.) & Sat. 2:30. MARTINIQUE with Josephine Victor and Emmett Corrigan.

Republic W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Lgst.) & Sat. 2:30. MARJORIE RAMBEAU In Channing Pollock's Great Melodrama. THE SIGN ON THE DOOR

Garrick Thea., 65th W. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. MATINEE TODAY—BEST SEATS $2. Theatre Guild's Greatest Success JANE CLEGG By St. John Ervine, Author of "John Ferguson."

MOTION PICTURES.

B. S. MOSS' BROADWAY at 41st St. NOW. NUMA PICT. CORP. The Master Thrill. RETURN OF TARZAN. The Untamed Ape-Man Directed by Harry Revier. (Underrated by Geo. Merrick.) ADDED FEATURE—BEST VAUD. AND GIRLS.

CAPITOL BROADWAY AT 51ST STREET. Cont. 1 to 11 P. M. Last Times Today—RUPERT HUGHES' "SCRATCH MY BACK" PRICES 25c—75c. No Higher Tomorrow and all week. JACK PICKFORD in O. HENRY'S "A DOUBLE DYED DECEIVER."

MOTION PICTURES.

CRITERION B'way at 44th St. HUNCHBACK Fanny Hurst's Great Photo Play. MAE MARSH.

RIVOLI B'way at 49th St. ROSABY SOSWORTH in "Below the Surface." RIVOLI ORCHESTRA.

RIALTO Times Sq. DOROTHY GISH "Remodelling a Husband" RIALTO ORCHESTRA.

STRAND B'WAY. & 47 St. MARK STRAND. GEORGES CARPENTIER in "The Wonder Man." STRAND SYMPHONY ORC.

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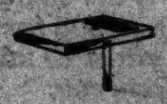

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KAHN FINDS EUROPE BLIGHTED BY PEACE

In Spite of Treaty's Ill Effect, Banker Predicts Problems Will Be Overcome.

AT CREST OF DIFFICULTIES

America Must Take a World View of Things Economic, He Says After a Survey Abroad.

A survey of Europe leaves one with a vivid impression of the blessed position of America and of the boundlessness of the opportunities before this country both for its own good and the good of the world, Otto H. Kahn, the banker, said yesterday on his return from Europe. Mr. Kahn, who was a passenger on the Celtic, stressed the advantage of increasing our sphere of international commercial activities, pointing out that American capital could find a fertile field on the other side.

In a prepared statement Mr. Kahn set forth his conclusions of economic and political conditions, based on actual observations in England, France and Italy and reports he had received from Germany and Russia. He was particularly optimistic over the progress that was being made in the first three countries toward solving post-war problems and expressed his belief that the crest of the after-war difficulties had been reached.

While Europe was not unmindful of the assistance rendered by America in the world war, Mr. Kahn said, nevertheless there existed a feeling of chagrined disillusionment at the outcome of it all. This feeling was all the more deep-rooted because the hopes raised by our statesmen had come so far short of being realized, the banker found.

"The blight of that baneful instrument, the Peace Treaty of Versailles, still lies upon Europe," said Mr. Kahn. "Heedless of the logic of historical developments of centuries and of racial qualities or disqualities, ignoring what was among the most essential elements involved, namely, the element of economics, setting up dispositions which resulted in leaving production, commerce and international communications completely out of joint in all Europe, east of the Rhine; carving up with iconoclastic arbitrariness the map of Europe, Africa and Asia; failing to temper justice, however stern, with the restraints of wisdom, none too punctilious of purposes, commitments, and ideals publicly professed—thus and in other ways the treaty makers, instead of peace and settlement, wrought dispeace and unsettlement.

Peace-Makers Failed, He Says.

"Given a controlling moral prestige and actual influence which at the time adhered to America and her spokesman, it was open to America at the peace table to render a service of immeasurable value to the entire world and particularly, in the lasting outcome, to those who had been our comrades in arms. The opportunity was lost, the more's the pity. An eminent British statesman has termed the treaty 'devastating in its effects beyond all precedents in treaty making, destructive of the grooves of intercourse and of trade, which the evolution of centuries has created between peoples, leaving behind it a trail of ruin, starvation and racial hatred in large sections of Europe and the scenes of interminable racial strife.' It sounds paradoxical but in a large sense it is true that Europe for the last year has been suffering less from the effects of the war than from the effects of the peace.

"However, such is the recuperative power of healthy organisms and the vitality of great races, that at least in the three countries visited, England, France and Italy (my voyage was unavoidably curtailed and I was thus unable to go to Belgium and other countries I had intended visiting), the acute problems and difficulties of the post-war situation either have been dealt with or the assured prediction is justified that they will be overcome.

"They have been overcome in the main in England. The spirit of wise, yet daring enterprise which is traditional of England, the experience and insight and financial skill gained in the course of centuries, her wonderfully perfected machinery for international trade, her old time prestige based upon the justly earned reputation for fair and honest trading, her resolute and clear recognition and pursuance of the facts, her governmental methods of fostering trade and co-operating with commercial interests—all these and other elements have been effective toward her recovery of her old time position. She is prosperous and she is going ahead apace. Throughout the world her far-flung activities are in full swing. If anything, rather too much may possibly have been attempted too quickly, and too great a strain may have been put upon England's current resources, which may lead to a reaction. But, if so, I am convinced that it will be temporary.

Sees England Supreme.

"I have said in London and I repeat it here that the talk about our displacing England as the world's financial centre is idle. Her position is the result of geographical, economic and psychological factors, of racial qualities and of the experience and practice of centuries. In saying this I am far from underestimating the leading part which America will play in the world's work and the boundless scope of our opportunities. But we should seek to supplement, not to supplant one another. There is plenty of room and to spare in the world for the most intensive activities of both nations. There is plenty of need for the most vigorous enterprise of both.

"England, a few discordant and insignificant voices to the contrary notwithstanding, is conscious of the greatness of the spirit of the action and of the services of America during the war. She is genuinely desirous for a cordial understanding and close and harmonious co-operation between the two nations. No man, not blinded by prejudice, can fail to see how necessary such a relationship is for the peace, prosperity and ordered liberty of the world.

"England realizes fully how greatly that relationship would be furthered by a final settlement of the Irish problem and how warmly, too, her self-governing dominions and colonies would welcome such a settlement. If there is anything which the Irish in America can do to bring about a happy ending to that age-long tragedy they will be rendering a great service to all concerned. But—I say it as an appreciative and sympathetic friend of that brave, gifted and warm-hearted Irish race—any one who thinks that the British can be moved by threats, intimidated by agitation or stimulated by pinpricks from foreign sources, does not know the stuff that the British people are made of. And any one acting on that mistaken notion does more harm than good to the cause he means to serve.

"France is hard at work, far more so than she is generally given credit for. Indeed, if one considers the appalling losses, sacrifices and suffering which she has undergone and the disorganization necessarily incident to four and one-half years of war on her soil, it is truly remarkable what she has accomplished. It is not fair to expect that France, invaded, devastated, largely prevented from engaging in world commerce during the war, and deprived of some of her richest provinces, should have taxed herself while the war lasted as America and Great Britain taxed themselves.

"She is taxing herself now (by wiser methods than ours) to the full extent needed to meet her budget, outside, of course, the expense of reconstructing the devastated regions, which expense should not and could not be met by taxation. With her bountiful natural resources, with her thrifty, orderly and intelligent population and with those great imponderable inherent in a truly great race which more than once has accomplished the seemingly impossible, the ultimate recovery of France, now under way, is assured.

"In Italy, too, I found that the situation justified confident anticipation of ultimate complete recovery. The people are hard at work, and Italy almost alone among the countries of Europe has a surplus of that most valuable of assets, labor. Italy has faced resolutely the realities of the situation and has refused to base its program upon the uncertain expectation of wringing a fabulous indemnity out of a broken down debtor. She has had the courage earlier than any of the other continental nations to tax herself to the limit. She is vigorously curtailing her imports and has succeeded to a surprising degree to increase her exports. Her industrial centres in the northern provinces under the leadership of men of extraordinary ability and great enterprise are growing and developing to a remarkable degree. Her business men have commercial ability of a high order, and she promises to become the great entrepot for trading between the peoples to the West and the East of her. In Italy, too, there are many very attractive opportunities for the enlistment of American capital.

"I do not mean to imply in what I have said that either in France or in Italy normal conditions will return quickly and that everything is smooth sailing henceforth. Many difficulties remain, and considerable time will yet be required for the process of rehabilitation, much hard work, self-discipline and saving. But I do believe that, barring the unforeseen and given the granting of reasonably required credit facilities for essential purposes, the crest of post-bellum perplexities has been reached in those countries.

"While I did not visit Germany, I met in Paris the head of the economic mission which the German Government sent to that city to confer with delegates appointed by the French Government. I also met a number of Americans, Englishmen and Frenchmen who had recently visited Germany. The impression which I gathered is that there is nothing to be feared from the Junker, Militarist or Hohenzollern party. The ruin and disgrace which their rule has brought upon the German people will not lose its deterrent effect in this generation.

"With the cessation of the period when cheap land or unoccupied land was largely available for agriculture in our country, the time when we could afford to be more or less sufficient unto ourselves is over. We must now take increasingly a world view of things in relation to our own interests, not in order to inject ourselves into the political affairs of Europe but to take that part in international commerce which is our due and our need for the progress and prosperity of our people.

"We must play our part and hold our own in the strenuously contested field of world trade. In order to do this we do not ask or need direct Government support such as it is and long has been the practice of several other nations to give, but we do require wisely directed governmental encouragement, the countenance and confidence of rightly informed and guided public opinion and freedom from hampering or damaging legislation. We did not have these essentials in the period following the armistice and consequently failed to take anything like full advantage of the unprecedented opportunities which were within our grasp at that time.

"We should have had, as some of us had urged during the war in one of the departments of the Government, co-operating with business men, a competent economic general staff at work, with well-matured plans prepared and ready for the occasion, as England had made herself prepared and ready. Some of the opportunities then before us are no longer recoverable, but many others remain. The Cabinet position of Secretary of Commerce is gaining greater importance all the time, and the right man in that position could render truly important and highly beneficial national service."

Mr. Kahn said he expected to remain abroad much longer but the approaching marriage of his daughter made it necessary for him to return home.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

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The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Prices Ease Off.

Second hands came into the local gray goods market as sellers again yesterday, with the result that prices eased off about a quarter of a cent a yard on certain printcloths and sheetings. In the former goods spot business was done in 39-inch 68-72s at 24 cents, while for similar delivery 23¾ cents was paid for 38½-inch 64-60s. June deliveries of sheetings were sold at 22½ cents for 56-60 four-yards and a 16½ cents for 5.50s. In the clothing styles some more business was done in 39-inch 64-104, 4.20-yard sateens for delivery during this month, at 21 cents.

Chances for Speculation.

About the only kind of speculation that can be carried on in the dress fabrics trade at present, according to a prominent buyer, is for some one to make a business of gathering together small lots of merchandise and grouping materials of the same sort together for sale. He stated that there is plenty of yardage on the market, but it is made up chiefly of small lots that the large cutter-up does not find to his advantage to purchase. What these quantities lose in the individual amounts, he said, they make up in number. Large holdings of a fabric are selling at appreciably higher rates than the small lots.

Goods in Transit.

Estimates of the amount of goods tied up in transit cannot be very well obtained, but quantities still on the way from mill to manufacturers or from the manufacturers to the stores must be very large, judging from individual instances. One clothing firm, for instance, has woolens valued at more than a million and a quarter somewhere between the mills and its factory. This is not taken as an uncommon case, as the orders were placed at the same time other clothiers placed theirs, and the routing is the same. The express companies are reported to be adding to their storage space in order to accommodate goods delayed in transit, as well as shipments that are refused by the consignees who have cancelled orders which the deliveries represent.

Better Tone to Silks.

In certain quarters of the silk trade there has been noted an improvement in the outlook. Those concerns that are willing to do business on the present basis of raw material costs and make desirable materials have to make a selling effort, but receive their reward in orders. Averaging of prices won't do, such firms state, because buyers, who were so long taught to regard the selling price of raw silk as the basis for advanced prices of finished goods, now expect prices based on the actual declines. Therefore, for those manufacturers who are making a fresh start, there appears to be business to be obtained. This, at any rate, has been the experience of sellers who have put the past behind them.

Hard Coal Coming More Freely.

Anthracite distribution is again running in normal channels to a large degree, Seward's Journal will say today, all of the important embargoes affecting rail shipments having been lifted, as well as most of the mines ones. The collieries are producing on a heavy scale and, with the wage demands disposed of in a way that leaves no excuse for a strike, the whole situation, as regards the hard coal trade, has a better aspect than for many weeks past. After a period of several days earlier in the month, during which soft coal prices remained just about steady, the market took another spurt this week and quotations were carried to the highest levels yet recorded.

Summer Clothes the Higher.

As to reports of the unwillingness of makers of the so-called Summer clothes for men to cut prices on their products in sympathy with the declines in "regular" suits, it was said here yesterday that the retailers, for the most, are just as unwilling to cheapen them as the manufacturers. Attention was called to the fact that, in the window of a prominent department store, all-wool suits were offered with $29.50 the top price. In an adjacent window was a display of "Summer stuff" at prices ranging up to $34.75. A year ago the disparity in the figures would have been on the side of the all-wool suits, and it probably would have been considerably larger than the difference between the top prices in the case referred to.

The Tug of War Has Come.

The situation in the textile trades at the moment, so far as buying and selling is concerned, parallels to a considerable extent the event that comes off when Greek joins Greek. On the one hand are the jobbers and the retailers, abetted by the public, refusing to buy more than relatively trivial amounts of goods at one time until prices get more to their liking. On the other hand are the manufacturers, who say that, as long as material and labor costs stay high, they are not going to make up goods any faster than the buyers order them. Closing mills and shortened weekly working schedules prove that the manufacturers are carrying their threats into effect, but how long they can afford to stick to their guns is a matter of conjecture. In the meantime, the high-price propagandists are again beginning to get busy, as is shown by reports from the clothiers' convention at Atlantic City.

Figuring Closer for Fall.

While it is not considered probable that clothing and furnishing goods dealers will apply such close mark-ups to all their lines as they have in many instances to cellars, nevertheless some very close figuring will be done from now on, according to all accounts. The general situation, as related by traveling salesmen who have returned from their trips, is that the stores are carrying very heavy stocks of all lines. Considerable averaging of profits is expected, with the result that clothing bought now will sell at a very small percentage of profit, and the longer margins will be taken on goods bought at cheaper prices. With the emphasis on price, it is thought that many retailers will change their ideas about the amount required to cover overhead expenses, and will mark their prices lower accordingly.

Buying for Needs.

The impression has gained ground among wholesalers of apparel and other department store lines that from now on a very rigid adherence to the policy of buying only for needs may be expected. Plans of merchandise men, it is said, call for very small appropriations. The big stores are expected to follow the hand-to-mouth policy of buying more strictly than they ever have before. As the retailers see it, everything will depend for some time on prices, and the risk cannot be run of buying at those which a competitor by waiting may be able to beat. The wholesale view is that the large accounts will be the most difficult customers from now on and that the manufacturers will be practically compelled to do a twelve months' business, by which is meant that orders will string out from day to day and not be placed in bulk.

They Think Well of Advertising.

The campaign for the national advertising of sweaters that has been proposed by executives of the National Association of Sweater and Knitted Textile Manufacturers is receiving enthusiastic support from members in various parts of the country, according to the bulletin of that organization. One of the prominent member concerns writes of the plan, in part, as follows: "A working man on week days can find in a sweater the comfort, warmth and service that he can secure from an overcoat, with the difference that a sweater costs him about one-fifth of the price of the coat. He, of course, will need an overcoat for Sunday wear and for 'dress up' occasions, and by wearing a sweater for working day usage he will save his overcoat from becoming creased, soiled and wornout. Thus, you see, the sweater for overcoat idea can be put over, and yet at the same time with the suggestion of wearing an overcoat for 'dress up' and Sunday, the knitted cloth manufacturers who are members of the association will not be harmed in the sale of their cloth."

COMMODITIES PRICES.

Declines More Numerous Than Advances During the Week.

So marked was the downward trend of wholesale commodities prices here this week that the declines shown in Dun's list outnumbered the advances by slightly more than three to one. The total number of changes shown, however, was smaller than for some time. Prices on only 58 of the listed articles were revised during the week, and of these 40 were declines. Last week, in 65 revisions, there were but 34 declines. One of the real features of the week was the sharp break in Spring patent flour, which fell off $1 a barrel.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted this week on selected standard commodities. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beans, mar., c., 100 lbs.	12.00	12.00	11.75
Butter, cream., ex., lb.	.51½	.56	[illegible]
Butter, S. D., c. to f., lb.	.44	.44	.52
Cabbage, per bbl.	2.00	2.50	2.00
Cheese, w. m., spl., lb.	.28	.27	.31½
Codfish, Gd.Bks.100 lbs.	12.00	12.00	12.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	.13¾	.13½	.20½
Coffee, Santos No. 4, lb.	.23¾	.23¾	.27¾
Eggs, nearby, fancy, doz.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eggs, West, 1sts, doz.	.42	.42	.44½
Flour, patents, 196 lbs.	13.50	14.50	11.50
Onions, bag	1.75	3.00	5.00
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	6.75	6.75	7.00
Potatoes, bbl.	11.00	11.00	5.00
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.14½	.14½	.11½
Sugar, 1 gr., 100 lbs.	*22.00	*21.50	9.00
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.19	.19	.28
Tea, Japan, best, lb.	.19	.19	.26
Bacon, 14lb. down, lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	10.75	10.75	10.75
Hams, big, in tcs., lb.	.30½	.31½	.34½
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	14.50	14.50	20.50
Lard, M. W., 100 lbs.	20.70	20.70	34.00
Pork, mess, bbl.	40.00	40.00	54.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	7.00	8.00	10.00
Barley, malting, bu.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Corn, No. 2 yel., bu.	2.11¾	2.11	1.88½
Hay, pr. Tim., 100 lbs.	1.90	1.90	2.10
Oats, No. 2 white, bu.	1.26	1.25	.78½
Rye, No. 2, bu.	[illegible]	1.46½	1.62¼
Wheat, No. 2 red, bu.	[illegible]	3.12	2.48½
Aluminium, pig, lb.	.33	.33	[illegible]
Copper, electro, lb.	.19	.19	.17½
Iron, pig, No. 2X, ton	47.15	47.15	29.90
Lead, lb.	.08½	.08½	[illegible]
Spelter, lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Steel billets, Bess., ton	60.00	60.00	38.50
Tin, lb.	[illegible]	.54½	.72½
Brown sheet., std. yd.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cloths, pr., 64x60, yd.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hides, cows, buy., lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Leath., h'lock sole, lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Leather, unbks., pr., lb.	.75	.75	.77
Rubber, up-riv., fine, lb.	.37½	.38½	.56½
Plan., 1st latex cr., lb.	.33	.35	[illegible]
Silk, China, st.fil. 1stlb.	10.00	11.00	8.60
Silk, Japan, fil. No. 14, Sinshu, lb.	6.60	6.75	7.00

*Government maximum. †Nominal.

Only fourteen changes were shown in the foodstuffs this week, and of these ten were downward. The only foods that went up were the best creamery butter, No. 4 Santos coffee, fine granulated sugar, which advanced 50 cents a hundred pounds, and cabbage, which advanced 50 cents a barrel. Against them were drops of 50 cents and $1 a barrel, respectively, in common and fancy apples, the break in Spring patent flour referred to, a decrease in the price of the best cheese, and lower prices for mess pork and hams, No. 1 Saigon rice, black Singapore pepper, raw sugar and onions. The onions dropped $1.25 a bag. For the first time in a long while there was no change in the price of either of the listed grades of eggs.

In the grains list wheat and corn were cheaper, but higher prices were quoted for oats and rye, and for prime timothy hay and long rye straw. In the drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils the declines outnumbered the advances by nearly four to one. Important features were lacking. The naval stores contributed declines in resin and turpentine, although the price of the latter was quoted nominally. Both Eastern and Brazilian crude rubbers were cheaper.

In the leather list there were again no visible changes and in the hides only three declines were seen. There were no advances. Changes in the metals were confined to declines in ordinary antimony and tin. Japanese raw silk showed a nice advance for the week, after a prolonged break that brought it, with very little interruption, from the record high point of $17.35 reached by Sinshu No. 1 early in the year. Chinese silk, on the other hand, was quoted somewhat lower, due to decreased lay-down costs arising from the decline in silver.

The miscellaneous changes included declines in hemp and in medium platinum. The latter, although still about twice as expensive as it was before the war, is now only about half as costly as it was several months ago. The textiles markets came through one of the quietest weeks in some time. Burlaps closed the week at the same levels they opened it, and the same was true of several constructions of gray cottons. The latter, although they advanced in the forepart of the week, slipped off toward the end and closed practically unchanged.

RECEIVERS FOR SILK FIRM.

Mogi & Co. Protected from Run by Small Creditors.

Mogi & Co., second largest silk concern in Japan, which has two branch offices in this city, went into the hands of receivers yesterday in an equity suit instituted by Alexander Howell, a creditor, who holds notes for $16,741. The suit, it was said, was a friendly action designed to protect the company from a disastrous attack by small creditors, whom the company, because of the depression in the silk market, is unable at present to pay.

The misfortune of the firm followed the suspension recently of the Seventy-fourth Bank in Yokohama, of which Sobei Mogi, a member of the firm, is President. It was said the receivership relates only to local affairs and that the debts are small in comparison with the company's extensive business interests. Liabilities were reported at $12,800,616, and the assets, computed May 25, with a one-third discount because of the low price of silk, at $12,280,977. It was said the embarrassment of the firm was temporary and that its affairs here and abroad would be adjusted speedily.

A. W. Putnam of the law firm of Winthrop & Stimson, counsel for the company, said:

"The court action is practically one to conserve the assets of the New York office. The condition has been caused by the situation in Japan and the fall in silk. It is not a failure at all. The latest advices we get from Japan indicate that affairs there will be straightened out shortly. Then an application will probably be made to discharge the receivers and the New York business will continue the same as usual. The authorities in Japan have been investigating Mogi & Co.'s affairs there, and recently the banks extended credit for thirty days."

Mr. Putnam said the concern had offices all over the world and that for many years it had done a large exporting and importing business. He said there was an impression that the Japanese Government would help the company to get on its feet, and added: "So far as the American creditors are concerned, I can say that they need not worry, that every cent due them will be paid."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; G. W. Ross, tailored suits; 432 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; C. J. Wiese, E. G. Walter, jewelry; 1107 B'way.
CHICAGO—The Fair; W. H. Laurie, silk waist dresses only; 320 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Cristensen-Whitney Co.; A. Cristensen, woolens; Pennsylvania.
CINCINNATI—Fair Store; B. Goodman, waists, furs, millinery; 25 E. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Stern Co.; Miss L. Carney, children's, infants' wear; 312 5th Av., 12th floor.
CLEVELAND—Stern Co.; Miss L. Carney, children's, infants' wear; 312 5th Av., 12th floor.
COLUMBUS, O.—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; R. A. Rodenfels, shirts; 225 5th Av.
DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; H. Seewald, ready-to-wear; 200 5th Av.; Breslin.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner & Co.; Mrs. B. Bumman, dresses; 120 W. 32d.
FRESNO, Cal.—R. Gottschalk & Co.; R. Gottschalk, suit mdse.; 120 W. 32d.
NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche Co.; R. M. Isaacs, millinery; 1,150 B'way.
NORFOLK, Va.—L. Snyder; S. Snyder, georgette dresses; 41 W. 36th, 4th floor.
PHILADELPHIA—Gerson's Fashion Shop; C. S. Wood, jobs jersey suits; 1,178 B'way, Room 616.
ST. LOUIS—Stix Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; C. G. Hinckley, shoes; 1107 B'way.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Thirteen cents per word each insertion.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Original 801-50 black, 3 navy, 86 cash. Madison Square 8769.
CHARMEUSE Wanted—1371 black, navy, brown. 27 East 28th. Room 906.
CHEVIOTS—McKenny's diagonal or similar wanted; all colors Julliards broadcloths 110, all colors; also cotton warp velour, all colors. Chelsea 6535.
COTTON GOODS Wanted—Open for quantity white fancy striped voiles; also silk striped white voile. Friedman-Wallach, 71 West 23d.
COTTON GOODS Wanted—Spot cash for any quantity. Naples Bros., Canal 5090 and 4979.
CREPE DE CHINE, Crepe Meteor, Georgette Satins, Jap Silk in Bond, European silks in Bond wanted for immediate delivery. Call with samples between 9 and 10 A. M. Casasco & Capon, from Mexico, care H. & J. Hoinsy, 119 West 23d St., New York City.
CREPE DE CHINE, Satin Striped, Wanted—Open for a quantity of 33, 36, 40-inch satin striped crepe de chine for spot cash; call with sample between 9-1. Metropolitan Skirt Co., 584 Broadway.
CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Dark, navy, four thread; large quantity, cheap. Feller, 141 West 29th.
CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Four or five thread, black for cash. Miller & Green, 861 B'way.
DRESSES Wanted—Fall serges, tricotines and satins of better grade. Level Dress, 40 West 28th.
DRESSES Wanted—Cash for a lot of satin and taffeta dresses. Lark, 1181 Broadway. Chelsea 261.
DUVET DE LAINE Wanted—Burstmann & Hoffman, navy only. Madison Sq. 1925.
FALL SUITS Wanted, for ladies for jobbing trade; $15 to $25. Fleishman, 1,161 Broadway, Room 401.
GEORGETTES Wanted—Open to buy quantity georgettes and crepe de chine for cash. Myers, Ratzner & Jaffe, 134-42 N. 12th St., Philadelphia.
GEORGETTES Wanted—Cleveland house open for quantity; cash; mail samples. A. A., 519 Times.
GEORGETTE Wanted—50 pieces printed, 100 pieces plain for cash. Max Schmook, 110 West 14th.
GEORGETTES, Crepe de Chine Wanted—All colors, at a price. Call Greeley 4747.
GEORGETTES Wanted—Printed. Zeitz & Levin, 2 West 33d.
GLOVES Wanted—Large out of town jobber open to buy for cash large lots ladies' French kid gloves for immediate delivery. Y 2310 Times Annex.
SERGES Wanted—Whitman's Oncokeag 94, 7180, 104, 6, 11, 11432, 631. Meinovits. Madison Square 3141.
SHANTUNG Wanted—Call with samples. A. & B. Cohen, 109 West 30.
SHIRTINGS Wanted—Will buy for cash, at a price, 80 square percales. Tutelman Bros., 427 N. 8th St., Philadelphia.
SILKS Wanted—Julliards, 3642 flesh, Mallison's black pussy willow, radium 5163, satin and any other standard numbers. Madison Square 1843.
SILK, JAP, Wanted—500 pieces each 2¼ Kawamata, 4 Kaga, red, 36 inch, immediately, for cash. Phone 4305 Franklin.
SILK, JAP, Wanted—Open for quantity of 4 and 5 mummes. Call with samples. H. Siegler & Co., 23 West 23d St.
SILKS, Jap, Wanted—Low weight, natural and colors; quantity; cash no object. Valk, 11 East 17th.
SILK, JAP, Wanted—9 and 10 mme. for cash. Regent Waist Co., 3 East 28.
SILKS Wanted—Printed Georgettes in quantities. Lincoln Dress, 47 West 23d.
SILVERTONES Wanted—15080 Pekin. Greeley 6089.
SWEATERS Wanted—Wool and cotton; ladies' and men's; at price; cash. Orchard 8918.
TAFFETAS Wanted—Meyer's 246; quantity. Stuyvesant 9650 before 10 A. M.
TRICOTINE Wanted—At price; 5782, 907, 4718, serge 104, bolivia, tinseltone, Botany, Yalama, Manufacturer. Vanderbilt 4684-1320.
TRICOTINES Wanted—10904, 6585, tricolettes, navy; must be cheap. Madison Square 6933.
TRICOTINES Wanted—For spot cash; good quality. Perlman & Tiffany, 25 West 31st.
TRICOTINES, Broadcloths Wanted—0333, 60077, 907, botany 315. Watkins 2277.
VOILES Wanted—Open for quantity white fancy striped voiles; also silk striped white voiles. Friedman-Wallach, 71 West 23d.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Thirteen cents per word each insertion.

COATS—300 sport coats, must be sold immediately, $11.50; polos reduced to $5.75; silvertones $8.75; excellent models. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.
COATS—Several hundred misses' and stout sizes at sacrifice. Charlop Bros., 151 West 26th St.
COTTON GOODS—Have a quantity printed voiles, cotton crepes and satin striped voiles to close out at special prices. Pennsylvania 6106.
COTTON GOODS—Printed voiles, beautiful patterns, fine quality, much below market price. Bruder, 46 West 25th St.
DRESSES—5,000 must be sold; biggest sacrifice; most beautiful voiles; newest styles; best workmanship; all sizes and colors; values up to $7.75; your choice $3.50; also 500 figured georgette and georgette combinations $8.75; unusual bargains. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.
DRESSES—Printed voiles and organdies, snappy styles, real sellers, at a price for immediate delivery; it will pay you to give us a call. Samuel Dorf, 12 East 30th.
DRESSES—1,000 taffetas and georgettes at a sacrifice. Michael Simon, 324 5th Av. Entrance on 33d St.
DRESSES—Ginghams, voiles, organdies, capes, suits, polo coats. 7th floor, 48 West 20th.
DRESSES—Closing out better made voile dresses. Rosenthal & Press, 133 West 25th.
ROMPERS—Children's, and wash suits; 70 dozen to close out. Greeley 5220.
SILVERTONES, serges, jersey, tricotines, Oxford, velours, checks, plaids. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 202.
SUITS—Several hundred misses' and stout sizes at sacrifice. Charlop Bros., 151 West 26th St.
TAFFETAS AND SATINS—In the better qualities, direct from silk manufacturer, at attractive prices. Phone Madison Square 5848.
TRICOLETTES—Newest weaves, all seasonable shades; dress, suit and blouse weights. Madison Square 2844.
TRICOTINE—Cheap items; navy, black; popular makes; poiret twill, serge 104. Madison Square 1520.
VELVETEENS—22-30 inch straight; 36 inch twill back, all colors. Mad. Sq. 3644.
YALAMA—Botany, all colors; duvet de laine, Holden-Leonard's tinseltone. Madison Square 1520.

Allied Industries.

Shoes—Pershing Field bobnail and marching, in regular case lots. Elias Berlow Corp., 110 Duane St.
WILL exchange brown and navy 15080 for copen. Watkins 2028.

Help Wanted.

JOBBERS—Large ladies' coat and suit house wants man capable of assembling coat and suit line; references confidential. L. C., 248 Times.

FOR SALE

Upholstery supplies for sale; Singer shade machine, tools and small stock, also Ford. Call Saturday and Sunday. 223 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn.
Buick sedan, just arrived; will sell contract. Bryant 5873.
Baby buggy, wicker, white. Columbus 8636, Apt. 6D. Mrs. Larrabee.

Furniture.

WICKER FURNITURE SALE.

Reed, willow, wicker furniture for all homes; direct from factory; largest selection; lowest prices. Long Beach Willow Co., 136 East 41st. Telephone Murray Hill 4776.
Don't sell your household furniture, carpets, rugs, silver, linens, bric-a-brac, &c., before getting my estimate. May, 2,236 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 5503.
Upholstered davenport, two arm and two smaller chairs, draperies. Call Saturday, 310 Riverside Drive, Apt. 5 East.
For sale, entire furnishings of 8-room apartment; can be seen afternoons or evenings. 414 West 121st. Apt. 4.
Magnificent Berkey & Gay grey enamel bedroom set 7 pieces, breakfast room set of wicker. Watkins 9463.

Pianos and Organs.

Wanted, used pianos and players for cash; state price and make. Miss Knowles, 417 West 28th St., New York. Phone Chelsea 3900.
For sale, 5-year Knabe grand ebony piano, used 1 year; Victrola, red seal records, 309 West 71st.

Purchase and Exchange.

Highest cash price paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments; pianos, books, carpets, works of art. A. Jones, 161 East 125th. Telephone Harlem 2197.
Wanted—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Pl. Stuyv. 3793.
Highest cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, china, rugs, bronzes. Polsen, 167 East 40th. Tel. Stuyvesant 5877.

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BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

MOGI & CO., importer of Japanese silk in Yokohama, with offices in this city at 115 East 25th St. and 391 Broadway, are temporarily embarrassed, and Judge A. N. Hand of the Federal Court has appointed Nathaniel S. Corwin and Robert D. Murray receivers with a bond of $50,000. Liabilities are $12,800,000 and assets $12,280,922. The partners are Sobei Mogi and Teijiro Mogi, doing business as Mogi & Co., with headquarters in Yokohama, Japan, and places of business in China, England, United States, Argentina, Cuba and numerous other places. Depreciation in the silk trade is ascribed as the cause of their embarrassment. They had no capital rating at Bradstreet's. Sobei Mogi was President of the 74 Bank at Yokohama which suspended a few weeks ago. The receivers were appointed in an equity suit brought by Alexander Howell, a creditor, for $16,741.

YOUNG, CORLEY & DOLAN, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Young, Corley & Dolan, Inc., importers, at 29 West Broadway, by Joseph F. Ely, a creditor for upward of $60,000. It is alleged that the company made preferential payments during February, March and April, 1920, to David J. Dolan, $5,465; L. R. Williams, $3,798, and Williamson & Buyles, $1,082.

RELIANCE SILK MILLS.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed against Samuel Markheim and Joseph Markheim Co., partners trading as Reliance Silk Mills, at Park Avenue and Thirty-second Street, by these creditors: A. Cohen, $185; B. Siegel, $1,500, and L. Cohn, $25; liabilities are said to be about $60,000 and assets about $15,000. An assignment was also made to Leonard Bronner.

ROYAL RIBBON & NOVELTY COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Sol. Kessler, trading as Royal Ribbon and Novelty Company, at 114 East Twenty-eighth Street, by these creditors: Adolph Celbaum, $680; Vogue Weaving Co., Inc., $238 and The Fibre Yarn Co., Inc., $441. An assignment was made on June 2.

EDWARD E. WEISS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Edward E. Weiss, manufacturing furrier, at 12 West Thirty-first Street, by these creditors: R. Freedman, $310, and R. Bassell, $200. It is stated that the liabilities are about $15,000 and the assets about $3,500.

SAMUEL FOLKOFF.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Folkoff, selling skirts at 40 West Twenty-ninth Street, by Harris Fogelson, a creditor for $1,000, claim for money loaned.

MILLER & SAMMIS.—Ambrose M. Miller and George W. Sammis have filed a petition in bankruptcy, individually and as co-partners trading as Miller & Sammis, at 206 West Forty-sixth Street. The firm's schedules show liabilities of $7,431 and no assets; those of Ambrose M. Miller show liabilities of $11,290 and no assets, and those of George W. Sammis, liabilities of $7,780 and assets of $4,431, consisting of accounts due. Among the firm's creditors are Charles T. Dasey, $3,000; N. C. Pilkins, Chicago, $1,150; Francis Valentine, San Francisco, $708; and American Printing Co., Milwaukee, $625.

Pekrok Realty Co.—M. Rush	3,761.26
Park, Bryan—C. W. Mann	971.38
Palken, Joseph—S. Frankfater, costs	108.70
Packen, David, by gdn—O. S. Frankfater, costs	108.70
Rosen, Morris—M. I. Einter	112.15
Ruhl, Wm. R., and Harold C. Marsh (Ruhl & Marsh)—W. C. Wehlhagen	289.30
R. E. Taylor Corp.—Wm. F. Hackman, Inc.	378.20
Sheer, Eva R., or Gleason—S. M. Gerson	1,485.19
Stengel, Wm. H.—Converse Rubber Shoe Co.	306.67
Sanchez, Albert—S. Nitzberg et al.	132.75
Silver, George—B. Cohen Sons, Inc.	548.73
Salkin, Joseph—B. Wrobel et al.	133.77
Southworth, William—R. A. Allen	371.31
S. & S. Amusement Co., Inc.—State Industrial Comm.	161.52
Spora, Leona—J. Chaimowitz, costs	2,007.10
Silbert, Morris—Washington Pleating & Binding Co., Inc.	454.30
Stamper, Dave—M. Witmark & Sons, Inc.	276.38
Trabucco, William—J. E. Bates et al.	464.52
White, Chas. H.—M. Nathan	656.13
Weiss, Jacob—U. S. Fidelity & Guaranty Co.	159.92
Weil, Benjamin—A. Jacobs	1,388.84
Zucker, Jacob—F. Rosenberg	10,034.65

In Bronx County.

Brown, Homer H.—Peoples National Bank of Wapakoneta	$534.70
Caruso, James—S. Ziegler	136.21
Finkelstein, Joseph—N. H. Bickelhaupt	72.49
Garland, Bernard—A. Borrelli	1,146.25
Same—N. Borrelli	500.86
Kantin, Meier—F. Adler	81.72
Olsp, Albert J.—N. Y. Telephone Co.	27.13
Rothenberg, John W. and Ettie—J. Frankel	165.73
Tow, Robert—Grolier Society of London	104.95
Weiner, Herman—Eldridge Allen Garage, Inc.	80.81

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

McNulty, Wm. D.—Sherman Square Realty Corp., April 26, 1918	$810.50
Same—C. H. Watson, March 4, 1919	801.83
Same—Electrical Repair Co., June 27, 1918	208.92
Sire, Ruth—Lichtenstein Millinery Co., Feb. 5, 1918	250.04
Fisk, Amelia and Robert Pickens—F. A. Buser, Oct. 23, 1911	118.80
Twenty-sixth Street Co.—N. L. Polinger, June 3, 1920	5,400.70
Heyman Cohen & Sons, Inc.—M. Lurie Woolen Co., Inc., Dec. 8, 1919	21,688.81
Andersen, Minnie or Mrs. Chas.—C. F. Simon, March 19, 1914	152.61
Eisemer, Henry F.—I. S. Haynes, Jan. 15, 1920	140.86
American Natl. Co.—Premier Trading Corp., June 8, 1920	7,480.10
Kramer, Albert J. and William Jr.—H. Rubin, March 11, 1919	1,065.65
Baldwin, Harold L.—Metropolitan Trust Co. of City of New York, May 12, 1920	3,197.56
Jacobs, Alexander and Charles—K. White, Oct. 22, 1912 (cancelled)	338.43

In Bronx County.

Julien, Ignatz—A. H. Maisner et al., April 1st, 1919	$82.72

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Andrew Gulick & Co., Inc.—Cyclometer Corp.	$556.23
Butzel, Stanley M.—M. J. Marymont	731.41
Bryan, Arthur J.—Claroo Confection Co., Inc.	335.50
Contracting Pub. Corp.—J. Brauchaud	5,020.15
Croft, Harry A. and Sea Food Reporter—Schaul Cooperage Co.	153.80
Cohen, Israel and Louis (I. Cohen & Co.) and Max Bash and Hyman Magun (Bash & Magun)—J. Cohen et al.	2,231.72
Doherty, Henry F.—G. M. Dewey	2,133.80
Dugas, Handley Corp.—A. Gratowsky	250.00
Dyer, F. Monroe—Yorkville Realty Co. et al.	440.30
Demetropolis, Anthony—J. J. Janos	434.20
Dart, Geo. S.—Bethkrug Bros.	204.60
Engineering Iron Works—Maxwell Motor Sales Corp.	230.90
Evans, Jules G.—M. H. Rogers	282.41
E. J. Barton Lighterage Co.—Fletcher Atwood Co., Inc.	2,162.19
Fellowes, Cornelius—L. Newgass	540.30
Funke, Henry A. (H. A. Funke & Co.)—E. Murphy	1,777.88
Goldstein, Samuel and Jacob Rabinowitz—People &c.	1,000.00
Garvey, Wm. J. and Isabel—American Trust Co.	4,808.75
Grossman, Harry—J. Rochschild	2,307.18
Garvey, Wm. J.—American Trust Co.	28,234.80
Hulleck, Ivan S.—M. D. Latham & Co.	1,904.62
Hedrick, Harry—W. J. Carshore	152.77
Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling Co., Inc.—D. Lanzo	14,636.46
Horowitz, Benjamin & Harry (B. Horowitz & Sons)—A. Sternelbach et al.	185.77
Holzapfel, John—Hounsee Sales Co., Inc.	162.40
Itskowitz, Jacob—U. S. Fidelity & Guaranty Co.	134.30
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—T. Miller	491.04
Kay Waist, Inc.—H. Rosen	1,136.09
Kane, Edwin W.—B. Altman & Co.	414.60
Kollins, John—S. T. Herwit	175.60
Long Beach Supply Co., Inc.—W. L. Blumberg et al.	391.12
Link, David C. and Edw. M. Conger—Ntl. Importing & Trading Co., Inc.	3,905.06
Lafayette Drug & Chemical Co., Inc.—J. R. McGolrick	541.30
Lamchick, Samuel (Alliance Cap Co.)—H. Bernstein et al.	263.75
Moses, Morris—Trans Oceanic Trading Co., Inc.	1,045.55
Miller, Claire—J. F. Walsh	1,130.60
Mills, Frank F.—C. J. Karlson et al.	223.60
McAuley, Frank—J. J. Lynch	100.12
Marcus, Eugene—Feakman Amusement Corp.	1,330.85
Miller, Claire—J. McCarthy	3,036.16
McCadden, Joseph T.—Central Trust Co. of N. Y., costs	119.12
Morrison, Thomas, and Frederick Kaufman (Morrison & Co.)—A. Bishop et al.	320.40
Perkins, Alanson (A. D. Perkins Windshield Co.)—W. E. Prudan Hardware Co.	221.37
Pierce, Walter J. and E. Jacobs (Walter Pierce & Co.)—E. S. Hostetter	37,072.90
Payne, Nathan, B.—Astoria Properties Co., costs	105.60

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY—GLADYS BRUSKY, Plaintiff, against SAMUEL BRUSKY, Defendant—Action for annulment of marriage.

TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANT:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward F. Gavagan, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated April 17th, 1920, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22d day of April, 1920, and pursuant to an amended order of Hon. Edward F. Gavagan, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated April 17th, 1920, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of May, 1920.

Dated, New York, May 14th, 1920.
SAMUEL SPRUNG,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. Address, 291 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANT:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's Attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment by default will be taken against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, April 19th, 1920.
SAMUEL SPRUNG,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
No. 291 Broadway, New York City.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that THE VACUUM CLEANER COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 2d day of June, 1920, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and twenty.

(Seal) C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

To the Creditors of The Vacuum Cleaner Company:

All persons having claims against the above-named corporation are directed to present the same forthwith at the office of Messrs. De Forest Brothers, No. 30 Broad Street, New York City, N. Y.

Dated, June 2d, 1920.
JOHNSTON DE FOREST, Treasurer.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Man, educated, well informed, American citizen, going to Europe (Austria, Czecho-slovakia, Hungary, Rumania) to visit relatives, would like to represent commercial firm or private interests. H 480 Times.

MACHINE SHOP

wanted, which can be rented with equipment. Answer, giving details as to floor space, equipment and rental price. S 696 Times Downtown.

ESTABLISHED GARAGE, FREEPORT,

Merrick Road, 100 feet frontage, completely equipped. Price right. Walter J. Smith, 182 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Advertise in German trade papers for German connections; rates low. M. J. Klein, World Building. Beekman 5423.

Two married men with motor truck would like to do work for good reliable house. M 605 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

LIGHT MANUFACTURING MAIL ORDER.

Christian business man wants associate with $3,000 to $5,000 to expand business; handle own money; substantial salary and share profits. A 57 Times.

Silent partner with $4,000 to $6,000 to finance lumber operation up-State in a growing lumber business; money secured by timber land and saw mill; this will stand strict investigation; I have the best of references. P 8?0 Times.

Wanted, active or silent partner with $4,000 in a going lumber business to open an office in this city; money secured by timber land and mill; this will stand strict investigation. P 889 Times.

Sheet metal plant, well established, seeking to increase business, needs $5,000 additional capital, silent or active; will stand strict investigation. P 887 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

ATTENTION OF EXPORTERS.

Nashaly Brothers, for many years actively engaged in commercial business in various parts of the Far East, are leaving in August for a trip into China, the Philippines, Straits Settlements, India, Sumatra, Java, Federated Malay States, Cochin China, Australia and New Zealand. They will solicit business in general merchandise and jewelry and are interested in entering into arrangements for representing American suppliers in these markets. Both of these gentlemen, though American born, are well versed in the languages of the countries mentioned through residence and commercial travel therein, and are well equipped to handle extensive business. They will be glad to meet by appointment suppliers interested in extending their trade to these markets, and may be addressed in care of L. Rock, Inc., 82 Beaver St., who are in position to make appointments by telephone. Hanover 5887.

Automobile expert would like to connect with some concern operating trucks in South America; will leave immediately; 10 years' experience; truckmaster Mexican expedition, 1916; machine shop foreman, two years. Write or phone F. W. Hosmer, Union Square Hotel, City.

Manufacturers Wearing Apparel—Have you realize on overstock? You can sell direct to consumer through two best retail locations in city; commission. Phone John 510. E. R. Harris, 21 Maiden Lane.

SHOES.

Belgian manufacturer of handsewn shoes of exceptional style and quality offers the exclusive agency to distributor for North and South America. A 85 Times.

Representative for Kentucky—We have successful salesmen and established office fully equipped; open to represent manufacturers in this territory. Bradford & Co., 403 S. 4th St., Louisville, Ky.

Southern importer of aluminum wants to get in touch with foreign manufacturer of aluminum cooking utensils; purchases a million dollars a year. Southern Aluminum Company, New Orleans, La.

Europe—Frenchman with wide auto business experience, leaving July, is open for proposition. W 217 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Agencies wanted to handle a line ladies' pocket books, New York and out of town. M 186 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

BRASS ELECTRIC FIXTURES MANUFACTURING PLANT.—Exceptional opportunity to purchase a plant and equipment, inclusive of finest machinery which would cost $35,000 to install at present; old-established concern, making goods of highest quality, for which there is a tremendous demand, doing a splendid business, with net profits of more than $4,000 per month, which could be doubled immediately by new management; orders on hand at present that cannot be filled in three months; illness of owner makes immediate sale imperative; terms can be arranged for responsible parties; asking price $150,000; a business that will stand the closest investigation, which can be had by communicating with Horton-Gardner Corporation, Union Trust Company Building, Providence, R. I.

For Sale—Excellent brick plant in Pennsylvania, operating under liberal charter; equipped to the minute; capacity eight (8) to ten (10) millions per year; has orders on hand at high market price sufficient to keep plant in operation for one year; excellent railroad facilities; assets approximately $400,000.00; liabilities none; any offer, therefore, other than cash, will not be considered. Address Brick Plant, Y 2186 Times Annex.

Boarding house, high class, 100's, Riverside Drive, 17 rooms, 5 baths, electricity and parquet floors throughout, hot water heat, A1 condition; filled with guests; $40,000, $15,000 cash; will also sell furniture at reasonable terms; immediate possession or Sept. 1. Telephone Cathedral 5825.

Established portable building concern for sale, including good will, stock, machinery; lease contract on hand amounting to approximately $6,000; will stay with buyer till business is understood; partnership dissolving; price $12,000; no brokers; principals only. D. C. March, 142 Vernon Av., L. I. City.

CONFECTIONERY.

Main thoroughfare; established 15 years; positively fine paying business; big stock; reason retiring; cash $10,000; balance mortgage. Apply J. Haskell Levy, 1,948 7th Av.

Garage business for sale, large buildings, fully equipped repair shop, Ford agency, complete stock, all parts, $40,000 investment; good going business, on main State highway; quick possession, Owner to retire. Address P. O. Box 287, Trenton, N. J.

Exceptional opportunity for man with $8,000 to buy 33 per cent. of largest detective bureau in New Jersey; has four established offices; can stand strict investigation; will give reason for selling. Write P. Pollack, Room 325-326, 286 Market St., Newark, N. J.

Saw Grist-Mill property and water power for sale, in thriving village, near railroad station; 75-100 h. p. water wheel, 80 h. p. boiler; about 10,000 square feet floor space; low taxes. William Elston, North Windham, Conn.

General country store, complete stock, dwelling house, barn, garage, located in good town; possession at once; good terms; owner to retire. Address P. O. Box 841, New Brunswick, N. J.

Restaurant For Sale; all year business; reason for selling, other business; apartment attached. Box 1088 Darlang Agency, Atlantic City.

Architectural iron works and welding plant for sale; 20 years established. L 388 Times.

GARAGE AND MACHINE SHOP FOR SALE; GOOD PROPOSITION. CALL 434 7TH ST., WEST NEW YORK, N. J.

For Sale—A modern machine shop with floor space 2,000 square feet. M 500 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Wanted to borrow $5,000 for one year against paying apartment hotel lease; will pay a good rate of interest. L 373 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Loans—Machinery, automobiles, trucks, pianos, diamonds; quick action. J. C., 58 Times.

SERVICE

more complete than ever

TO the *specialized experience* of DWIGHT P. ROBINSON & COMPANY, INCORPORATED, in the design and construction of power developments, steel mills, reinforced concrete and steel structures, there has been added the organization of WESTINGHOUSE, CHURCH, KERR & CO., INC., with its *specialized experience* in the design and construction of industrial plants, railroad work and industrial power plants. This means that we are making available to industrial America the most complete engineering and construction service ever offered.

We solicit undertakings in the design and construction of the following classes of work, for each of which we have corps of trained specialists:

Foundries	Power Stations
Shops	Hydro-electric Developments
Steel Mills	Transmission Systems
Chemical Plants	Electrification
Fertilizer Plants	Railroad Shops and Terminals
Factories	Disposal and Filtration Plants
Sugar Refineries	Gasoline Extraction Plants
Warehouses	Pipe Lines and Pumping Stations
Office Buildings	Harbor and Dock Work

DWIGHT P. ROBINSON & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
Engineers and Constructors
Consolidated with WESTINGHOUSE, CHURCH, KERR & CO., Inc.
125 EAST 46TH STREET, NEW YORK
CHICAGO PITTSBURGH CLEVELAND DALLAS

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Convention News Encourages Traders and Prices Rise, Ignoring High Money.

There was a better sentiment in financial circles yesterday, based almost exclusively on the more favorable character of the news from the Republican Convention at Chicago. The apparent avoidance of a "split" or a "bolt" in the party seemed to encourage the market, or at least the few market operators who now are doing their utmost to instill some semblance of life into the price movement, and yesterday their efforts were considerably more convincing than they had been on other days of the week.

The overnight news from Chicago was interpreted as highly favorable, from the market's viewpoint, and the happenings of the day, as reported from time to time on the news tickers, contained nothing to alter the early impressions or to destroy the early hopefulness. Thus, after an opening demonstration of strength, the market held its initial gains and in the cases of several of the more conspicuous issues in the industrial list, the advances were added to substantially as the day wore on. There was talk of "professional buying," which probably was well founded, and the gossips had it that a certain big private operator was taking a pronounced position on the up side.

Short covering added its weight to the buying, but it would be unsafe to assume that this constituted the major part of the day's demand for stocks. There were evidences of new buying in many parts of the list and if the shorts had been the only ones bidding for stocks it is doubtful if the strong undertone would have carried through the session as well as it did.

The rise was accomplished in the face of more high money rates. The range yesterday was from 8 per cent. to 10 per cent. and back to the opening figure just before the closing. Being Friday, these rates have three days in them, which is rather a serious consideration. But yesterday the fluctuations of the call money market were ignored completely. Although they probably forecast unfavorable bank statements today, traders could see no reason for allowing them to interfere with their purchases and at no time were money rates a factor.

Railroad stocks were neglected. There was neither weakness nor strength in them; only complete dullness, and they were permitted to drift along without contributing anything to the day's business. The bond market, too, was dull and featureless. There was the usual quiet but firm demand for Anglo-French bonds and for some of the others in the foreign department, and there was less selling of Liberty bonds than on several other recent days.

Sterling exchange continued its quiet climb, getting up to $3.94⅝ for demand bills and closing about ½ cent under this price. French francs, on the other hand, again sold off, going to 13.20. Italian rates were notably weak, breaking more than 100 points on rather light sales. Silver for the second day advanced, being quoted at 92 cents here and at 51¼d in London, as against the low prices of 81 cents and 45⅝d, respectively, on Wednesday.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

FRIDAY, JUNE 11.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

High.	Low.	Renewal.	Last.
10	8	8	8

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances............5½@5

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	8	Sixty days	8½
Ninety days	8	Ninety days	8½
Four months	8	Four months	8½
Five months	8	Five months	8½
Six months	8	Six months	8½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper—
15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days, 7
Liberty Bonds, Victory Notes—
15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days, 6
U. S. Treas. ctfs. of indebtedness—
15 to 90 days, 5½
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days, 6

Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Banks, 60 to 90 days.............6¼@6⅛
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days...............6⅝@6¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days...............8 @7

Commercial Paper.

3 to 6 months...........................7½

Other Names.

3 to 6 months...........................8

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$3.94⅝	$3.94	$3.94¼	+.01½
Cables	3.95⅜	3.94⅝	3.95	+.01¼
Francs—				
Demand	13.12	13.20	13.20	−.14
Cables	13.10	13.18	13.18	−.14

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$3.94⅛	$3.95
5.1813	Paris	13.20	13.18
5.1813	Belgium	12.65	12.63
5.1813	Italy	18.08	18.02
	China—		
	Hongkong	77.25	77.35
	Shanghai	102.00	102.50
	Peking	111.00	111.50
40.20	Holland	36.25	36.375
19.30	Greece	11.85	11.80
5.1813	Switzerland	5.555	5.53
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	41.00	41.25
	Calcutta	41.00	41.25
	Straits Settlements	46.50	46.75
49.83	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.25	51.50
	Yokohama	51.25	51.50
19.30	Spain	16.50	16.53
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.75	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Copenhagen	16.90	17.05
	Stockholm	21.60	21.75
	Christiania	17.60	17.75
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.375	42.50
33.44	Rio	25.625	25.75
51.44	Russia (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	500 rubles	1.80	1.90
	100 rubles	2.10	2.20

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

		Cents Per Kronen. Checks.	Cables.
23.83	Germany	*2.55	2.57
23.83	Poland	.56	.58
20.26	Austria	.75	.77
20.26	Jugoslavia	1.15	1.20
20.26	Czechoslovakia	2.70	2.75
19.30	Belgrade	¶4.20	4.25
19.30	Finland	†5.25	5.30
19.30	Rumania	‡2.65	2.70

*Cents per mark. †Finmarks. ‡Lei. ¶Dinar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.—	—Commercial.—	
Nominal.	$3.90	$3.88½

Clearing House Statement.

Exchanges, $753,604,544; balance, $72,721,256; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $150,446; Federal Reserve credit balance, $62,956,442.

Domestic Exchange.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par.

Canadian Exchange.

Closing rate for New York funds in Montreal, $150 premium per $1,000; Montreal funds in New York, $130.44 discount per $1,000.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 51¼d; in New York, 92c; Mexican dollars, 69¾c.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	8.25	8.50	8.50	8.75
Quicksilver	....	$88.00	....	$88.00
Aluminium	33.00	*33.00	*32.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2X ph'a	....	....	49.05	50.00

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 19c, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	93	10	0	93	5	0
Copper, futures	93	0	0	93	10	0
Tin, spot	244	0	0	238	10	0
Tin, futures	248	10	0	241	0	0
Spelter, spot	41	5	0	42	0	0
Spelter, futures	42	0	0	44	0	0
Lead, spot	35	10	0	35	15	0
Lead, futures	35	0	0	35	10	0

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	53.03	52.67	52.93	+.30
25 industrials	112.81	110.85	112.31	+1.55
50 stocks	82.98	81.76	82.61	+.90

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
June 10	82.29	80.83	81.71	−.17
June 9	82.17	81.06	81.88	+.36
June 8	82.15	80.83	81.52	−.06
June 7	82.52	81.37	81.61	−.66
June 5	82.88	81.36	82.27	+.29
June 4	82.17	81.25	81.98	+.36

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

June.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1920	82.93 June 11	80.83 June 8	82.61
1919	89.50 June 6	82.55 June 16	87.03
1918	78.37 June 27	68.74 June 1	72.47
1917	84.48 June 13	81.11 June 20	82.31
1916	89.80 June 12	83.86 June 26	86.05

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1920	94.07 Apr. 8	75.45 Feb. 13	82.61
†1919	89.50 June 6	69.45 Feb. 21	84.34
Full Years.			
1919	99.50 Nov. 5	69.73 Jan. 21	89.05
1918	79.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57.47 Dec. 20	65.88
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	86.94 Apr. 22	98.23

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	66.87	−.17	−5.06	−11.09

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

June 10	67.04	−.05	June 2	67.09	−.08
June 9	67.09	+.09	June 1	67.17	−.27
June 8	67.07	−.03	May 31	Holiday	
June 7	67.10	+.07	May 29	67.44	+.38
June 5	67.03	+.02	May 28	67.06	+.48
June 4	67.01	−.05	May 27	66.58	+.30
June 3	67.06	−.03	May 26	66.28	+.32

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1920	72.51 Jan. 3	65.57 May 21	66.87
†1919	72.05 June 2	76.00 Mar. 21	79.56
Full Years.			
1919	78.01 Jan. 3	71.06 Dec. 8	72.06
1918	82.36 Nov. 12	75.63 Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48 Jan. 29	74.24 Dec. 20	76.80

LONDON SILVER MARKET UP.

America Helps to Restore Price Depressed by China Trade.

LONDON, June 11.—The silver market quotations rose today to 51¼d per ounce after having been down to 46d on June 7. The market has been subjected to unusual fluctuations since May 28, when the price was 50¼d. The fall early in this fluctuating period was occasioned by the stagnation of the Chinese export trade, which brought about a decline in exchange, upon which there was selling in all quarters.

The greatest decline and shakeout, however, occurred with the liquidation of a large bull account in the metal which was reported to have been created on Chinese account, but which was believed in reality to be largely on American account. When this liquidation ceased, speculators covered. Some large orders appeared from the Indian bazaar, while America also supported the market at the low level, materially assisting in the recovery to today's level.

During the last week, bullion brokers report, the turnover here has been approximately 1,000,000 ounces daily.

White Motor Increases Capital.

Stockholders of the White Motor Company have authorized an increase in the capital from $25,000,000 to $30,000,000. No action looking to the distribution of the authorized increase is contemplated at this time.

PRICE-CUTTING WAVE STARTS IN FRANCE

Persistent Efforts on the Part of People and Press Have Made Merchants Give Way.

GREAT TALK OF "LA BAISSE"

Foodstuffs First to Come Down, the Fall Aided by Fine Crops and Fresh Vegetables.

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PARIS, June 10.—The French offensive against the high cost of living has carried the first line trenches. At Havre and Marseilles several groups of large wholesale and retail stores have had to give way before popular pressure and have announced 10 to 25 per cent reductions on thei rprices. The method being pursued all over the country is to talk and write about "La Baisse" as persistently as the high cost was talked about formerly in the hope that talk may result in action.

At first traders and shopkeepers shrugged shoulders and smiled when customers began talk about lower prices. Now they are anxious. They feel the terrible end to their long régime of high profits is beginning, for in response to daily clamor of newspapers and customers some members of the fraternity are weakening and are showing symptoms of wishing to capture trade by lowering prices and starting a competitive battle rather than staying in unofficial profit-making combines.

Every morning paper records fully the differences of prices in different parts of the city and welcome with paeans of praise any shopkeeper who risks the displeasure of his fellows by lowering his gains. By afternoon his shop is crowded. The effect is obvious. The morale of surrounding tradesmen is being badly shaken and the whole city begins to feel the effects.

It is especially foodstuffs that are being affected. Crops are splendid and farmers and market gardeners can no longer ask what they please for fresh fruit and vegetables. At the central markets every morning there is more than enough to meet the demand and no longer any excuse for keeping up prices. The attmept was made but publicity has killed it.

For the first time in five years the shops are announcing in flaming posters "great fall in prices." The fall is not yet anything like commensurate with the steady increase of the last five years, but it is beginning, and beginning is better than nothing at all. Manufactured goods are harder to bring down in price. The happy discovery, however, that leather costs now on account of prohibition of export far less than it did has led to a newspaper campaign for cheaper boots, and as among the greengrocers and butter merchants the weaker brethren among the bootmakers are weakening.

Another phase of the campaign has been a sudden revolt among the retailers themselves against the wholesalers and manufacturers. Their federation, which includes almost all retail dealers in the country, has passed a resolution urging all customers to buy as sparingly as possible, for only in that way they say can the retail dealers secure lower prices from manufacturers. While not entirely blameless themselves they are striving to fix the blame higher up in the scale and are adding strength to the commission of the Chamber of Deputies which has just begun work inquiring into the extent of speculation and profit-making with a view to taking legal action against the most notorious offenders.

Willys-Overland Votes Increase.

The stockholders of the Willys-Overland Company at a meeting in Boston ratified the plan for the underwriting of 600,000 shares of additional common stock. An increase in the directorate from nine to twelve members was also voted. The Directors elected to fill these places were E. R. Tinker, Vice President of the Chase Securities Corporation; George Peck, President of the Moline Plow Company, and J. R. Harbeck, Vice President of the American Can Company.

Victor Talking Machine Dividend.

The Victor Talking Machine Company has declared a dividend of $15 a share on the common stock. A year ago at this time a dividend of $20 a share was declared. The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. also was declared on the preferred stock. Both are payable July 15 to stock of record June 30.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Arg'tine (unlist.)	5	Sep., 1945	68½	69½
Belgium (Rest'n)	6	1934	75½	78½
†Belg'm Lin. of '20	5	....	79½	82½
Belgium 1 year	6	Jan., 1921	97⅛	98¼
†British funding	4	1960-1990	273	282
*British Victory	4	1920	308	312
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1922	380	383
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	378	384
Canada	5½	Dec., 1929	86½	88½
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	95⅛	97½
Canada	5½	Nov., 1924	89⅛	90½
Canada	5	Dec., 1924	82	84½
French Victory	5	1931	67	70½
‡French Loan, '17	4	1943	54	67
†French Loan, '18	4	1943	54½	57½
French Loan, '20	5	1929	77½	81
Italy, Treas., 3-yr.	5	1923	55	58
Italy, Treas., 5-yr.	5	1925	55	58
Russia	6½	Dec., 1921	27	31
Russia, ruble, b'ds	5½	Feb., 1926	29	32
Sweden	6	June, 1939	84½	86
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	84	86

*Par £100. †1,000 francs. ‡Ex June coupon.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Arkansas Nat. Gas	2½	Q	July 15	June 25
Bangor Ry. & El. pf.	1¾	Q	July 1	June 21
Boston Wharf	$2.50	SA	June 30	June 14
5th Av. Bank	6	Q	July 1	....
Do	30	SP	July 1	....
Gen'l Baking pf.	1¾	Q	July 1	June 19
Do	¾	Ac	July 1	June 19
Int. Merc. Mar. pf.	3	SA	Aug. 2	July 15
Do	$5	Ac	Aug. 2	July 15
Kolb Bakery pf.	1¾	Q	July 1	June 19
Manuf. Rubber pf.	1¾	Q	July 1	June 30
Pitts. Plate Glass	2	Q	July 1	June 15
Underwood Typew.	$2	Q	Oct. 1	Sept. 4
Do pf.	$1.75	Q	Oct. 1	Sept. 4
Victor Talk. Mach.	$15	—	July 15	June 30
Do pf.	1¾	Q	July 15	June 30
Wilson & Co.	1½	Q	Aug. 2	July 21
Do pf.	1¾	Q	July 1	June 22

ARREST 11 IN SUGAR DEALS.

Four at Boston, 2 at Burlington and 5 in Salt Lake Accused.

BOSTON, June 11.—Federal officers today arrested four sugar brokers here and two at Burlington, Vermont, charging a conspiracy by which the price of 40,000 pounds of sugar was boosted from 19 to 27 cents a pound. The men arrested here—Israel Butstein, Louis Korits, Henry Keshner and Morris A. Levine—pleaded not guilty and were held in $500 bail for hearings.

The lot finally was disposed of to Dunn & Co. of Canaan, N. Y., at 27 cents a pound. The Government claims to have evidence that the brokers were paid $100 each for their assistance in the alleged conspiracy.

POCATELLO, Idaho, June 11.—Charges of making excessive profits in sugar, contrary to the Lever act, were filed here yesterday against officials of the Utah-Idaho Sugar Company, of Salt Lake, before United States Commissioner R. Turner by P. E. Marrianan, head of the Department of Justice bureau there.

Heber H. Grant, named a defendant as president of the company, is President of the Mormon Church. C. W. Nibley, presiding bishop, and H. G. Whitney, former editor in chief of the Deseret News, official church paper, also were made defendants as officers of the sugar company.

The complaint charged specifically that the three men and W. T. Pyper and S. H. Love, other officers of the company, made excessive profits in selling for $24,081 each, twenty-five 100-pound sacks of sugar to a concern owned by the Mormon Church, when the producing cost of each bag was only $9.50.

Foreign Exchanges.

LONDON, June 11.—Bar silver, 51¼d. per ounce; bar gold, 104s. 2d.; money, 4½ per cent. Discount rates: Short bills, 6⅝@6¾ per cent.; three months' bills, 6⅝@6¾ per cent.; gold premium at Lisbon, 140.00.

PARIS, June 11.—Price changes were irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 59 francs 45 centimes; exchange on London 52 francs 5 centimes; 5 per cent. loan, 88 francs 5 centimes. The dollar was quoted at 13 francs 21½ centimes.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Utah-Idaho Sugar Company, according to reports from Denver, has sold $7,500,000 short term notes, the proceeds of which will be used in paying for six new factories. Eastern sugar men, who are identified with the cane as well as the beet sugar industry, have underwritten the issue, it is said.

James Heckscher, Vice President of the Irving National Bank, will sail for Europe on the Lapland today to be gone until the end of August. He will visit correspondents of the bank in France, England and Scandinavia.

Ernest R. Hudson, formerly with McDonnell & Co., and Lowell M. Clucas, formerly with Munds, Rogers & Stackpole, have formed a copartnership to deal in unlisted stocks and bonds at 51 Wall Street.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Revenue receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$9,762,760	$298,363,881
Internal Revenue—		
Inc. and prof. taxs.	37,862,756	3,233,460,972
Miscellaneous	37,494,367	1,309,460,650
Misc. revenue	13,469,960	578,962,053
Total	$98,499,902	$5,462,187,956
Excess of disb. over receipts, exclus. of principal of public debt	20,606,158	509,940,862
Expenditures	107,264,684	5,007,707,621

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	567,286	1,519,995	611,516
Year to date	117,764,765½	124,275,414	67,186,440

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
35⅛	36	400	Advance Rumely	35	35½	35	35½	+1¼
65	65½	100	Advance Rumely pf.	65	65	65	65	+¾
1⅛	1⅜	300	Alaska Gold Mines	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	...
2	2⅛	100	Alaska Juneau	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	...
38	38¼	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	38	38⅜	38	38⅜	+⅜
39	42	200	Am. Bank Note	39⅞	40	39⅞	40	+½
91	91½	400	Am. Beet Sugar	91	91½	91	91½	+⅝
116½	118	500	Am. Bosch Magneto	116½	117½	116½	117½	+1½
89⅞	89⅞	200	Am. Brake S. & F.	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	...
...	...	80	Do. odd lot	90	90	90	90	...
41⅛	41⅜	4,800	Am. Can	39⅞	41⅜	39⅞	41⅜	+1⅜
91	92	100	Am. Can pf.	91½	91½	91½	91½	+1½
142½	143	2,500	Am. Car & Fdry.	141½	143½	141½	143	+1
11⅛	11¼	1,500	Am. Druggists	11⅜	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛	+⅛
18	18⅛	300	Am. H. & Leather	18⅛	18⅛	18	18	+⅛
90	91	200	Am. H. & L. pf. x d.	90½	90½	90½	90½	+1½
87⅛	87½	2,800	Am. International	86½	87⅝	86⅞	87⅛	+1¼
83	84	400	Am. Linseed	82	83⅞	82	83⅞	+2⅞
98⅞	99	7,800	Am. Locomotive x d.	97⅞	99	97⅞	98⅞	+1
16⅜	16½	2,400	Am. Safety Razor	16½	16½	16⅜	16⅜	+⅛
24⅛	24⅜	1,600	Am. Ship & Com.	24	24⅜	24	24⅜	+½
60⅛	60⅞	1,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	60	60⅞	60	60⅞	+1
39⅜	39⅞	900	Am. Steel Fdries.	39½	39⅞	39½	39⅞	+⅜
124	125	500	Am. Sugar Ref.	124	124⅞	124	124⅞	+⅞
107	108½	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	+⅞
...	...	40	Do. odd lot	108	108	108	108	...
89⅞	90	2,000	Am. Sumatra Tob.	88	90	88	90	+3
85	90	100	Do. pf.	85½	85½	85½	85½	−4
94⅜	94½	1,600	Am. Tel. & Tel.	94½	94⅝	94⅜	94⅜	−⅛
46	51	100	Am. Tel. & Cable	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	−1½
58	58½	4,300	Am. Tob. Securities	57½	58⅜	57⅞	58⅜	+⅜
102½	103	5,700	Am. Woolen	101½	104⅜	101½	102⅞	+2
96	97	200	Am. Woolen pf.	95½	96	95½	96	...
57⅛	57¼	1,600	Anaconda Copper	56⅞	57½	56⅞	57⅛	+1⅛
35	35	200	Asso. Dry Goods	35	35	34⅞	34⅞	+1⅞
79	80	1,300	Atch., Top. & S. F.	79⅛	79⅞	79	79⅞	+⅞
86⅞	88	400	Atlantic Coast Line	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	−⅛
165	166½	1,100	At. Gulf & West I.	166½	166⅞	166	166½	+½
1200	1250	1	Atlantic Refining	1225	1225	1225	1225	...
24	24¾	400	Austin, Nichols	24	24	24	24	...
119⅛	119½	27,300	Baldwin Loco.	118	119½	118	119⅛	+1⅛
31½	31⅝	1,400	Baltimore & Ohio	31⅛	31⅝	31⅛	31⅝	+⅝
42	42½	200	Balt. & Ohio pf.	42½	42½	42¼	42¼	−⅛
133	134	4,800	Barrett Co.	132	135	132	133⅞	+2⅞
22⅛	22¼	3,100	Bethlehem Motors	21	22⅜	21	22⅛	+1⅛
90½	91	300	Bethlehem Steel	90⅛	91	90⅛	91	+1⅛
93	93⅛	11,300	Beth. Steel, Class B	91⅛	93⅛	91⅛	93	+2⅛
109	110½	100	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	110	110	110	110	−½
12½	12⅜	200	Brook. Rapid Tran.	12	12⅜	12	12⅜	...
9⅜	10	300	B. R. T. ctfs. of dep.	9⅜	9⅞	9⅜	9⅞	+⅞
...	...	100	Brown Shoe	96	96	96	96	+1
...	...	100	Do S. 1st	95	95	95	95	...
22⅞	25	100	Butte & Superior	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	+2⅞
16⅞	17	100	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	+⅞
70	70½	100	Cal. Packing	70	70	70	70	+½
30	30½	600	Cal. Petroleum	29⅝	30⅛	29⅝	30	+½
112⅞	113½	800	Canadian Pacific	112⅝	113½	112⅝	113½	+⅞
68⅛	68⅝	4,400	Central Leather Co.	66	68⅝	66	68⅜	+3
44⅛	44¼	600	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	43½	44¼	43½	44¼	+⅜
...	...	100	Certain-Teed Prod.	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	+⅛
102½	103½	3,900	Chandler Motor	101⅞	104	101⅞	102½	+½
49½	50⅛	600	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	49⅜	50⅛	49⅜	49⅝	+⅛
70½	71	900	Chi. & Northwest	70½	70⅞	70½	70⅞	+⅜
87	89⅝	900	Chi. Pneu. Tool	87⅞	89⅝	86⅞	89⅝	+3⅛
36⅛	36¼	3,700	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	36⅜	36⅝	36⅛	36⅛	+⅛
73⅞	74	100	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	−⅛
63⅞	64	200	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	63⅞	64	63⅞	64	+½
15⅞	16⅛	1,600	Chile Copper	15⅞	16⅛	15⅞	15⅞	+⅛
31⅜	31½	600	Chino Copper	30⅞	31½	30⅞	31½	+½
48	52	100	C., C., C. & St. L.	51	51	51	51	−1
60	65	200	C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	63½	63⅝	63½	63½	...
33⅝	35⅜	1,300	Coca-Cola	33⅜	35	33⅜	34⅞	+⅞
32⅞	34	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	32⅞	33	32⅞	33	+½
47⅞	49	100	Col. & South. 1st pf.	48	48	48	48	−½
56⅞	56⅞	500	Columbia Gas & El.	56⅞	56⅞	56	56	...
33⅛	33⅞	5,200	Columbia Graph.	32⅜	33⅜	32⅜	33½	+1⅛
80	82	200	Consolidated Gas	80	80	80	80	+⅛
14⅛	14⅝	300	Con. Int. Cal. Min.	14⅛	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	+½
34⅛	34⅝	2,600	Consol. Textile	34	35	34	34⅝	+⅝
83	85	100	Continental Can	83	83	83	83	...
10⅞	11	800	Continental Candy	10⅞	11	10⅞	11	+⅛
94⅛	94⅜	3,000	Corn Prod. Ref.	93½	94⅜	93⅞	94⅜	+1
103½	105	100	Do pf.	104	104	104	104	−½
145⅞	146	22,300	Crucible Steel	139½	147½	139½	146	+7½
50⅞	51	2,300	Cuba Cane Sugar	51	51½	50⅞	51	...
80	80⅜	900	Do pf.	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅜	+½
55⅝	56	900	Cuban Am. Sugar	55½	56	55½	56	+½
91	95	100	Deere & Co. pf.	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	+1⅝
177	184⅞	300	Del., Lack. & W.	180	184½	180	184½	+5
4⅜	5	100	Den. & Rio Grande	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	...
19	22	200	Elk Horn Coal	19½	20	19½	20	...
87⅜	90	600	Endicott-John. x d.	86	87	86	87	+2⅛
11⅞	12⅛	800	Erie	11⅞	12	11⅞	12	...
18⅜	19	400	Do 1st pf.	18⅜	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝	...
79⅜	79⅝	1,400	Famous Players-L.	79⅝	79⅝	79	79⅝	+⅝
10½	13½	200	Fed. Min. & Smelt.	13½	13½	13½	13½	+3
115	125	100	Fisher Body	115½	115½	115½	115½	−10½
33⅜	33½	7,200	Fisk Rubber	32⅜	34⅛	32⅜	33½	+⅞
24⅞	25	400	Freeport-Texas	25	25	24⅞	25	...
...	...	100	Gen. Am. Tank Car	49½	49½	49½	49½	+½
159	161	500	General Chemical	155½	160⅜	155½	160⅜	+5⅜
92	95½	50	Do pf.	95½	95½	93	93	...
66½	67	700	General Cigar	65½	66½	65½	66½	+1½
141	142½	700	General Electric	141	141	141	141	...
25	25⅜	22,200	General Motors x r.	24⅝	25⅜	24⅝	25¼	+½
64⅞	65⅜	2,900	Goodrich (B.F.) Co.	63½	65⅜	63	65	+1
21½	22½	100	Gray & Davis	22	22	22	22	−½
69⅝	70	1,800	Gt. Northern pf.	69½	70	69½	70	+½
35⅝	36	900	Do ctfs. for ore p.	35½	35⅝	35½	35⅝	+⅛
62½	63	600	Gulf States Steel	60	63	60	63	+1
13	14	100	Gulf, Mob. & Nor.	13	13	13	13	−1⅛
70⅞	71½	4,900	Haskell & Barker	70	71½	69⅞	71½	+2⅝
52	56	34	Homestake Mining	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝	...
18	18⅜	1,500	Hupp Motor Car	17⅞	18⅛	17⅞	18⅛	+⅜
81½	83	100	Illinois Central	81½	81½	81½	81½	...
52¼	52⅜	1,900	Inspiration Copper	52½	52⅞	52½	52⅞	+⅜
134	134½	3,600	Int. Harvester, new	132½	135⅞	132½	133⅞	+1⅞
32½	32⅝	1,400	Int. Mer. Marine	32½	32⅞	32⅜	32½	+⅜
89	89¾	6,100	Int. Mer. Mar. pf.	89⅜	89⅞	88⅝	89⅜	+⅜
58½	59⅝	300	Int. Motor Truck	58⅜	59	58⅜	59	+1½
17½	17⅞	1,300	Int. Nickel	17½	17⅞	17½	17⅞	+⅜
...	...	200	Int. Nickel pf.	80½	80½	80⅜	80⅜	+⅜
78⅛	78¾	4,000	Int. Paper	77½	79	77⅜	78	...
46	46½	800	Iron Products	45	46	45	46	+1
106½	108½	500	Kelly Springf. Tire	105	108½	105	108½	+⅜
27½	27⅞	800	Kennecott Copper	27	27⅞	27	27⅞	+⅛
29⅞	30	12,000	Keystone Tire & R.	26⅜	30⅛	26⅜	29⅞	+3
72⅛	73	5,000	Lackawanna Steel	70½	73½	70⅜	72½	+3⅛
30⅝	31	900	Lee Rubber & Tire	29⅝	31	29⅝	31	+1⅜
42½	43¼	100	Lehigh Valley	43	43	43	43	+⅝
29⅛	29⅜	1,000	Loews Incorporated	29⅛	29⅜	29	29⅜	−⅛
16⅝	17⅛	3,500	Loft Incorporated	15½	17⅛	15⅛	17	+1⅜
46	47	300	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	45	46⅛	45	46⅛	+2
141	143	200	Lorillard (P.) Co.	141½	142	141½	142	+1⅛
59	61	200	Mackay Cos. pf.	60	60	60	60	...
41½	44	100	Manhattan Elev.	44	44	44	44	−1
180⅛	180⅝	8,100	Mexican Petroleum	177⅝	181½	177⅝	180⅝	+3
20⅜	20½	100	Miami Copper	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	−⅛
29	29½	5,300	Middle States Oil	29⅛	29⅝	28⅞	29½	+⅛
43⅜	43½	1,300	Midvale Steel	43⅛	43½	43⅛	43⅜	+½
5⅛	6⅛	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	6⅛	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞	−⅛
24⅞	25	1,200	Missouri Pacific	24½	25	24½	25	+⅝
41½	41½	7,700	Missouri Pacific pf.	41⅝	42	40	41¼	+⅝
59⅞	63	100	Montana Power	60	60	60	60	...
95	99	100	Montana Power pf.	95	95	95	95	...
34⅞	35	300	Montgomery Ward	34⅞	34⅞	34½	34⅞	+½
34	34½	200	Nat. Acme	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	−½
68	68⅜	5,100	Nat. An. & Chem.	69	70	68⅜	68⅜	+½
92⅛	93	1,200	Nat. An. & C. pf.	92	92⅞	90⅝	92⅞	+1
59½	60½	1,250	Nat. Cloak & Suit.	60⅝	60⅜	58	60	−½
97⅞	98	100	N. Y. Air Brake	98	98	98	98	+⅝
68	68⅛	2,100	N. Y. Central	68⅜	68⅜	67⅞	68	−⅛
40	51	300	N. Y. Dock pf.	45	45	45	45	−5
29½	30	1,800	N. Y., N. H. & H.	30⅛	30⅛	29⅝	30	+⅜
85½	86⅛	600	Norfolk & Western	85½	86	85⅞	86	+⅜
64⅞	65⅛	100	Norfolk & West. pf.	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞	−⅛
70	71	2,300	Northern Pacific	70	70⅞	70	70⅞	+½
15⅞	16	100	Nunnally Co.	16	16	16	16	−⅛
38⅜	39	3,700	Ohio Cities Gas	38⅛	38⅞	38⅛	38⅞	+⅝
50	54	200	Ohio Fuel Supply	51	51½	51	51½	+1½
7	7½	100	Ontario Mining	7	7	7	7	+⅛
4⅜	4⅝	200	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	...
122	125	100	Otis Elevator	124	124	124	124	−½
24	24½	200	Otis Steel	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+⅛
54½	57⅞	100	Owens Bottle	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	+⅞
53	53⅞	100	Pacific Develop.	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	+⅛
46½	47½	100	Pacific Gas & Elec.	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	+⅛
104	104½	17,100	Pan-Am. P. & T.	102⅞	104½	102½	104	+1½
98	98⅞	1,800	Do., Class B	97⅞	98	97⅞	98	+⅞
30	33	200	Parish & Bingham	31	31½	31	31½	−½
38⅞	39	1,820	Penn. R. R.	38⅞	39	38⅞	39	+⅛
26	27	400	Penn. Seab. Steel	25½	27	25½	27	+1½
37	38	200	People's Gas, Chi.	37	38	37	38	+1½
23⅞	24	100	Pere Marquette	24	24	24	24	+⅛
38⅞	39	900	Phillips Petroleum	39	39⅞	38⅞	38⅞	...
36⅛	36⅞	600	Philadelphia Co.	36⅝	37	36⅝	36⅞	+½
52⅛	52½	8,100	Pierce-Arrow	50⅝	52⅜	50⅝	52⅛	+2⅛
16	16⅝	200	Pierce Oil	16	16	16	16	...
56	58	200	Pittsburgh Coal	55½	56	55½	56	+½
17	18	200	Pond Creek Coal	16⅞	17	16⅞	17	...
100⅛	101	1,000	Pressed Steel Car	100	100½	99⅞	100½	+½
100⅜	110	400	Pullman Company	110	110	109⅞	110	+⅜
101½	102½	400	Punta Alegre Sugar	101⅜	102⅛	101½	102⅛	−⅞
99⅞	99⅞	1,100	R'way Steel Spring	98⅞	99⅞	98⅞	99½	+⅞
16⅞	17	200	Ray Consol. Copper	17	17	16⅞	16⅞	...
85	85⅛	4,200	Reading	85⅛	85⅜	84⅞	85⅛	+½
63	65⅛	200	Remington Typewr.	63⅞	64	63⅞	64	+½
87	88	9,000	Replogle Steel	87	89½	87	87⅞	+1⅜
93	93¼	8,300	Rep. Iron & Steel	91⅞	93⅞	91⅞	93⅞	+2⅞
46½	47½	200	Rep. Motor Truck	48	48	48	48	+4
116	116⅝	2,400	Royal D.-N. Y. shrs.	116	116⅝	116	116½	+¼
24⅛	24⅞	2,200	St. Louis-San Fr.	24½	24½	24⅛	24½	...
11⅞	12	2,800	St. Louis Southwest	13	13	11⅞	12	−⅞
21⅞	22	2,700	St. Louis South. pf.	22⅜	22⅜	22	22½	...
48	52	400	Savage Arms	50⅞	50⅞	50⅞	50⅞	+⅞
10⅜	10⅞	1,400	Saxon Motor	9⅞	10⅞	9⅞	10⅞	+⅞
13	13½	100	Seaboard Air L. pf.	13	13	13	13	−⅛
75	78⅞	300	Shell Trans. & Trad.	75	75	75	75	+⅛
32½	32⅝	5,000	Sinclair Consol. Oil	32	32⅝	32	32⅝	+⅝
67	68	800	Sloss-Shef. S. & I.	66⅞	67	66⅞	67	+⅛
87	89	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & I. pf.	88	88	88	88	...
92⅞	92⅞	5,300	Southern Pacific	92⅛	92⅞	92½	92⅞	+½
23	23⅛	600	Southern Railway	23	23	22⅞	23	+⅛
55⅛	57⅛	200	South. Railway pf.	55	55½	55	55½	+⅝
660	662	41	Standard Oil, N. J.	658	660	655	660	...
101	101⅜	1,530	Stand. Oil, N. J., pf.	101⅛	101⅝	101	101⅝	+⅝
76½	77	1,900	Stromb. Carburetor	74	77½	74	77	+4
71½	71⅝	17,200	Studebaker Co.	69½	71⅝	69⅜	71⅝	+2⅜
50	50½	300	Superior Steel	50	50	50	50	+½
10	10½	200	Tenn. Cop. & Chem.	10	10	10	10	−⅛
48⅛	48⅜	6,800	Texas Co.	48	48⅜	48	48½	+⅛
41	41½	300	Texas & Pacific	40⅞	41½	40⅞	40⅞	+⅛
70⅞	70⅞	4,900	Tobacco Products	71½	71½	70⅞	70⅞	−⅛
14½	14⅞	2,500	Transcontinent. Oil	14½	14⅞	14½	14⅞	+⅛
56	58	1,100	Transue & Wms.	54½	56	54½	56	+1½
30	30½	100	Twin City R. T.	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	+⅛
...	95	100	Twin City R. T. pf.	80	80	80	80	...
164	175	200	Underwood Typew.	164½	164½	164½	164½	−13½
89	90	1,000	Union Bag & Paper	88	90	88	89	+1½
28	28½	200	Union Oil	28⅛	29	28	28	−⅛
113⅛	113⅞	1,800	Union Pacific	113½	113⅞	112⅞	113⅛	+⅝
42½	44	100	United Alloy Steel	44	44	44	44	...
201	202½	500	United Fruit	200	202½	200	202½	+1½
10⅞	11⅛	300	United Ry. Invest.	10⅜	10⅞	10⅜	10⅞	+½
82⅛	83	20,600	United Retail St.	80½	82½	80½	83	+2½
65⅞	66	8,800	U. S. Food Prod.	63⅝	66	63⅝	66	+3
89⅞	90	9,900	U. S. Indus. Alco.	88⅜	90⅜	88⅜	89⅞	+2⅝
55⅞	56	600	U. S. R. & Imp. Co.	56⅛	56⅜	56	56	+1
96⅜	96⅝	9,100	U. S. Rubber	95	97	95	96⅝	+1⅝
107⅞	108	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	108	108	108	108	...
57⅞	58⅜	200	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	57⅞	58½	57⅞	58½	+1
94⅞	94½	28,600	U. S. Steel	93⅞	94⅞	93⅞	94½	+1⅜
104⅞	105	3,400	U. S. Steel pf.	104⅞	104⅞	104½	104⅞	+⅛
70	71	600	Utah Copper	69½	70½	69½	70½	+1
7⅞	8½	100	Utah Securities	8½	8½	8½	8½	+½
81½	82	20,800	Vanadium Corp.	79⅞	82½	79⅞	82	+2⅛
19⅞	20½	1,000	V. Vivaudou	20⅛	20⅛	19⅞	20	...
23½	23½	400	Wabash pf. A	23⅛	23½	23⅛	23½	+½
27	28	300	Western Pacific	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	+⅛
83	84½	200	Western Union Tel.	84½	84⅞	84½	84⅞	+2⅝
49⅞	50	600	Westingh. E. & M.	49⅞	50	49⅞	50	+⅛
10	10⅛	200	Wheeling & L. E.	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+⅛
52⅛	52½	300	White Motors	51½	52	51½	52	+½
63	63½	200	Wilson & Co.	63	63	63	63	−½
75	93	700	Wilson & Co. pf.	91	91½	91	91½	−2½
20	20¼	22,500	Willys-Overland	19	20⅛	19	20⅛	+1½
25	28	100	Wisconsin Central	26	26	26	26	+1
103	105	500	Woolw. (F. W.) Co.	103	103	102⅞	102⅞	−1⅛
67	68	200	Worthington Pump	68	68	68	68	+1⅛
80	90	100	Worth. Pump pf. A	80	80	80	80	−2½
			RIGHTS.					
...	...	13,000	American Woolen	1	1⅛	1	1⅛	+⅛
⅞	1	50,895	General Motors	1	1	1	1	...
1⅛	1⅜	1,100	Pacific Develop.	1⅛	1½	1	1½	...
⅞	⅞	12,959	Standard Oil N. J.	⅞	⅞	⅛	⅞	...

Total sales, 77,954.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Prices Move Forward.

Prices on the Stock Exchange advanced yesterday, on a larger volume of business than has prevailed in several days. The greatest degree of strength was shown in the industrial shares, some of which moved up from 2 to 3 points. In general there was a far better tone than has prevailed at any time this week. This was due, in large part, to the trend of events at Chicago. Convention news was followed closely, and the belief was expressed by the majority of people that Wall Street could view without alarm the ultimate verdict. In conjunction with this there was a greater demand for securities, and even the much abused rail group responded slightly to the better feeling which prevailed.

Call Money at 10 Per Cent.

The market once more demonstrated that it was little concerned over the call money rate. Renewals were made at 8 per cent., a higher level than at any time this week, and from that figure the rate rose to 10 per cent., with a subsequent decline to 8 per cent. The flurries, however, received only scant attention. There was no heavy demand for accommodation; in fact, it was much below normal, and to this reason, in part, at least, can be attributed the lack of interest.

The Woolen Decision.

The announcement early in the day that the charge of profiteering against the American Woolen Company had been dismissed led to a revival of interest in the shares of this company. Coincident with the announcement on the ticker quite a sizable amount of buying came into the stock, which advanced as high as 104⅜. The first buying move, however, was not sustained, and the shares reacted to 102⅞ at the close, with a net gain for the day amounting to 1⅞ points. American Woolen, since the market break some time ago, has advanced about 20 points above the low level then established.

The Railroad Stocks.

It was noticeable that the railroad shares were recovering from the shock which they received earlier in the week with the announcement of a cut in the Chicago & Northwestern distribution. Prices are holding fairly firm at current levels, even though there has been some talk that other roads might follow the example which has been set. The fact remains, however, that most of the railroad shares have largely discounted any cut in dividends, should such be ordered. At the present price, for instance, Chicago & Northwestern common shares, even at the reduced dividend rate, are yielding something in the neighborhood of 7 per cent. This compares favorably with some of the less speculative industrial issues. Normally the rails would be expected to show a yield that was lower than the industrials, but the plight in which the railroads find themselves has necessarily changed the situation. However, the carriers have something to look forward to in the way of good news from the decision which is expected shortly by the Interstate Commerce Commission on rates.

Crucible Steel.

The shares of the Crucible Steel Company were decidedly in the limelight, advancing nearly 8 points on the day's trading. It is reported that some of the Directors of the company are advocating that another stock distribution be made at the next meeting of the Directors for dividend action, and a 33 1-3 per cent. declaration was talked about in the stock market yesterday. There is nothing tangible to show that such a declaration will be declared, but it is perfectly evident that Crucible Steel is in a position to make such a distribution if it is thought wise. When the common stock of the corporation was increased, early in the year, it was announced the increase would be used for stock dividend declarations, which were to be made from time to time as the Directors might order. Already one dividend has been paid, but whether the time is ripe for another distribution is a question. It must be remembered that the position in which the steel industry finds itself for the moment is not particularly advantageous as regards earnings. Yesterday's demonstration in the stock was no doubt impelled in part by the fears of the shorts, who have always had a hard time in Crucible.

Barrett Company.

Barrett Company and National Aniline and Chemical were two of the strong issues. Reports were once more in circulation that a merger between these companies was contemplated. The interests behind the two companies are closely identified, and it has been argued that a union of the companies would result in greater efficiency and reduced costs. There was nothing authoritative on this subject yesterday, but the rumor persisted and was to be heard in many quarters. Another rumor which has had some circulation applies to a prospective dividend declaration by National Aniline and Chemical. The shares of the company had a substantial rise recently and are now not far removed from their record price of the year.

A New Steel Merger.

It was reported that a merger of the Lackawanna Steel Company and Sloss-Sheffield Iron and Steel was being considered. This was another phase of the mooted steel merger story which Wall Street has been hearing for some time. From authoritative sources in the Lackawanna Company the statement came forth that no merger with Sloss-Sheffield was being planned. However, since even authoritative information sometimes has a way of going wrong, the financial district was not prepared entirely to eliminate the report from consideration. The merger, however, appears to be one that is not probable of consummation, since the interests of the companies are widely apart geographically.

The Rate Increase Ruling.

There is a great deal of guessing in railroad circles as to the date upon which the Interstate Commerce Commission will announce the increase in freight rates for the railroads. It is quite well agreed that the commission will let the roads have just about what they have asked for in order to comply with the provisions of the Transportation act, which calls for a specific return on property value, but just when the announcement will be made is disputed. The present hearings will terminate, according to advices received from Washington, either next week or the week after next, and the Commissioners will then apply themselves to a consideration of the facts presented. Some say that an announcement will be made by July 15, but the more conservative element says that the first week in August would be an early date for the ruling to be made public.

50,000 Coal Cars Needed.

It has been estimated recently by statisticians for the railroads that 50,000 coal cars are needed this year to enable the carriers properly to transport the tonnage produced at the mines. In other words, the shortage is that much and it should be made up. This takes into account, it is understood, the percentage of replacements necessary each year through the wearing out of cars. For all cars, box, refrigerator, stock, and the like, the percentage allowed for replacements is 3.52. At the end of 1919 there were 951,000 coal cars in the country and this would mean that each year some 34,000 of these must be junked. Railroad men say that this figure is too high, as the more recent coal carrying equipment is of steel and does not deteriorate as rapidly as do the cars of composite construction. At the same time estimates of the number of gondola and hopper cars which wear out each year range from 18,000 to as high as 25,000, which is no small item in itself. So far this year only about 5,000 new coal cars have been received by the various carriers and there remain some 45,000 to meet the requirements of the roads as a whole.

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DULLEST COTTON MARKET OF SEASON

Brokers More Interested in Bulletins from Chicago Convention Than in Trade Reports.

WEATHER MAP FAVORABLE

If Conditions Remain Good for Rest of Month Government Report May Show Gain.

In many respects, yesterday's cotton market was the dullest and narrowest seen this season. Prices did little more than stand still. The greatest range enjoyed by any of the prominent options was 51 points in January, which sold at a high of 32.83 and at a low of 32.32. This option, too, scored the greatest net gain of any when it closed at 32.80, an advance of 5 points from the previous day's closing. The others fluctuated 17 to 39 points and closed 8 to 7 points up for the day.

These figures show how extremely dull the market was. Business was flat and interest, even among the ring operators, was totally negative. The members paid a great deal more attention to the bulletins from Chicago than to the cotton trade reports, and if the lack of any orders from out of town had any significance, it probably reflected a similar situation elsewhere.

The weather map was again favorable, showing good weather for the third consecutive day, and the Bureau's forecasts for last night and today indicated a continuance of these conditions. The crop can stand a lot of good weather, for it has experienced about the worst start on record, and to assume that the last few days have made up for all the unfavorable weeks of the past would be to show undue optimism. However, if weather conditions remain good for the rest of the month, there may be a very different story by the time the next Government report comes out on July 2.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
July	32.35	32.45	32.32	32.40@32.42	32.35
Oct.	32.35	32.45	32.32	32.40@32.42	32.42
Dec.	34.29	34.40	34.20	34.40@34.42	34.40
Jan.	32.72	32.82	32.52	32.80	32.75
Mar.	33.19	33.32	33.15	33.32	33.32
May	32.75			32.75	32.70

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 40c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 40.50c; New Orleans, 41c; Savannah, 42c; Augusta, 42c; Memphis, 41c; Houston, 39.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	2,229	3,821	33,157
Exports	3,599	5,189	27,284
Exports, season	6,056,614	5,900,800	4,451,037
N. Y. stocks	41,288	41,561	106,053
Port stocks	980,600	1,019,989	1,207,995

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was dull at 27.86d for middling. Sales, 8,000 bales, of which 2,000 were American; imports, 17,000 bales; of which 10,000 were American. Futures opened quiet, 12 to 15 points down, and quiet steady, 1 point up to 15 points down on the day. Prices: July, 25.24d; October, 23.60d; December, 22.87d; March, 21.93d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were dull.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ariz Ext	3	4	Mex Met	6	7
Ariz Silver	62	64	Midway M	50	60
Bohemia	1	1⅛	Mojave T	5	8
Black Tr	60	65	Monarch	35	40
Bost Mex	71	74	Nat L & T	4	10
Calaveras	75		New Baltic	5	
Cons Cop	3	3⅛	New Dome	14	16
Crown R	16	20	Nixon	8	11
Crystal A	37	38	Onondaga	25	30
Dunbar	1	1⅛	Pilgrim	10	11
Eagle B B	2	2¼	Ranger	14	15
Fortuna		5	Ranger F		25
Gadsden	60	65	Rainier	⅛	¼
Horne Oil	10	11	Seven	10	12
Houghton	50	50	Silver Reef	7	8
Iron Blos	25	35	S W M	5	6
Iron Cap	9	10	Texas	9	11
Jerome Y	32	35	U. S. Zinc	50¾	51¼
La Rose	30	40	Yukon	1	1⅛
Majestic	16	20			

BANK REWARDS MESSENGER.

Votes $250 Bonus to Employe Who Foiled Holdup Men.

The Directors of the State Bank yesterday voted a bonus of $250 to Louis Bayer, a messenger employed by the bank, in appreciation of the courage he showed in foiling a robbery when he was held up on May 21. He was badly beaten in the struggle, but succeeded in protecting the securities he carried. The National Surety Company also voted him $250.

Arthur J. Van Pelt has been appointed assistant cashier of the bank. Together with Vice President H. W. Vogel he will be in charge of the company's Madison Square branch in the Holland House building, which will be opened June 28.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.75¾	1.71¾	1.74¾	1.74¾	1.72¼
Sept.	1.63¾	1.60¾	1.62¾	1.61⅞	1.66

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.05	1.01¾	1.04¾	1.02¾	.69¾
Sept.	.85	.82¾	.84¾	.83¾	.70

In the local market cash oats were quoted as follows: No. 1 white, $1.25@$1.30; No. 2, $1.22@$1.28; No. 3, $1.22@$1.28; No. 4, $1.25@$1.28; fancy, $1.35@$1.38; ordinary, $1.25@$1.34.

RYE.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	2.10¼	2.07¼	2.10¼	2.08	1.40¾
Sept.	1.91¼	1.88	1.90¼	1.87	1.35½

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	20.37	20.30	20.32	20.37	28.75
Sept.	21.62	21.77	21.80	21.82	35.25
Ribs—					
July	18.40	18.25	18.25	18.37	26.37
Sept.	19.27	19.17	19.17	19.22	28.17
Pork—					
July	34.50	34.40	34.40		51.25
Sept.	35.75	35.60	35.65	35.70	

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot				17.75
June				17.75
July	18.00	17.50	17.55	17.70
August				17.70
September	18.10	18.00	18.05	18.00
October	18.45	18.10	18.10	18.05
November	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.95
December	17.50	17.45	17.50	17.75
January	17.50	17.35	17.40	17.40

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	14.50	14.35	14.35	14.40
September	14.40	14.21	14.23	14.45
December	14.30	14.20	14.20	14.40
March	14.30	14.25	14.50	14.40
May				14.40

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—The receipts yesterday were 20,824 packages. Larger supplies, moderate trading and prices about 1 cent lower on the average and feeling unsettled at the reduced figures were the features of the day's market. Creamery, higher than extras, 90@92c; extras (92 score), 89@90c; firsts (88 to 91 score), 84@88c; seconds (83 to 87 score), 80@83c; lower grades, 40@45c; unsalted, higher than extras, 63@69½c; extras, 89@90c; firsts, 84@87½c; seconds, 80@83c; State dairy tubs, finest, 85@86c; good to prime, 83@84c; common to fair, 44@81c; renovated, extras, 50@83c; firsts, 48@49c; ladles, current make, firsts, 45@46c; seconds, 41½@42c; lower grades, 40@41c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 42c; No. 2, 41c; lower grade, 37@40c.

EGGS—The receipts yesterday were 33,815 cases. High grades were still in comparatively light supply and met a steady demand at fully sustained prices. On the medium and lower grades, too, there are still ample offerings at irregular prices and a wide range of values. Western stock had no value above a range of 40@42c. Inferior stock ranged downward indefinitely. Fancy quality nearby white eggs, in light supply, were firm; under grades values were still irregular and California about steady. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 40½@49c; storage packed, extra firsts, 47@48c; firsts, 44@46c; fresh gathered, extras, 46@47c; firsts, 42@44c; seconds, 39@41c; dirties, No. 1, storage packed, 42@43c; checks, good to choice, 37@38c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery whites, extras, 54@55c; firsts, extras, fresh gathered, mixed whites, firsts to extra firsts, 47@53c; under grades, 40@46c; Pacific Coast white, extras, 53c; extra firsts, 51@52c; firsts, 46@50c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 46@50c; Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery browns, extras, 50@51c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 48½@49c; firsts to extra firsts, 42@45c.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Price considerations and transportation difficulties are the chief factors in the business situation, according to the trade reviews. Manufacture is slowing down, it is reported, and conditions are turning more strongly in the buyer's favor.

Dun's Review says in part:

The wide publicity given to the reduction sales at retail counters had seemingly created the impression among some interests that in practically no other quarter has there been evidence of price yielding; yet certain important commodities have weakened appreciably in wholesale lines and others are distinctly easier, and some quotations that are either unchanged or little altered would disclose sizable declines if sufficient trading were being done to really establish a market.

Bradstreet's says:

Wholesale and jobbing trade are quieter, and despite more seasonable weather advertised price cuts retail buying does not expand, the deterring cause being apparently the feeling that still lower prices are possible.

DISPOSSESS LAW INVALID.

Jersey Act Requiring Three Months' Notice Held Defective.

The Hansen law, which required landlords to give three months' notice of dispossess proceedings to tenants, was declared unconstitutional yesterday by Judge Charles G. Garrick of the First District Court of Jersey City. He found the act defective because it was "enacted as a supplement to the District Court act" and changes "the fundamental law fixing the respective rights of landlords and tenants." Such action, the court held, cannot be taken through an act which in its title purports merely to change provisions of the District Court act, which is concerned with only judicial jurisdiction and procedure.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	5.50	7.50
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.40	7.20
Buff. Roch. & P.	1920-'33	4½@5-6	7.45	6.75
Canadian Pacific	1920-'30	7	7.00	6.70
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'22	4½	7.35	6.35
C. R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	8.30	7.40
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.15	6.75
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5	7.25	7.00
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	7.10	6.80
Erie R. R.	1920-'27	4½@5	6.80	7.50
Grace Steamship	1920-'24	8	7.60	7.00
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	7.25	6.20
Inter. Paper	1920-'31	5	8.15	7.50
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'23	5	7.35	6.25
Mich. Central	1920-'23	5	7.35	6.50
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5	8.00	7.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1920-'24	5	8.50	7.50
N. Y. Central	1920-'27	4½@5-7	7.25	6.90
Nor. & Western	1920-'24	5½	7.35	6.95
Northern Pacific	1920-'30	7	7.15	6.90
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1920-'25	7	7.15	6.85
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1920-'23	6	7.15	6.35
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.37	6.25
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'27	4½@5-6	7.50	7.00
Standard Refining	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific	1920-'24	5½	7.35	6.80
Southern Ry.	1920-'26	4½@5	7.85	7.00
Virginian Ry.	1920-'30	6	7.50	7.00
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	9.50	7.50

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

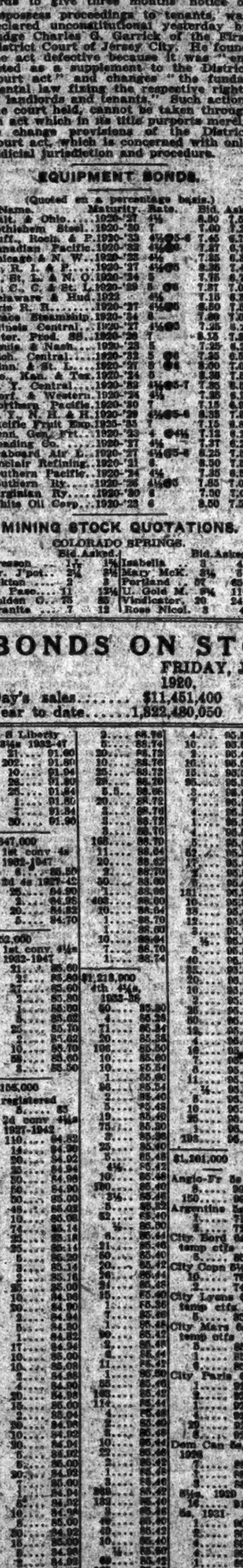
COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1⅞		Isabella	3	
Dr. J'pot.	2¼	2½	Mary McK.	2¼	3
Elkton	2	3	Portland	56	61
El Paso	11	12¼	Gold M.	10¾	11¾
Golden G.	15	16	Vindicator	20	24
Granite	7	12	Rose Nicol.	3	4

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1920.

	1920.	1919	1918.
Day's sales	$11,451,400	$10,852,000	$4,988,000
Year to date	1,822,480,050	1,493,474,439	680,757,500



BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-French 5s	69	71
Argentine 6s	71½	72
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	97¾	97½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	96¾	97
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	88	89½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	93¾	94¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	89¼	89½
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	64	
Chinese Government 8s	41	41½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	80½	81
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	80½	81
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	73¾	74
Dominican Republic 5s	85¾	87
City of Bordeaux 6s	85½	86
City of Copenhagen 5½s	76¾	78½
City of Lyons 6s	85½	86
City of Marseilles 6s	85½	86
City of Paris 6s	92¾	93½
Japanese 4½s	76½	76¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	74½	74¾
Japanese 4s	57¾	58
City of Tokio 5s	54	56½
Un. R. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	96¾	96¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94½	94¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 6s, 1920	99¾	99¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	94½	94¾
United States of Mexico 5s	23½	25½
United States of Mexico 4s	20	22
Italy 6½s	83¾	83

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930	100	101¼
2s, c. 1930	100	101¼
4s, r. 1925	104	105¾
4s, c. 1925	104	105¾
Pan Ca., r. 1938	100	101¼
Pan Ca., c. 1938	100	101¼
Pan Ca., r. 1939	100	101¼
Pan Ca., c. 1939	100	101¼

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	30	31½
Ajax Rub.	60	65
Alay & Gus.	100	105
Am. Cable	100	106
Am. Ch. M.		
pf.	97	103
pf.	104	80
Am. S. Lab.		
pf.		103½
Am. Ag. Ch.	82½	85
Do pf.	89¾	97½
Am. E. N. of	47	42
Am. R. Sug.		
pf.	89	91
Am. Tob.		
Do pf.	98	115
Fdy. pf.	230	234
Am. C. & F.		
pf.	107	109
Am. Cot. Oil	42½	43
pf.	97	98
Am. Exp.	125½	130
Am. Hide	44	46
Do pf.	88	90
Am. Ice		
Pfd. Tem.	104	113
Am. Lin. pf.	80	90
Am. Ma. pf.		
Am. Sm. & R.	97½	100
Am. M. & O.	87	89½
Am. Shipb.	188	190
Am. Smelt		
pf. A	76	77½
Am. S. & R.		
pf.	90½	91¾
Am. Snuff.		
pf.	101	110
Do pf. tr.		
ctf.	77	80
Am. Sti. Pds.		
pf.	80½	82
Am. Tob.	230	235
Do pf.		
ctf.	88	90
Am. Wat. pf.	66	68
Am. Wr. Pa.		
pf.	43½	45½
Am. Zinc.	14¼	14½
Do pf.	38	40
Ann. Arbor.	12	13
Do pf.	32½	35
Arm. Rub.	78½	84½
Ames D. G.		
1st pf.	85	90
Do 2d pf.	80½	85
Asso. Oil	87	88
At. G. & W. I.		
S. S.	73½	74½
Atl. Ref. pf.	104½	108
Atl. B. & A.	7	7½
Atl. & W. I.		
S. S. pf.	63	68
Auto Sales	9	10
Do pf.	19	22
Bald. L. pf.	96	98
B'dwl. Au.	42	45
Do B.	39	40
Bar. Leath.	65	70
Do pf.	98	99
Barrett Co		
pf.	98	100
Batopil.	3d. 7	7½
Beth S.	7s	
pf.	97½	103
Booth Fish	5	8¼
B'klyn Edi.	85	92
B.-U. Gas	30	34
Brins Tex.	6½	6¾
Brit. Am.		
Tob.	6	6¾
Burns Bros.	108	112
Do pf.	98	115
Bush Term	45	48
Buff. & L.		
Do pf.	85	90
B. C. & M.	5½	6
Butte Coa.	15½	18¾
Butte Cop.	32	33
Cal. Exp.	125½	130
Cal. & Hec.	20¾	21¾
Canada Cem.	60	65
Do pf.	88	93
Case (J. I.)		
Thrs. Eng.	108	113
Cent. L. pf.	94½	96½
Cent. Leath.		
pf.	102	103
Cent. Pt.	2	2½
Chas. S. Co.	61	61½
Chi. & Alt.	6½	8½
Do pf.	10	15
C. A. Hdw.	7	8
Chi. Pneu.	5	5½
Chi. Gt. W.	9	9¼
C. R. I. & P.	21	21½
Do pf.		
Cin. Pneu.	75	78
Cit. Serv.	95	100½
Col. Gas & El.	32½	33½
Col. Gr. Sug.	22	23
Col. Gr. Sug.	22	23
Col. Tab. Rec.	40	50
Con. Cigar	54	60
Do pf.	104½	111
Const. Ship.	15	17
Coulden	15	20½
Cruc. Cast.	60	65
Cruc. St. pf.	92	94
Cuba Cane	19	20
Do pf.	73	75
Cuba Cane Sug.		
pf. ctfs.	95	98
Cuba Dom.	17	17½
Do pf.	42	44
Keyser (J.)	90	105
Do 1st pf.	100	105
	Bid.	Asked.
Kelly Sp. T.		
pf.	94	97
Kel. Spg.	94½	96
Kelsey Wh.	65	70
Do pf.	83	90
K. & D. M.	3	8
Do pf.	85	90
Kress (S.H.)	104½	110
Lacl. Gas.	35	40
L. S. & W.	8¾	10
Do pf.	75	80
Liggs & M.	143	155
Do B.	140	147½
Do pf.	90½	102
L. W. B.	1st	
pf.	105	105
Do 2d pf.	100½	131
Lorill'd Co.		
pf.	98	102
Louis. & N.	67½	69
Manhat. Con.	63	65
Man. Rubber	13	14
Marlin-Rock.		
pf.	70	75
Martin-R.	12½	15
Math. Alk.	48	50
Max. Mot.	22½	24½
do ctfs.	16¾	21
Do 1st pf.	45	60
Do 2d pf.	10	20
Do ctfs.	10	20
Mex. Pet.	125	126
Do pf.	102½	103
Mex. Pipe.	90	97
Mid. Steel	14	15
M. St. L.	13¾	
M. St. P.		
S. S. M.	67½	72
Do pf.	81	86
Mt. K. & T.	19	20
pf.	39	40
Nor. & Es.	60	65
Nat. Acme	27	30
Do pf.	85	90
N. C. & St. L.	107	110
Nat. Biso.	107½	110
Nat. Can.		
pf.	90	100
Nat. E. & C.	89½	100
Nat. Enam.	67½	70
Do pf.	91	100
Nat. Lead		
div.	78	79½
Do pf.	103½	105
N. Y. Dk. M.		
pf.	5	10
Do 2d pf.	2	5
N. Y. Mtge.	5	10
Do pf.	25	30
N. Y. Shipb.		
pf. A	60	65
Do pf.	50	55
Nor. Pipe.	50	55
Ohio Fuel	27	28
Ohio Sft. pf.	98	101
Ohio Seamless		
pf.	95	100
Do 1st pf.	40	50
Do 2d pf.	48	60
Pac. Mail.	21	22
Peo. Gas.	51	52
Pere M. pf.		
Do pf.	30	37
Do pf.	30	37
Phila. Co.	30	33
Pierce-A. pf.	94	95
P. Jones.	50	57
Pitts. Coal	70	77
Pitts. C. pf.	85½	88
Pitts. Steel		
pf.	74	76
Pitts. S. pf.	94	97
Pitts. Sec.		
pf.	12	16
Pitts. Sec.		
pf.	94	100
Pond Creek	95	97
Portland	60	61
Pr. & Gam.	7	8
Pub. Ser. Corp.	5	6
Pull. Pal. Car	90	95
Pure Oil	30	31
Quaker Oats		
pf.	90	95
Rand. & B.	102	105
Rep. F. & S.		
pf.	94	95
Rep. I. & S.		
pf.	94	95
Rep. Rub.	7	8
Rep. Rub.		
pf.	74	80
Rep. Rub.		
1st pf.	83	90
Do 2d pf.	38½	45
Rens. & S.	102	105
Rep. F. & S.		
pf.	94	95
St. L. Lead	18½	19½
St. L. Lead		
pf.	94	95
Sch. A. L.	7½	8
Sears-R.	206	214
Do pf.		112½
Shat-Ariz.	8¾	9
Sin. R. S.	275	300
Do pf.	98	100
Stand. Milling	125	135
Do pf.	78	85
Stewart W.	41	43½
Stud. Co.		
pf.	92½	96
Stern B. pf.	96	103
Sup. Sti. Ist		
pf.	97	99
Tenn. C. & I.	20	22
Third Av.	13	18½
Tide W. C.	200	215
Tob. P. pf.	89½	91½
Tr. St. L. &		
W.	10	15
Do ctfs.	12	15
Do pf.	15	20
Do pf. ctfs.	17	20
U. Bis.	1100	1117
Un. Cig. Pf.	95	96
Un. Cig. Sts.	120	175
Do pf.	100	105
Un. Drug.	137	139½
Do 1st pf.	102½	103½
Do 2d pf.		
U. Dyewd.	56	60
Do pf.	97	98
U. Fruit	139	140
U. Ry. Inv.		
pf.	32½	32¾
U. S. Bag.	54	57
U. S. Ind. A.		
pf.	94	96
U. S. Smelt.	47	47½
Va-Car. Ch.	72	75
Do pf.	105	107½
Va. I. C. &		
Coke	107	109
Va. S. & P.	75	85
Wabash	7¼	
Do pf. A.	15	17
W. F. Exp.	50½	51
Wes. Md.	24	25
Do 1st pf.	45	50
Do 2d pf.	12	16
Wes. Pac.	82	85
Wes. Un. Tel.	86	90
West. A. B.	107	108
W. F. & N.		
pf.	15½	16
W. & L. E.		
pf.	87½	90
Wor. Pr.	102	103
Do pf.	85	90
Wright-M.	100	
Wr. Arms	1½	2
Yor. Pump		

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CAROLINA, CLINCHFIELD & OHIO—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
March gross	$321,406	$441,948	$368,166
Bal. aft. taxes	153,811	78,088	90,194
Net op. income	228,651	90,566	126,988
3 mos. gross	1,578,324	1,260,014	1,013,248
Bal. aft. taxes	838,449	280,284	307,561
Net op. income	990,509	171,886	307,561

DELAWARE & HUDSON—

March gross	3,949,393	3,966,893	3,782,469
Def. aft. taxes	1,211,506	1,190,000	1,172,716
Net op. deficit	81,788	*147,000	172,716
3 mos. gross	8,130,179	7,681,302	6,823,464
Def. aft. taxes	716,890	161,265	1,489,741
Net op. deficit	664,561	236,614	1,545,638

*Income.

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM—

April gross	12,168,108	15,044,838	11,642,796
Bal. aft. taxes	901,104	2,230,767	3,780,431
Net op. income	1,102,104	2,780,168	3,780,429
4 mos. gross	51,405,248	61,105,003	41,944,527
Bal. aft. taxes	18,873,570	11,628,582	11,905,701
Net op. inc.	16,050,040	11,249,330	11,443,639

Public Utilities.

MANILA ELECTRIC RAILROAD & LIGHTING CORP.—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
April gross	$354,072	$312,645	$41,427
Net aft. taxes	96,151	95,462	689
Total income	96,182	95,508	674
Bond int. chgs.	66,770	66,770	
12 mos. gross	3,807,646	2,500,908	$306,738
Net aft. taxes	857,747	1,140,140	*282,393
Total income	860,361	1,147,602	*287,241
Bur. aft. chgs.	606,846	846,200	*239,353
Balance, div.	195,546	344,909	*150,363

NEVADA-CALIFORNIA ELEC. CORP.—

April gross	193,835	201,775	*7,940
Net aft. taxes	102,235	120,705	*18,537
Total income	101,280	120,347	*19,067
Bur. aft. chgs.	51,570	65,381	*13,810
4 mos. gross	891,781	705,868	186,913
Net aft. taxes	446,553	390,622	55,930
Total income	447,426	392,094	55,332
Bur. aft. chgs.	110,653	77,765	32,888

*Decrease.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sept. 2'24	90	94½	6.30
Ash. T. & T.	6	Oct., 1922	95½	97½	6.60
Am. T. & T.		Feb., 1924	92½	93½	6.30
Am. Thread	6	Dec. 10, '28	94	97	6.30
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1920	100¼	100¾	6.30
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1921	99½	99¾	6.30
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1922	99¾	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1923	99¾	99¾	7.15
Ancon. Co.	6	April, 1921	97	98	7.85
A.-Am.O.,Ltd.	7½	April, 1920	99¾	100	7.50
Armour & Co.		1920-1924	96	98	
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '23	90	94¼	7.40
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July, 1923	97	97½	6.60
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Jan., 1924	93¾	94¾	6.60
Cen. Arg. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	82	84	9.75
Cub.-Am. Sug.	8	Jan., 1921	99½	100	8.00
Dudahy Pack.	7	July 15, '22

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.
Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 11—Sixty-five new corporations with an aggregate capitalization of $1,504,000 were chartered today. They include:

E. S. and S. Realty Co., Brooklyn, $12,000; Edith H. Silverman, E. Spindel, 416 South 9th St., Brooklyn.

Wallenberg Alley Co., Tonawanda, motors and engines, $100,000; L. J. Tabor, R. R. Merrit, F. J. Wallenberg, Tonawanda.

Lane Lane Steel Corp., Manhattan, brokerage in metal products, $50,000; H. G. and K. P. Bone, L. P. Lane, 70 East 46th St.

Wantagh Building and Realty Co., Wantagh, $5,000; H. Hechler, F. E. Starke, H. Stropp, Wantagh.

Dinsmore Realty Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; W. J. and H. James, 47 Dinsmore Place, Brooklyn.

Clarence Garage, Clarence, Erie Co., $25,000; F. Riley, A. M. D. Gibson, E. U. Udall, Clarence.

Aquila Drug Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; J. C. Lanzetta, U. Marchesani, J. Esposito, 4,832 14th Av., Brooklyn.

Noream Realty Co., Brooklyn, $30,000; S. Evans, F. Stern, F. M. Kelleher, 189 Clay St., Brooklyn.

B. E. Truck Tire Corp., Brooklyn, $25,000; E. Page, M. Meggers, D. J. Fitzsimmons, 777 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Marks Hill Construction Co., Manhattan, $10,000; G. G. Schwartz, E. Spiegel, S. Mitchell, 45 Park Row.

Friedrich Neumann's Successors, Manhattan, commission merchants; foodstuffs and chocolate; $10,000; A. Frankl, A. A. Frankl, 5 Bread, 609 West 187th St.

Brighton Beach Park, Manhattan, hotel business, $500,000; S. C. Whitehead, T. C. Horton, R. Brown, of Liberty St.

Doherty Club, Manhattan, real estate agency, $100,000; G. J. Johnstone, J. M. Sullivan, M. S. O'Brien, 20 Butler Place, Brooklyn.

Sense Perfection Sample Card Co., Manhattan, $50,000; I. Feldman, J. Bendowitz, F. W. Benze, 110 5th Av.

Manhattan Gaiter Co., Manhattan, $20,000; M. Kirschenbaum, G. and N. Engelhardt, 2,116 84th St., Brooklyn.

Greasalt Products Corp., Manhattan, chemicals and soaps, $50,000; S. G. Hardie, P. Y. and T. F. Cassidy, 611 West 156th St.

Altman-Schaffer Realty Co., Manhattan, $30,000; E. and E. Altman, D. Schaffer, 219 East 40th St., Brooklyn.

Victor Kremer, Manhattan, motion pictures, $50,000; V. and C. Kremer, P. Gross, 1,301 Madison Av.

Rossiter Co., Manhattan, textiles, $7,000; S. and S. Rosenfeld, H. Rose, 1,439 47th St., Brooklyn.

M. S. Richard & Co., Manhattan, stock brokers, $50,000; M. R. Lazarus, L. L. Furlaud, E. Hillenthal, 124 E. 28th St.

Stuyvesant Heights Garage, Brooklyn, $15,000; M. P. and H. C. Baumgardner, E. D. Wirth, 1,486 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

Kasbo Products Co., Manhattan, food products and chemicals; 450 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $10,000; E. M. Glines, E. Schneider, M. Werthheimer, 630 West 115th St.

Hayes Smart Clothes Shop, Utica, $5,000; W. Block, J. Endleman, M. Kayser, Utica.

Lake Shore Amusement Co., Rochester, dance hall and restaurant, $31,000; W. J. Jackling, F. S. Dayton, H. A. Abell, Rochester.

Charlton Street Stores, Manhattan, storage and wharfage, $250,000; A. Pricker, F. A. Page, T. Boutaret, 834 Washington St., W.

Cabanas Tobacco Co., Manhattan, $15,000; L. H. Freundlich, K. E. Seidenberg, J. G. Metz, 713 Oakland Place, Bronx.

123 East 125th St., Manhattan, realty, $165,000; J. Barlow, J. F. Gass, W. H. Learneby, Mount Vernon.

An Innocent Idea, Manhattan, motion pictures, $20,000; C. E. Cook, R. L. Truex, J. D. Vreekenbel, 165 Broadway.

Resort Hat Lining Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Greenberg, F. Colagiro, J. V. Rogers, 17 West 32 st.

Syracuse Electric Sun Signs, Syracuse, $50,000; C. Morgan, C. D. Winters, W. B. Marsters, Jamaica.

Rutland Ice Co., Brooklyn; 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $100,000; J. E. and R. Schoenberger, J. Muiselle, 50 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn.

Larobe Tailoring Co., Manhattan, $5,000; W. Paulen, L. Zerwick, S. Klauser, 581 East 138th St., Bronx.

Land & Auto Rebuilding Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. L. Lefkowitz, R. Werthim, S. Shagin, 75 West 118th St.

Melodophone, Manhattan, Victrolas, $100,000; V. Trotta, S. Calaron, J. F. Barry, 415 West 37th St.

Schiaffino Grocery Co., Brooklyn, $80,000; Ida Weinseib, E. and F. Schiaffino, 239 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

Huntington Sporting Club, Huntington, L. I., $30,000; A. R. Keeler, C. O'Hara, A. Flanagan, Huntington.

305 Broadway Corp., Manhattan, realty, $750,000; J. R. Schiff, S. W. Dorfman, F. R. Stean, 220 Broadway.

Benitas Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; E. H. Hartmann, J. H. and M. R. Cohn, 46 West 90th St.

Riverside Machine Co., Buffalo, $20,000; W. A. and G. W. Gibson, W. J. Wilcox, Buffalo.

Woodlawn Beach Public Amusement Corp., Buffalo, $50,000; G. L. Pomeroy, J. J. Wiegand, V. C. Brodie, Buffalo.

Thread Distributing Corp., Manhattan, make lubricating devices, auto machinery; $75,000; A. Sokolic, R. A. Boyd, I. A. Alessi, 428 West 204th St.

Putney Realty Corp., Bronx, $15,000; J. R. Carr, and State Nev. and M. J. Penner, 674 East 136th St., Bronx.

Dragon Studio, Manhattan, $5,000; T. F. Coester, J. J. Dorse, Jr., C. Bennet, 248 Woodbine St., Brooklyn.

Van Wheel Corp., Syracuse, make wheels, $125,000; E. E. Lawton, A. B. Edwards, O. D. Burden, Syracuse.

Batavia Barracks Corp., Batavia, realty for barracks for State troops, $25,000; W. Thomas, J. L. Lee, C. H. Hosack, Batavia.

Mammorth Realty Co., Queens, $10,000; G. Reichardy, C. Glum, C. Wagweist, Woodhaven.

Chautauqua Builders' Supply, Jamestown, $10,000; C. W. Chapman, F. W. Swanson, W. E. Tiffany, Jamestown.

Spurlin Realty Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; Stella B. and H. A. Jackson, B. Turner, 324 West 58th St.

N. and L. Realty Corp., Manhattan, $750,000; H. D. Singer, H. G. Kopland, M. L. Mapes, 25 Liberty St.

Forestville Preserving Co., Forestville, $200,000; G. Spotz, J. and T. Angelo, Freedonia.

William H. Putney Co., Bronx, quarrying, $20,000; J. R. Clary, N. J. and W. H. Putney, Jr., 674 East 136th St., Bronx.

Kell Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; G. Weinstein, I. Weihar, J. I. Goodstein, 160 Broadway.

Collison - Klingman - Tiebel Realty Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; K. W. and E. C. Tiebel, P. J. Collison, 372 Maple St., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Antoine Chiaris Co., Manhattan, $1,250,000 to $1,500,000.

Hermance Storage and Refrigerating Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

845 Eighth Av. Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $30,000.

Utica Truck Corp., Utica, $5,000 to $50,000.

Leo Gordon Shoe Co., Manhattan, $75,000 to $325,000.

American Character Doll Co., Manhattan, $6,000 to $25,000.

Boston Co-operative Co., Boston, $6,000 to $36,000.

Kenilworth Associates, Manhattan, $300,000 to $350,000.

Henry W. Ives & Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $100,000.

Gardestein Embroidery Co., Manhattan, $2,000 to $50,000.

Grove-Northern Apartment Court, Manhattan, $2,000 to $150,000.

Kelvale Realty Corp., Manhattan, $35,000 to $100,000.

Wallach & Behrend Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $60,000.

Projection Optics Co., Rochester, $5,000 to $30,000.

Asbestos Textile Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $800,000.

Pixine Chemical Co., Troy, $25,000 to $150,000.

Manati Sugar Co., Manhattan, $12,500,000 to $20,000,000.

Carlton Ice Co., Brooklyn, $150,000 to $320,000.

MERGERS.

Universal Seal Corp., Albany, with International Playthings Corp.

Lake Shipbuilding Co., Buffalo, with Buffalo Marine Construction Corp.

DESIGNATIONS.

Domestic Appliance Stores, Del., household wares, $1,000,000; rep., D. Buttenlocher, 1,270 Broadway.

Dutchess Air Brake Corp., Del., $1,000,000; rep., A. W. Slick, Buffalo.

Sydney Ross Co., N. J., medicinal preparations, $25,000.; rep., C. B. Riker, 147 Waverley Place.

Leacock Ocean Harvester Co., Del., $250,000; rep., T. Lindquist, 134 West 36th St.

Palatine Motor Transportation and Industrial Corp., Del., $1,000,000; rep., T. L. Ernst, 149 Broadway.

Halcon Laboratory, Del., $100,000; rep., H. T. Melhuish, Amityville.

Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co., Pa.; new rep., J. R. Morris, 143 Liberty St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Aukro Realty Co., Manhattan.

American Fireworks Mfg. Co. of New York, Manhattan.

Oak Holding Corp., Manhattan.

Metropole Hall, Manhattan.

Carlisle Co-operative Creamery Co., Carlisle.

Guy Greene Drug Co., Wellsville.

M. L. Blanchard Co., Albany.

Raub Hotel Co., Bronx.

U. & R. Dutton Co., Utica.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, June 11.—Charters filed:

Hershey Chocolate Corp., $5,000,000; W. G. Coughlan, Samuel B. Howard, Robert E. Thiatis, New York.

Bell and Oil Corp., $2,300,000; T. L. Gretan, L. J. Bruce, P. B. Dill, Wilmington.

Tennessee Iron and Chemical Co., $3,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Weistaller Scientific Laboratory, $1,000,000; Joseph Newman, Charles Stern, Philadelphia; Jeannie Stoller, Cleveland.

Peter Sotus Oil and Gas Co., $1,040,000; Peter Sotus, Nick Barbatis, James N. White, Monessen, Pa.

Tuttle Corp., $900,000; Robert K. Thiatis, Samuel B. Howard, George V. Reilly, New York.

Vosporus Petroleum Corp., $400,000; L. B. Phillips, Arthur J. Kingsbury, Dover.

M. & W. Ry. Lewis $547,000; E. R. Jansen, J. Vernon Pim, E. MacFarland, Philadelphia.

Getzler Storage Battery Co., $300,000; Henry F. Tenney, Charles F. Harding, Jr., Winslow, Ill.; Harry A. Parkin, Highland Park, Ill.

Sterling Sales Corp., $150,000; Charles O. Sterling, George T. Parker, Willis W. Parker, Washington.

Fireproof Mail Bag Corp., $100,000; Adolph Buchsbaum, Charles Buchsbaum, Rose Norenstone, New York.

Powell & Powell, $100,000; J. A. Powell, S. Goldstein, K. Steegan, Pittsburgh.

Evanston Oil Co., $15,000; L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Allen Auto Specialty Co., $20,000; Robert K. Thiatis, A. Roy Myers, Raymond; J. Gorman, New York.

Rotary Bread Shop, $10,000; Franklin L. Metzler, M. E. Metzler, L. F. Metzler, Wilmington.

Zavon Co., $300,000; W. J. Sloan, Eugene C. Allison, Brooklyn; H. J. Andrews, Darien, Conn.

Triangle Agency, $500,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Lakeland Phosphate & Fertilizer Co., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Lakeland Investment Co., $100,000; M. L. Harty, L. A. Irwin, A. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Cyclders Ocean Touring & Transportation Corp., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Ellsworth Ship & Coal Corp., $100,000; S. L. Thomas, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

National Manufacturing Corp., $100,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland, Philadelphia.

Vita Mel Laboratories Corp., $250,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Harcole, $10,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Utilities Knob American Corp., $2,650,000; M. L. Rogers, T. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

NAME CHANGES.

Illinois Clough Machine Co., to Robert S. Clough Machine Co., Ardsley, Del.

Fort Meyers Fruit & Trucking Co., to Fort Meyers Fruit Co., Bloomington, Ill.

Duksmith Air Brake Corp., to Reliance Air Brake Corp., Buffalo, N. Y.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, June 11.—New charters:

Bank Investment Co., Trenton, real estate, $500,000; Isaac Molster, Victor Pisani, New York; Philip Pisani, Trenton.

H. King & Co., Jersey City, investments, $25,000; H. A. Hisely, V. A. McCabe, J. R. Turner, Jersey City.

Court Construction Co., Jersey City, $100,000; F. J. Turner, L. C. Lathaus, F. M. Lathaus, Jersey City.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Lightman & Son, Newark, $100,000 to $1,000,000.

IMPORTANT EVENTS RECORDED.

In The New York Times Index, every important event is chronicled, giving the date, page and column of The New York Times, so that the actual story, complete in detail, can be obtained from the files in a few minutes. This is a very popular paper of the same date, issued quarterly by The New York Times Company. $3 a volume; $3.50 a year.—Adv.

GIVE $9,000,000 SCHOOL.

Rockefeller Board and Eastman Provide Rochester Medical Branch.

ROCHESTER, June 11.—A $9,000,000 school of medicine, surgery and dentistry, including a 250-bed teaching hospital, has been given the University of Rochester by the Rockefeller General Education Board and George Eastman of Rochester, it was announced here tonight. The board contributed $5,000,000 and Mr. Eastman $4,000,000.

In addition to these outright gifts, the Rochester Dental Dispensary, which was built and endowed by Mr. Eastman, will furnish the school's clinic for the study of dentistry.

Announcement of the gift was made by Dr. Rush Rhees, President of the University; Dr. Abraham Flexner, Secretary of the General Education Board, and Mr. Eastman.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NO. 13719.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, Washington, D. C., May 10, 1920.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that

THE NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK

in the City of New York in the County of New York and State of New York, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JOHN SKELTON WILLIAMS, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that

THE NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK

in the City of New York in the County of New York and State of New York is authorized to commence the business of banking, as provided in Section Fifty-one hundred and sixty-one of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this Tenth day of May, 1920.

(Seal.) JNO. SKELTON WILLIAMS, Comptroller of the Currency.

The Texas Company

Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Debenture Bonds Notice of Redemption

Notice is hereby given that The Texas Company has elected to redeem and on July 1, 1920, will redeem all of its Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Debenture Bonds then outstanding under the Trust Agreement dated January 1, 1911, between The Texas Company and The Equitable Trust Company of New York, Trustee, having deposited with said Trustee for payment of the holders an amount equal to 102½ of the principal amount of said Bonds, and in addition the accrued interest thereon to July 1, 1920, as provided in said Bonds and in Article Sixth of said Trust Agreement.

The Bonds, accompanied by all coupons unmatured on July 1, 1920, and pertaining thereto, are hereby required to be presented and surrendered for redemption at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, Trustee, at 37 Wall Street, New York City, on July 1, 1920, the day herein named for the redemption of said Bonds.

Interest upon all of the outstanding Bonds will cease to accrue July 1, 1920.

THE TEXAS COMPANY.
By W. W. BRUCE, Treasurer.

Dated June 1, 1920.

THE OHIO CITIES GAS COMPANY

Six Per Cent. Serial Gold Notes, dated January 1, 1917, Known as "A."

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

With reference to the Trust Agreement dated January 1, 1917, between The Ohio Cities Gas Company and Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee, securing an issue of $5,000,000.00 Six Per Cent. Serial Gold Notes, notice is hereby given that, under and in accordance with provisions of Article III. of said Agreement, The Ohio Cities Gas Company hereby exercises its option and elects to redeem on July 1, 1920, the remaining amount unmatured of said notes, aggregating $250,000.00, at 101% of the principal amount thereof with accrued interest.

All holders of said notes are hereby notified to present the same at the TRUST DEPARTMENT of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, on or after July 1, 1920, and on surrender of said notes the holders will be paid 101% of the principal with accrued interest to July 1, 1920. After said date all of said notes cease to draw interest and the coupons for interest subsequent to that date are void and all of such notes will no longer be entitled to the benefit of the Trust Agreement above referred to.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
THE OHIO CITIES GAS COMPANY.
C. M. MINEAN, Asst. Secretary.

NOTICE

TO HOLDERS OF NORTHERN ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED

First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, due June 1st, 1930.

The undersigned is in possession of the sum of approximately Ninety-One Thousand Dollars ($91,000.00) to be applied for the account of sinking fund in the purchase of First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the Above Company.

Proposals in writing to sell said Bonds will, therefore, be received by the undersigned at its office, 11 Place d'Armes, Montreal, up to twelve o'clock noon on the 18th day of June, 1920.

Proposals may be for sufficient Bonds to exhaust the whole amount above mentioned or any part thereof.

Unless the proposals shall state otherwise, the Trustee reserves the right to accept either the whole or any part of any block of Bonds offered.

The lowest or any proposals will not necessarily be accepted.

Proposals must be for Montreal delivery and payment.

MONTREAL TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
Montreal, June 2d, 1920.

CREW LEVICK COMPANY

FIRST MORTGAGE 6% 10-YEAR 6½ PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Sinking Fund provisions of the above Mortgage, dated August 1, 1916, proposals will be received at the office of the Commercial Trust Company, Trustee, City Hall Square, Philadelphia, Pa., for the sale to the Trustee of a sufficient number of bonds to consume the sum of $11,029.46 now in the Sinking Fund at a price not to exceed 102½ per cent. and accrued interest. The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals in whole or in part.

Proposals should be sealed and marked "Proposals for the sale of Pennsylvania Utilities Company First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds" and be presented to the undersigned before twelve o'clock noon, Central Standard Time, Thursday, June 24th, 1920.

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
Mark Willcox, Treasurer.

THE EDISON ELECTRIC COMPANY

Pursuant to the terms of Article Nineteen of the First and Refunding Mortgage of the Edison Electric Company, dated September 1, 1902, said Company hereby gives notice that the following bonds drawn under the said mortgage will be purchased and paid at the office of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, No. 55 Cedar Street, New York City, New York, on September 1st, 1920.

Viz.—Bonds numbered 1431 to 1610, both inclusive. Interest on said bonds will cease with September 1st, 1920.

THE EDISON ELECTRIC COMPANY.

EDISON ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER COMPANY OF ERIE, PA.

Six Per Cent. First Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 12 o'clock noon, July 1st, 1920, for the sale to it, for account of the Sinking Fund of Bonds as above described sufficient to use the sum of $6,152, said bonds to be delivered on July 1st, 1920. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY
Formerly New York Security and Trust Company, Trustee.
By E. G. CURTIS, Secretary.
New York, June 1st, 1920.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Max Greenberg & Bro., manufacturers of hats and caps, consisting of the undersigned, with the place of business at No. 156 Bradford Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated, N. Y., June 4th, 1920.

MAX GREENBERG,
BERNARD GREENBERG.

Samuel Green is dissolving partnership of the Famous Department Store, 2023 St. Av., which has been under the name of Schlowyer & Green, at H. Schlowyer.

SUMMER RESORTS

CANADA'S SUMMER APPEAL

MUSKOKA
LA BAIE DE CHALEUR
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND
ST JOHN RIVER VALLEY
NOVA SCOTIA - BY - THE SEA

via The National Way

NIPIGON
QUETICO
MINAKI
OUT OF DOOR
LOWER ST LAWRENCE AND MARITIME PROVINCES
QUEBEC AND NORTHERN ONTARIO
PRAIRIES ROCKIES & PACIFIC COAST

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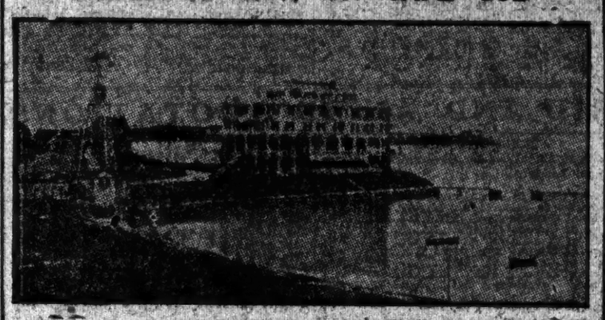
LOW SPRING AND SUMMER RATES
30 minutes from Broadway, fronting the ocean; glorious sunshine; delightful sea breezes; bracing ozone; healthful environment; outdoor sports.
200 rooms; 75 private baths; electric lights; spacious verandas; every hotel convenience and comfort; dancing, music; spacious ballroom seating 1,000; daily concerts, Lieut. J. Wm. Bryson and his "Black Devil" Jazz Band.
Write for illustrated folder.
HOTEL SHELBURNE
Sea End of Ocean Parkway.
BRIGHTON BEACH, N. Y.

BUZZARDS BAY, ON CAPE COD



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Now open. Accommodates 200. Boating, fishing, bathing. Dancing every evening. Aver. temp. of water 76 deg. All rooms overlook water; 750 ft. of broad piazza; 47 miles from Boston; handy to steam and electric railway. Garage. Tel. Conn. For reservation and booklet, F. A. Crowley, Mgr.

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The Nassau, Long Beach, L. I.
ON THE BOARDWALK
Special Shore Dinner and Southern Chicken Waffle Dinner
Service a la Carte in Both Restaurants
Special Rates for June
HILLMAN HOTEL COMPANY, Prop.
Also Operating THE BREAKERS, Atlantic City.
B. S. LYNDEMAN, T. E. BRIDGER } Resident Managers.

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ENTIRE BLOCK OCEAN FRONT
Steam Heat. Fan Modern, Private Baths
PARK INN
ROCKAWAY PARK, L. I.
Class A Fireproof Hotel Restaurant Private Orchestra Dancing. Open All Year. Illus. Booklet.
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AT DEAL BEACH, N. J.
HATHAWAY INN
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Occupying a beautiful private park At the edge of the sea.
SUPERB 18-HOLE GOLF LINKS.
Gravel tennis courts, salt water swimming pool.
BROKERS' OFFICE OF
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FRANK J. LYNCH, Gen'l. Mgr. & Treas.
JOSEPH F. KENNEDY, Mgr.

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Spring Lake Beach, N. J. On the Ocean Front.
Directly opposite MAIN GOLF LINKS.
CALIFORNIA LODGE, LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J.—Different from anything elsewhere. Every outdoor recreation. Located on shore. Famous for meals. Rates $18-$25. Phone.
WAVERLY, Ocean grove, N. J. Grand Pacific location. Most select. Rates $3 DAILY.

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A Hotel of Cottages
On the Board ATLANTIC CITY'S CONVENIENT TO ALL AMUSEMENTS
Sea Bathe. Own Kitchen. Orchestra. Capacity 600. Open all the Year.
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and Fronting Annex, Atlantic City, N. J. Tennessee Av., near Beach. Cap. 400. Central; open surroundings; opposite Catholic & Protestant Churches. Private baths.
Running Water in All Rooms.
Booklet mailed. R. H. LUDY, M. D.

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VIRGINIA AND BEACH
Hot and cold running water in rooms. Private baths. Music. Capacity 600. Booklet.
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O. D. PAINTER HAROLD LANNON

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VIRGINIA AVENUE AT BOARDWALK
American & European plans. Hot & cold sea & fresh water baths. Open all year.
DAVID BERG Owner JAMES U. WALSH Gen. Manager.

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OCEAN FRONT FIREPROOF
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

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Kentucky Ave. and Boardwalk. Ocean Pier. Orchestra. Dancing. THOMAS W. BRIDE.

WELLSBORO
Kentucky Av., near Beach. Moderate rates. Bathing from hotel. MYERS & PROTHERO.

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AVON INN Special Rates During June
NOW Dancing, Tennis, Boating, Golf
OPEN An Entire Block on the Ocean Front. THOMAS F. PENNA.

THE LAFAYETTE
NOW OPEN FOR ROOMS ONLY
AMERICAN PLAN OPENING JUNE 19TH
Exclusive patronage; beautiful outlook; private bathing; dancing; Palm Garden; orchestra. M. M. FROST & SON, Owners & Managers.

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Watch Hill, R. I.
Open June 19th, 1920.
FINEST Seashore resort on the Atlantic Coast. Fine boating, bathing and Motoring. Golf-Tennis, and the Social Center.
AFTERNOON TEA
Dancing special feature this summer.
J. F. CHAMPLIN.

PINE GROVE SPRINGS
ON THE SHORE OF LAKE SPOFFORD, N. H. GOLF, TENNIS, FISHING, MOTORING, BOATING, DANCING.
OPEN JUNE 23
UNPRETENTIOUS, ATTRACTIVE, WHOLESOME.
BRADBURY B. SMITH, Manager.
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AND COTTAGES,
Lake Waramaug, New Preston, Conn., in the foothills of the Berkshires. Free golf, bathing, tennis, boating, fishing; beautiful drives; vegetables and milk from inn farm.

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Stockbridge, Mass.
IN THE BERKSHIRES, NOW OPEN.
Golf & Ready in Excellent Condition.
Route Books and Circulars on Request.
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ALLEN T. TREADWAY.

Free Vacation Booklet—The Green Mountains of Vermont. Lakes of Western Vermont. Lake of Cascades. Mountain Scenery. Tennis and Boarding Houses. Farm Homes in Vermont. Write Vermont Publicity Bureau, Montpelier, Vt.

NANTUCKET FURNISHED COTTAGE, the water; 10 rooms, bath. Rent, $400 for season. G. L. Westcott, South Weymouth, Mass.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The Mountain Paradise
KITTATINNY
Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
The Ideal, Accessible Mountain Resort Hotel. Open to December. Two hours from New York—Lackawanna R. R. Situated in private park, with miles of drives and pedestrian paths. Golf, Tennis, Garage, Boating, Bathing, Fishing. Modern baths, running water in rooms, elevators, electric lights, private garages. Exceptional cuisine. American plan; also a la carte service. Table unexcelled; supplied from Kittatinny farms. Orchestra, concerts, dances, Golf, tennis, saddle horses, bowling, boating, bathing, fishing, etc. Booklet, auto maps and terms upon request. Motor direct.
JOHN PURDY BOYD,
75 miles from New York.
Good roads all way.

THE KITTATINNY
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
The leading and most modern hotel of this famous region. Capacity 300. Golf, tennis, saddle horses, motoring, bathing. Orchestra. American plan. Also a la carte restaurant and grill. Booklet, rates, maps and terms upon request. Under Family Care.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,800	†Acme Coal	8¾	7	8
1,000	†Aetna Explo	10	9¾	10
300	†Allied Pack	18	17	18
200	†Aluminum	22¾	22	22
500	†Am Candy	6¾	6¼	6¼
200	†Am Chicle	42	42	42
100	†Am Fuel Pf	64¼	63	63¼
4,500	†Car Lt & P	3¾	3½	3¾
100	†Conley Tin P	28½	26¾	26¾
11,000	†Gen Asphalt	77¼	73¾	77¼
300	†G'dyear Pint	19	18	18
3,100	†Grape-Cola	1¾	1¾	1¾
4,000	De pf	2¾	2½	2¾
2,000	†Guant'namo	24	22½	24
100	†Hav Tob pf	9¼	9¼	9¼
1,000	†HerculesPdr	23	22¾	23
1,400	†Hoe Co., Cl. A	4¾	4¼	4¾
300	Inter Rub	11½	11½	11½
4,300	†K'kay Co Gas	1¾	1¾	1¾
300	†Lig-MarCoal	3	3	3
100	†Mercer Meta	17¾	17	17¾
1,500	†Nat Vanadi	3¾	3¾	3¾

STANDARD OIL ISSUES.

200	†Anglo-American Oil	24½	24	24

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

2,200	†Allied Oil	29	27	29
1,000	†AmerWyo	1	¾	1
1,200	Acadia Oil	1¼	1	1¼
3,500	BigheartPAR	11¾	11	11¾
2,000	Boone Oil	8¾	8¾	8¾
1,000	†Bas-WygOil	3	2¾	3
7,000	†Cent Pet	18	17	17¾
4,000	†C S & T Sh	25¾	25	25¾
500	†Cos & Co	7¾	7	7¾
3,100	†Cush Pet	1¾	1¼	1¾
1,000	†Dom Oil	10¾	10	10¾
1,700	†Fitts O & G	12¾	12¾	12¾
1,000	†Fresh Oil Ref	7¾	7¾	7¾
600	Eng Pet	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,000	†Ertel Oil	3	3	3
4,000	†Fam P & G	3¾	3¾	3¾
500	†Glenrock O	2¾	2¾	2¾
600	†Glenrock O	2¾	2¾	2¾
600	†Granada O	10	9¾	10
400	†Guf-Ohio Oil	26½	26¼	26½
300	†GumCoveOil	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,100	†Harry C Oil	5	4¾	4¾
200	†Hope Gas	67	67	67
100	†Houston Oil	75	75	75
1,300	†Hudson Oil	¾	¾	¾
100	†Int Petr	25	24	25
4,400	†Invincible O	30	28	28½
3,000	†Island O&T	6¾	6¼	6¾
500	†King P Cor	3¼	3¼	3¼
800	†Lone S Gas	25½	24	25
100	†Manhat Oil	7¾	7¾	7¾
700	†Merritt O C	16¼	15¾	16¼

MINING STOCKS.

300	A-B Col M	1¼	1¼	1¼
200	†Am Mines	1	1	1
1,600	Ariz Cr Cop	18	17	18
5,400	†Atlanta	1½	1	1½
4,000	†Big Ledge	1	¾	1
2,700	†Boone Ry & Ld	8¼	7¾	8¼
16,000	Big Ledge	¾	¼	¾
2,100	†Booth	4	3¾	4
13,000	†Candelaria	27	25	26
13,000	Cand Sil	¾	¼	¾
4,900	†Cashboy	6	5	6
184	†Con Vir Sil	2¾	2¾	2¾
4,300	†Cortez Sil	60	53	60
1,000	†Dividend	37	36	37
3,500	El Sol Sil	2¾	2¼	2¾
2,700	†E C M Co	17	14	14
4,000	Emma Silver	9	8½	8¾
1,400	†Eureka Hill	1	1	1
3,000	†Forty-Niner	1¼	1	1
1,000	†Gadsden Cop	70	62	70
2,000	†Gold A D	17	16	16
500	†Gold Gate	¾	¾	¾
2,500	†Gold Con	10	9	9½
1,000	†Gold Sec	6¼	6¼	6¼
3,700	†Gold Star	1¾	1¾	1¾
4,500	†Gt Bend	2	2	2
200	Hecla Min	4¾	4¾	4¾
100	†Iron Cr Sil	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,700	†Jim Butler	16	15	15
3,500	†Jumbo Ext	6	6	6
3,700	†Kewanee	1¼	1	1¼
3,000	†Knox Dev	7	6½	6¾

BONDS.

$26,000	Allied Packers 6s			70
1,000	†Am Tel & Tel 6s, 1922			94¾
18,000	†Anglo-Am Oil 5s			94¾
5,000	†Belgian Gov 6s, 1937			86
92,000	†Belgian 7½s, 1945			97¼
4,000	†C, C & St L

TENANTS PURCHASE APARTMENT HOUSES

More Transactions Closed for West Side Holdings Under Co-operative Ownership Plan.

AN 86TH STREET DEAL

Negotiations Are Also Well Advanced for Acquisition of the Hendrik Hudson Annex.

Considerable interest continues to be manifested in the co-operative apartment ownership plan.

Tenants in the twelve-story building at 320 West Eighty-sixth Street, on a plot 72 by 102.2, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive, purchased the property yesterday from Charles Wynne and Louis H. Low and will operate the house themselves. Slawson & Hobbs negotiated the transaction. The building has been valued at $600,000 and shows an annual rent roll of about $81,000. It houses twenty-four families.

Deal for Hendrik Hudson Annex.

Negotiations are well advanced for the sale of the Hendrik Hudson Annex to tenants living in the building and elsewhere on the co-operative plan of ownership. The annex is a twelve-story structure and adjoins the Hendrik Hudson in 110th Street, where it has a frontage of 175 feet, with a frontage of 90.11 feet on Broadway. The deal is being arranged by Nassoit & Lanning. The annex contains fifty-eight apartments of suites of six to nine rooms.

It was also learned that the last of the sixteen subscribers for the Hendrik Hudson, which covers the remainder of the block front in 110th Street, west to Riverside Drive, where it occupies the block front to 111th Street, have been signed up, completing the deal for the property, which was also purchased under the co-operative plan of ownership arranged by the same brokers. The tenants have paid $1,325,600 for the latter structure, which contains seventy-two apartments. The buyers are Harold S. Hull, Frederick A. Halsey, F. M. Seamans, Dr. E. B. Petrie, the Rev. Dr. Newton, John O. Raymond, Franklin E. Reese, Mrs. H. P. Orendorff, Irving S. Josephs, A. P. Bourgsardes, A. C. Fredericks, Dr. Lillian Farrar and J. J. Henneblque.

The Hendrik Hudson was sold by the Norman Real Estate Corporation, Max Natanson, President, which also owns the Hendrik Hudson Annex.

A $350,000 Broadway Deal.

Byrne & Bowman have resold for the Realty Managers, Inc., Frank Begrisch, President, the six-story modern apartment house at the northwest corner of Broadway and 180th Street, on plot 97 by 150. The building is arranged for ten apartments on each floor, and is at present producing an income of about $42,000 per annum. The property was held at $350,000, and this was a cash transaction. The Realty Managers, Inc., purchased the property about a year ago. The present purchaser is Dr. Charles Levin and he will hold the building as an investment.

Acquires Apartment Site.

Harry Goodstein has purchased from Major Arthur S. Luria the vacant lot on the south side of 116th Street, 100 feet east of Amsterdam Avenue, 25 by 100, for immediate improvement. Mr. Goodstein will erect a studio apartment, plans for which have been drawn by George and Edward Blum, architects.

REFEREE FAVORS LEASING.

Three Properties in Financial District Involved.

A report was filed with the Supreme Court yesterday by James L. Clare, referee, favoring the leasing of the Orient Building and annex, 79 to 80 Wall Street, and the adjoining property, 114 Water Street, to the Broadway-John Street Corporation for a period of twenty-one years, with renewal privilege, at an annual rental of $50,000.

The property was purchased by John G. Agar and his wife, Agnes M., trustees of the estate of the late Joseph MacDonough, who died in San Francisco June 21, 1895, leaving a large estate.

The three properties were purchased for $811,425. Testimony before the referee given by real estate experts did not place the present value of the properties any higher than the purchase price.

The three properties are assessed at $675,000. A $300,000 blanket mortgage stands. According to the referee, the net return on the properties for the last ten years average 3½ per cent. The proposed rental will give a 5 per cent. return. The court has not acted on the report.

The Brooklyn Market.

The Burling Realty Company sold the northwest corner of Flatbush Avenue Extension and Johnson Street to the Texas Company. The property has a frontage of about 39 feet on Flatbush Avenue Extension, and will be used by the Texas Company as a gasoline filling station.

Realty Associates sold to Frank and Joseph Luzzi a four-story apartment house at 319 Twenty-ninth Street, 27.9 by 100.3. The broker in the transaction was Rose Chianese.

The Henry L. Nielsen offices sold the one-family dwelling at 838 Fifth Street for Joseph Gross to H. L. Talbot for occupancy; also the three-story dwelling at 466 Second Street for Mrs. A. Adamson to Miss C. Cain.

Nellie Stephens sold to Benjamin Katzenstein for occupancy a one-family house at 1,733 Seventy-seventh Street.

E. B. M. and H. Holding Company sold to Nellie Stephens a six-room residence at 1,930 Eighty-third Street.

Commercial Leases.

Albert H. Ashforth, Inc., leased to the Louis K. Liggett Company the store and basement on the northwest corner of Broadway, Audubon Place and 187th Street. L. J. Phillips & Co. represented the owners.

Bastine & Co. leased to the Hub Carpet Company of Philadelphia for a term of years the building recently completed at 18 West Twenty-fourth Street.

Westchester County.

Prince & Ripley sold for W. A. Siewers a new Colonial house at the corner of Walworth and Colden Avenues, White Plains, to M. A. MacIntire of New York City. It was held at $20,000.

Edward C. Griffin and P. H. Collins sold for Edward F. Campbell of Pelham his cottage on Cedar Avenue to Mrs. Margaret M. Leamy.

Auction Result.

Only one parcel of real estate was scheduled to be sold at auction yesterday. The result is as follows:

AT 16 VESEY STREET.

By Jacob H. Mayers.

97th St., 419 E., s of 3d Av, 20x100.5; 3-story bk tnt; Corinne Rocho vs Peter Duffy et al; Jos. T. Ryan, attorney; John H. Regan, referee; due on judgment, $20,376.33; taxes, etc., $8,589.05. Sold to the plaintiff for $25,000.

BIG LOT SALES TODAY.

2,646 Parcels Will Go to Highest Auction Bidders.

Four big auction sales of suburban property are scheduled today, at which a total of 2,646 lots will be offered in Jamaica, Westchester and New Jersey.

Sale of the remaining unsold 2,000 lots at Jamaica Estates, City of New York, will begin by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, on the premises, opposite the Lodge, at 1 o'clock. The lots extend north from Hillside Avenue to Union Turnpike and are at a high elevation. On the west the lots begin at Midland Parkway, extending east to Hillside Avenue and having the facilities of the Hillside (Jamaica) and Hollis Stations on the L. I. Railroad, and a 5-cent fare via the Jamaica Avenue extension of the B. R. T. Rapid Transit system, the terminus station of which is at Grand Avenue, Jamaica.

The I. Lincoln Seide Company will offer 115 lots at Jamaica Junction, Fourth Ward, Borough of Queens. The sale will take place under a tent, which has been erected on the corner of Southern Boulevard and New York Avenue, Jamaica Junction, where the Far Rockaway and Rosedale car lines cross. This sale will liquidate the original development of 450 lots, 325 of which have been sold and on which 76 homes have been erected and are now occupied.

At 1:30 P. M., on the premises at Ridge Road and Rutherford Avenue, Rutherford, N. J., the real estate holdings of Cosmo Farquhar will be sold at auction, by Arthur C. Sheridan. There are eighteen plots, size 50 by 100 each.

Immediately after this sale Mr. Sheridan will go to Bernardsville where more than 200 villa plots and twenty acreage plots will be sold to partition the interests of Charles A. Moran and Charles C. Marshall.

Considerable interest is being shown in the latter sale, as the property adjoins numerous country estates of well-known New Yorkers, including Richard V. Lindabury, John Sloane, Haley Fiske and James Cox Brady.

A large auction sale of Westchester property is scheduled by Knapp & Wakefield, auctioneers. Involved in the sale are 313 lots, situated in the residential section known as Longview Ridge, fronting on Long Island Sound. They are the property of the estates of Sarah H. Bush and Andrew Bush.

BUSINESS BUILDINGS SOLD.

Delevan House, a Bowery Landmark, Changes Ownership.

The Delevan House, a Bowery landmark, has just changed hands for the first time in several decades. It is a five-story structure, on a lot 25 by 104.9, at 143 Bowery, near Broome Street, and has been purchased by Nathaniel H. Lyons from Mary H. Delafield. According to the ownership records the last conveyance was made in 1888.

Wm. H. Whiting & Co. have sold for Grace E. Rupp and Agnes A. Lauben the six-story warehouse property at 31 Leonard Street, located 24.10 feet west of Varick Street and covering a plot 25 by 91.

The Charles F. Noyes Company sold for the Wickham estate the five-story building, 55 Beekman Street, extending through to 35 Ann, on plot about 25 by 120.

Frank Hedley, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, sold the converted four-story dwelling, 41.8 by 98.9, at 62 and 64 West Thirty-eighth Street, to the West Thirty-eighth Street Realty Company.

Sales in the Bronx.

Edward Polak, Inc., sold 2,344 Hughes Avenue, a three-family frame dwelling, on a lot 18 by 100, for M. Marburg to Louis Glass; for H. A. Linton to Meyer Goldstein 1,883 Marmion Avenue, a three-story dwelling and garage on a plot 46 by 120; for Lethe Hallett to Mrs. E. M. Linton, 736 East 220th Street, a one-family frame dwelling and garage, on a plot 50 by 100; for I. Albert to Philip Feinberg and others 871 East 180th Street, a five-story apartment, with stores.

Scott & Martin sold to a client for William A. Cox 2 604 University Avenue, near Kingsbridge Road, a two-and-a-half-story dwelling and garage on a plot 50 by 250, held at $20,000.

E. Osborne Smith sold for Frank Begrisch the stores and dwellings at 103 to 107 Burnside Avenue to an investor.

The I. & H. Construction Company sold to G. Oberndorf 871 East 162d Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 25 by 95. Clarence Davies and Alexander Selkin negotiated the sale.

$1,000,000 L. I. City Factory.

A contract has been awarded to the White Construction Company to erect a six-story and basement manufacturing plant for the Atlantic Macaroni Company, Inc., at Vernon Avenue and Fourteenth Street, Long Island City.

The building will be 93 by 400 feet, of reinforced concrete construction. One of the unusual features of the building is that it contains wide light courts on each side, thus assuring the owners the maximum amount of light and fresh air at all times. The contractor has undertaken to erect the building in 130 working days. The cost of the completed structure will be close to $1,000,000.

Senator Calder Leases House.

The Lewis H. May Company, in conjunction with William K. Macdonald, leased for William Rosenbaum his country estate on Broadway, Woodmere, L. I., consisting of two acres of ground, fully furnishing a residence and outbuildings, to Senator William M. Calder for the Summer season.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES V. CROWLEY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, June 17, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 90 Greene Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of loose diamonds, 2 brilliant 2.03 carats, 9 brilliant 2.83, 12 brilliant 3.21, 25 brilliant 3.47, 6 brilliant 1.44, 8 brilliant 2.26, 5 brilliant 1.06, 7 brilliant 1.71, 4 brilliant 0.94, 4 brilliant 0.44, 18 brilliant 7.10, 20 brilliant 14.12, 15 brilliant 5.45, 12 brilliant 2.75, 15 brilliant 3.94, 20 brilliant 7.44, 10 brilliant 3.05, 10 brilliant 20.51, 17 brilliant 12.60 and melo 32.95. Total weight 227.94 carats.

BARTHOLOMEW A. BRICKLEY,
WILLIAM E. YOUNGMAN,
J. MOTT HALLOWELL,
Receivers.

CHADBOURNE, HUNT & JAECKEL, Attorneys for Receivers, 165 Broadway, New York.

RHEINE & WEINRIBB,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM E. ROSE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, June 18, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 90 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, desks, chairs, typewriters, filing cabinets, fixtures, &c. Also the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.

HARRY ZALKIN, Receiver.

H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorney for Receiver, 303 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM LAPKIN, trading as LORRAINE DRESS COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, June 18, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 130 West 28th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, office furniture, desks, chairs, fixtures, &c. Also the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.

NATHANIEL PHILLIPS, Receiver.

EDWARD S. LEVY, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Fifth Avenue, New York.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS, HAZELHURST AND ROOSEVELT FIELDS.

Sealed bids are invited for purchase of all buildings, structures and fixtures now in place, located on Hazelhurst and Roosevelt Fields, Long Island, N. Y., until 11 o'clock A. M. on June 30, 1920. The bids will then be opened, and award made thereafter as per specifications. Information as to terms and specifications of the sale may be obtained from the Commanding Officer, Mitchel Field, to whom all bids should be delivered. Inspection of the property to be sold is invited.

PRIVATE DWELLING SALES.

Justice McAvoy Acquires Home on West 140th Street.

Supreme Court Justice John V. McAvoy has purchased from Annie K. Schoen, the four-story dwelling at 455 West 140th Street, on lot 20 by 99.11, held at $25,000. Moore, Schutte & Co. were the brokers.

J. K. Byard resold 234 West Fourth Street, southeast corner of Eleventh Street, a three-story dwelling, 21.1 by 53.6, which the buyer will alter for his own occupancy. Mr. Byard recently purchased five houses at this point from Harris & Maurice Mandelbaum.

Mrs. Charles Westbrook resold 213 East Forty-eighth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, 16.3 by 100, which she purchased recently from Maurice V. Freund.

Nail & Parker sold for Theresa Robinson 102 West 136th Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 16.3 by 99.11.

William S. Baker sold for Martha C. Holly to Dr. Leo Mandelstam 306 West 103d Street, a four-story dwelling, 20 by 100.

George H. Ingalls purchased 154 East Seventy-eighth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, 16.9 by 100, from Diego De Suares. Douglas Gibbons & Co. were the brokers.

The Real Estate Management Company has sold for $25,000 for W. W. Shaw, attorney for Shaw estate, 20 West Ninetieth Street, to Mrs. Vierack, who will improve and occupy. The same broker sold the northeast corner of 141st Street and Lenox Avenue for the Pinkney estate to the Anthony Rubber Company.

William S. Steinmetz sold 1,863 Madison Avenue, a four-story dwelling, 22 by 80, for Paul S. Bolger to Mrs. Harriet Williams for occupancy; also the three-story house at the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and 126th Street, 20 by 82, for Miss Alida Purdy to Owen T. Muldoon, who will occupy. The latter property has not changed ownership in the last forty years.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff sold for Carl F. Grieshaber two lots on Fourth Street, Egbertville, to Bruno Rago, who will improve with a private dwelling.

The Cornell Real Estate and Auction Company sold for Holt & Gaillard a dwelling on Anderson and Washington Places, Port Richmond.

W. S. E. Hall sold to a Staten Island investor for John H. Madden two double houses at 80 to 82 and 84 to 86 State Street, West New Brighton.

NEW $1,500,000 BUILDING.

Planned for Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street.

Plans were filed yesterday for a twenty-three-story office building, with stores, to be erected on the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, to occupy a site 83.6 by 45 by irregular by 102, and to cost $1,500,000, according to the estimate of Buchman & Fox, architects.

The owners are given as the Borden Company, the Oceanic Investing Company, and Mrs. Clara E. Stetson. A large part of the site was sold recently by Thomas B. Hidden and was acquired subject to a mortgage of $200,000.

West Side Resale.

The George Dose Engineering Company, John R. Alteri, President, purchased from the C. I. Building Corporation, Louis Gold, President, the seven lots which were recently purchased from the Chandler estate, located at 527-533 West Fifty-fifth Street, extending to 528-532 West Fifty-sixth Street. The plot contains 17,500 square feet.

The buyer will immediately improve all or part of the site with a modern fireproof garage or service station. Edward M. Simmonds negotiated the transaction.

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GO TO JAMAICA ESTATES TO-DAY

AND BUY A HOME SITE AT YOUR OWN PRICE

Beautifully Wooded Residential

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TO BE SOLD IN SEPARATE LOTS

$10 Secures a $100 Lot $20 Secures a $200 Lot
$50 Secures a $500 Lot

10% Today, 20% in 30 Days, 70% on Mortgage

ABSOLUTE PUBLIC AUCTION

On the Premises, at 1 o'clock P. M., Rain or Shine, in Large Tent

50%@5%
60%@5½%
70%@6%
} may remain on mortgage

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67 Liberty Street
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New York City

Liberty Bonds will be accepted at Market Value on day of Sale. Savings Bank Books accepted as Deposit, on proper assignment.

Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer

AUTOMOBILE ROUTE (via 59th Street)—Queensboro Bridge, Queens Boulevard to Hillside Avenue to Jamaica Estates.

SPECIAL TRAIN TO-DAY

From Penn. Station 33d St. & 7th Ave.
From Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn at **12:15**

FREE Railroad Tickets from my Representative at Special Train Gate before train time.

Buses will also meet express trains at Jamaica (Main Station) all day To-day

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WHY IS IT

that Bronx and Manhattan lots in residential districts reach a value of $7,500 to $50,000 each, while lots in residential districts of Brooklyn and Queens reach a value of $2,500 to $7,500 each.

BECAUSE

on an average 40 foot plot in Brooklyn or Queens one or two families live and pay rent of only $750 to $2,500 a year. While on an average 40 foot plot in the Bronx or Manhattan 20 to 40 families live and pay yearly rentals of $7,500 to $25,000.

EXPERIENCE

has shown that residential lots in the Bronx bought for $300 to $500, when the section is built up become worth $5,000 to $7,500 each.

While residential lots in Brooklyn or Queens bought for $300 to $500, when the section is built up seldom become more valuable than $2,500 to $3,500 each

THE BRONX IS DEVELOPING

the same as Manhattan.

To make real money you should

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To Help Relieve the Housing Situation

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will sell at absolute auction

OF 1400 LOTS SUITABLE FOR HOMES WITHIN THE 5c FARE ZONE

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JUNE 22nd, 23d and 24th.

80% can remain on mortgage

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Property is a few minutes' walk east of station.

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Fred'k H. Denman, 170 Broadway
} *Att'ys*

J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 149th St. & 3rd Ave.
JOSEPH P. DAY, 67 Liberty Street,
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Four story high stoop Colonial brown-stone private dwellings in the new social centre. Basement on street line; cellar level with yard, making six stories. Unusual light and open rear. Easily modernized. Adjoining corner now being altered for occupancy. Caretaker on corner.

To Be Sold at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel 5th Ave. at 34th Street Next Wednesday Night

Leases on all Houses offered exclusive or can be cancelled on or before next Feb. 1.

Other Houses to Be Sold at This AUCTION SALE:

77 East 55th St. 4-sty. dwelling on lot 16.8x76.10.
169-171-173 West 125th St. 3-sty. dwellings on lot 21x100.8.
111-113-115-117 East 81st St. 3-sty. dwellings on lot 20x102.2.
979 Lexington Av. 3-sty. dwelling on lot 17.6x60.
109 East 72d St. 4-sty. dwelling on lot 18x104.6.
110 East 60th St. 4-sty. dwelling on lot 20x100.5.
101 West 80th St. 3-sty. dwelling on lot 16.2x100.8½.
256 West 94th St. 3-sty. dwelling on lot 18x102.2.
1610 Lexington Av. 3-sty. dwelling on lot 16.7x75.

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Cort. 1946. 206 Broadway.
Cort. 746. 61 Liberty St. Agents and Auctioneers.

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$15,000 CASH
Apartment House—20 Families
4 and 5 Rooms
122-4 West 99th Street
Size 42x100.11
Rents $10,000; Less Than $10 Per Room
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BIG SACRIFICE
19 West 16th St.—25x92 Ft.
Four story and-basement, private house, 18 rooms, every modern improvement. Good for business, social or residential purposes. Apply on premises, or
DAVID PASINSKY,
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2 Story, 100x100
Just completed; small cash required; easy terms; immediate possession.
J. J. MEENAN, Inc.,
Broadway & 66th St. Columbus 6818

816 FIFTH AVE.
22 ft. 6 in. front
5 Story American Basement Dwelling 17 Rooms, 6 Baths and Elevator.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
RENT ATTRACTIVE.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY
141 BROADWAY.

56TH STREET.
Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive, Four-story,
14 Rooms, 5 Baths. Fine House. Bargain to quick buyer. Immediate possession. Also
460 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
4-story and basement, 20x102. Price $32,500 to quick buyer.
E. E. FARAS,
21 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 9755.

We Will Execute Bids for Buyers Who Cannot Attend the DWELLING AUCTION SALE Next Wednesday Night, June 16, at Waldorf-Astoria
JOHN J. KAVANAUGH,
905 Madison Av. Rhinelander 220.

AMERICAN BASEMENT
17 foot. East 60's. Unusual garden. Duplex apartment, 2 suites; Bachelor Apartments. Attractive price and terms.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 EAST 42d St.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
BEAUTIFUL HOME
16-room 2-family house, all conceivable improvements, with city and country life combined. Must be seen to appreciate.
Open for inspection from Saturday 2 P. M. and all day Sunday.
Owner, 1,642 Harrison Avenue.

We Will Execute Bids for Buyers Who Cannot Attend the DWELLING AUCTION SALE Next Wednesday Night, June 16, at Waldorf-Astoria
WM. SEIXAS CO.
307 5th Av. 1458 Gr'd. Murray Hill 6826

BOND AND STOCK QUOTATIONS. Durable and handsome, contain a year's issues of The Annalist sent to any address in the United States on receipt of $1.50. Tables of quotations always at hand in a minute. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEA GATE
Furnished, Residence for Season
IDEAL OCEAN-SIDE PARK
Every modern improvement and rest resort
Private boat service to Battery
Home of the Atlantic Yacht Club.
Excellent transit for the business man.
Rents $1,500 to $3,500 for season.
WILLIAM P. RAE CO.,
Sea Gate Exclusive Agency, Surf Av., at West 37th St. Tel. Coney Island 1080.
or 192 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Elegant corner residence, large plot, 11 rooms, 2 baths, electric lights, parquet floors; best section Flatbush; price $25,000. Quick buyer address
E. J. MERKERT,
1,367 Broadway, corner Gates Av.
Telephone Bushwick 7177.

8-family apartment, five five-room and three six-room apartments, all vacant first of October; will rent for approximately $6,000 per annum; price $30,000 to quick buyer.
ADDRESS E. J. MERKERT,
1,367 Broadway, Brooklyn, cor. Gates Ave.
Phone Bushwick 7177.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WATERFRONT On the Sound, 40 minutes from Grand Central. A client, owing to change in business compelling him to move West, offers his home for sale, containing 21 rooms, 6 baths, vapor heat, all modern improvements, in perfect condition; 6-car garage, suite rooms above same; several acres; all kinds flowers, shrubs and trees; over 1,000 ft. water front; must be sold quick at an attractive price.
OLCOTT & EGGER
61 East 42d, N. Y. Tel. Mur. Hill 8326.

SCARSDALE
New Colonial house, 9 rooms, 3 baths, spacious porch. Plot 144 ft. Price $24,000; convenient terms.
JOSEPH ELSENER
Scarsdale, N. Y. Tel. 267 Scarsdale

Beautiful Home in Larchmont.
FURNISHED.
For rent from July 1st to Sept. 15th. Has 9 large rooms, large screened porches, beautiful flowers and shrubbery, about ¼ acre of ground, large garage. Reasonable rent to responsible party. Phone Larchmont 708. D. Robertson.
70 STUYVESANT AVE., LARCHMONT.

A TRULY ARTISTIC HOUSE
10 rooms, 3 baths, large studio attached; beautifully landscaped grounds; shrubbery winding brook; lily pond; in ideal setting; highly restricted colony; near depot. Gramatan and city. Particulars and photo. L. H. WARREN, owner, Stuyvesant Building.

GRASP THIS OPPORTUNITY
Vicinity Gedney Farms Country Club residence, 9 rooms, two baths; garage. Exceptional parcel; 2½ acres.
G. ALBERT THOMPSON
Realty Bldg., White Plains, N. Y.

Larchmont Beautiful Colonial, 8 years old; 9 rooms, 3 baths; 2 car garage. $37,500. Also Colonial 7 rooms, 3 baths; high ground. $15,500.
OLCOTT & EGGER 61 East 42nd St. Tel. Murray Hill 8326.

I WILL SELL
old homestead, 9 rooms and bath. Land 60x196, bearing fruit trees. Excellent neighborhood. Write
MRS. G. A. THOMPSON,
13 Valley Road White Plains, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

GREAT NECK, LONG ISLAND
Beautiful small country home; shade and fruit trees, garden; 6 rooms and bath; hot water heat; plot 75x196; 2-car garage; price $12,500.
MANHASSET, LONG ISLAND
New house, 7 rooms and bath; hot water heat; electric lights; gas; plot 50x100; 5 minutes from station; price $11,000.
New house, 6 rooms and bath; steam heat; electric lights, gas; plot 50x100; price $7,000.
All above open for inspection Saturday and Sunday to client.
THOMAS O'CONNELL,
MANHASSET, LONG ISLAND.
TELEPHONE MANHASSET 206.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Directly on the Ocean
At West Hampton Beach, L. I.
FOR RENT

Unable to occupy; will sublet beautiful four-acre estate furnished, fronting directly on the ocean and bay. Has Six master's bedrooms, four baths, four servants' rooms and bath and two-car garage.

This place is one of the finest in West Hampton and was rented by me very early in the season. Any one desiring a complete property with beautiful sandy beach will find this place very interesting. Rental, $4,000 for the season.

Call Rector 9248 or address "Hampton," P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York, N. Y.

Own a Home in **LONG BEACH** Only 3 Left

6 Room Stucco Cottages

Bungalow style; all modern improvements; electric light, gas, steam heat, paved streets, sewers, etc.

PRICE $5,500

$1,000 down, balance monthly, as rent. Four blocks from main railroad station. Block from Queens Water Station.
Agent on Premises.
Inquire Mrs. Newburn, Park Place, Long Beach, L. I., near Mollitore's Hotel.
Forest Park Heights Bldg Co., Owner, Telephone Orchard 6281 or after 6 P. M. Newtown 1112.

Forest Hills Gardens
For Rent Furnished:

New Colonial tapestry brick home. Frontage on entire block. Grounds beautifully landscaped. Two massive living rooms, spacious dining room, breakfast porch and sun parlor. Large airy kitchen with pantry and servants' dining room. Three master bedrooms, with two luxurious baths and lavatory on second floor. Two large guest rooms, with beautiful bathrooms and store room on third floor. Two car garage contains two servants' rooms with bath. Apply Rego Sales Office on property, or Phone Forest Hills 6200.

SHOREHAM
On Long Island Sound.
THE FINEST BEACH
on Long Island (if not in the United States?)
ONE BEAUTIFUL HOME
Available there at an attractive price and upon reasonable terms to suit the purchaser. For permit to inspect property, call or address OWNER, Fourth Floor, 505 Madison Av., or at SHOREHAM INN at SHOREHAM, on Saturdays and Sundays.

LONG BEACH
50 BUNGALOWS 50
For rent furnished, with improvements. Call on Welsh & Farrell, Bus from station.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Why pay rent? Be your own landlord and buy a home in the
Lorington Apartments
CENTRAL PARK WEST, N. W. COR. 70TH ST.
WE ARE OFFERING ON THE CO-OPERATIVE PLAN SUITES OF 10 & 11 ROOMS EACH, WITH 3 BATHS.
Subscription to the Capital Stock in the Corporation Owning the Property in Amounts of
$20,000 to $33,000
The subscriber is entitled to a 99-year lease of the apartment selected, without further payment of rent. We are limited to 15 apartments. Prompt action insures the best selection of location.
Further particulars
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LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN
$8,000 buys beautiful $10,000 house; furnished; site; fine surroundings; near station; half hour Manhattan; large plot; wide boulevard; parquetry, open fireplace, tiled bath, tiled kitchen, artistic decorations; $2,000 cash; easy payments; save brokerage.
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CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GREENWICH, CONN.
UNUSUAL APARTMENTS
Six large rooms and two spacious porches. Co-Operative ownership, $15,000 to $20,000.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 E. 42d ST.

OUT OF TOWN REAL ESTATE.

JENKINTOWN, PENNA.
"IDLEWYLDE"
Late Residence of Watson F. Fugan, Dec'd Banker.
Beautiful home of distinctive colonial type with all the appointments of a first class establishment.
Six acres of lawns and gardens fronting on Old York Road. Direct express service to New York City.
PRICE, $125,000.
THE PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA,
400 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

READY TO MOVE IN!

Prices $8,000 to $14,000
$1,500 Cash $45 per Monthly

Buys beautiful new suburban house, 20 minutes from New York; 6, 7 and 8 modern rooms, breakfast room, sleeping porch, sun parlor, butler's pantry, Colonial open fireplace, tiled bathroom with low built-in porcelain tub, oversized shower, finished with basement, garage. Owners, entire plans for floor layout, steam heat, up-to-date electric light fixtures, large porch, sewers, gas and electricity.
Phone, Call or Write.
AMERICAN HOME BUILDERS
20 Cortlandt St., N. Y. Phone Cortlandt 7750

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN
$8,000 buys beautiful $10,000 house; furnished; site; fine surroundings; near station; half hour Manhattan; large plot; wide boulevard; parquetry, open fireplace, tiled bath, tiled kitchen, artistic decorations; $2,000 cash; easy payments; save brokerage.
Telephone OWNER, 6515 Hollis

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PRICE, $125,000.
THE PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA,
400 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

CALDWELL, N. J.
FAMOUS HEALTH RESORT
For sale, one hour from New York, new seven-room servantless houses now ready for occupancy, located on Marshall St., between Clinton and Arlington Aves. All improvements, including electricity, steam heat, hardwood floors, whitewood throughout; sun-porch and wide lot. See agent on premises or phone Caldwell 9192R.

LEONIA HEIGHTS, N. J.
At pre-war price, frame house, 9 rooms, hardwood floors, garage; excellent condition, trees, shrubs, etc.; $9,000; $2,000 cash, balance easy terms; immediate possession. Tel. Sunday Leonia 1407 or
OLCOTT & EGGER
61 East 42d, N. Y. Tel. Mur. Hill 8326.

For Rent—Asbury Park
From June 15th to September 15th, fully furnished, large roomy house, seven sleeping rooms, two baths, billiard room, large and spacious porch garage for two cars, located First Avenue, near Grand. $1,600.
For full particulars, apply
C. L. YOUNG, 130 LIBERTY ST.
Telephone Rector 450.

SUMMER HOMES—For Sale or To Let.

CONNECTICUT.

A Beautiful Summer Home with no servant problem.
A magnificent house, 7 masterly bedrooms, 3 baths, 3 living rooms, separate servants' quarters, beautifully furnished; spacious landscaped grounds; fine view; located on the river shore at
Saybrook Point, Conn.,
NEAR BEACH
$1,400 for season; will guarantee satisfactory care of house and laundry for $100 month extra.
Phone 100 Saybrook, Ct.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FURNISHED OFFICES.
A suite of seven completely furnished offices, containing 600 sq. ft., with telephone service, electric light, heat; janitor service included; ready for immediate occupancy; on 16th floor of modern Fourth Av. building.
Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc.,
295 Fifth Avenue.
Tel. Vanderbilt 4361.

LOFTS, 75 x 116 FT.
and 25x116, 2 elevators; steam heat; excellent light suitable either as warehousing; Hudson Street and West Broadway. Rent reasonable.
DUROSS CO., 156 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICE SPACE 50 BROAD STREET

Broadex Realty Corporation, owner

Owing to bankruptcy of present tenant there will be available from July 1st splendid office space of approximately 4,000 square feet, advantageously located on one of the upper stories; also space of approximately 350 square feet.

Address applications to A. L. Hayman, care of Broadex Realty Corporation, Room 1417, 50 Broad Street. Telephone Broad 6530.

Negotiations only with principals. No offers from brokers or agents entertained.

New 17-Story Building
ENTIRE BLOCK FRONT,
Seventh Avenue
30TH TO 31ST STS.
ADJOINING
Pennsylvania Station
NEAR MAIN POST OFFICE,
ABOUT
40,000 SQ. FT. PER FLOOR.
Unobstructed Light.
FOR RENT
STORES
OFFICES AND ENTIRE FLOORS
Ideal location for Executive Offices, Financial Institutions or Salesrooms.
NO MANUFACTURING.
Apply to Your Own Broker or
REGENT REALTY COMPANY, 33 W. 42d St.

Lofts
Pearl Street
31x83
Suitable for offices, storage or light manufacturing.
Also Cemented Basement
33x100
Suitable for truckmen.
Immediate Possession
Call John 1485.

OFFICES
Facing Times Square.
Apply to Supt.
Putnam Bldg., B'way & 43rd St
or
THEO. C. YOUNG, Agent
16 E. 42nd St.,
Murray Hill 8500.

LOFTS—POSSESSION
STORE AND BASEMENT
4,000 to 20,000 feet.
144 to 150 West 18th St.
S. & N. REALTY, INC.
68 East 125th St.
Tel. 5660 Stuyvesant or 9870 Schuyler.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS
SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIAN OR DENTIST.
740 West End Av.
CORNER 96TH ST.
6 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.
417 Riverside Drive
CORNER 116TH ST.
7 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE
Choice front apartment, 7 rooms, foyer, and maid; immediate possession. Apply to
THOMAS J. O'REILLY
B'way and 100th St. Academy 1600.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Attractive 3 Room & Bath Apartment
Immediate Possession.
RENT INCLUDES SERVICE
William J. Rooms & Co., Inc.
117 MADISON AVE.

BRONX.

OPEN FOR INSPECTION
Grand Concourse
S. E. Corner 176th St.
2-3-4-5 Room Apts
Large Foyers
All modern improvements
Jerome Ave. Subway Station,
at 176th Street.

BROOKLYN.

NEW APARTMENTS 3-4-5 ROOMS
Now Being Completed in Flatbush
with every modern improvement.
NEWKIRK AV.,
Between Ocean Av. and East 21st St.
Take Brighton Local to Newkirk Av. Station or Flatbush Av. trolley to Newkirk Av.

109 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
4 rooms and bath $118
5 rooms and bath 30
6 rooms and bath (housekeeping) 135
Clinton Trading Corporation
128 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Main 2940.

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ALPINE APARTMENTS
Park Avenue at 36th St.
Weehawken, New Jersey.
Palisades, West Shore Railroad.
30 minutes ride from Palisades car or bus.
Four and Five Room Apartments
now ready to be leased.
Rent $70 to $140.
Excellent location & district.
All Applicants must furnish references
OSCAR HOGENKLUG, Inc.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan.

Owner for sale near 119th St.-9th Av., $12,75, suitable for any business, store; 4-room apartment and bath, electric light, gas heater; open daily, afternoon 2-5, or by appointment. Call Fr. Whitemore, 870 Audubon Av. Wadsworth 3019.

160th, near Riverside Drive—Beautifully furnished house, 14 rooms, 4 baths, hot water heat, electricity and parquet floors throughout; will private house only; one or two years lease; $600. Cathedral 8826.

Owner, at forced better sales statement accepted $1,500 per yearly income; $9,000 cash. Owner, 267 West 45th.

Bronx.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
2-FAM. BRICK DWS. near transportation; convenience to Subway Av. & Jerome Av. stations; 6 & 6 rms. & bths.; all improvements; separate entrances; steam heat; elec. light; parquet floors; all newly decorated throughout; open for inspection. Ask for Mr. Butterly. Terms to suit.

For Sale—Richmond Hill, L. I., beautiful home, 9 rooms and bath, all improvements; most desirable street; lot 50x100; garage; combination sun parlor and large open porch; can be seen Saturday and Sunday. 32 Waterbury Av. Phone 929 Richmond Hill.

Stewart Manor—Pennsylvania or Brooklyn, 45 minutes; Hempstead line); six detached modern (new) stucco houses; electricity; garage; immediate possession; $4,300; cash $1,000. B. C. Vermilmer, 220 West 42d. Bryant 8263.

Port Washington, Long Island—Half hour from Pennsylvania Station; 7 rooms and bath, detached corner, garage, 125 feet front, vacant; asking $12,500; make offer. Attorney, Room 1006, 41 Park Row, New York.

North Shore—Port Washington; bathing; express, 25 minutes; desirable sections; 6, 7, 9 room houses; modern; all improvements; garage; $8,500 upward. B. C. Vermilmer, 220 West 42d. Telephone Bryant 9263.

Rockville Centre, exceptional bargain, house of 6 rooms, bath, heat, gas, electricity; plot 60x140; price $6,000, terms. W. J. Conway, 47 West 34th St., or 28 North Park Av., Rockville Centre.

Just completed a number of very attractive 7-room detached houses, 2 blocks from station, 18 minutes from New York; terms arranged. Take West Shore train to Middletown St., Jamaica, L. I. Greeley 6216.

North Shore—Douglas Manor; bathing; express, 23 minutes; eight rooms, modern; Dutch colonial tapestry, brick house; 2 tiled baths; brick garage; large plot; $16,000. B. C. Vermilmer, 220 West 42d. Bryant 9263.

Lynbrook, L. I.—15-room house; hot water heat; 2-car garage, on plot 100x150; value $27,000; price $20,000; immediate possession. Address Y 2128 Times Annex.

Two-room house; two baths, beautiful shrubbery, plot 80x140; 25 minutes from Pennsylvania; price $11,500. T. S. Mullen, Wantagh, L. I.

Modern cottage, shore front, Bellport; 2 baths; electricity; near golf club; rent $800, or sell less than building's cost; easy terms. Frank Axtell, Bellport.

Owner leaving for Europe must sell furnished house, cottage, Southold, L. I.; very cheap. Phone 1704-R Main, or Jas. G. Frost, Hunnegal, Southold, L. I.

For Rockaway—10-room house on Grand View Av., near beach; large plot of ground. Miller, 10 Lenox Av., N. Y. Tel. 6746 Harlem or Far Rockaway 1025.

Forest Hills, L. I.—9-room brick house; 3 minutes from station; on plot 100x100; $21,000. Card Mayer Development Co., Forest Hills, L. I. Phone Boulevard 6256.

BEAUTIFUL NEW GARDENS HOME.
Hollow tile, 9 rooms, 2 baths.
Corner plot.
A. L. Hinggley, 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6900.

10 room house, all modern improvements, large porches, fireplace; garage; large plot, shade trees, hedges; newly decorated; $9,000; $3,750 cash. Owner, 2105 Bryant.

Forest Hills, L. I., 9-room brick house, 3 minutes from station, on plot 100x100; $21,000. Card Mayer Development Co., Forest Hills, L. I. Phone Boulevard 6256.

Beautiful Flushing—Builder will sacrifice new 7-room house; $15,000; ready August; excellent location. A 1066 Times Annex.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

SEE OUR LARGE ADVERTISEMENT IN DISPLAY COLUMN REGARDING AUCTION SALE OF EIGHTEEN FINE MANHATTAN HOMES.
M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO.
JOSEPH P. DAY.
AGENTS AND AUCTIONEERS.

Close Estate—Large corner, best section Washington Heights; 42 families; every improvement; present rents, $44,000; from October 1, over $50,000; sell for $360,000; $50,000 cash required. W. M., 142 Times.

$3,000 will buy 5-story double flat apartment, near 50th St. subway; exceptional opportunity for investor. Other desirable offerings. Peter Grimm, 50 East 42d St.

A FIVE-STORY FLAT, TWO STORES, 1,248 SQ. FT. NEAR 125TH ST., WILL SELL CHEAP. SILBERSTEIN, 3 EAST 125TH ST.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Owner must sell two-family limestone front dwelling, 13 rooms, 2 baths and separate toilets, electric lights, steam heat, parquet floors; directly opposite Sunset Park; must be seen to be appreciated; $5,000 cash, balance on agreeable terms. Full particulars can be had on premises all day Saturday, 550 44th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

GARAGE FOR SALE.
One story garage, 100x100, almost filled with cars; rules right; reasonable terms; excellent condition; wonderful opportunity to invest in good real estate and at same time have a good growing business. Inquire 925 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn.

Country Houses—For Sale or to Let

Westchester County.

$22,000.
CORNER PLOT, 100x175.
Choicest section of New Rochelle; living room, dining room, library and kitchen, four master bedrooms, tiled bath, extra lavatory, two maids' rooms and bath; exceptionally large billiard room; gas, electricity, hot water heat; recently decorated throughout; floors in condition; large veranda; wonderful variety of costly shrubs and dozen old shade trees; 10 minutes to station.
BURKE STONE, INC.
Phone Bronxville 1480. Bronxville, N. Y.

WHITE PLAINS.
Exceptional opportunity to buy 9-room Colonial home, convenient to station with all modern improvements; attractive grounds; large shade trees; spacious flower, vegetable and fruit gardens; price reasonable; terms to suit. Corner Mamaroneck Road and Linda Av., or 547 Riverside Drive, Apt. 6B.

LAKE MAHOPAC.
For sale, California bungalow on high ground, six rooms and bath; electric light; permanent water rights; few minutes' walk from station.
MAHOPAC POINT CORPORATION,
1 Madison Av., N. Y. Gramercy 2577.

TARRYTOWN, LARGE RESIDENCE.
Nine master's rooms, 4 baths, el. l., gas, steam; solidly constructed, good repair; old shade trees, large garden, tennis; superb view; 15 minutes from station; will accept mortgage of 50 per cent. Kennard, 241 Lexington Av., New York City.

ATTRACTIVE AND VERY COMFORTABLE HOUSE AT PELHAM HEIGHTS,
with or without garage, until Oct. 1; terms extremely moderate; account tenants leaving immediately for West. 154 Corlies Av. Tel. Pelham 2151.

For Sale—House 10 rooms, large foyer hall, one bath, two toilets, all improvements; restricted neighborhood; ground 100x100, or more if desired; bargain. Valentine & Kane, Inc., 342 Mamaroneck Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y.

LARCHMONT.
80 Sumpit Av., Larchmont Terrace, 6-room half brick house, main chamber 14x24; latest appointments; fireproof garage; price $16,000. Keller, 131 West 39th St. Phone 1251 Bryant.

8-room house; hot water heat, gas, electricity; parquet floors; high elevation; beautiful grounds; 6 minutes' walk to Mount Vernon station, Harlem Division of Central; bargain $13,000. Phone 31887 Mount Vernon.

SCARSDALE,
for immediate occupancy, stucco house, 9 rooms, 3 baths, sun and sleeping porch, finished to last detail; price $31,000. Owner, H. W., Box 227, Scarsdale.

Mount Vernon—Chester Hill, 9-room house; stucco; exceptionally large, shady porch, sun parlor; Summer or yearly lease; immediate possession. Tel. 2447M.

For rent by year, $2,100.00, splendid 8-room furnished house with garage; all improvements; convenient to station. A 792 Times Downtown.

At Mamaroneck, pretty 7-room cement house, modern, delightfully located; large plot; attractive terms. Phone Greenwich 1469.

Pelham Manor—6 rooms, bath, shade, attic, gas, electricity, furnace; large plot; near station; asking $8,500. 52 Windsor Place.

Yonkers, sale, new 7-room house. Hall, 185 Lee Av., Yonkers 4137.

Long Island.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
Balance of new buildings on 34th St., between State St. and Mitchell Av., Flushing; bargain prices, only $2,500 cash required; open for inspection. Ask for Mr. Butterly. Terms to suit.

For Sale—Richmond Hill, L. I., beautiful home, 9 rooms and bath, all improvements; most desirable street; lot 50x100; garage; combination sun parlor and large open porch; can be seen Saturday and Sunday. 32 Waterbury Av. Phone 929 Richmond Hill.

Stewart Manor—Pennsylvania or Brooklyn, 45 minutes; Hempstead line); six detached modern (new) stucco houses; electricity; garage; immediate possession; $4,300; cash $1,000. B. C. Vermilmer, 220 West 42d. Bryant 9263.

Port Washington, Long Island—Half hour from Pennsylvania Station; 7 rooms and bath, detached corner, garage, 125 feet front, vacant; asking $12,500; make offer. Attorney, Room 1006, 41 Park Row, New York.

North Shore—Port Washington; bathing; express, 23 minutes; desirable sections; 6, 7, 9 room houses; modern; all improvements; garage; $8,500 upward. B. C. Vermilmer, 220 West 42d. Telephone Bryant 9263.

Rockville Centre, exceptional bargain, house of 6 rooms, bath, heat, gas, electricity; plot 60x140; price $6,000, terms. W. J. Conway, 47 West 34th St., or 28 North Park Av., Rockville Centre.

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Lynbrook, L. I.—15-room house; hot water heat; 2-car garage, on plot 100x150; value $27,000; price $20,000; immediate possession. Address Y 2128 Times Annex.

Two-room house; two baths, beautiful shrubbery, plot 80x140; 25 minutes from Pennsylvania; price $11,500. T. S. Mullen, Wantagh, L. I.

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Owner leaving for Europe must sell furnished house, cottage, Southold, L. I.; very cheap. Phone 1704-R Main, or Jas. G. Frost, Hunnegal, Southold, L. I.

For Rockaway—10-room house on Grand View Av., near beach; large plot of ground. Miller, 10 Lenox Av., N. Y. Tel. 6746 Harlem or Far Rockaway 1025.

Forest Hills, L. I.—9-room brick house; 3 minutes from station, on plot 100x100; $21,000. Card Mayer Development Co., Forest Hills, L. I. Phone Boulevard 6256.

BEAUTIFUL NEW GARDENS HOME.
Hollow tile, 9 rooms, 2 baths.
Corner plot.
A. L. Hinggley, 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6900.

10 room house, all modern improvements, large porches, fireplace; garage; large plot, shade trees, hedges; newly decorated; $9,000; $3,750 cash. Owner, 2105 Bryant.

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Beautiful Flushing—Builder will sacrifice new 7-room house; $15,000; ready August; excellent location. A 1066 Times Annex.

COUNTRY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Long Island.

AT HOLLIS.
For sale, handsome residence in Hollis Park Gardens, reinforced concrete construction, 9 rooms, 2 baths, 2 showers, extra toilet, all tiled; large entry and large pantry, steel frame conservatory; parquet floors throughout; all sliding doors; 2 open fireplaces; hot water heat; large spacious trees, many and rare; roof of red slate and Spanish tile, all copper leaders, copper flashings; all windows of plate glass; also 2-car garage with living quarters above; plot 100x185, surrounded with large trees and beautiful shrubbery; price $45,000, cost $75,000 to build; property can be seen any time by appointment. R. H. Days & Co., Fulton St., Hollis. Phone 8058 Hollis.

Douglaston—Most desirable location; modern, well-built and attractive house of 7 rooms and bath and all modern improvements; superbly and artistically newly redecorated throughout in perfect condition inside and outside; large plot; wonderful views; shade trees; most attractive surroundings; five minutes from station; to immediate purchaser owner will sacrifice for $13,000. W. J. Helman, Owner, Douglaston, L. I. Tel. Bayside 293.

FLORAL PARK—SPECIAL!!
20 minutes by electric trains; stucco on hollow tile, Spanish tile roof; built 7 years; 9 rooms and bath, glassed in porch; water, electric light, gas, hot water heat; parquet floors, decorated; all in splendid condition; plot 100x100; garage, variety of fruit; 4 blocks to station on county highway; fine location; possession any time; $14,000. Terms. A. E. Goldsmith, P. O. Bldg. Floral 239 Floral Park.

Gentlemen's home, 7 rooms, bath, sun parlor; electricity, gas; hot water heat; plot 50x100; most refined neighborhood in Minesola; price $7,800; immediate possession; rigid inspection invited; many other opportunities offered at prices ranging from $5,000 upward; state your wishes. S. Ramagli, Real Estate, 101 Main St., Mineola, L. I. Tel. Garden City 882.

A REAL BARGAIN.
LONG ISLAND'S BEST VALUE.
English stucco residence, 8 rooms, 3 tiled baths; plot 106 frontage; 30 minutes N. Y.; October occupancy; $15,500.
FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
2 good values, $35,000 and $44,000.
DEAM & DOWD.
22 E. 33d.

Large two-family, fifteen-room house, two baths; two-car garage; lawns, fruit trees, grape vinyard, vegetable and flower gardens; can be bought at right price, with as many lots up to 14 as desired; terms to suit. C. Waddington, Curtis St. and Grand Av., East Williamsburg.

In beautiful, exclusive SEA GATE; exceptional Summer cottage or all year round home; three-story and basement, furnished; all improvements; 15 rooms, 3 baths, 25 closets, 5 bath houses; price $40,000. Bauer, Millbank & Malley, Inc., 51 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1936.

Cedarhurst, L. I.—Three-story studio, corner dwelling, lot 100x100, 10 rooms, 2 baths, parquet flooring, all improvements, possession at once. Miller, 10 Lenox Av., N. Y. Tel. Harlem 6744, or Far Rockaway 1025, or H. Goldschmat, Cedarhurst, Tel. Far Rockaway 2205.

DOUGLASTON—SEVEN MINUTES' WALK FROM STATION; EIGHT ROOMS, THREE BATHS; TWO-CAR GARAGE; BEDROOM AND BATH; ONE ACRE WATER FRONT; FINE TREES, VEGETABLES, FLOWERS, FOR SALE. TEL. 29 BAYSIDE.

Hollis—Six-room house, garage, private driveway; steam heat, electricity; new windows and porch screened; attractive shrubbery, hedges, &c.; 30 minutes from Manhattan; $7,500; reasonable terms. Telephone owner, 2451W Jamaica.

New York State.

Country Summer home at Saugerties, N. Y., 100 miles from New York City, 10 minutes from station; 10 acres tillable land; house, 6 rooms and bath; improvements; barn, large poultry house; $8,000; terms. For particulars address owner, H. V. Kuhlmann, South Ozone Park, L. I. Phone Jamaica 610-M.

New Jersey.

GRANTWOOD,
on the Palisades, opposite Grant's Tomb, with view of Hudson River and Riverside Drive; 10-room house, artistically designed; hardwood trim, parquet floors, hot water heat; large plot; immediate possession. Beirne & Bohm, Lawton Av. and Trolley, Grantwood. Phone Cliffside 416.

Waterfront property, beautiful place, house 11 rooms, with or without furniture; bath; steam, electricity, gas; 2½ acres; fruit trees, garden, pier, bath house, garage; exceptionally elegant surroundings; golf, boating, riding, tennis; for sale, $27,000; season rent, $1,800. Owner, 118 Broad St. Telephone 804d Bowling Green.

At Westwood, N. J.—Seven rooms, all improvements, fruit, berries, garden planted, barn; $6,000. 8 rooms, newly decorated and painted, 100x125, fruit, $9,000; $3,000 cash, balance mortgage. 13 rooms, all improvements, 200x240, beautiful grounds; $10,000. Homes from $8,500 up. Phone Westwood 280, Mrs. J. Coan, Westwood, N. J.

Furnished or unfurnished, attractive house, 11 rooms and bath; hardwood floors; gas and electricity; barn for 2 horses; fronting on Shrewsbury River at Locust, N. J.; delightful section; excellent roads; easy commuting distance by boat or train; price $13,000. For particulars address Bartell, Room 606, 25 Broad St., New York City.

FOR SALE IN NEWARK.
One-family house with nine rooms and latest improvements; located in the best section on Clinton Hill, 814 South 19th St., near Madison Av.; must be sold at great sacrifice; price $12,500. Call or write for particulars. M 435 Times.

Cottage bungalow; immediate possession; eight rooms, bath, improvements; garage; fruit trees, grapevines, hedges; plot 100x125; few minutes' walk to railroad station, trolley and bathing beach; Jersey coast; one hour from New York; reasonable; owner. B 696 Times Downtown.

Estate on the upper Shrewsbury River, near the Highlands; buildings insured for $15,000; price $16,000; furnished; immediate possession.

Send for details and pictures.
E. E. SLOCUM, Inc., 141 Broadway.

Eight rooms and bath, well built home, newly painted, fine large plot, garage; grapes, fruit and garden, for sale by owner, 214 Elm Av., Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.; $6,800, terms.

Six-room houses, modern conveniences, high ground, sixteen hundred feet east from West Englewood Station, West Shore Railroad; $5,000 and upwards. Inquire L. S. Jordan, opposite Elm Terrace.

LOVELY NEW 6-room home, all improvements; cash $2,000, balance $6,000; easy terms. CLARA HENSCHEL, 142 Overpeck Av., Ridgefield Park, N. J. Phones 940-J Hackensack, 5788 Rector.

Nearby homes, $7,000 up; small payment down, balance monthly. Telephone Cortlandt 2140.

Seven-room house, furnished, screen porch; July and August. Telephone Bloomfield 4492.

Connecticut.

For Sale—A fine eight-room house, over a hundred years old, in perfect condition; water and hot tubs in kitchen; a large veranda overlooking a terraced garden and three acres of wood land; three acres in lawn and garden; fine location; eight minutes to Westport station; price $7,000; country club, golf and tennis; new beach and good train service. Mrs. Stanley Watts, Real Estate, Westport, Conn. Tel. 94.

$5,000 CASH
buys $10,000 (pre-war price) cottage; eight rooms, bath; corner; 80x180; beautiful trees, lawn; near shore. Greenwich; bargain; several other bargains. John A. Pavon, 220 West 42d St. Bryant 9070.

Miscellaneous.

Berkshire Hills—Eight-room house and lot for sale. Full information write Mrs. W. C. Rowland, Lee, Mass.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A picturesque "Pelham Knolls," Pelham Manor, attractive early Spanish style home, stucco, stone foundation, steel beams, copper gutters, many modern labor saving devices, sun parlor, sleeping porch, 2 baths, porcelain fixtures; now ready for occupancy; bargain at $19,500. Apply Miss Marion Wolf's Lane, Tel. Pelham 1182 or Champ & Deasy, 26 West 42d St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 768.

A perfect home, stucco, large porch, water, sewer, gas and electric light, open fireplace, every improvement, close to train, schools, stores and churches; mortgage $5,000; Liberty bonds taken at face value. Phone 897 Mount Vernon, 708 South Fifth Ave., 3 blocks north of Dyre Av. Station, Westchester and Boston Railroad.

M. Wolf, Junior, P. O. Box 87 Newburgh, New York; real estate; from The Brent to Poughkeepsie; all along the Hudson; Write us; inquiries answered, only; hotels and estates.

7-room frame house, all improvements, lot 50x150; immediate possession; price $3,000, cash $2,500. L. Birdsall, Tarrytown, N. Y.

JUST COMPLETED AT HARTSDALE
only one house left; 7 rooms, 2 baths; immediate occupancy. Greenacres Homes Corp. 263 Broadway, Tel. 3800 Worth. Phone Hartsdale 1.

Riverview Manor—Hastings-on-Hudson; 20 lots; all improvements paid; ready to build on; sacrifice $1,500; easy terms. Remington, 416 56 Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Beautiful bungalow sites at picturesque Oscawana Lake, inland from Peekskill; east of the Broadway Limited. James, 247 West 46th St., New York.

Bargain—House, Chester Hill, 80x150; $11,500, cash $4,000. Phone Mt. Vernon 961 J.

Long Island.

EAST HAMPTON.
Choice location; unusually attractive; completely furnished; brokers protected. William J. Henderson, 521 Madison Av. Murray Hill 161.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

LONG ISLAND CITY—17 LOTS.
Vicinity Jackson and Steinway Aves., at 4 remarkable rates to suit buyer; suitable for factory site, moving picture studio, auto service station or apartment. Hessels, 7 West 34th. New York. Tel. Greeley 2270. Brokers, get busy.

White stucco house, on bathing beach, two story and cellar; above ground, nine living rooms, fully furnished; gas, electric lights and running water; boats, garden and carpenter tools, rose bushes, &c.; price $6,000; terms easy. D. S. Quigley, Baldwin Harbor, Baldwin, Long Island.

BUSINESS PROPERTY, MAIN THOROUGHFARE, Richmond Hill; suitable large store, warehouse or manufacturing; fronting near street; garage and residence. A. G. Hankins. Tel. 1178 Richmond Hill.

JAMAICA—Two lots in residential section, 1 block from Fulton St., within 5c. fare zone; owner leaving city. L 563 Times.

Long Beach—Corner plot, Walnut St., Riverside Boulevard, for sale; reasonable terms; make offer. Owner, 715, 1,480 Broadway.

KENSINGTON, GREAT NECK.
Beautiful plot, near entrance; much less than cost; must be sold. Vanderbilt 4187.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

FINE GENTLEMEN'S ESTATE
consisting of a complete 400 acre dairy farm with a beautiful mansion and 900 acre hunting preserve, including 70 acre private lake; worth one million dollars; price $100,000. Information direct from owner, Box 701 Hoosick Falls, N. Y.

Any one wishing to purchase or rent property in the Adirondacks write Wm. H. Montgomery, Chestertown, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY FOR RENT.
JERSEY CITY FACTORY,
approximately 35,000 square feet floor space, 100 horse power boiler, 60 horse power engine, wired for electric power; driveway to keep autos in; lot 100x100; good light; 5 minutes' walk Hudson tube, 10 blocks Erie freight station, 4 blocks Penn. freight station; long lease. Grain Soap Corp., 304-310 9th St., Jersey City.

Roselle, N. J.—Country home; plot 200x200; frame and stucco dwelling; 12 rooms, bath, steam heat; modern conveniences; sun parlor, electricity, gas, sewer, garage, chicken houses, garden, flowers, shrubbery; newly furnished throughout; sell $30,000; reasonable terms.
THE HAYWAY CORPORATION,
25 Church St. Cortlandt 4072.

Country home, large grounds, lawn, fruit trees; high elevation; 7 minutes depot; express trains; five bedrooms; all improvements; value $14,000; bargain price $10,500; more land if needed; 19 miles out. D. L. Baker, Closter, N. J.

For Sale—About 5¼ acres of land, 1,000 feet railroad frontage; 1 brick building, 72 feet by 80½ feet, with 2 stories, boiler house, dry kiln, 4 large (2 floors) lumber sheds. Inquire at C. R. Soley Co., Rutherford, N. J.

Commuter's farm, 14 acres; 8 room house, barn, twenty miles Erie Railroad; immediate possession. B 678 Times Downtown.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

Dwelling and barn, 150x100, Woodhaven; $15,000; what's offered. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—Two-family house, Brooklyn, near station; will act quickly. Steingut, 110 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 4130.

Bungalow lots, near waterfront. Fraidin, 4,485 3d Av. Phone Fordham 4107.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale—Several thousand acres facing the Pacific Ocean in California; suitable for gentleman's estate or game preserve; encompasses mountains, canyons and shore line; with redwood, pine and oak timber; waterfalls, natural parks and trout streams; deer and quail aplenty; fertile land; superb climate; cheapest land in U. S.; grows all fruits and grains; will treble in value next few years; few miles from State highway. J. M. Higman, Box 1138, Ranger Texas.

FARMS.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FARM HOUSE, WITH EVERY IMPROVEMENT; TWO GREEN HOUSES AND BARNS; 65 ACRES OF WOODS AND FARM LAND; LARGE NURSERY STOCK; FIVE HUNDRED FRUIT BEARING TREES; VIEW OF HUDSON; ONE HOUR FROM MANHATTAN; IF SOLD AT ONCE $35,000; SOLD SATURDAY MORNING. HALEY, PLAZA 7581.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful stucco home, garage, fine grounds, well furnished, July-August, $1,000. Central Av., near Linden, phone Woodmere 3677.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

186-acre grain and dairy farm; high state cultivation; new six-room and bath dwelling; modern improvements; tenant house; new cow barn, steel equipment, automatic water supply; horse barn; other necessary buildings in perfect repair; still one mile Flemington, N. J.; owing to leaving State will sell at attractive price. Address J. L. Elliott, owner, 751 Granby St., Norfolk, Va. All size farms, located in the potato belt. Clifford Corbin, Granbury Station, Middlesex County, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Southfield Point, Stamford—Colonial house, directly on Sound, beautifully furnished, twelve rooms, three baths, two showers; two-car garage, servants' quarters; formal flower and vegetable gardens; tennis, bathing, boating; rent $3,500 for season. Phone Stamford 2205.

FARMS! FARMS! FARMS!
Many good ones—$7,500 to $20,000.
Pictures and details; state price limit.
E. E. SLOCUM, Inc., 141 Broadway.
Selected farms in N. Y., N. J. and Conn.

Farm for sale, twenty acres, small pond, six-room house, hot water heat, bathroom and barn; near city. H. P. Bailey, 83 West Main St., Meriden, Conn.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Brooklyn.

From June 15 to Sept. 15, lower part elegant two-family house; five large rooms, beautifully furnished, porch; fine section Flatbush; 10-minutes from Brighton Beach; near country and ocean breeze; $325 season; adults; open Saturday afternoon and Sunday. Henney, 1,321 Avenue U, Brooklyn. Tel. 2965 Coney Island.

Flatbush—June 15 to Sept 15; $100 month; desirably furnished up-to-date 7-room corner cottage; four bedrooms; southern exposure; pleasant location; large glass enclosed porch; large lawn; near subway; references required. Allard & Levey, 1321 Foster Av., at Rugby Road, Mansfield 10611.

Richmond.

Four-room bungalow for rent; electric light, running water and shower bath; Oakwood Heights, Staten Island. Inquire at Oakwood Beach and Ocean Av., Saturday or Sunday, Anthony Caiseglio.

SEASHORE BUNGALOWS, FURNISHED, to let (new); six rooms, bath and attic, all modern improvements. BOEHM'S SUNGALOW PARK, New Dorp, S. I. Tel. 319 New Dorp.

Bungalow, six rooms, furnished for rent season; electricity, running water; fifty minutes to Battery; near seashore. Wheeler, 9 Burbank Av., New Dorp Beach, Staten Island. Rockville Centre 1302.

Great Kills—Bungalows, improvements, $350 up. 216 Nelson Av. Phone Schuyler 6168.

Westchester County.

A charming home for rent for July and August; six garage and a flourishing vegetable garden; house has 8 rooms, 2 baths, a sleeping porch and large veranda; located in real country surroundings at Mount Vernon; $250 for the season. Write Box 65, Mount Vernon.

Comfortable—Will rent my modern cozy 7-room house in attractive Columbus Av. section Mt. Vernon, June 30-Sept. 7; adults only; near stations, $100 month; piano, garden; phone Mount Vernon, 1116J, or write X 168 Times.

NEW ROCHELLE.
Rent, furnished, Beechmont Park, 3 months from July 1, 11 rooms, 4 baths; 2-car garage; large shady corner; three-quarters of an acre. Apply Owner, Olcott, 118 Beechmont Drive, Tel. New Rochelle 1217.

White Plains—Attractive modern residence, completely furnished; fifty minutes to Grand Central; large corner plot; shaded lawn, garden; five sleeping rooms; rent July-August, $175 monthly. Telephone 956J White Plains.

Modern nine-room furnished house, near Columbus Av., Mt. Vernon, United Realty, let for July and August; entire house, including large front, breakfast and sleeping porch, completely screened. Telephone Mt. Vernon 697.

Pelham Manor, 1,015 Edgewood Av.—Attractively furnished 9-room house; hot water heat; library; 4 master's, 3 maids' rooms, 3 baths; parquet floors throughout; rugs; June to September. Telephone Pelham 1817.

Larchmont—Cool location, comfortable house, 8 bedrooms, 3 baths, electricity, gas, ½ acre; $800 season. Hall, 1,321 Avenue U, Brooklyn. Tel. 2965 Coney Island.

To Rent—Furnished, till October, 10 rooms, 2 baths, $125. Telephone 4338 New Rochelle, 136 Neptune Av.

For rent, furnished home, Mohegan Heights, 30 minutes from Grand Central; $850 until Oct. 1. Telephone Cheshire 68Y.

Bargain—House, Chester Hill, 80x150; $11,500, cash $4,000. Phone Mt. Vernon 961 J.

Long Island.

EAST HAMPTON.
Choice location; unusually attractive; completely furnished; brokers protected. William J. Henderson, 521 Madison Av. Murray Hill 161.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Westchester County.

Pelham Manor—Large suburban home, six bedrooms, three baths, two lavatories, plenty of attic room; house; dining and sleeping porch; garage for two cars, with man's room above; one acre; lawn, shrubs, flowers and fruits. Summer season; for first-class private family. 920 Edgewood Avenue. Telephone Pelham 2137.

To rent, furnished, July and August, 8-room house; all improvements; large porch, garage; North Yonkers; $225 season. Phone 1168 S Yonkers. H. W. M. 28 Greenvale Av., Yonkers.

For Rent—New Rochelle, July and August, attractive house with garage, residential section ten rooms three baths $750. Two servants will remain. V 863 Times Downtown.

New Rochelle—7-room cottage, furnished; July 1 to Sept. 1; good neighborhood; convenient to communication. Weston, 11 Cleve Road. Telephone 228-W New Rochelle.

Rent, furnished, house, 10 rooms; all improvements; fine neighborhood; $200 month. Valentine & Kane, Inc., 342 Mamaroneck Av., Mamaroneck, N. Y.

Greenacres—Furnished, season, 9 rooms, 3 baths, garage. Tel. White Plains 1538.

Long Island.

On the waterfront at Malba, L. I., fully furnished, modern, eleven-room house, two baths, sleeping porch, screened porches; in beautiful, highly restricted residential community; 25 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; less than five minutes' walk from railroad station, country club, golf links, bathing beach; tennis courts, &c. Phone Flushing 2054.

Great Neck; for season or year, furnished, 9 rooms, two baths, sleeping porch; modern improvements; splendid vegetable garden; grape arbors; wonderful fruit trees, berries, beautiful shade trees; terrace lawn. Telephone for further particulars, 418 Great Neck.

Kew Gardens, L. I.—Exceptionally attractive dwelling, artistically and completely furnished; 7 rooms and 2 baths; enclosed porch or sun parlor and garage; rent for Summer $500 monthly. Cobble Realty Co., Inc., Kew Gardens, L. I. Office business block at station. Telephone Richmond Hill 7067.

Furnished modern stucco bungalow, 6 rooms, bath, lavatory, 40-foot screened porch, piano; garage; half acre, fruit, flowers; $175 monthly; reasonable monthly rental after October. Drive to Serena Cottage, 2 blocks north of Howell's Road on Baldwin Boulevard, Brightwaters, L. I.

FREEPORT FOR SUMMER.
Furnished house, 7 rooms; all improvements; garage; 5 minutes to depot; $900 for 3 Summer months; others from $110 to $200 per month.
WARE AND VAN,
28 Brooklyn Av., Freeport. Tel. 905R.

Far Rockaway Bungalow and garage, 5 rooms, bath, hot water, gas, electricity, for rent; just built; convenience. Simmons Realty Corp., 165 Beach 4th Street. Phone Far Rockaway 4025.

CHARMING MANOR HOUSE, WITH EXCELLENT SERVANTS' QUARTERS; 14 ROOMS, 3 BATHS; ESTATE DIRECTLY ON WATER. PHONE 27 M, BAYSIDE, L. I.

New furnished bungalows for rent at Neponsit, L. I.; large plot of ground; 2 rooms, bath, separate shower. Apply Neponsit Av., corner 147th St., 2 minutes' ride from Rockaway Park Station via trolley, or Rockaway office, 153 Remsen St. Phone Main 1067.

Great Neck, L. I.—Furnished house to rent for Summer; 8 master bedrooms, 2 baths, 4 servants' rooms and bath second

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

Apartment-Renting Specialist—First-class furnished apartments, 2-10 rooms; long and short leases; summer bargains; avoid hunting. Telephone Cathedral 8625.

APARTMENTS, Summer bargains, furnished, $35 West 72d St. Columbus 8074.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—Immediate or October occupancy. Mrs. Diggleman, Specialist, 139 W. 72d. Col. 8574.

ATTRACTIVE Housekeeping Apartments, THE CATHEDRAL, AMSTERDAM 105 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 110th St., two Amsterdam and Columbus Ave.; fully furnished apartment, rented monthly; 3 rooms, with kitchenette and bath, $70 and up; 3 rooms, with kitchenette and bath, $90 and up. Telephone Academy 413 for information regarding vacancies; linen and maid service at moderate rates; two blocks east of Broadway subway, corner 9th and 8th Ave. elevated. Take 9th Ave. bus (last stop at door); references essential; special rates by the week.

Beautiful front parlor, Steinway piano, for studio during July. Phone Columbus 10092.

BROADWAY, 2,405—Light, airy, private apartment, six rooms and bath; piano; permanent tenant preferred; Summer rent if desired.

BROADWAY, 2,500 (156th St.)—Five sunny rooms, furnished complete; private phone; best references required. Phone Audubon 2040.

BROADWAY, 2,783—Seven-room apartment, elegantly furnished; for two or three months; rent, $125. Apply 9 South.

CARNEGIE HALL (Apt. 1406)—Studio to let; bedroom, bathroom. Inquire Doorman.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 488 (Overlooking Park)—Six rooms, bath; reasonable; electricity; piano, private. Phone 647 Academy. Highton.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 870—Three connecting rooms, kitchen, complete; piano, Victrola, silver, linen; $150 month; great sacrifice. March.

Couple, having attractive home, with fine grounds, exclusive residential part of Stamford, 7 minutes from station, will let 2 large rooms, with private bath, to one or two gentlemen; breakfast if necessary; no other guests in family; references required. F 597 Times.

For Rent—Six-room 6th floor apartment, completely furnished, from June 15 to Sept. 15, at $125 a month; can be seen by appointment. Telephone Spring 1160.

F. F., WASHINGTON AV., 60—Beautiful 6-room corner furnished apartment, to rent for Summer months. Apply Apt. 12.

For apartments of the better class, phone, write or see Hoyt & Ray, 20 West 34th St. Pennsylvania 1074.

FOUR EXTRAORDINARY OUTSIDE ROOMS, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, REASONABLE RIGHT PARTY. OPPORTUNITY TO ENJOY.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 826 (171th)—Attractively furnished 6-room elevator apartment facing Hudson; July-October; evenings 2-3, or call Slocker, Wadsworth 9200.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 91, Corner 183d (Washington Heights)—Rooms, complete, $15 up. Phone Audubon 9420. Apt. 33.

Furnished duplex apartment for rent to Sept. 15, attractively furnished and very desirable; cool and quiet neighborhood. Phone John 315, Wheeler.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Furnished apartment, June 15 to Sept. 15; 8 rooms and 3 baths; cool, restful; private garden in rear; attractive terms to desirable tenants. Phone Watkins 2404.

HOTEL ALBEMARLE (44th St., near Broadway)—Suite four rooms and bath, two rooms and bath, one room and bath; attractive rates for permanent guests.

HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE, Suite 1000—Very large, handsome; to October; bargain.

MOUNTAIN COMMUNITY.
Artistically completely furnished apartments, 4 and 5 rooms, baths and kitchenettes; reasonable; best references; $100 to $150. West 57th St. Phone 645.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 114 (121st)—Six rooms, park view; cool in Summer; elevator; $125. See Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths, all outside rooms; unusually beautiful view of river; overlooking Columbia's new grounds; large collection of books, Chickering piano, Oriental rugs; only highest references considered; seen by appointment; $300 a month; to rent from July 1, to latter part of September. Telephone Morningside 4540.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587 (near Grant's Tomb)—Exceptional location for Summer; beautiful view overlooking river; top floor, 8 rooms and no slight rooms, completely and well furnished; immediate possession to right family; 3 months' apartment $35. Telephone Morningside 8752.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 65Her 86th—Magnificently furnished, 6 rooms and 2 baths apartment; 4 large outside rooms; living room over 20 feet long; can be had for 2 months or a very low price. Phone River-side 8001.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 344—Attractive apartment, 7 outside rooms, 2 baths, attractively furnished; complete for housekeeping; possession immediately. Inquire Mrs. Williams.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—High class eight outside rooms, three baths; $210. Particulars, call 746 West End Av., near 96th St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (Near 116th)—7-room duplex, $150 per month. Morningside 3902.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 811 (Apt. 12)—New apartment newly furnished; grand piano, twin beds, living room 18x20, bedroom and bath; garage if desired. Phone Audubon 4894.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 985 (Cor. 161th)—Suites, June 15-Oct. 15, 2 light airy rooms, bath, furnished; fine view overlooking ball grounds. Audubon 4894.

Three attractive rooms, bath, restaurant and service; Summer months. Walker, Schuyler 2500.

Two large cool outside hotel rooms, bath, central location, near park; low rental; July first to October. Circle 240, Apt. 51. Seen Sunday.

WEST END AV., 318 (85th)—Completely elegantly furnished cool two rooms, bath, kitchenette apartment; sacrifice to October. Newman.

WEST END AV., 545 (Apt. 5-B)—Exceptionally well-furnished five rooms, two baths, for 3 months.

WEST END AV., 595—Attractively furnished suite of 3 rooms and bath; non-housekeeping.

WEST END AV., 598—Large studio, kitchenette, bath, for Summer. Livingston.

Will sublet beautiful modern up-to-date 6-room flat, furnished, until Oct. 1; references required. Call or phone Kingsbridge 238, 2,004 Ninth Av.

Furnished—Bronx.

3-room apartment, completely furnished, all improvements, rent $60 month. 164th St. and Webster Av. Bronx, to let to responsible party from June 14 to Sept. 15. Telephone Franklin 1895.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,580—Beautifully furnished 3-room apartment to let, June-Oct. 15. Call Saturday, Fairbanks.

177TH ST., 10 EAST—Magnificently furnished 3-room (2 bath) every modern improvement; adults; reference. McCreary.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

80 Orange St., Main 8290; 10 minutes from Wall St. Clark St. subway station; 3 rooms; any bath; man and wife; $100 month; summer or longer; references essential. Hartmann.

Two rooms with kitchenette, bath adjoining; nicely furnished, private residence; Mason St., Wyckoff; references required. Telephone 3616 Bushwick.

To let, furnished apartment, 7 rooms and bath; 15-Sept. 30; Brooklyn Heights; two minutes from Clark St. subway; moderate rent. Phone Baker, Main 3072.

Furnished—Westchester County.

Large, cool, comfortably furnished 5-room apartment, bath; ground floor; 5-family bright house; Scarsdale, corner Post Road and Popham Road; July-August. Phone White Plains 818-J.

SOUTH YONKERS—Corner, elevator apartment, piano, reasonable, convenient Putnam and subway. 7 Lawrence St., Apt. 2E. Phone 2809.

South Yonkers—Immediate possession; first-class elevator apartment; 7 large, cool rooms, bath; southern exposure; public; rental to Oct. 1. Phone Yonkers 2809Y.

Furnished—Long Island.

Bay Ridge—Room floor with all modern improvements, parquet floors, highly decorated, neat furnished; convenient to two trolleys, 30 minutes to New York City; rent $125 a month. Inquire Dumars Av., near Fourth Ave. subway, Bay Ridge, L. I.

Two rooms, kitchen and bath, for Summer; reduced rental for Winter months; beautiful private home, centrally located; all conveniences; $35 month. Phone Flushing 1096.

FOREST HILL GARDEN APARTMENTS.
ROOMS FURNISHED; SUMMER RATES; 3 ROOMS, BATH; TELEPHONE SUPERINTENDENT, BOULEVARD 0848.

Five and six-room suite, near ocean, for season or all year; also furnished houses and rooms. Marma Arms, Boulevard near Ocean Av., Rockaway Beach.

Rockaway Beach—For the season, newly furnished flat, four rooms, kitchenette, all conveniences; directly private beach; only $20 N. Beach 8th St.

Summer home with city advantages; 11 minutes from Pennsylvania Station, and superior apartment; Forest Hills. Nine Boulevard.

For Rockaway—Three rooms, furnished; bath; garage; private family. 3061 Far Rockaway.

Furnished apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchen; for season; garage. Far Rockaway 2024.

For Summer—11 mile, Penn. R.R.; beautifully furnished 4-room apt.; June 15-Sept. 15. Richmond Hill 6026.

St. Nicholas Hotel—Four rooms, bath and garage; private family. Lenox 6897.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—New Jersey.

Orange, N. J.—Brick Church section; attractively furnished apartment, 4 rooms, bath; conveniently located; view of mountains; immediate occupancy, Summer months; rent $65; couple only; references. Phone Orange 4947W.

Atlantic City apartment, handsomely furnished; 7 rooms, including 3 bedrooms, 2 baths; centrally located; near beach; $1,200; July 1 Aug.; references. Phone Atlantic City 2068, or write K 156 Times.

Unfurnished—West Side.

117TH, 133 EAST—2 rooms and share of bath; rent $45 per month. J. Irving Walsh, 75 West 11th St.

125TH, 160 EAST—Two rooms and bath, hotel apartments, steam heat, electricity, $35. Apply Superintendent.

37TH ST., 39 EAST—Four rooms. Call mornings-evenings, or Bryant 8126.

42D, 17 EAST (near 5th)—2, 3, 4 rooms, bath; immediate occupancy; newly decorated; fireplaces; lease; furnished or unfurnished; $36 to $130. Lenox 5817.

126D, 40 EAST—Apartment, 6 rooms and bath; private house; steam heat; electric light, parquet floors.

179TH ST., 307 EAST—Exceptionally light 3-room apartment in private neighborhood. Near Grand Concourse. Phone Vogel, Fremont 4138.

LIVINGSTON ST., 9 (Cor. 19th St., facing Stuyvesant Park)—Five light rooms, all improvements; reasonable. Apply Superintendent or Morningside 9427.

PARK AV. (at 36th St.)—Professional suite, 3 rooms and bath, rental $6,000; immediate possession. Phone Murray Hill 1784, Mr. Levi.

961 PARK AVENUE.
8 ROOMS AND BATH; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE. INQUIRE SUPT.

WASHINGTON SQUARE EAST, 20—Bachelor apartment, 3 rooms and bath, unfurnished. D. C. Eldridge Apartments, inquire at office.

Unfurnished—West Side.

12TH ST., WEST—Beautiful 4-room housekeeping apartment. Watkins 2626.

257TH, 308 WEST—Residential two rooms, parquet floors, electricity, bathroom; references; $45.

257TH ST., WEST (Between 9th & 8th Avs.)—For July, Aug., Sept., 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; can be seen by appointment. Tel. 6054 Murray Hill.

46TH, 37 WEST—Two rooms and bath, non-housekeeping. See Supt. 1st, 9 and 5 P. M.

57TH, 44 WEST—Beautiful 4 rooms and bath, real kitchen; second floor. Apply Janitor, on premises.

58TH STREET, 117 WEST.
Hotel Seville, 3 rooms and bath, with private entrance from street. Particularly desirable for doctor's apartment.

67TH, 18 WEST—Two rooms, alcove, roof garden, kitchenette, elevator, southern exposure, near park; special inducement immediate rental.

75TH ST., 314 WEST—Two and four room fully equipped housekeeping apartments; extra large rooms, elevator; cool in building; also maid service if desired; all conveniences; finest residential location; rent $1,200 and up. Inquire on premises.

77TH, 327 WEST—Two-room kitchenette, bath; searches; July 1. Schuyler 7781.

81ST ST., 219 WEST—Two-room suite, with kitchenette; ready for occupancy. Apply on premises.

83D ST., 357 WEST—Parlor floor, private house; four large rooms, bath, kitchen; parquet floors; steam heat; open view rear; remodel to suit; long lease; professional or business couple. Owner, Apt. 1, Main.

85TH ST., 307 WEST—Unfurnished apartment, 4 rooms and bath; all improvements, steam heat, hot water all year; one years lease; $1,000 per year. L. Main.

86TH (near Broadway)—Sublet, large, light rooms; electricity, telephone. Schuyler 2682.

86TH ST., 307 WEST.
Apt. 2A, 3 rooms, bath and kitchen; immediate possession; $1,200 until October, $1,600 thereafter.
SHARP & CO., 2,499 BROADWAY.

87TH, 124 WEST—Floor, private house, housekeeping apartment; 4 rooms, kitchen, bath; $75; adults; electricity, refrigerator, continuous hot water supply; immediate possession; $1200; also parlor and lower, suitable for physician.

87TH ST., 32 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $70. Alice Holgate, hall. Rental 2,499 BROADWAY, Sharp & Co., Broadway.

92D ST., 351 WEST—Outside corner apartment, 3 rooms and 2 baths; immediate possession; rental $4,500 per annum; concession for Summer months. Apply Superintendent.

250-252 WEST 93D ST.
Two and three room suites, bath, kitchenette apartments; $60 to $70.50 a month; maid service; every improvement.

93D, 317 WEST—3 and 4 room apartment to lease from Oct. 1; 1 3-room apartment to sublet; immediate possession. Apply 80.

93D ST., 320 WEST (Corner West End Av.)—Large room, kitchenette and bath; $100.

101ST, 315 WEST—High-class elevator apartment houses; rooms, suites; occupancy; rental from $1,020. Apply Superintendent.

103D ST. (Near Riverside Drive)—Housekeeping, top floor, suitable for 3; convenient; quiet; lease only. Phone Riverside 10050.

106TH, 323 WEST—2 ideal front rooms, bath, reasonable; occupancy June 15. Phone Academy 4631.

107TH, 257 WEST—2 rooms and bath, Apt. 4; rent $40 per month. Sharp & Co., 2,499 Broadway.

107TH ST., 314 WEST (Apartment 1, front, west)—Wonderful four-room apartment, with exceptionally large rooms; $2,000 to Oct., $2,200 thereafter. Sharp & Co., 2,499 Broadway.

111TH, 305 WEST—Elevator; 6 rooms, immediate possession; modern building. See Supt.

113TH, 301 WEST (Cor. Broadway)—Apartment seven rooms; rent $2,000; possession.
FIRM OF LIBERTY PERSTEIN.

115TH ST., 307 WEST.
2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; immediate possession, Apt. 4.
SHARP & CO., 2,499 BROADWAY.

115TH ST., 600 WEST, COR. BROADWAY.
4-room apartment, $1,200, to Oct. 1; $1,500 thereafter.
SHARP & CO., 2,499 BROADWAY.

116TH, 606 WEST.
3 and 5 rooms, bath, all improvements; possession; rent $1,020 and $1,800.
SHARP & CO., 2,499 Broadway.

124TH ST., 6 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; telephone; all modern improvements.

130TH ST., 406 WEST—Apartments, $70 and up; possession. Cortlandt 2661.

135TH ST., 330 WEST (Near 137th St. Broadway Subway Station)—Five rooms; all improvements; front. Morningside 813.

136TH, 536 WEST (Broadway)—5-7 rooms, elevator; immediate occupancy; thoroughly renovated.

138TH, 540 WEST (Corner Broadway)—High class elevator apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths; $2,000 per annum.

141ST, 502 WEST (Corner Drive)—Elevator, 3 rooms; possession July 1. Sup.

146D, 510-520 WEST—Two five-room apartments, all improvements, $97.70.

152ND ST., 611 WEST (Corner Riverside Drive)—Two and three room suites, apartment; with 3 baths; rental $1,650 and $2,760. Sharp & Co., 2,499 Broadway.

161ST, 501 WEST (Cor. Broadway)—Apartment seven rooms; rent $2,000; possession.
FIRM OF LIBERTY PERSTEIN.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

Elevator apartment, 7 rooms; sublet July, August, September, unfurnished; convenient. Mornings, 1 Lawrence St., Yonkers. Phone 817 Yonkers.

Five sunny rooms; open porch. $60. Van Nest Brothers, phone 887 Yonkers.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

5 rooms and bath; high-class apartment; all improvements; convenient to subway and trolley lines; $60-$70; immediate occupancy. Phone Astoria 384 before 9 P. M., or apply to Superintendent on premises, Grand Court Apartments, 405 Grand Av., Astoria.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

In Grange, 10 Lincoln Park, Newark—Facing the park, seven beautiful, light rooms, tile bath with shower, extra lavatory for maid; all modern service, including elevator; references required. Apply Private Point & Felix, Inc., 756 Broad St., Newark.

Beautiful apartment, 5 large, sunny rooms; garage if desired; possession immediately; lease from October. $190. Apt. 44, 136 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J.

New, high-class apartment, 5 rooms, $1,400 per annum. 136 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J. Take Central Av. car at Hudson Terminal, Newark. Phone Orange 9083.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Apartment, 7 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, upper West side preferred, from July 1; either suite or part; lease; desirable tenant. Write full details, A. L., 31 Union Square, Room 31.

Unfurnished.

HOUSES, APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
Sale or Rent, Lease; Washington Square, Greenwich Village, Fifth Ave. sections; trade and all desirable locations for about list of responsible clients.
CLARENCE DAVIES,
61 East 42d St. (Real Vanderbilt 9760.

Up to 10 rooms, location 59th to 84th, West Side. Alice Edmunds, 38 West 72d.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Near Side.

157TH ST., 606 EAST (Improvement Part)—Small, front, newly furnished room. Fetten.

157TH, 133 EAST—Three neatly furnished light housekeeping rooms; hot water; reference. Between 3d & 4th Avs.

167TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women, $9 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $11 weekly up; room with private bath, $14 weekly up; cozy, sunny, accommodating. Hotel Rutledge.

167TH ST., 12 EAST—Large, attractive rooms; single or en suite; bath; elevator.

213ST ST., 5 EAST—Large, airy room; running water; suitable two business people; $16 week.

87TH, 301 EAST—Elegant corner room; electricity; references.

87TH (Near Park)—Three attractive rooms (one or kitchen); reasonable; Summer or permanent. Phone 5977 Lenox.

88TH, 164 EAST—Large rooms, suitable one or two; telephone; Private House.

Allerton House, 146 East 39th St., offers to business and professional women the comforts of a home and the sociability of a club at a fraction of the cost of accommodations in a first-class hotel; it is most convenient type of residence, centrally located, with every facility, reading room, billiard room, handball courts; a number of rooms to be sublet; rates $12.50 to $17 per week; references required.

CRANBERRY PARK—Will rent two nicely furnished rooms; private home; suitable three people; maid service. 1006 Glenmary.

HOTEL BELMORE (N. E. Cor. 86th St. and Lexington Av.)—Centrally located; elegantly furnished rooms; $8 single, $10, $11 with bath, $12, $14 weekly; all light and airy; electric fan in each room; with bath.

HOTEL AMSTERDAM,
80th St. and Lexington Av., quiet and single rooms with and without bath; beautifully furnished; rates reasonable rates; special rates to permanents.

LEXINGTON AV., 146—Furnished rooms for refined business people; references required.

LEXINGTON AV., 341—Newly decorated, moderate-priced single and double rooms.

MADISON AV. (Opposite Hotel Biltmore)—Outside room, first-class elevator apartment; private family; permanent gentlemen. Murray Hill 3467.

MADISON AV.—Three beautifully furnished outside rooms, kitchen privileges; private home; Vapo-Radiator; convenient neighborhood. Phone 6778 Lenox.

MADISON AV., 758 (66th)—Front room, convenient bath; running water; electricity; telephone.

MADISON AV., 1,569 (Near 91st)—Front room, nicely furnished, suitable couple, friends.

West Side.

87TH, 35 WEST—Beautiful rooms, private bath; privileges; suitable two or more.

87TH ST., 36 WEST—Large room, overlooking park; exclusive bachelor apartment house; references.

88TH ST., 14 WEST—Large front room; bedroom and bath; Summer rates; gentleman; reference.

89TH, 5 WEST—Large front room and bath; inquire Supt.

91ST, 112 WEST—Elegant (Corner Broadway)—Two rooms, bath; private; all conveniences; Summer rates; references. Apt. 6.

92D (Broadway)—Large room, bath, 2 windows; in private apartment; to let only to refined, steady, single gentleman; $10 month; references. Phone Circle 9800.

92D ST., 17 EAST—Large, attractive front room; suitable for couple; private home.

93D ST., 142 WEST—Large front room suitable for business couple. Hotchenette.

97TH, 46 WEST—Comfortable large and small room; electricity; references.

97TH, 66 WEST—Exceptionally handsome large, small rooms; electricity, telephone; reference.

97TH ST., 40 WEST—NEWLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, PRIVATE BATHS, ELECTRICITY, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING, REASONABLE.

97TH ST., 319 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, ADJOINING BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE.

97TH, 47 WEST—Beautiful large room adjoining bath; twin beds; everything new.

97TH, 58 WEST—Large room, private bath; reference; business people; medium room.

97TH ST., 324 WEST—Exceptionally large room, alcove and bath; luxuriously furnished; bachelors or business people; Summer rate.

97TH, 66 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; ONE FLIGHT; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; PRIVATE BATH; $18 UPWARD.

97TH ST., 37 WEST—Select house; two attractive back parlor; tiled bath; electricity.

97TH, 343 WEST—Beautiful front room; refined surroundings; also large studio.

97TH ST., 111 WEST—Large room, near bath; electricity.

97TH, 288 WEST—Single and large room, electricity; $10 and $12 a week.

97TH ST., 140 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED LARGE FRONT PARLOR, RUNNING WATER, ELECTRICITY, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $15.

97TH, 360—SINGLE ROOM, NEAT BATH; $6 WEEKLY; PRIVATE HOUSE; BUSINESS WOMAN PREFERRED. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 1995.

98TH (West End Av.)—Delightful Summer location, especially the Hudson; suites with baths or single, $16 up.

98TH, 161 WEST—Large, light, airy rooms for one or two; references.

98TH, 242 WEST—Very desirable second floor large room; exclusive house; references.

98TH, 158 WEST—Handsomely furnished rooms, bath; also single room; reference.

98TH ST., 41 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, ONE FLIGHT UP, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, ELECTRICITY, REASONABLE.

98TH ST., 308 WEST—Large double room, one flight, overlooking Riverside mansion; absolutely first class.

98TH ST., 31 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR; $15.

98TH, 138 WEST—Large room, private bath; small room, running water, electricity.

98TH ST., 43 WEST—BEAUTIFUL FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, ADJOINING BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; $18 UPWARD.

99TH, 165 WEST—Outside, quiet; $10; elevator, telephone; private family. Clairemont Harris.

99TH, 161 WEST—Beautiful back parlor, private bath, electricity, kitchenette privilege; reference.

99TH, 143 WEST—Large room, twin beds, private bath, southern exposure.

99TH, 138 WEST—Immaculately clean large room, private bath, electricity; medium people.

99TH, 146 WEST—Room with private bath; electric light; first floor. James.

99TH ST., 116 WEST—Large room, private bath, twin beds, electricity, telephone; $18.

99TH, 306 WEST (At Drive)—Charming cool room, with or without bath.

99TH, 137 WEST—Artistic home, large room, private bath; single, adjoining bath.

99TH ST., 138 WEST—Handsomely furnished double room, with bath, also single room in perfect home; convenience.

99TH, 127 WEST—Large and medium rooms; also physician's office; private dwelling.

99TH ST., 124 WEST—Large front room, with running water, adjoining bath, refined house.

99TH, 168 WEST—Exceptionally well furnished large room, dressing room, bath, electricity.

99TH ST., 118 WEST—Large room, beautifully furnished; refined private home; electricity; gentleman.

99TH, 316 WEST—Large front room; running water, telephone; private family.

99TH, 306 WEST—Large front room; private bath; electricity; telephone; $18.

100TH, 308 WEST—Front room, private bath; kitchenette privilege; $18.

100TH, 310 WEST—Large front room, private bath, twin beds; electricity; telephone; $18.

100TH, 306 WEST (At Drive)—Charming cool room, with or without bath.

100TH, 137 WEST—Artistic home, large room, private bath; single, adjoining bath.

100TH ST., 138 WEST—Handsomely furnished double room, with bath, also single room in perfect home; convenience.

100TH, 127 WEST—Large and medium rooms; also physician's office; private dwelling.

100TH ST., 124 WEST—Large front room, with running water, adjoining bath, refined house.

100TH, 168 WEST—Exceptionally well furnished large room, dressing room, bath, electricity.

100TH ST., 118 WEST—Large room, beautifully furnished; refined private home; electricity; gentleman.

100TH, 316 WEST—Large front room; running water, telephone; private family

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The New York Times

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KITCHEN AND DINING ROOM WORK. Openings for several women, 35 or under, for general work in employees' lunchrooms; wages $15 to $20, including hot lunch. Apply at 25 Vanderbilt av., 15th floor, corner 37th St., 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Bronx—370 East 149th St., 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

KITCHEN MAID, white, in private family leaving for country residence; must understand plain cooking. Call 6 East 70th St. between 5 and 8.

LADY, refined, about 35, for stenographer and office assistant; state experience, references and salary desired. L 869 Times.

LUNCHROOM WORK.

Young woman, high school education, with some business experience in lunchroom work, to take charge of small lunchroom for employes; good opportunity for advancement; salary $21 per week to start. Apply by letter, stating experience or training, to V 830 Times Downtown.

MAID, white, to do cooking and waiting for family of three. Call 103 East 84th, or telephone Lenox 2042.

MODELS—Wanted, attractive young ladies for high-class coat house; good salary. Henry Newmark, 112 Madison av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, SWITCHBOARD operator; established law office; opportunity for advancement to intelligent and industrious worker. Call Room 1705, 128 Broadway.

OFFICE GIRLS, 14 to 16, office of large insurance company; good chance for advancement to those who prove worthy. Address P. O. Box 886, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE GIRL, 16 years or over, at least grammar school education, bright, energetic and willing; opportunity for right person. Apply Mr. White, 442 West 14th St., 8th floor.

PRINTING COST CLERK for work on paper and departmental production records; permanent position and advancement if you make good. G. R., 140 Times.

SALESLADY, candy. Apply room 1003E, 30 Church St.

SALESWOMEN

EXPERIENCED IN SELLING DRESS GOODS, WOOL, CHINA AND GLASSWARE, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, JEWELRY, NECKWEAR, HANDKERCHIEFS, INFANTS' WEAR, PERFUMERY, CORSETS.

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APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

SALESLADY with some experience in bakery; reference; steady position. Cushman, 125 West 10th St.

SALESLADY, experienced, reliable. Dress Shop, 1241 St. Nicholas Av.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, by manufacturer, near Brooklyn Bridge; varied work of assistant to purchasing agent; splendid opportunity for young girl with ambition; state age, experience, salary first and salary desired. S 721 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.

EXPERIENCED, NEAT AND ACCURATE; PERMANENT POSITION; FINE CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY

IRON AGE PUBLISHING CO.,

239 WEST 39TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER.

experienced, in large corporation; Bridge entrance, Long Island City; pleasant surroundings; good chance for advancement; write, stating qualifications and salary desired. Address "Pleading," Box 48, Long Island City, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER—Motion picture corporation offers unusual opportunity to experienced rapid stenographer; splendid opportunity for person properly qualified; state age, education, experience and salary expected in reply. W 825 Times.

STENOGRAPHER FOR LARGE WAIST MANUFACTURER; EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE OF HANDLING FOLLOW-UP WORK AND EXPRESS CLAIMS. APPLY ROOM 1226 WALDORF BLDG., 3-16 WEST 32D.

STENOGRAPHER.

typist; 2 experienced operators for Oliver machines; must have good speed; be accurate.

PHILLIPS JONES CORP.,

620 EAST 134TH ST., BRONX.

STENOGRAPHER in resident buyer's office with some knowledge of stencil cutting preferred, but not essential; must be experienced; state salary. S 916 Modern Reporting Service, The, 246 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; insurance experience desirable but not absolutely essential; state nationality, experience and salary expected. B 870 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist—Good opportunity for rapid beginner with some knowledge of bookkeeping; by Christian manufacturing concern. C. E. Shepard Co., 511 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant in shipping office; must be competent; $35 monthly. Apply Monday, 12 to 2. H. W. Tietjen, 39 Pearl St.

STENOGRAPHER; Spanish-English, to take dictation in English and translate; experienced correspondent. Apply Sales Manager, 61 Broadway, 5th floor, 9 A. M.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady with insurance experience wanted in broker's office; state salary, experience, &c. T 813 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with knowledge of artificial silk; fine opportunity with large corporation; short hours; write, stating salary. W 796 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of English and Hungarian, for secretarial position; salary remunerative. M 269 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, graduate commercial course, high school. Apply Proper Manufactory, 124 Howard St.

STENOGRAPHER OR TYPIST

for hotel; temporary position; $75 a month and meals. Apply at once 447 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER, neat appearing, capable; $28 start; Christian firm; state age, experience, &c. W 806 Times.

YOUNG LADY to do filing work in large insurance company; good opportunity. Call Room 1906, 55 John St.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER — Apply Ball & Ellsillen, 1468 West Farms Road.

STENOGRAPHER—One, with legal experience preferred; good salary to right party. Call Room 1902, 55 John St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; permanent position; Christian concern. Exide Battery Depot, 107 West 42d Av.

STENOGRAPHER, with experience, by Christian firm; please state salary expected. S 899 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for export house; must know Spanish and English. 26 East 39th St., Room 13E.

STENOGRAPHER in law office, one with legal experience preferred; salary $25 week. Apply 1006 42d Av.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping. Y 2207 Times Annex.

TEACHER—Visiting, for bright child, in Rockaway Beach; must cover; work fifth year; ethical culture schools. Y 2264 Times Annex.

TEACHER or college student, ambitious, summer employment, with educational association; liberal salary; permanent position possible. T 819 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS.

The New York Telephone Company requires several young women to operate key stations at office buildings and railroad terminals; age 17 to 25; central office experience preferred; salary to start $15; rapid increases in pay; attractive working hours; good Central Palace, Lexington Av. and 26th St., N. Y. C., 19th floor. Public Telephone Department.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS.

A large corporation requires the services of several telephone operators, with central office experience preferred; salary to start $16, with excellent chance for advancement; hours 1 P. M. to midnight. V 699 Times Downtown.

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TELEPHONE OPERATOR and typist; refined, wanted by Christian firm; with references; reply, giving full particulars. W 245 Times.

TYPISTS WANTED, METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY; SHORT HOURS, PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS; FREE LUNCHEONS PROVIDED; FREE INSTRUCTION IN STENOGRAPHY AND DICTAPHONE OPERATING. APPLY DEWITT 9 AND 4:30 O'CLOCK, ROOM 5033, 1 MADISON AV.

TYPISTS (2)—Good opportunity for ambitious girl of Christian connecting concern. Call C. E. Shepard Co., 511 Hudson St.

TYPISTS as order clerks in large chemical house; must be rapid and reliable workers; state experience and salary wanted. Manufacturer, 2 876 Times.

TYPISTS, experienced, office of large downtown firm; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 838, City Hall Station, New York.

TYPISTS, advertising department, book publishing house; opportunity for ambitious girls; 44 to start. Call 9 Warren St.

TYPIST and stenographer; must have experience; Lefcourt Leather & Co., 60-62 East 8th St., New York.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TYPIST—Christian firm; good opportunity for advancement. Despard & Co., 6 Hanover St.

WOMAN, 25 to 35 years; steady work; wrapping department book manufacturing (sitting). Apply J. F. Tapley, 531 West 37th.

WOMEN do cleaning by the day; also pantry maids and waitresses. Sloane Hospital for Women, 447 West 59th.

WOMEN — LIGHT, PLEASANT WORK, WHOLESALE HOUSE; $12. A 721 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG WOMEN.

THE ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT OF THE NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY HAS SEVERAL VACANCIES FOR BILLING CLERKS, JUNIOR CLERKS, FILE CLERKS, MESSENGERS; GOOD STARTING SALARY PAID; FIRST SALARY INCREASE EFFECTIVE FIRST OF THIRD MONTH FOLLOWING ENGAGEMENT, WITH FREQUENT INCREASES THEREAFTER. NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY, ROOM 4th, 15 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK, N. Y.

YOUNG LADIES,

17 years old and over, for interesting clerical work in large, new office; experience unnecessary; high school graduates preferred; best reference required. Apply Mr. McCarth, 9 A. M.

GREAT ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TEA CO.,

628 EAST 141ST ST.,

Near Southern Boulevard, Bronx.

Take Hunts Point subway to 142d St.

YOUNG LADY, about 18 years of age to operate Monitor switchboard in the west side of Manhattan, near 14th St.; one familiar with Underwood machine preferred; salary to start $18. Address stating age, nationality, experience, &c. S. B., 641 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY in Larchmont branch office of New York real estate organization for clerical work; typist will receive preference; neat appearance and pleasing address important qualifications; $15-$18; steady, mature-minded person preferred. D. W., 46 Times.

YOUNG LADY in advertising makeup department large magazine; must be stenographer and understand line make-up; excellent future offered; state age, experience and salary. M 240 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN, not under 18, for positions as clerks and file clerks; experience unnecessary; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York.

YOUNG LADIES FOR STREET DISTRIBUTION OF SAMPLES; PLEASANT WORK AND GOOD WAGES. ADDRESS OR CALL THE KOLYNOS CO.,

109 WEST 42D ST., N. Y. C.

YOUNG GIRL wanted for office work; no experience necessary. Address, in own handwriting, stating salary expected. V 822 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN with high school or college training, preferably with liking for newspaper work; $15 to start. A 714 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted, aged about 35; position forewoman modern plant employing about 150 girls; state experience as reference. W 74 Times.

YOUNG LADY, with some experience in bookkeeping and portrait reception room work. Underwood & Underwood, 417 5th Av.

Instruction.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.

Good English, spoken and written, is a basic requirement for business success; most men and women need training in English-sentence building, vocabulary enlargement, report and letter writing. Do you? Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for informative booklet "Your English." Ask also for details of special Saturday afternoon class in business English now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

EARN $25-$75 weekly through Prof. Rohrer's famous Hairdressing, Manicure, Beauty School; circular explains. 119 West 42d.

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Stenographers (10) 25.00
Stenographer 25.00
Stenographer (Beginner) 20.00
Typists ..... $20-$25
Checkers, newspaper advertising, and numerous other positions.
Equitable Industrial Relations Service, Inc.

CYNTHIA WARD'S AGENCY,

110 WEST 40TH STREET.

TEL BRYANT 7378.

Accountants, bookkeepers, stenographers, typists, file clerks, switchboard operators.

"Service of and for the Better Sort."

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.

Experienced in general railroad accounts, including Government settlements; accounts instituted during Federal control period, also one having experience in connection with up-keep section of standard contract, especially as interpreted by Accounting Circulars Nos. 101 and 130. Apply V 2208 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT AND GENERAL BOOKKEEPER, experienced, preferably in transportation accounting and statistical work; give present position, present salary, references and when available; position will pay $2,500 to start; reply will be held confidential. W 631 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT — We are contemplating changing our system of bookkeeping and are looking for a simple and effective system. Can you recommend anything? V 913 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN and designer, four, familiar, if possible, with large housing development. Apply by mail or in person to T. C. Desmond Co., 105 Newington Av., Hartford, Conn.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted, familiar with brokerage business. Address Box P, Metropolitan Advertising Co. 120 Liberty St., New York.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS, first class all round mechanics and electrical men; if you can fill the job we want you; if not, don't apply. Apply foreman, Allen Wasting Auto Corp., 244 West 49th.

BANK CLERK.

Experienced in Far Eastern exchange; high school education preferred; state actual experience and salary desired. S 683 Times Downtown.

BANK CLERKS—Downtown bank requires the services of bookkeepers and transit clerks. Reply, stating salary expected, V 548 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.

Young man, experienced and accurate poster; must be good penman and neat at figures; excellent opportunity to advance for a willing worker; hours 8:30 to 5, half day Saturday; salary about $25. Reply, stating age, experience and whether employed at present.

PORTER, P. O. BOX 977,

CITY HALL STATION.

BOOKKEEPER—Large wholesale cotton converting corporation has a very desirable, permanent position open in its office for man who is ambitious, industrious worker; must be accurate, neat, capable of handling large volume of detail; address in own handwriting, stating age, experience, references and salary desired; replies will be held in confidence. V 850 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, wanted in an old established advertising office; must be able to take entire charge of bookkeeping department, make trial balances, tax reports, &c. Address, giving references and salary desired, B. R., P. O. Box 718, City Hall Station, New York.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; experienced, competent and capable to assist busy executive; unusual advancement; state age, qualifications and salary. B. R., 780 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER—Must have perfect knowledge double entry bookkeeping. Write, stating nationality, experience, age, salary expected, Box 81, 1620 St. James' Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, preferably with Wall St. experience; attractive salary. Give full details in letter. Write W. J., Box 46, 1,258 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER—Answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary; machine business. P. O. Box 1, Station B, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, boy or girl, experienced; reference; good wages. 180 Newark Av., Jersey City. L. Mayer & Co.

BOYS.

BIG COMPANY; HOURS 9 TO 4. 12 SATURDAYS. AMBITIOUS BOYS; FREE LIFE INSURANCE AFTER ONE YEAR OF SERVICE; BOY SCOUTS; BASEBALL TEAM; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. WRITE RECTYP, P. O. BOX 87, WALL STREET BRANCH.

BOY,

Christian firm, good opportunity with large corporation; excellent chance for advancement. Apply employment office.

JAMES SHEWAN & SON, INC.

FT. OF 37TH ST.,

BROOKLYN.

BOY for sales office of large Christian corporation; chance for advancement. Answer in own handwriting, giving age, references and salary wanted. S 700 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by large steam engineering and contracting concern; must be generally clever; work, &c.; excellent opportunity for American boy to make a start with first-class firm. Child & Scott Co., 112 Worcester St.

BOYS WANTED

in the offices of the Corn Products Refining Co., Whitehall Building, New York City; ideal working conditions; good chance for advancement to higher positions.

BOY wanted by large import and export house; good opportunity for advancement; state age and salary expected. Address Room 213, 10 Bridge St., New York City.

BOYS, to make themself useful in insurance general agency; $13 a week; opportunity for advancement. B 669 Times Downtown.

BOYS, over 16 years, to learn trade; good opportunity for advancement. Apply J. F. Tapley, 531 West 37th.

BOYS AS MESSENGERS; GOOD WAGES. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY ADVANCEMENT. POSTAL TELEGRAPH, 253 B'WAY.

BOY for office of importers for general office work. H 673 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in purchasing department of large company. Call 1,745 Broadway.

BUTLER-VALET—Wanted, competent unmarried man (white) for bachelor in an apartment; one who understands plain cooking; must have city references. S 1066 Times Annex.

CASHIER - BOOKKEEPER; BONDABLE, RESPONSIBLE BOOKKEEPER, WITH OPPORTUNITIES, PRESENTS HIMSELF TO A COMPETENT YOUNG MAN. WRITE, GIVING REFERENCES AND SALARY DESIRED, WHITE, 166 DUANE ST.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, age 25-35, operate 3½-ton White truck. Call 440 Washington St. Katzenbach & Bullock.

CHEMIST, manufacturing, for baking powders, extracts and bakers' supplies; factory Indianapolis. Answer stating experience, age and salary wanted. Box 1029, Times, Boston.

COOK, MALE OR FEMALE,

TO TAKE CHARGE OF KITCHEN IN INDUSTRIAL PLAN CAFATERIA ACCOMMODATING 500 PERSONS; LONG ISLAND CITY SECTION; NO COOKING ON SATURDAYS. BOX 15, STATION F, NEW YORK CITY.

DESIGNER on monograms and initials; splendid opportunity for competent man; only a No. 1 designer will be considered. Star Embroidering, 58 West 38th.

DRAFTSMEN ARCHITECTURAL OR STRUCTURAL WANTED; first-class men on design, plans, detail, structural design and specifications, preferably men with hospital planning experience; give experience, qualifications and salary; call in first letter; Civil Service status not necessary. Address Constructing Engineer, U. S. Public Health Service, 8th and E Sts., N. W., Washington, D. C.

DRAFTSMAN, designing, mechanical, by old corporation; not continuous board work, but occasional trips to our factories on interesting engineering work; must be man of tact and initiative with thorough technical education. In reply describe yourself and state experience, chronologically, with salaries received. V 820 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced and thoroughly familiar in raw sugar and refinery work, wanted at once for position in Havana, Cuba; willing to be away two years; write fully, stating experience, salary, &c. V 833 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN, TOOL.

Several first-class men, experienced on designing jigs and fixtures, with large machine shop in Greater New York. Address Y. I., 200 Cable Bldg.

DRAFTSMAN—With electrical experience in street railway work. Room 406, Third Avenue Railway Company, 130th St. and 3d Av., New York City, N. Y.

DRAFTSMEN, with one or two years' experience; permanent position. Elevator Supply Co., 18th St. and Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.

DRAFTSMAN WANTED—EXPERIENCED ON SHOP LAY-OUTS; DESIRING APPLY BY LETTER. MAGOR CAR CORPORATION, PASSAIC, N. J.

DRAFTSMAN wanted, with knowledge of stenography; unusual opportunity for young man. Call Vanderbilt 9455.

DRAFTSMEN, detailers, designers and checkers on structural steel; permanent positions for good men. W 2004 Times.

DRILL PRESS HANDS (6); lathe hands (6), floor hands (6), helpers (6); must be experienced on marine work. Apply White Fuel Oil Engineering Corp., 142 East 125th St.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR

(colored), night work; high class downtown apartment house; salary $60 month, six days' work. Call Saturday, 9 A. M., Huberth & Huberth, 2 Columbus Circle.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, experienced bill clerk. Bally Electrical Supply Co., 288 Canal St.

ENTRY CLERK

EXPERT TAKING CHARGES FROM CALLER. ADDRESS FANCY, BOX 130, MADISON SQUARE.

EXECUTIVE to take charge of office; must have thorough knowledge of double entry bookkeeping; good opportunity for right man. Box 82, 1 James Bldg.

EXPORT—An exceptional opportunity is offered to one who can qualify for a position in export department of large chemical and dyestuff manufacturers; do not apply unless you have competent knowledge of handling of letters of credit, bank drafts and documents, securing steamer space, &c., &c. Address reply Confidential, M 961 Times Downtown.

HALLMEN JEWISH HOSPITAL, Classon Av. and St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS.

EXPERIENCED MAKING ELECTRICAL MEASURING INSTRUMENTS; POSITIONS ARE IN SCHENECTADY, N. Y.; PERMANENT TO GOOD MEN; CALL AND SEE FOREMAN AT FACTORY WILL BE HELD CONFIDENTIAL; DAY OF THIS WEEK OFFICE OPEN ALL DAY. GENERAL EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT, GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., 50 WEST ST., NEW YORK CITY.

JOB COMPOSITOR wanted, where conditions are ideal; hours 8 and one-half; wages above the average. Write full particulars to Box 2, Station A, Hartford, Conn.

MAN, AT LEAST 25 YEARS OLD, WITH GOOD EDUCATION AND CAPACITY FOR DETAIL; ONLY THOSE WITH DESIRE TO BECOME PERMANENTLY INTERESTED NEED APPLY; GIVE FULL DETAILS OF EXPERIENCE, NAMES OF FORMER AND PRESENT EMPLOYERS AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS ASSEMBLY ROOM, POST OFFICE HALL POST OFFICE, NEW YORK CITY.

MAN WANTED; AT LEAST 15 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, KNOWLEDGE OF RAW SILK HOUSES, PIECE GOODS AND CONDITIONING RAW SILKS; BEST REFERENCES. ADDRESS, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, 1,133 BROADWAY, NEW YORK OFFICE, ROOM 621.

MAN wanted, about 35, to handle payroll and employ help in old established manufacturing business; steady position offered; state experience and give references in full. W 75 Times.

MAN wanted in Brooklyn bank in receiving teller's department; one with experience counting bills preferred; state age, salary, experience, &c. Y 2207 Times Annex.

MAN wanted, automobile and carriage painter, experienced on rubbing varnish; apply Roma Motor Corporation, 158 Avenue D, City.

MAN wanted, a high-class man who knows how to manufacture thermometers for advertising purposes; write fully. Y 2270 Times Annex.

MAN, sidewalk, to help load and unload; good change for industrious man; $25. J. F. Tapley, 531 West 37th.

MAN, elderly, to make himself generally useful in stationary dept. of large corporation. T 598 Times.

MAN—Handy in insurance office. Address P. O. Box 838, City Hall Station, N. Y.

MECHANICS—First class motor mechanics wanted; 44-hour shop, high wages, steady work. E. R. Partridge Co., Webster and 3d Avs., Long Island City.

OFFICE MEN AND LEDGER CLERKS wanted by large dry goods commission house; ledger clerks should be familiar with customers' ledgers, trial balance, statements, checking remittances, &c. State age, salary desired, experience in detail. C 716 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN, who is good stenographer, bookkeeper, typist and correspondent; who is not afraid of work and long hours, in serious business office; state experience, salary desired. L 580 Times.

OFFICE BOY with well established export and import concern; chance for advancement to boy qualified to take advantage of opportunities. Call Room 706, 25 Beaver St.

OFFICE MAN, general export clerk; young man with good education, must have a knowledge of bookkeeping; salary to start $27. S 707 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS in office of large insurance company; good chance for advancement. Apply P. B. Bar 833, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE BOY, good opportunity. Call Room 1705, 60 Broadway.

OILERS—First-class oilers and patchers on phonograph work; none but experienced men need apply. French Cabinet Corporation, Metropolitan Av., near Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKER, inside finishers and helpers; good pay; steady work. Apply Fagan Iron Works, 144th and Coles Sts., Jersey City, N. J.

PACKERS

to pack export cabinets and crates; steady; time and a half for overtime after 44 hours; half day Saturday. The Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and MacDougal Sts., N. Y. Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

PAINTER automobile body work; good position, steady work; state wages. Apply Marmon Coach Works, 12 West 62d, 2d floor.

PORTER for warehouse, experienced; age 35-40. Call Rutenbeck & Bullock, 440 Washington St.

PORTER wanted, white. Call Consolidated Stock Exchange, 24 Beaver St. See janitor.

PORTERS wanted by American Concert Hall. Apply Harry Thompson, 34 West 59th St.

PRINTING COST CLERK for work on paper and departmental production records; permanent position and advancement if you make good. G. N., 140 Times.

REAL ESTATE renting agents can make good connection (commission) with high-grade packing concern's office furniture and household; furnishing leads. M 962 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, EXPERIENCED IN MEN'S CLOTHING. WALLACH BROS., BROADWAY AND 30TH.

SALESMAN, advertising, for leading trade journal which showed gross increase $100,000 last year; should develop similar increase this year; consider big, successful advertising man only, on straight 20 per cent. commission basis; leads furnished and territory strictly protected, with liberal arrangement on renewals to be given; also promotion to advertising manager on salary basis possible if warranted by results produced; old established publication with modern progressive promotion ideas. Address P 867 Times.

SALESMEN FOR BANKING SECURITY. WE HAVE AN OPENING FOR A MAN WITH ABILITY, NERVE AND AMBITION; ONE WHO ASPIRES TO BETTER HIS CONDITION AND IS WILLING TO REPORT TO WORK AT 9 A. M. AND WORK AT LEAST SEVEN HOURS A DAY; MUST QUALIFY AS TO ABILITY AND CHARACTER; COMMISSION. CALL 17 EAST 40TH ST., ROOM 707.

SALESMEN, SECURITIES; PERMANENT CONNECTION FOR TWO LIVE MEN CAPABLE OF EARNING $100 PER WEEK AND BETTER, WITH A PROGRESSIVE BANKING ORGANIZATION; COMMISSION; MUST BE OF GOOD CHARACTER AND INTEGRITY; OPPORTUNITY FOR SELF-RESPECTING MEN WHO WANT TO WORK HARD FOR BIG EARNINGS. CALL ROOM 707, 15 EAST 40TH ST.

SALESMAN

FOR SOUTHERN TERRITORY, BY LARGE HIGH-CLASS DRESS HOUSE; ONE ABLE TO SELL OVER $150,000 A SEASON; CONTROLE WORK AT PRESENT; NO OTHERS NEED APPLY. EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY; SALARY AGAINST COMMISSION. ADDRESS Z. O., 200 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMEN.

A few salesmen who have had experience selling insurance, pianos or similar lines can more than double their earnings if they can qualify selling securities; commission. See Mr. Kendal, 4 to 5 P. M., Room 3, 40 Wall St., Phone John 5094.

SALESMEN Wanted—The manufacturers of nationally advertised "Service Suits" one piece overalls will require the services of five salesmen for Greater New York, to begin 6th July; drawing account and commission; live wires only. Kohn Mfg. Co., Bradford, Pa.

SALESMEN, capable, to carry a complete line of all that is new in kid and fabric gloves in the following territories: Pennsylvania, New England, Iowa, Illinois, South Dakota. Position to be held in conjunction with other lines; straight commission basis. W 215 Times.

SALESMEN—Gentlemen of good appearance, education and personality, convincing talkers on unique educational proposition; drawing account against commissions; large steady income to right man. Write, stating age, selling experience, education, present earning; give telephone. T 587 Times.

SALESMEN, advertising, to represent group of Canadian class publications; man of good appearance and personality, with ambition and persistence; salary and commission; state fully experience and remuneration wanted. Y 2342 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, LACE, FOR LARGE MANUFACTURING TRADE; ONLY THOSE HAVING ESTABLISHED FOLLOWING WILL BE CONSIDERED; COMMISSION. G. SIDENBERG & CO., 114 5TH AV.

SALESMEN for an established mercantile agency; capable of earning $5,000-$6,000 annually; salary and commission. Y 2259 Times Annex.

SALESMAN for insurance company; energetic; compensation salary or commission. Apply Room 720, 522 5th Av., between 11 and 4.

SALESMAN with Ford car experience for Brooklyn; extremely good opportunity for right man; commission. 1,761 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, conversant with surgical instruments and hospital supplies; salary. Apply, with particulars, to W 824 Times.

SALESMAN experienced on ladies' high grade hand turned shoes for trade only; commission basis. W 263 Times.

SALESMEN, dress, young men, large acquaintance with jobbers; drawing account and commission. Call Room 628, 100 5th Av.

SHOE SALESMEN—Experienced Saturday afternoon, Arbes Bldg., 215 West 23d St., 40th St. cor. 8th Av.; 55th St., 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, work in Mexico for oil corporation; salary $150 month start; lodging furnished; answer experience, reference. Box 1028 Times, 3 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, not over 20 years old; state qualifications, experience, salary expected, references. H 665 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, wanted, with knowledge of drafting; unusual opportunity for young man. Call Vanderbilt 9455.

STOCK CLERK—Young man, familiar with stationery and office supplies, large publishing house; steady position; good future; state age, references and salary. G. S., 247 Times.

STOCK CLERK, one with phonograph experience preferred, not essential; state age, experience and salary expected. M. G., 46 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT WANTED

for a factory in Southern Michigan; will only consider men who have held such a position for several years with a high-class firm; would prefer a man who has had experience with a brass foundry and the manufacture of small brass parts and small metal stampings, produced in large quantities and sold at a low price. In order to reply, to assure attention, must give age, height, weight, full history of firms with whom connected for the last 12 years, length of time with each firm, position held, active head of the company, and salary expected. Address G. R., Box 32 Times.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF CONSTRUCTION wanted, capable of supervising the construction of hospital buildings; must have executive ability, practical knowledge of materials and employment of labor; state age, education and experience in detail; give former employers and list of operations; no civil service examination required. Write Constructing Engineer, U. S. Public Health Service, 8th and E Sts., N. W., Washington, D. C.

SUPERINTENDENT.

Excellent opening for first class mill superintendent; must have general woolen working experience, particularly on interior trim. Address, with reference, Box 382, Detroit, Mich.

SUPERINTENDENT and draftsman for building construction; state salary and experience. W 916 Times.

TEACHER, resident, for grade work and specialty subject, for boys' boarding school near city. Write qualifications and salary; work begins Fall. W 278 Times.

TEACHER or college student, vacation position; educational work; splendid experience; $315 30 days; bonus for good work. L., Box 29, 126 East 84th.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE

wanted to assist executive in factory in Hoboken in production and similar work. Answer, stating age, past position and salary expected to start. S 704 Times Downtown.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS

must be experienced in interlocking towers.

N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. CO.,

APPLY—CHIEF TRAIN DISPATCHER, 132D ST. & WILLIS AV., BRONX.

TIME STUDY MEN—Several men experienced in taking time studies on operations in machine shop wanted by large machine shop in Greater New York; men who have had practical machine shop or toolroom experience preferred. Write E. V., 200 Cable Building.

TOOL DESIGNERS;

Several tool designers for designing small interchangeable parts; those capable of checking preferred.

Apply immediately,

BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE,

15th and Garden Sts., Hoboken.

TRACER AND DETAILER—Young engineering student, not over 20, will find a good opportunity here for advancement along engineering lines; personal filing work; $18 per week to start; must have good eyesight and be healthy; give full description in first letter. V 846 Times Downtown.

TRANSMISSION ENGINEER.

Engineer specialized in transmission to have charge of design to co-operate in maintenance of shafting and belt for large industrial plant located in New Jersey; must be up to date in this line. Transmission, Box 730 Times Downtown.

UPHOLSTERER for outside work. 145 West 42d.

WAITERS wanted by prominent city club; 3 waiters for day service, $30 and meals; 1 omnibus, $60 and meals. M 430 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted, after July 1; high school or public school graduate; for large steamship company; opportunity to learn and grow up with business. V 815 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, manufacturing department book publishing house; excellent opportunity to learn bookmaking all branches; start $15; rapid advancement if warranted. Call 8 Warren St.

YOUNG MAN, with experience in estimating on manufactured commercial stationery; good salary; permanent position; splendid chance for right party. Write, giving reference to Y 2272 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in production department; one with some experience survey machine line preferred. Benford Auto Products, Inc., 1 mile near South, near N. Y. City line, Mt. Vernon.

YOUNG MAN wanted who has had some experience drafting or tracing; good opportunity for advancement. Apply 742 East 13th, N. Y. C.

YOUNG MAN, stenography and office details with wholesale coal house; excellent opportunity for right party to learn business. Y 2265 Times Annex.

YOUNG MEN in stock department for electrical supply jobber; salary $15; good chance for advancement. T 584 Times.

YOUNG MEN—Bank wants promising young men; experience not necessary. V 645 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, age 18; start at $18. October $20, January $22; Christian firm. H 626 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN—Good opening in bank for young man with some experience; state particulars. W 641 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, TELEPHONE OPERATOR—A large corporation will train several young men as telephone operators; experience not necessary; ages 18 to 21; excellent chance for advancement; hours from 5 P. M. to midnight; salary to start $16; permanent. V 827 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, some electric motor knowledge, quality as collector; cash security or surety bond required. B 2260 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24 years, for outside advertising work. J 873 Times.

STERN BROTHERS, WEST 42D ST., require experienced men for their express and shipping room. Apply after 9 A. M., to the Superintendent of Delivery, 9th Av. and 42d St.

Instruction.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.

Good English, spoken and written, is a basic requirement for business success; most men and women need training in English-sentence building, vocabulary enlargement, report and letter writing. Do you? Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for informative booklet "Your English." Ask also for details of special Saturday afternoon class in business English now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

BECOME AN EXPERT BANKER.

Banks all over the nation are in need of more competent employes. Big salaries are given to men and women trained in Banking and Finance. Read our booklet, "Opportunities in Banking and Finance." Write, call or phone.

Bryant—6020.

LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,

Dept. 112 West 40th St., New York.

Evening Appointments Arranged.

SHALL I STAY? SHALL I GO?

Before making a change, find out if you are on the right track. To know what your life work should be is a start in the right direction. The trained analyst will know from a study of your face the question for you. This study is based on known scientific laws; no psychological tests; no trade tests; ask us all about it; Booklet "K" on request. Morton Institute, Inc., 26 5th Av. (at 15th St.), N. Y. Tel. Chelsea 4064.

AUTO INSTRUCTION

FOR OWNERS, CHAUFFEURS, SALESMEN AND MECHANICS; SPECIAL RATE, JUNE CLASSES; TRIAL LESSON AND BOOKLET FREE.

M. C. A.,

1,117 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

ACCOUNTANCY—New Summer classes are now forming day or evening sessions. Write for helpful booklet, "Your Market Value," and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 305 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

BUICK, 4 cylinders, 1917; excellent condition; man leaving town; call from 10 to 1, 21 West 86 St. Tel. Spring 8011. H. Levine.

BUICK 1919 touring 5-passenger; perfect; full of mileage left; low price; must sell; $1,500. Sullivan, 417 West 156th.

BUICK D-44 Little Six roadster; unusually good condition; reasonable. Smith, Morningside 176.

BUICK 1918 7-pass., mechanically perfect; price $1,250; no dealers apply. Owner, 2,147 Jerome.

BUICK; sacrifice; 1920 touring; 5 new tires; mechanically perfect. Whitney, Circle 8222.

BUICK 1919 touring 5-passenger; mileage 4,000; perfect condition; $1,450. Russell, 124 West 54th. Circle 4470.

BUICKS, 1920, 1919, 1918. Reilly-Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 8222.

BUICK 1918, Anchor sedan top, 7-pass. touring; perfect shape. Columbus 1697.

BUICK, 1919, 7-pass., $1,600, no lend. Jacod, 7548 Columb

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs. Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATTON, D.D., Pastor. DR. ROBERT STUART MACARTHUR, Pastor Emeritus and Preacher. Baptist World Alliance, will preach at both services. 10:30—"Like Unto a Leaven." 3:30—"Jesus and Adam with Chasms Between." 8—"Blessings of Waiting on Jehovah."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av. FRANK W. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor. 11—CHILDREN'S DAY EXERCISES. 7:45—DOOR STEP SINGING. 8—The Pastor will preach. "KNOWING WHAT YOU BELIEVE."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 to 12 West 46th St. Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN at 11. Last Service Until Sept. 19.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway and 76th Street. PASTOR, J. M. HALDEMAN, D. D. Preaching 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by DR. A. R. PLUM, Scranton, Pa.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST ST. Rev. George Caleb Moor, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—"The Salvation Army." 8 P. M.—"Can the Dead Return?" "Is Theosophy Fact or Fiction". 10 A. M.—Men's Class, Rev. A. T. Brooks.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, 8th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts. CARL WALLACE PETTY, Minister. 11 A. M.—CHILDREN'S DAY SERVICE. 8 P. M.—PREACHING BY ALFRED D. LAWSON, D. D.

WADSWORTH AV. BAPTIST CHURCH, Bet. 179th-180th Sts., Wadsworth Av. REV. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor. 11—Children's Day Exercises. 8—Installation of Christian Endeavor officers.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTISTCHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av. Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D. 11 A. M.—"Rose, Shamrock and Thistle." 7 P. M.—"The Mormons," Prof. Pattison.

Christian Science

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES, Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M.:

First Church—Central Park West & 96th St. Second Church—Central Park West & 68th St. Third Church—68th St., just east of Park Av. Fourth Church—125th St. & Ft. Wash. Av. Fifth Church—Aeolian C. Hall, 34 W. 43d St. Sixth Church—1,935 Anthony Av., Bronx. Seventh Church—112th St., east of Broadway. Sunday, 11 A. M. and 4:20 P. M. Eighth Church—23d and 24th Sts. and Ninth Church—Park Avenue Hotel, 4th Av., at 33d St. Tenth Church—57th St., east of Broadway. Eleventh Church—Ascot Bridge Av., 11 A. M. FREE READING ROOM, 33 W. 42d St.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE LECTURES will be delivered as follows: Fifth Church of Christ, Scientist, 34 West 43d St.: By Mr. John W. Doorly, C. S. B., Monday evening, June 14, at 8 o'clock.

TWELFTH CHURCH, Anderson Galleries, Park Av. and 59th St. Christian Science Society, Floral Garden, B'way at 146th St., Sundays 11 A. M. only.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, BROADWAY AND 56TH STREET. 11:00—Rev. Herbert G. Herring, D. D. 8:00—Rev. Thomas Morgan. Wednesday, 8 P. M.—Midweek Service.

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway, near 76th St., 11 A. M. REV. HENRY A. STIMSON, D. D.

Disciples of Christ (Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 148 WEST 81ST ST. FINIS S. IDLEMAN, D. D., Pastor, Preaches at 11 A. M.

Divine Science

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE, Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria. Services Sunday at 11 A. M. Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor. Rev. RUTH D. ELDERKIN, Speaker. Subject, "The Lord Thy God in Midst of Thee Is Mighty." Meetings of the Bible Class and Sunday School discontinued for the Summer.

Interdenominational

THE NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE HAS GREAT PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING THAT SADHU SUNDER SINGH, THE FAMOUS SIKH, ONE OF THE MOST REMARKABLE EVANGELISTS OF THE WORLD, KNOWN IN HIS OWN COUNTRY AS "THE APOSTLE OF INDIA, WILL SPEAK UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE INSTITUTE IN THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5TH ST. AND 5TH AV., TUESDAY, JUNE 15, 8 P. M.

The Sadhu has been addressing immense audiences in London. Dr. Jowett, in introducing him to a remarkable week-night congregation, said: "I feel it an honor of an altogether exceptional kind to have beside me in my pulpit a native Christian from India, and one who has been so unmistakably blessed in Christian work." Throughout India multitudes have listened to the Sadhu, sometimes as many as 50,000 at a time.

THE PUBLIC CORDIALLY INVITED. CARDS ADMITTING TO SPECIALLY RESERVED SEATS, GOOD UNTIL 7:50 P. M., MAY BE HAD BY ADDRESSING DON O. SHELTON, PRESIDENT, THE NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE, 214 WEST 39TH ST., NEW YORK.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 692 8TH AV., AT 44TH ST. FOUNDER, REV. A. B. SIMPSON. REV. ELMER B. FITCH, ASS'T PASTOR. DR. DONALD D. MUNRO, Kansas City, Mo., will preach Sunday morning and evening, 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M. General Theme, "The Standardization of Christian Character." Morning, "The Ideal." Evening, "The Enablement." Tuesday Evening, at 8 P. M., REV. H. S. HALLMAN of Canada. Wednesday Evening at 8 P. M., Missionary Farewell Service.

The Old-Time Gospel With the Old-Time Power. THE NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE, 214 W. 39th St., near 7th Av., 4:15 P. M. DON O. SHELTON. Subject: "A Story Yet Untold: God's Grace and Power in the Work of the National Bible Institute."

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE, B'way and 104th St. Rev. WILLIAM ALLAN, at 11 and 8. Evening subject, "PROFITABLE FRIEND." All seats free. Monday at 8, Prayer Meeting.

Jewish

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, Fifth Av. and 43d St. Saturday, 10:30 A. M., in honor of Flag Day, Silverman will preach on "THE BIBLE AND THE FLAG."

Lutheran

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway at 95th Street. Rev. A. Steinle, D. D., Pastor. Morning Service at 11 o'clock.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, 65th Street and Central Park West. Dr. Chas. J. Smith preaches at 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal

GRACE, WEST 104TH ST. Frederick Brown Harris, Minister. 11—Children's Day Exercises of Bible School, Baptism of Infants and address by Dr. Harris. 8—Address by Dr. Samuel Guy Inman of the Y. M. C. A.: "The Social Caste of Christianity" and motion picture.

MADISON AVENUE CHURCH, 60TH ST. Dr. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Pastor. 11—"The Wiser Generation." 8—"The Little Minds in Great Times." 6:30—"Young People's Meeting."

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th & 7th Av. Rev. JOSEPH W. CRASEY, B. D., Minister. 11 A. M.—Children's Day Service. 8:15 P. M.—"A Man and His Money."

ST. ANDREW'S METHODIST CHURCH, 76th St. and Columbus Av. 11—ALLAN MAC ROSSIE WILL PREACH.

ST. JAMES, Madison Av. and 126th St. Dr. George L. Nuckolls, Pastor. 11 A. M.—Children's Day Service. 8 P. M.—Flag Day Service.

ANNOUNCE—Washington Square, 4th St., West of Square, Sermon 11, Community Chorus, 7:30, Come, help sing Gaul's "Holy City." J. S. Stone, Pastor.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 158th and Amsterdam Av. 11 A. M.—Bishop F. D. FISHER. 8 P. M.—Dr. J. S. PRICE.

New Church

BROOKLYN SOCIETY OF THE NEW CHURCH, Monroe Place, Corner of Clark Street. Take Interborough Subway to Clark Street. Sunday School at 10. Service at 11. REV. WILLIAM F. WUNSCH will preach. Subject: "The Unity of a Life."

NEW CHURCH, 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs. Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor. Service, 11 A. M.

New Thought

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE, 202 WEST 73D STREET. Sun., 3:00.—"The Memory of Past Lives." Mrs. Addaleta Mendell. 8:15.—"Spiritual Sunday, "The Spirit of the League," Eugene Del Mar. "The Supreme Need of the Hour." Miss Helena Hermon Randall, Miss Mary Allen, Presiding. Mon., 8:15.—Flag day. The World Made New." Miss Villa Faulkner Page. Tues., 8:15.—"Life Everlasting." Miss Mary Allen. Wed., 3:00—Healing, Laura G. Cannon. 8:00—Young People's Class. Leader, Miss Helen Crane. 8:15—Battalion of Light, Speaker, Miss Allen, Alfred Mudd, Mrs. G. E. Bennett, Mrs. E. D. Ankerly, Presiding. Thurs., 3:00—League Healing Meeting, Mrs. A. Conde Smith. Fri., 8:15.—"Revelation," Laura G. Cannon.

UNITY SOCIETY OF PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY, HOTEL ASTOR. Sunday, 10 A. M., Sunday School. 11—SAUL PRATT MEKEEL, Subject: "THE MIRACLE WORKERS."

Tuesday, 2:30 P. M., Mrs. Charles Smith Lee. Wednesday, 8 P. M., Miss Gertrude Hall, Subject: "THE INCIDENT OF THE HEALING AT THE POOL OF BETHESDA."

MRS. MARY CHAPIN, COMMODORE BALLROOM, 11 o'clock, "MANNERS MAKETH MAN." Mondays at 3 and 8 o'clock Classes for Success and Prosperity. (Adm.) Carnegie Hall, 7th Av. and 57th, Room 807.

ANNA C. NOLLE, IMPERIAL HOTEL BALLROOM, 11 A. M. CROWDED OUT OF ASSEMBLY ROOM. "THE LAWS GOVERNING SUCCESS." KATHERINE HULLING, SOPRANO. FRANCIS HAGEL, PIANO.

THEODORE G. NORTHRUP, Hotel McAlpin (Green Room) 11:15 By Special Request. NEW UNDERSTANDING OF MAN. Everybody Welcome. Good Music.

MRS. ID'ORA GREENE TILLMAN, Science of Number Vibration." Sunday, P. M., 1; P. M., 8 P. M. 322 WEST 57TH ST.

TRIOPATH NEW THOUGHT SUMMER SCHOOL. For Details address ANDREW J. HORNUNG, N. D., M. T., Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH, 9th Av. and 37th St. Ministers { William Pierson Merrill. Theodore Ainsworth Greene. Dr. MERRILL will preach at 11. NOONDAY SERVICE daily (Except Saturday) at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 114th St., Rev. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and administer the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper. No evening services during the Summer months.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 57th St. Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D.D., Pastor. Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH will preach at 11 A. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M., Devotional Meeting.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St. Ministers { Rev. JOHN KELMAN, D.D. Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph.D. Dr. Palmer will preach at 11 and 4:30. At 4, Organ Recital by Lynnwood Farnam. Men's class at 10 A. M. At 8:15 P. M., Wednesday in the Chapel, Midweek Service conducted by Dr. Palmer.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Old First, University Place and Madison Square Foundation. Ministers { Rev. George Alexander, D. D. Rev. Harry Emerson Fosdick, D.D. Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers. Services in University Place Church, corner 10th St., one block east of 5th Av. 11 A. M.—Farewell Service for Outgoing Missionaries. Dr. Alexander will preach. 8 P. M.—Addresses by Outgoing Missionaries.

FORT GEORGE PRESBYTERIAN, St. Nicholas Av. and 180th St. LYMAN R. HARTLEY, M. A., preaches. 11 A. M.—"Counting the Costs." 7:45 P. M.—Open Air Service. "The Common Heritage of Jews, Catholics and Protestants."

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St. EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor. Rev. MAURICE S. WHITE preaches. 11 A. M.—"Forgiveness."

HARLEM-NEW YORK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, FREDERICK WALTER EVANS, D. D., PASTOR. Mt. Morris Park West and 122d St. 11 A. M.—Children's Day Service. 8 P. M.—Rev. Charles E. Patton of China.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner 73d St. 11 A. M.—Rev. Eugene W. Lyman, Ph.D., D.D. 8 P. M.—Rev. Alexander MacColl, D. D.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 525 West 155th St. Rev. John R. Mackay, D. D., LL. D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—Children's Day Service. 8 P. M.—"Feeding the Fires."

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Park Av. and 86th St, TERTIUS VAN DYKE, Pastor. 11 and 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d St. Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 141st St. and St. Nicholas Av. Services: 11 A. M. & 8 P. M. Minister, Rev. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN, Amsterdam Avenue, Cor. 105th St. DR. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, PREACHES 11—"WHAT'S HAPPENED TO THE INTERCHURCH MOVEMENT?" 8—ANNUAL CHILDREN'S DAY EXERCISES.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Amsterdam Av. and 86th St. Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—Children's Day Service, with Address by DR. EVANS. 8 P. M.—Special Music. Sermon Subject: "Getting the Most Out of Life Now."

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, AMSTERDAM AV. AND 112TH ST. 8 A. M.—The Holy Communion. 11 A. M.—Preacher, Dean Robbins. 4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Wm. M. Gilbert. Daily Service 7:30 A. M.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St. Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector. 11—Sermon, "Jesus," by Dr. Thomas. 8—Forum: Mr. William L. Chenery, "The Writer of Our Discontent—Six Months of Urgent With Constructive Proposals."

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St. Rev. Theodore Sedgwick, D. D., Rector. Services 8, 11 and 8. Preacher, the Rector.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th Street. Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector. Holy Communion ..... 8 A. M. Service & Sermon (The Rector) ..... 11 A. M. Evensong (Rev. John G. Robinson), 8 P. M. Service, 12:30, Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri.

HOLY APOSTLES, 9th Av. & 28th St. Rev. L. A. BEN EDELBLUTH, Rector. 11 A. M.—CONFIRMATION. Rt. Rev. Charles S. Burch, D. D., Bishop of New York, will preach.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 6th Avenue and 20th Street. Services 8 and 11 A. M., Noon, 5 and 8 P. M.

HOLY ROOD CHURCH, Fort Washington Av., at 178th St. G. H. Christensen, D. D., Rector. Holy Eucharist 8 A. M. Matins and Sermon 11 A. M. Memorial Service, Twenty-second Regiment Veterans 4 P. M. Addresses by Chaplain Gates and Chaplain Carstensen.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, Lenox Av. and 122d St., S. Nichols, Rector. 8 A. M. Holy Communion. 11 A. M., Bishop Thurston of Oklahoma, 8 P. M., the Rector.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison Av. and 35th St. The Rev. HORACE PERCY SILVING, Rector. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11 A. M.—Morning Prayer. Sermon by the Rev. G. F. TAYLOR. 4 P. M.—Choral Evensong With Address.

CHAPEL OF THE INCARNATION, 240 East 51st St. Rev. E. M. H. KNAPP, Vicar. Services 8, 11 and 8.

Chapel of the Intercession (Trinity Parish), Broadway and 155th St. Rev. M. H. Gates, D. D., Vicar. 8 and 8:45 A. M. Holy Communion. 9:45, Sunday School. 11, Service and Sermon, Dr. Gates, Preacher. 4 P. M., Choral Evensong. Dr. Gates, Preacher.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, 127th St. and Morningside Dr. 11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rev. Prof. CHARLES E. d'ARCY, Minister in Charge.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Park Avenue and 51st St. Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector. 8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon. 4 P. M.—Choral Evensong. The Rector will preach.

Protestant Episcopal

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, Stuyvesant Square, 16th Street, East of Third Avenue. KARL REILAND, D. D., LL. D., Rector. All sittings free and the public welcome. 8 A. M.—Communion Service. 10 A. M.—Morning Prayer Service and Sermon.

8 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.

ST. IGNATIUS, West End Av. and 87th St. Rev. WILLIAM PITT McCUMMINS, Rector. Low Masses, 7, 8, 9, 11.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH, Madison Av. and 71st St. Rev. Frank Warfield Crowder, Rector. 8 A. M., 11 A. M., (RECTOR.) 4 P. M.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, Convent Av. and West 141st St. Rev. WILLIAM T. WALSH, Rector. 8, 11; 8 P. M., "Spiritual Healing."

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St. Low Masses, 7:30, 9; Missa Cantata and Sermon (Dr. Delany), 10:45; Vespers, 4.

ST. MARY'S, Lawrence St. (at 128th St., Amsterdam Av.). Services 8, 11; 8. Rev. CHARLES B. ACKLEY, Rector.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th, near Broadway. Rev. NATHAN A. SEAGLE, D. D., Rector. Services 8, 11 and 4 o'clock.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, FIFTH AV. and 53D ST. Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11—Morning Service and Sermon (Dr. Leach.) 4—Evensong and Address (Dr. Leach).

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, 1 East 29th St. Dr. HOUGHTON, Rector. COMMUNIONS—7, 8 and 9 o'clock. 10:30—SERMON and STAINER'S MASS. Preacher: FR. FIELD, S. S. J. E. 4 o'clock—CHORAL EVENSONG CAUL'S "Thus Saith the Lord."

TRINITY CHURCH, Rev. WILLIAM T. MANNING, D. D., Rector. 7 and 9—Holy Communion. 10:30—Morning Prayer. 11—Holy Communion and Sermon. Preacher, Rt. Rev. Wm. H. Moreland, D. D., Bishop of Sacramento. 3:30—Evensong.

SEATS FREE. TRINITY CHAPEL, West 25th St., near Broadway. 8—The Holy Communion. 11—Holy Communion, Choral and Sermon. 4—Evening Prayer.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 334 West 57th St. Rev. Frederick Burgess, Jr., S. T. D., Rector. 8, 11 (Rector), 4 (Rev. C. O. Hicks).

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK.

THE MIDDLE CHURCH, 5th Ave. and 7th St. Rev. Edgar Franklin Romig, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE CHURCH, 5th Ave. and 29th St. Rev. David James Burrell, D. D., Minister, will preach. 11 A. M., "My Heart's Desire." 8 P. M., "Nine Mean Men."

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 6th Av. and 48th St. Malcolm James MacLeod, Robert William Courtney } Ministers. 11 A. M. Rev. R. W. Courtney, "A Study in Experience." 8 P. M. Dr. MacLeod, "Consideration."

THE WEST END CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St. Rev. Henry Evertson Cobb, D. D., Minister, will preach 11 A. M.

THE FORT WASHINGTON CHURCH, Fort Washington Av. and 181st St. ALL SEATS FREE. Rev. Irving H. Berg, D. D., Minister, 11 A. M., Children's Day Service. Brief address by Dr. Berg. 8 P. M., Stereopticon Lecture by Dr. Berg. Subject: "Of Such Is the Kingdom."

HAMILTON GRANGE, Convent and 149th. Rev. Arthur Frederick Mabon, Minister. Services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM, Lenox Av. and 115th St. Rev. Edgar Tilton, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. 11 A. M.—Children's Day Services.

Society of Friends

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS—Meetings 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., Manhattan; Lafayette & Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M.; at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.

Spiritualist

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH, 159 East 59th St., Near 5th Av. SUNDAY AT 8 P. M. Mrs. M. E. Williams, inspirational Speaker. Good Medium Welcome. LEARN THAT SPIRITS COMMUNICATE

Theosophy

AT 2,228 BROADWAY. N. Y. LODGE, THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY. International President, Mrs. Annie Besant. Sunday, June 13, 8:30 P. M. Lecture by BROWN LANDONE, "SPIRITUALIZING ACTION." PUBLIC CORDIALLY INVITED.

Unitarian

WEST SIDE UNITARIAN CHURCH, Kent Hall, Broadway at 317th St. Tomorrow at 11 A. M. the Minister, Charles Francis Potter, "The New Unitarian Statement of Faith." June 20 to Sept. 26, inclusive, this church will unite with All Souls' Unitarian Church at their church at 4th Av. and 20th St.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH, 4th Av., at 20th St. Dr. WILLIAM L. SULLIVAN, Minister. Service 11 A. M. "LOSS OF SENTIMENT IN MODERN LIFE—AND ITS MEANING" will be Dr. SULLIVAN'S subject. A CORDIAL WELCOME TO ALL.

UNITARIAN PREACHING. CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, BROOKLYN, Pierrepont St. and Monroe Place. 11 A. M. Rev. JOHN H. LATHROP ON BEING NEIGHBORLY. Come and worship here.

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH, 11 A. M.—Service at Lexington Theatre. JOHN HERMAN RANDALL, "THE LEADERSHIP WE NEED TODAY."

Universalist

CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY Central Park West and 76th St. JOSEPH FORT NEWTON, D. D., MINISTER. FREDERICK LYNCH, D. D., will preach Sunday morning, 11 o'clock, "The Church and the New World Order."

Y. M. C. A.

"WITH ALLENBY IN PALESTINE," (Illustrated.) DR. GRAHAM C. HUNTER. Good Music. Tony Miss Thle. West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th St.

Y. W. C. A.

CENTRAL BRANCH, Lexington Av. (53d St.) 5 o'clock—VESPER SERVICE. Miss ELLA D. MacLAURIN. 8 o'clock—JAPANESE IMPRESSIONS. Miss CHARLOTTE ADAMS.

Other Services

OLD TENT EVANGEL, 110th Street And Amsterdam Avenue 46th Season—June 20th to Sept. 12th Opens June 20th, at 4 to 5 P. M. PAUL M. KANAMORI "The Moses of Japan." June 20th, 4 to 5 P. M., and Nightly to 24th. Dr. Kanamori has 52,000 students in Japan to Christianity. Has only one sermon, viz.: "God, Christ and Salvation," and often speaks for three hours. Tent Evangel is interdenominational and Union and does no skimming with the Gospel. Last season 3,000 made confession of faith.

SERVICES NIGHTLY.

F. L. RAWSON announces that service will be held EVERY SUNDAY MORNING at 11:00 o'clock, in the BALLROOM, ROOF, MAJESTIC, Broadway and 71st St. Beginning May 30th, 1920. Conducted by CARRIE S. MARKWELL. Audible treatments given at the close of each service.

CHINATOWN. The Rescue Society, Old Chinese Theatre, 5-7 Doyers St., inspiring Gospel Service Nightly, 10 P. M. T. J. Noonan, Supt.

DR. A. A. LINDSAY, Free Lecture, "ART OF KEEPING ONE'S HEAD," HOTEL ANSONIA, Sunday, 8:15 P. M.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Hancock St., between Bedford and Franklin Avs. (Take Fulton St. "L" or car to Franklin Av.) Pastor, Rev. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D. preaches at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange St. Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor. 11 A. M., Sermon by Dr. Hillis, "Counting the Cost." No Evening Service.

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner South Oxford St. Dr. Charles C. Albertson will preach. 11 A. M.—Annual Children's Day Service. 7:30—Neighborhood Vesper Service. 7:45—Selections from Mendelssohn's oratorio, "St. Paul."

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Pressure remains moderately high in the South and low throughout the West. It is also low in the Northeast. There were local showers and numerous thunderstorms during the last twenty-four hours over the northern tier of States from the Pacific to the Atlantic, and also in the Middle Atlantic States, New Mexico and extreme Western Texas. Elsewhere the weather was fair.

High temperatures continue east of the Rocky Mountains except in the Upper Lake and eastern Lower Lake regions, and Northern New England, the maximum temperatures averaging above 80 degrees. West of the Rocky Mountains the temperatures were moderate.

There is no present prospect of decided temperature changes east of the Mississippi River during the next forty-eight hours, and the weather will be generally fair except from the lake region eastward, where local showers are probable Saturday.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday, except probable showers near Lake Erie. Sunday, fair; little change in temperature.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Generally fair and continued warm Saturday and probably Sunday.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy Saturday, probably local showers; continued warm. Sunday probably fair and warm.

Southern New England—Probably local showers. Sunday fair; little change in temperature.

Northern New England—Local showers Saturday; warm on east Maine coast. Sunday fair.

Western New York—Partly cloudy Saturday, probably local showers. Sunday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	63	66	4 P. M.	89	82
6 A. M.	63	66	7 P. M.	90	75
9 A. M.	70	70	9 P. M.	86	71
12 M.	84	77	11 P. M.	86	68

This thermometer in 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 78; for the corresponding date last year it was 71; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 68.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 65; at 8 P. M. it was 85. Maximum temperature, 90 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, 62 degrees at 4 A. M. Humidity, 73 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 44 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.98 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.87 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.

12:10—753 9th Av.; Wm Blewitt.....Not given
1:26—327 W. 50th St.; R. Rose.....Not given
1:10—63 W. 134th St.; Novelty Co.....Slight
10:00—184 Stanton St.; C. Chused.....Not given

P. M.

1:35—63 W. 124th St. (fence).....Slight
2:00—43 Barclay St.; Irving Wilcox.....Slight
3:45—Broadway and Nagle Av. (auto); Hewes Transportation Co.....Slight
4:20—1,650 Lexington Av.; I. Stach.....Slight
4:45—515 E. 92d St.; E. Rubino.....Slight
5:50—186 E. 119th St.....Not given
7:50—537 E. 107 St.; Alba Corporation.....Slight
8:35—111 Hester St.; Samuel Simonowitz.....Slight
9:25—Foot of W. 21 St.; freight car, N. Y. Central Railroad.....Slight
9:50—207 E. 95 St.; Mary Jamecsky.....Slight
9:58—69 Norfolk St.; Joseph Cohen.....Slight
9:05—99 Monroe St.; Meyer Silverstein.....Slight
9:40—1228 Fox St.....Slight
10:00—1,628 Washington Av.; Jacob Schneider.....Not given

Post Office News Item.

Postmaster Patten announces that the usual auction sale of unclaimed articles which have accumulated in the mails at the New York Post Office will be held on Tuesday, June 15, 1920, at 10 A. M. in the Main Post Office Building, Thirty-first to Thirty-third streets and Eighth Avenue.

The articles will be open for inspection on the mezzanine gallery (entrance Thirty-first Street and Eighth Avenue) on Monday, June 14, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

FRENCH LINE

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LA LORRAINE.....JULY 10
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RYNDAM.....Aug. 18

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IDEAL TRIP
Saturday Afternoon
West Point or Newburgh
*Comfortable Str. HOMER RAMSDELL leaves Franklin St., 1 P.M., W. 129th St., 1:30 P. M. for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston. Music. Restaurant. The palatial Str. BENJ. B. ODELL, leaves West Point, 7 P. M., for return to New York.
*Also Str. POUGHKEEPSIE, leaves Franklin St. 2:30 P. M., W. 129 St., 3 P. M., for Highland Falls, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston.
These steamers offer an ideal afternoon on the Hudson and connect with return steamer to New York same day.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

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and return as the
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Operated by the
Palisades Interstate Park Commissioners.
Daily, including Sunday (daylight saving time), Pier B, Penn. R. R., Jersey City, arrives 9:30 A. M., leaves 9:40 A. M.; Pier A, Battery Park, North River, 9:45 A. M., arrives 10:45 A. M., leaves 11:30 A. M. (West 129th St. arrives 11 A. M., leaves 11:15 A. M.), returning steamer leaves Bear Mt. 4:45 P. M. (Will not stop at W. 129th St. on Sundays and Holidays.)
Fare 60c. Round Trip
Sat., Sun. and Holidays 85c.
Children Under 12 Half Fare. Cafeteria Lunch

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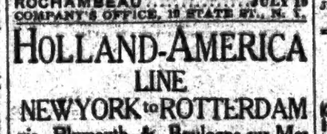

Daily Sailings
From Pier 32, N. R.
(at Desbrosses St.) Weekdays 6 P. M. & 11:30 P. M.
Sundays and Holidays 9 A. M. & 5 P. M.
West 132nd St., half hour later.
(Daylight Saving Time.)
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At 9:30 A. M., 1:30 & 8 P. M.
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SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook		Governors Island		Hell Gate		THE SUN.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	4:17	4:56	4:47	5:26	2:49	6:31	A. M.	P. M.
Low water	10:36	11:26	11:06	12:01	10:37		5:24	8:20

Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Celtic	Queenstown	June 3
Patria	Marseilles	May 29
Patagonia	Antwerp	May 20
Delaware	Shields	May 28
Julia	Port Antonio	June 6
Carranza	San Juan	June 4
Brilliant	Tampico	May 31
Amoico	Maracaibo	June 8
Hagen	Tampico	June 1
Caledonia	Antwerp	May 28

DUE TODAY.

Lancastrian	Antwerp	May 29
Almeida	Port Limon	May 11
Cottonwood	Antwerp	May 22
Eastern Dawn	Cristobal	May 23
Trumbull	Antwerp	May 14
Anglo-Egyptian	Dartmouth	May 27
Grangepark	Calcutta	May 1
Kumerdes	Calcutta	April 17
West Celeron	Antwerp	May 25
Gen. G. W. Goethals	Cristobal	June 4

DUE TOMORROW.

Imperator	Southampton	June 5
Argentina	Trieste	May 22
Ramon	Calcutta	May 4
Finland	Antwerp	June 5
H. R. Mallory	Danes	June 5

DUE MONDAY.

Stavangerfjord	Christiania	June 4
Vindella	Glasgow	June 4

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAILS TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
La Touraine, Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Continental Europe, Egypt, British India, British East Africa.
G. Lopez y Lopez, Bar celona	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Spain, (specially addressed only).
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, Liverpool

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Between Pier 14, New York, Fall River Line and New Bedford, 10 and 30 June, a brown leather attache case, red label attached and old White Star label, with initials thereon. Will finder please communicate with J. C. J., P. O. Box 114, Nantucket, Mass.; suitable reward offered. Private papers important to owner only.

LOST—Red and brown check hand bag, left in taxicab about midnight June 5, between Weldorf and Broadway at 50th St., containing money and small articles of value. No questions asked if bag returned; highly prized by owner. Miss Jane Gray, 254 Riverside Drive. Phone River 9033.

LOST—Black bag, containing money and two rings, yesterday, at Southern Boulevard and Tremont Av. Will finder sympathize with an invalid who will sacrifice money to get back rings left by my late father? Will pay reward for returning rings. Mrs. D. Kendel, 563 West 177th St.

LOST—June 11, going from Hotel Webster, 40th St., to Broadway, up to 47th St., over to 6th Av., to 52d St. and back down 6th Av. to 49th St., a gold brooch, Sphinx head, with one small pearl; valued as keepsake; reward. Return Palmer, Hotel Webster, 40 West 45th St.

LOST—Thursday night, large, old-fashioned silver pin, series of bars linked together; highly valued as family keepsake; vicinity 116th and Broadway, in Barney's room, Keally's restaurant or on Riverside bus, 125th St.; generous reward. Return Elder, Hotel Seville.

LOST—Monday night, black and white cameo surrounded by pearls; valued as keepsake and family heirloom; in Casertas, Royal Palm or Cordova, Cohan Harris Theatre, Healy's restaurant or in taxi; liberal reward. Lenox 9288.

LOST—Black walrus bag in taxicab from Waldorf Hotel to Pennsylvania Station, about 6:30 P. M., June 9, containing business papers marked Mitchell, toilet articles and wearing apparel; liberal reward. A. I. Butler, 196 West 65th.

LOST—Tuesday morning, in Kings County Court House, black movie handbag containing money, man's silver watch and keys; finder may keep money, return all other articles to Room 407, 100 William St., New York City.

LOST—Diamond-shaped platinum and diamond pin, June 10, on Lackawanna Ferry or in taxi to Grand Central Station; liberal reward. Phone Mr. Seager, John 1400, or call 63 Cedar St., New York City.

LOST—Thursday afternoon, diamond bar pin, in Alexander's 5th Av. shoe store, Lord & Taylor's or Riverside bus 65th St. to 146th St.; reward. Telephone Riverside 5886.

LOST—Platinum and diamond bar pin, on June 10, between 55th-47th Sts., on 7th Av.; suitable reward to finder. Miss Ferguson, Hotel Woodward, Broadway and 55th.

LOST—One emerald ring, one platinum wedding ring in balcony dressing room, Return Capitol Theatre. Reward. No questions asked.

LOST—Several pieces jewelry in chamois bag, Thursday afternoon from Biltmore to Tiffany's; very liberal reward. Cashier, Hotel Biltmore.

LOST—On top of 5th Av. bus on Monday, a 18ct. suitcase marked "F. C.," containing valuable records; $20 reward. F. Cattell, Garrison, N. Y.

LOST—June 10, diamond wrist watch, New Haven train, Grand Central or taxicab. Notify Mrs. Edwin D. Hays, 315 Central Park West.

LOST—Pearl crescent brooch, in black ribbon bow, 50th St. or 9th Av., between 54th and 55th Sts.; reward. E. C., 309 Park Av.

LOST—Yellow envelope containing deeds and other papers bearing name Fertel. Please return to Fertel, 46 West 27th; reward.

LOST—Unfinished bronze beaded bag in Macy's, Broadway, 97th to 116th; reward. Bring, 77 24 Av., City.

LOST—Thursday, 51st St., between 5d and Madison Aves., lady's wrist watch; reward. Box 58, Station F.

LOST—Pocketbook. Will John McManus phone correct address? Collins, Ramsey 906.

LOST—Cardcase containing lady's pin, check, visiting cards; liberal reward. Y 2526 Elliott Annex.

LOST—Silver case watch; liberal reward. Dr. Behr, 955 Cauldwell Av., Bronx.

LOST—Green jade drop earring. Reward if returned to 581 Park Av.

$1,000 REWARD

For return of flexible diamond bracelet, containing 40 large and 160 small diamonds, lost June 9 between West 52d and 102d Sts. on Broadway surface car; Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$100 REWARD—Lost, diamond bow-knot pin, gold setting; Pennsylvania Station, in taxicab or while shopping on 5th Av. Finder please return to Mr. Post, Hotel Plaza.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Skunk neckpiece from Broadway car, between 48th St. and 127th St.; liberal reward. Mrs. A. Seligman, Hotel Peter Stuyvesant, 2 West 69th St. Schuyler 1300.

LOST—Overcoat, left in taxicab, Grand Central to Hotel Vanderbilt, 6 o'clock Friday evening. Will driver return and get reward. S. Jos. Seward, Hotel Vanderbilt.

LOST—Between 168d and Ft. Washington Av. and 167th St. and Riverside Drive, two-skin mink scarf; reward. Communicate with 790 Riverside Drive, Apt. 8-L.

LOST—In taxi, 43d to 60th, 2 P. M. Friday, small Hudson Bay sable neckpiece, light brown, dark tails; reward $10. Goodspeed, Murray Hill 7554.

LOST—Well worn small mink scarf, 6th Av. "L," 34th St. to Oppenheim-Collins; reward. Return Apt. 800, 100 Cathedral Parkway.

LOST—Two-skin beaum marten fur, on 207th St. crosstown car or at 207th St. and Broadway, Thursday night; reward. Apt. 46, 191 Fort Washington Av.

LOST—In taxi, from 33d St. to Moquin's restaurant, a black fur neckpiece; substantial reward. Chelsea 2000, Beach.

LOST—In subway or 86th St., near Lexington Av., seal cape; reward. 206 West 97th St., Apt. 7-RW.

LOST—Fur collar, Friday, in Central Park; liberal reward. A 301 Times.

SILVER FOX FUR—Left in taxi picked up at 46th Av. and 50th St., very handsome; reward; occupants of taxi, 1 man and 1 girl. W 202 Times.

$10 REWARD for one-skin fox neckpiece, lost June 11 in 5th Av. shopping district. Address Fraser, Rockland Hotel, Stamford, Conn.

PERSONAL.

LARGE AUTO MOVING VAN COMING from Buffalo, N. Y., will be in New York City June 14; would like a load back or en route; rates very reasonable; wire at our expense on or before June 14 midnight. Central Carting & Moving Co., 247 Maryland St., Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED, RETURN LOAD FROM NEW York City or vicinity to Boston on June 16. Butler's Express, 272 Main St., Watertown, Mass.

WANT TO COMMUNICATE WITH FANNY Cahill. Any one knowing her address please communicate with George Leary, 17 State St., New York City.

Superiors for Suburbanites

Verily the day *well* begun is half won.

After the morning tub and the quick rub comes cool, comfy, classy SUPERIOR—"the Perfect Union Suit."

Then the milk and morning paper—breakfast—the 7:15—the office—and the day's duties.

Suburbanite and commonsite, city man and commuter—all work better, think better—feel better in the easy-fitting, purse-pleasing

Superior
THE PERFECT UNION SUIT

ROCKEFELLER AID FOR BRITISH HEALTH

Foundation Gives Endowment of £30,000 a Year to London University College.

TO HELP MEDICAL STUDY

Gift Announced by Dr. Vincent Follows Visit of Faculty Members Here.

The following statement was issued last Friday night by Dr. George E. Vincent, President of the Rockefeller Foundation:

"The Rockefeller Foundation is interested in the control and prevention of disease throughout the world. The need of men prepared to undertake the solution of the problems of preventive medicine has impressed the Foundation with the importance of sound medical training as a preparation for public health activities, and as a means of giving the medical profession as a whole the right attitude toward them.

"Since the Rockefeller Foundation is co-operating with governments in many parts of the British Empire it recognizes the importance of aiding medical education in London, where the training of personnel and the setting of standards for health work throughout the empire are so largely centred.

"The University College and Hospital School have been selected because of the physical unity of the hospital and medical school buildings and the close relationship existing between the University College, which provides the laboratory courses, and the University College Hospital and Medical School, which furnishes clinical teaching.

Pays Tribute to Scientists.

"The college and school are fortunate in having assembled a group of able men who are deeply interested in teaching and research. E. H. Starling and William Bayliss, physiologists, and G. Elliott Smith, anatomist, are scientists of distinction, while T. R. Elliott, G. Blanker Thomas Lewis, Sir John Bradford, C. C. Choyce, H. R. Kenwood, H. Betty Shaw and Sydney Martin are clinicians of recognized standing.

"The authorities of the schools, supported heartily by the faculty, have organized full-time clinical units in such a way as to combine the care of patients and research with the teaching of students. This feature of the work especially influenced the Foundation to decide to assist in furthering a plan which it is believed will have an important effect upon the development of British medicine.

"The building program for which £500,000 has been appropriated will include an institute of anatomy comparable with any in the United States. A new home for nurses, new quarters for resident physicians, a bio-chemical building, laboratory facilities in close connection with hospital wards, the remodeling of a hospital with the addition of twenty beds, and a new obstetrical unit with a capacity of sixty patients. These additions will provide a total of 500 beds.

Increases Outlay £50,000 Yearly.

"It is proposed to increase the annual expenditures by approximately £50,000, of which the Foundation will provide endowment to produce an income of £30,000. This additional maintenance will be expended upon a new staff in anatomy, an increase in the staff of physiology, the provision of a full-time unit in obstetrics and various items of increased laboratory and clinical service throughout the institutions considered. It is believed that the obstetrical unit plan offers prospects of a success which will be of value to the entire world. The subject now in England, as elsewhere, is poorly taught and needs reorganization under improved conditions.

"The Foundation has a special interest in the proposed Institute of Anatomy because thus far under British auspices a true university department which combines both teaching and research in the fields of anatomy, histology and embryology has not been developed. It is believed that such an institute, by unified efforts in these three branches of anatomy, is of prime importance not only to the teaching of the medical student but also for the progress of anatomy, particularly on its research side.

Negotiations Began in December.

"Negotiations which had resulted in this gift by the Rockefeller Foundation began last December, when Dr. Richard M. Pearce, Director of the Medical Education Division of the Rockefeller Foundation, and Dr. Wickliffe Rose, General Director of the International Health Board, visited London for the purpose of studying the newer developments in medical education and research in the British capital. These representatives of the Foundation were so impressed with the plans and personnel of the University College Hospital that they took the initiative in opening negotiations and made a report at the February meeting of the board of the Foundation.

"The trustees were favorably impressed. At their invitation Sir Gregory Foster, Provost of the University College; Dean George Blacker, of the University College Medical School; Dr. T. R. Elliott, Director of the Medical Unit, and Dr. G. Elliott Smith, Professor of Anatomy at University College, were invited to visit the United States. These British representatives reached New York the latter part of April and spent three weeks in visiting medical centres and in conference with the officers of the Rockefeller Foundation.

"As a result of these conferences the proposed plans of the London institutions were fully discussed and a basis for co-operation on the part of the Rockefeller Foundation was reached. It is hoped that work upon the new buildings will be begun within the next few months and that early in 1923 the new lant will be occupied and the enlarged program fully under way."

INQUIRY INTO AIR FUND.

Aero Club Officials Testify That Accounts Were Audited.

Assistant District Attorney Kilroe was aided by officials of the Aero Club of America in his inquiry yesterday concerning the receipts and disbursements of the club's National Aeroplane Fund. Their testimony showed that the moneys of the fund are on deposit and that the accounts had been audited by Charles H. Cox, a certified public accountant, who also testified to the details of the books.

The officials present were Alan R. Hawley, a former President of the club; Henry A. Wise Wood and Henry Woodhouse, composing the committee in charge of the fund.

ARNSTEIN WITNESS IS ILL.

Bankruptcy Hearing Postponed When Strong Fails to Appear.

The quest for assets in the involuntary bankruptcy proceeding instituted in the Federal Court against "Nicky" Arnstein by the National Surety Company took on added zest yesterday when Edward P. Strong, a Cleveland lawyer, failed to appear before Referee Seaman Miller to continue his testimony, begun last week.

When Eugene F. McGee, counsel for Strong, announced that his client was ill at his home in Cleveland, Saul S. Myers, counsel for the petitioner, charged that Strong's alleged illness was subterfuge. Referee Miller, however, adjourned the examination until June 21.

BLAME 'STAR GAZING' FOR SUBWAY WRECK

Experts Testify Safety Devices Functioned and Lay Accident to "Man Failure."

OPAQUE WINDOWS A REMEDY

Test Train So Equipped to See If Device Will Keep Motorman's Eyes from Roaming.

Testimony given yesterday before Deputy Public Service Commissioners Alfred M. Barrett, Morgan T. Donnelly and Charles V. Halley, Jr., tended to show that all the safety devices functioned properly Thursday when an Interborough Rapid Transit train crashed into a train standing in the Freeman Street station in the Bronx, killing the motorman and injuring nine passengers.

Joseph G. Conner, one of the commission's equipment experts who examined the wrecked cars, gave it as his opinion that the accident was a case of manfailure. The hearing also developed that "star gazing" on the part of motormen had become a menace to travel and that the company contemplated putting in opaque glass to prevent motormen from watching what was going on in windows along the route instead of keeping their eyes on the track ahead.

District Attorney Francis Martin of the Bronx made the statement that unless the Interborough took immediate steps to put in opaque glass windows he would take steps to have the Grand Jury in his county take action.

R. H. Nexsen, electrical engineer of the commission, said the approach to the Freeman Street station is on a 2 per cent down grade, with a clear view for about a thousand feet. A train under control and with brakes working and motorman alert could run into the station safely at from eight to ten miles an hour. The fact that the train skidded about forty feet showed, he said, that it was approaching at a fairly high rate of speed. He felt that the motorman must have looked away from the tracks and so failed to keep proper control of his train.

"There is a good deal of 'star gazing' on the part of motormen on the elevated lines," said Mr. Nexsen. "The commission has considered having the side windows of cars equipped with opaque glass. A test train has been so equipped by the Interborough Company and the experiment is to be made to determine whether this expedient will help to hold the motorman's attention on the tracks ahead."

Mr. Conner found that there is a signal and tripping device located about seventy feet from the south end of the Freeman Street station platform. The tripper shuts off power from an approaching train whenever the signal is set at danger. Mr. Conner said that he had found that this signal-trip had worked and that the brakes of the colliding train had been in good shape. The position of the controller lever and of the air brake handle in the cab of the dead motorman, he said, indicated that he had realized too late the danger and had reversed his power and applied the emergency air brakes.

Similar testimony was given by W. H. Freeman of the commission's staff and J. S. Doyle, in charge of equipment and transportation of the Interborough Company. Mr. Doyle said that, owing to heavy traffic and the relative closeness of stations on local tracks, it was impracticable to operate a signal control system such as exists on the express tracks of the subway. Such a system, he said, would slow down traffic to a point where the trains would be an interminable period going over the line.

The conductor of the colliding train, Anthony Scorchill, testified that the dead motorman had applied the air brakes before the trains came together.

The inquiry was adjourned, subject to call, to give the engineers an opportunity to determine what new safety devices, if any, can be set up.

A New Wallach
Straw Hat
"THE RITZ"
$5

Newly arrived from the celebrated straw hat crafters of Blum & Koch—designed and made expressly for us.

We particularly like the broad band and narrow brim which contribute so much to this smartest straw hat ensemble of the season—"The Ritz."

Other Straws, $3, $3.50, $4, $6, up
Panamas, $7, $8, $10, $12, $15, up

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Straws all one price **$3.25**

We thank you! This season has been a great one for Kaufman Hats. We brought to New York the finest straw hats on the market. And New York came to our stores and bought them at a price far lower than they were sold for anywhere else in the country.

If you haven't bought your new straw, we still have the same wide variety of styles, the same unmatchable quality that your friends selected from. Come in and see them.

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A CAR of real character that carries an air of snap and distinction and individuality that attracts attention.

The Huffman Six is an ideal family car and one that can be appreciated by those who have owned higher priced automobiles.

It will meet any emergency,—going up hill or down,—on a straight stretch or over rough roads,—its Continental six cylinder motor and other dependable standard units insure satisfactory motoring from an economical and service standpoint.

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Have You Bought Your Arnheim-Tailored Blue Serge Summer Suit?

$49.50 *Is the low price for one of these regular 75.00 Suits*

(*Extra Trousers, only $12.50*)

THE forty-nine dollar and fifty cent price of these fresh, new, smartly styled and custom-tailored-ready-to-wear Arnheim Blue Serge Suits was made possible *only* by the low cash price which we paid for the serge and through economy methods of making which are only possible in the efficient Arnheim Custom Tailories.

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A heaping measure of fine flavored sugar disks—generously good!

Rolls of Assorted Flavors, also All Peppermint, All Cinnamon, All Wintergreen and All Cinnamon

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All our Hart Schaffner & Marx Summer Suits

Excepting Dress Clothes, Palm Beach, Mohair, Silk and Dixie Weave Suits

Styled and tailored in the inimitable Hart Schaffner & Marx way from the choicest American and imported woolens—at prices which stress the desirability of buying now.

$50 Suits and Topcoats	$35
$60 and $65 Suits and Topcoats	$45
$72.50, $70, $67.50 and $65 Grades	$55
$82.50, $80, $77.50 and $75 Grades	$65
$100, $90, $87.50 and $85 Grades	$75

No Charge for Alterations

Sale for Boys
(*Sizes, 8 to 18*)
Our Hart Schaffner & Marx stylish all wool Suits for Boys have been greatly reduced: $30, $30, $25 Suits, now $18.50; $40, $35, $35 Suits, now $26.50.

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Horlick's
The Original
Malted Milk
for Infants and Invalids
Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

AMERICA CUP DEFENDERS.

The Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow will contain photographic sketches of the trial races between Resolute and Vanitie, defenders of the America's Cup, Shamrock IV., Sir Thomas Lipton's entry, also is shown on her first trial spin.—Advt.

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